Designation: D3935 - 21

Standard Classification System and Basis for Specification for Polycarbonate (PC) Unfilled and Reinforced Material¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D3935; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This classification system covers unfilled and reinforced polycarbonate and polycarbonate copolymer materials suitable for injection molding, blow molding, and extrusion. Some of these compositions may also find use for compression molding or application from solution. This classification system allows for the use of recycled materials provided that all specification requirements are met.
- 1.2 The properties in this classification system are those required for identifying the compositions covered. Other requirements necessary for identifying particular characteristics important to specific applications are normally specified by using the suffixes in accordance with Section 5.
- 1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.
- 1.4 This classification system and subsequent line callout (specification) are intended to provide a means of calling out plastic materials used in the fabrication of end items or parts. It is not intended for the selection of materials. Material selection should be made by those having expertise in the plastic field only after consideration of the design and the performance required of the part, the environment to which it will be exposed, the fabrication process to be employed, the costs involved, and the inherent properties of the material other than those covered in this standard.

Note 1—This classification system and ISO 21305-1 and ISO 21305-2 address the same subject matter, but differ in technical content.

1.5 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 12, of this classification system. This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

1.6 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D256 Test Methods for Determining the Izod Pendulum Impact Resistance of Plastics

D638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics

D648 Test Method for Deflection Temperature of Plastics Under Flexural Load in the Edgewise Position

D790 Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Unreinforced and Reinforced Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials

D792 Test Methods for Density and Specific Gravity (Relative Density) of Plastics by Displacement

D883 Terminology Relating to Plastics

D1238 Test Method for Melt Flow Rates of Thermoplastics by Extrusion Plastometer

D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics

D2584 Test Method for Ignition Loss of Cured Reinforced Resins

D3892 Practice for Packaging/Packing of Plastics

D4000 Classification System for Specifying Plastic Materials

D5630 Test Method for Ash Content in Plastics

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

E169 Practices for General Techniques of Ultraviolet-Visible Quantitative Analysis

2.2 ISO Standard:³

ISO 21305-1 Plastics—Polycarbonate (PC) Moulding and Extrusion Materials—Part 1: Designation—System and

¹ This standard is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D20 on Plastics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D20.15 on Thermoplastic Materials.

Current edition approved Dec. 1, 2021. Published December 2021. Originally approved in 1980. Last previous edition approved in 2015 as D3935 - 15. DOI: 10.1520/D3935-21.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.



Basis for Specification

ISO 21305-2 Plastics—Polycarbonate (PC) Moulding and Extrusion Materials—Part 2: Preparation of Test Specimens and Determination of Properties

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—The terminology used in this classification system is in accordance with Terminologies D883 and D1600. The polycarbonate materials are to be designated PC as specified in Terminology D1600.

4. Classification

4.1 Unfilled polycarbonate materials are classified into groups according to their composition. These groups are subdivided into classes and grades as shown in Table PC

TABLE 1 PC Polycarbonate Materials and Detail Requirements

Proup Description	Class	Description	Grade	Description ^A	Flow Rate, ^B Test Method D1238, g/10 min	Specific Gravity, Test Method D792	Izod Impact, C Test Methods D256, J/m, min	Tensile Yield Stress ^D Test Method D638, MPa, min	Elongation at Break ^D Test Method D638, %, min	Flexural Modulus, ^E Test Methods D790, MPa, min	Deflection Temperature, Tes Method D648, F °C, min
01 PC	1	general purpose	1		>24	1.19-1.22			to define thes		
			2		15 to 30	1.19–1.22			to define thes		
			3		12 to 20	1.19–1.22	640	55	100	2000	126
			4		9 to 18	1.19–1.22	750	60	105	2100	126
			5		6 to 13	1.19–1.22	750	60	110	2200	128
			6		4 to 8	1.19–1.22	750	60	110	2200	128
			7	athar	<5	1.19–1.22	780	60	110	2200	130
	2	flame-retarded ^G	0	other				 Lloo Toblo D	 to define thee		
	2	name-retarded	1 2		>24	1.19–1.22			to define thes		
			3		15 to 30 12 to 20	1.19–1.22 1.19–1.22	640	55	to define thes 100	e properties. 2000	126
			4		9 to 18	1.19-1.22	640	60	100	2100	126
			5		6 to 13	1.19–1.22	640	60	105	2200	128
			6		4 to 8	1.19-1.22	640	60	110	2200	128
			7		<5	1.19–1.22	640	60	110	2200	130
			0	other	and D		· · · ·				
	3	UV ^H stabilized	10		>24	1.19-1.22		Use Table B	to define thes	e properties	
			2		15 to 30	1.19-1.22		Use Table B	to define thes	e properties	
			3		12 to 20	1.19-1.22	640	55	100	2000	124
			4		9 to 18	1.19–1.22	750	60	105	2100	124
			5		6 to 13	1.19–1.22	750	60	110	2100	126
			6		4 to 8	1.19–1.22	750	101 60	110	2200	126
			,	us/sisuaz)	10a0<5 0a91	1.19–1.22	750	60 60	0/4110	2200	128
	4	impact modified	0	other	 6 to 15		 275/	 50	90	1000	101
	4	impact-modified	1 0	other	6 to 15	1.18–1.22	375 ⁷			1900	121
	5	FDA ^J compliant	1	otrici	 >24	 1.19–1.22			to define thes	 e properties	•••
	Ü	formulations	2		15 to 30	1.19–1.22			to define thes		
			3		12 to 20	1.19–1.22	640	55	100	2000	126
			4		9 to 18	1.19-1.22	750	60	105	2100	126
			5		6 to 13	1.19-1.22	750	60	110	2200	128
			6		4 to 8	1.19-1.22	750	60	110	2200	128
			7		<5	1.19-1.22	780	60	110	2200	130
			0	other							
	0	other	0	other							
02 PC copolymer-	1	general purpose	1		>24	1.22-1.26			to define thes		
flame retarded			2		15 to 30	1.22–1.26			to define thes		
			3		12 to 20	1.22–1.26	80	60	100	2100	128
			4		9 to 18	1.22–1.26	80	60	110	2200	128
			5		6 to 13	1.22–1.26	90	60	110	2200	130
			6 7		4 to 8	1.22-1.26	90 90	60 60	110 110	2200	130
			0	othor	<5	1.22–1.26				2200	132
	2	UV ^H stabilized	1	other	>24	1.22–1.26		 Lise Table B	 to define thes	e properties	•••
	2	UV SIADIIIZEU	2		>24 15 to 30	1.22-1.26			to define thes		
			3		12 to 20	1.22-1.26	80	60	100	e properties. 2100	126
			4		9 to 18	1.22-1.26	80	60	110	2200	126
			5		6 to 13	1.22-1.26	90	60	110	2200	128
			6		4 to 8	1.22-1.26	90	60	110	2200	130
			7		<5	1.22-1.26	90	60	110	2200	130
			0	other							

TABLE 1 Continued

Note 1— The values are for naturals; colors may be different.

Group	Description	Class	Description	Grade	Description ^A	Flow Rate, ^B Test Method D1238, g/10 min	Specific Gravity, Test Method D792	Izod Impact, ^C Test Methods D256, J/m, min	Tensile Yield Stress ^D Test Method D638, MPa, min	Elongation at Break ^D Test Method D638, %, min	Flexural Modulus, ^E Test Methods D790, MPa, min	Deflectio Tempera ture, Tes Method D648, ^F °C, min
03	PC copolymer	1	general purpose	1		TBD	1.18–1.22	80	63	40	1700	150
	high-heat resin	•	107H 1 1 22	0	other							
		2	UV ^H stabilized	1 0	other	TBD	1.18–1.22	80	63	40	1700	148
		3	impact-modified	1	otrici	TBD			Use Table B t	o define these	 e properties	
				0	other				•••			
		4	FDA ^J compliant formulation	1	athar	TBD	1.18–1.22	80	63	40	1700	150
		0	other	0	other other							
04	PC copolymer	1	general purpose	1	Othor	TBD	1.18–1.22	480	65	60	1900	138
ł i	homopolymer intermediate heat blends			0	other							
		2	UV^H stabilized	1		TBD	1.18-1.22	480	65	60	1900	136
		_		0	other							
		3	impact-modified	1 0	other	TBD				o define these		
		4	FDA ^J compliant	1	otriei	TBD	 1.18–1.22	480	 65	60	1900	138
			formulation	0	other							
		0	other .	0	other							
	PC copolymer low-heat stan- dard flow	1	general purpose	1 2		>50	1.18–1.22 1.18–1.22	F70	Use Table B t	o define these	e properties 2070	104
				3		nominal 45 nominal 29	1.18–1.22	570 620	50 50	100	2070	104
	dara nov			4		nominal 18	1.18–1.22	770	50	100	2160	107
				5		nominal 10	1.18-1.22	810	50	100	2200	108
		•	107H 1 12F 1	0	other	rainu	110.1.0					
		2	UV ^H stabilized	1		>50 nominal 45	1.18–1.22 1.18–1.22	570	Use Table B t	o define these	e properties 2070	102
				2 3		nominal 29	1.18–1.22	620	50	100	2070	104
				4		nominal 18	1.18-1.22	770	50	100	2160	105
				5		nominal 10	1.18-1.22	810	50	100	2200	106
				0	other		revie	, VV	•••			
		3 4	impact-modified FDA ^J compliant	0 1	other	 >50	 1.18–1.22		 Lleo Tablo B t	o define these		
		4	formulations	2		nominal 45	1.18–1.22	570	50	100	2070	104
				3		nominal 29	7 1.18–1.22	620	50	100	2070	106
				4		nominal 18	1.18-1.22	770	50	100	2160	107
				tar5lar		nominal 10	1.18–1.22	810	101150 CC2	U/a1001-d	2200	108
		_	"	0	other							
		5	flame-retarded ^G	1 0	other	TBD	1.18–1.22			o define these		
		0	other	0	other							
06	PC copolymer	1	general purpose	1		TBD	1.18–1.22		Use Table B t	o define these	properties	
	low-heat easy			0	other	_::						
	flow	2	UV stabilized ^H	1		TBD	1.18–1.22		Use Table B t	o define these	e properties	
		3	impact-modified	0 1	other	TBD	 1.17–1.22		•••	See above		
		J	pact mounted	0	other							
		4	FDA ^J compliant	1		TBD	1.18–1.22		Use Table B t	o define these	properties	
			formulations	0	other							
		5	flame-retarded ^G	1	a+b	TBD	1.18–1.22		Use Table B t			
		0	other	0	other other	•••			•••			
99	PC other/	0	other	0	other	•••					•••	

^A All grades are listed by performance requirements.

^B Use condition 300/1.2 for Groups 01, 02, and 05. Define the conditions for other groups in the suffixes as needed.

 $^{^{\}it C}$ Test specimens are 3.2 mm thick, with a notch radius of 0.25 mm, tested by Method A.

 $^{^{}D}_{-}$ Test specimens are Type I tensile bars, 3.2 mm thick, tested at a crosshead speed of 50 mm/min.

E Test specimens are 3.2 by 12.7 mm, tested by Method I, Procedure A (Tangent), at a crosshead speed of 1.3 mm/min and a span-to-depth ratio of 16 to 1.

F Test specimens are 3.2 mm thick, tested at 1820 kPa, and are not annealed before testing.

^G Use suffix letter F, with the appropriate letters and digits specified in Classification D4000, to define specific requirements.

^H Refer to Practices E169 for testing procedure. Specific requirements shall be stated in the purchase order or contract.

Test specimens for Group 1, Class 4, Grade 1 are 6.4 mm thick with a notch radius of 0.25 mm and are tested by Method A.

¹ Manufactured in compliance with Food Additive Regulation 21CFR177.1580 governing polycarbonate resins for food-contact applications..

Note 2—An example of this classification system is as follows: the designation PC0214 indicates:

PC = polycarbonate as found in Terminology D1600,

02 = polycarbonate copolymer-flame retarded (group),

1 = general purpose (class), and

4 = requirements given in Table PC.

- 4.1.1 To facilitate the specification of new, special, or recycled materials, the "other" category (0) for class or grade, or both, is used as indicated in Table PC. The properties of these materials are specified using Tables A, B, or R as they apply.
- 4.2 Reinforced, pigmented, filled, and lubricated versions of polycarbonate materials are classified in accordance with Tables PC and A, B, or R. Table PC is used to specify basic materials. Table A or B is used to specify the property requirements after the addition of reinforcement, pigments, fillers, or lubricants at the nominal level indicated (see 4.2.1). Table R is used for recycled materials.
- 4.2.1 A single letter is used to indicate the major category of the reinforcement, along with two numbers indicating the nominal percentage of additive(s) by mass, with the tolerances as tabulated as follows:

Category	Material	Tolerance (Based on the Total Mass)
С	carbon and graphite fiber- reinforced	±2 percentage points
G	glass-reinforced	
	<15 % glass content	±2 percentage points
	>15 % glass content	±3 percentage points
L	lubricants (such as PTFE,	depends on material and
	graphite, silicone, and molybdenum disulfide)	process—to be specified
M	mineral-reinforced	±2 percentage points
R	combination/mixtures of reinforcements or other fillers/ reinforcements	±3 percentage points based on total reinforcement

Note 3-If necessary, additional requirements are specified using suffixes, in accordance with Section 5. The ash content of filled or reinforced materials is determined using Test Method D2584 where applicable.

- 4.2.2 Specific requirements for reinforced, filled, or lubricated polycarbonate materials shall be shown by a sixcharacter designation that will consist of the letter A or B and the five digits comprising the cell numbers for the property requirements in the order in which they occur in Table A or B.
- 4.2.2.1 Although the values listed in Tables A and B are necessary to include the range of properties available in existing materials, users should not infer that every possible combination of the properties exists or can be obtained.
- 4.2.3 When the grade of the basic material is not shown, or is not important, a "0" grade classification shall be used for reinforced materials in this system.

Note 4—An example of this classification system for reinforced polycarbonate material is as follows: the designation PC0110G10A22230 indicates:

PC0110 = general-purpose polycarbonate from Table PC,

= glass reinforced at nominal 10 % level, G10

= Table A property requirements,

2 = 60-MPa tensile strength, min,

= 3000-MPa flexural modulus, min.

2 = 80-J/m Izod impact strength, min,

3 = 125°C deflection temperature, min, and

= unspecified.

2

If no properties are specified, the designation is PC0110G10A00000.

4.3 Table B has been incorporated into this classification system to facilitate the classification of special materials where Table PC or Table A do not reflect the required properties. Table B shall be used in the same manner as Table A.

Note 5—The mechanical properties of polycarbonates can be affected by the amounts and types of additives and colorants used. The most often observed effect is a change in the ductility of the material as evidenced in reductions of up to 90 % in Izod impact strength and 25 % or more in tensile elongation. A classification using Table PC and Table B should be used if properties of pigmented or specially formulated polycarbonates need to be specified.

Note 6—An example of the use of this classification system for a special polycarbonate material is as follows: the designation PC0110B34720 indicates:

PC0110 = general-purpose polycarbonate from Table PC,

= Table B property requirements,

3 = 60-MPa tensile strength, min,

4 = 2100-MPa flexural modulus, min,

= 640-J/m Izod impact strength, min, 2

= 105°C deflection temperature, min, and

= unspecified.

Note 7—The short- and long-term mechanical properties of polycarbonate materials can be affected adversely by their prior processing as well as end-use exposure to chemicals, weathering, and secondary finishing steps. Efforts to reuse materials may include direct feedback into the system from which they are generated, or they could involve isolation for reuse at other times into other processes or parts. Most manufacturer's literature contains recommendations regarding direct feedback practices to aid the user in maintaining the properties of the original materials as much as possible. When polycarbonate resins are isolated and reprocessed in conjunction with fillers, additives, colorants, etc., there is a special risk that the properties of the final products may not be equal to those obtained when "virgin" resins are used. While the test specimen properties called out in this classification system may be used to screen these materials, the user should take precautions to ensure that parts made from these materials meet the desired parameters. Group and class designations from Table PC, used in conjunction with Grade Designation 0, allow line callouts to be defined for recycled resins. The group, class, and grades given should be used with the property ranges from Table R, as appropriate. Table R lists two impact and two tensile properties to allow callouts for both filled and unfilled resins. It is intended that only one be used in a given callout and that the unused properties be given an 0, "unspecified," cell designation.

5. Suffixes

- 5.1 When requirements not covered by the basic cell tables need to be specified, suffixes shall be defined in accordance with Classification D4000.
- 5.2 Requirements specified by suffix references always take precedence over values from the property or cell tables for the same properties.

6. General Requirements

6.1 The plastic compositions shall be uniform and shall conform to the requirements herein.

7. Detail Requirements

- 7.1 Test specimens for the various materials shall conform to the requirements in accordance with Tables PC, A, B, and R and the suffix requirements, as they apply.
- 7.2 For the purpose of determining conformance, all specified limits for a specification (line callout) based on this classification system are absolute limits, as defined in Practice E29.