

Edition 3.0 2023-12 EXTENDED VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



This extended version of IEC 60704-2-2:2023 includes the content of the references made to IEC 60704-1:2021

Household and similar electrical appliances – Test code for the determination of airborne acoustical noise –

Part 2-2: Particular requirements for fan heaters

IEC 60704-2-2:2023

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/fbb98dc7-cc7f-4dad-b64e-67ceab65c3da/iec-60704-2-2-2023





THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED Copyright © 2023 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

IEC Secretariat 3, rue de Varembé CH-1211 Geneva 20 Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11 info@iec.ch

www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigendum or an amendment might have been published.

IEC publications search - webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee, ...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished
Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and once a month by email.

IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: sales@iec.ch.

IEC Products & Services Portal - products.iec.ch

Discover our powerful search engine and read freely all the publications previews. With a subscription you will always have access to up to date content tailored to your needs.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary on electrotechnology, containing more than 22 300 terminological entries in English and French, with equivalent terms in 19 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.



Edition 3.0 2023-12 EXTENDED VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



This extended version of IEC 60704-2-2:2023 includes the content of the references made to IEC 60704-1:2021

Household and similar electrical appliances – Test code for the determination of airborne acoustical noise –

Part 2-2: Particular requirements for fan heaters

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/fbb98dc7-cc7f-4dad-b64e-67ceab65c3da/iec-60704-2-2-2023

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 17.140.20, 97.100.10 ISBN 978-2-8322-8046-1

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

	FC	REWO	RD	4		
	IN	TRODU	ICTION	7		
	1	Scop	e	8		
	2	Norm	native references	8		
	3	Term	s and definitions	9		
	4	Measurement methods and acoustical environments				
	•	4.1	General			
		4.2	Direct method			
		4.3	Comparison method	_		
		4.4	Acoustical environments			
		4.4.1				
		4.4.2	Criterion for background noise level	11		
		4.4.3	Environmental conditions	12		
		4.5	Measurement uncertainties	12		
		4.5.1	General	12		
		4.5.2	deviations related to declaration and verification			
	5	Instru	umentationI.leh.Standards	13		
		5.1	Instrumentation for measuring acoustical data			
		5.2	Instrumentation for measuring climatic conditions	13		
		5.3	Instrumentation for measuring operating conditions			
	6	Oper	ation and location of appliances under test	13		
		6.1	Equipping and pre-conditioning of appliances			
		6.2	Supply of electric energy and of water or gas			
		6.3 and s	Climatic conditions lands/lec/fbb98dc7-cc7f-4dad-b64e-67ceab65c3da/lec-6070			
		6.4	Loading and operating of appliances during tests			
		6.5	Location and mounting of appliances			
	7	Measurement of sound pressure levels17				
		7.1	Microphone array, measurement surface and RSS location for essentially free field conditions over reflecting plane(s)			
		7.2	Microphone array and RSS location in hard-walled test rooms			
		7.3	Microphone array and RSS location in special reverberation test rooms			
	_	7.4	Measurements			
	8		ulation of sound pressure and sound power levels			
		8.1	General			
		8.2	Corrections for background noise levels			
		8.3	Corrections for the test environment			
		8.4				
		8.5 8.6	Calculation of sound power levels with the comparison method	24		
			plane	24		
		8.7	Calculation of A-weighted sound power level with the direct method in special reverberation test rooms	24		
	9	Inforr	mation to be recorded			
		9.1	General data			
		9.2	Description of appliance under test			
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			

9.3	Measurement method	25
9.4	Acoustical test environment	26
9.5	Instrumentation	26
9.6	Equipment and pre-conditioning of appliance under test	26
9.7	Electric supply, water supply, etc.	26
9.8	Climatic conditions	26
9.9	Operation of the appliance under test	27
9.10	Location and mounting of the appliance under test	27
9.11	Microphone array	27
9.12	Measurement data	27
9.13	Calculated sound pressure and sound power levels	28
9.14	Reporting	28
10 Infor	mation to be reported	28
10.1	General data	28
10.2	Appliance under test	28
10.3	Test conditions for the appliance	28
10.4	Acoustical data	29
Annex A (normative) Standard test table	30
Annex B (normative) Test enclosure	31
	(informative) Guidelines for the design of simple test rooms with essentially conditions	32
Bibliograp	ohy	33
5 1	(nttps://standards.iten.ai)	
	- Measurement surface – parallelepiped – with key microphone positions, for standing appliances	18
floor stan	- Measurement surface – parallelepiped – with key microphone positions, for ding appliances placed against a wall	
Figure 4 -	- Measurement surface – hemisphere – with key microphone positions, for I, table type and floor-treatment appliances	04-2-2-202 20
Figure A.	1 – Example of standard test table	30
Figure B.	1 – Test enclosure	31
Table 1 –	Standard deviations of sound power levels	12
Table 2 -	Standard deviations for declaration and verification	12

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – TEST CODE FOR THE DETERMINATION OF AIRBORNE ACOUSTICAL NOISE –

Part 2-2: Particular requirements for fan heaters

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) IEC draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). IEC takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, IEC had not received notice of (a) patent(s), which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at https://patents.iec.ch. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This extended version (EXV) of the official IEC Standard provides the user with the comprehensive content of the Standard.

IEC 60704-2-2:2023 EXV includes the content of IEC 60704-2-2:2023, and the references made to IEC 60704-1:2021.

The specific content of IEC 60704-2-2:2023 is displayed on a blue background.

IEC 60704-2-2 has been prepared by subcommittee 59C: Electrical heating appliances for household and similar purposes, of IEC technical committee 59: Performance of household and similar electrical appliances. It is an International Standard.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2009. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- alignment with the latest edition of IEC 60704-1:2021,
- addition of several ISO standards,
- revision of built-in-conditions,
- addition of requirements on climatic conditions and on background noise.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting	
59C/284/CDV	59C/286/RVC	

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This part 2-2 is intended to be used in conjunction with the fourth edition of IEC 60704-1:2021, Household and similar electrical appliances – Test code for the determination of airborne acoustical noise – Part 1: General requirements.

The relevant text of IEC 60704-1:2021 as amended by this publication establishes the test code for fan heaters.

This part 2-2 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 60704-1:2021.

When a particular subclause of IEC 60704-1:2021 is not mentioned in this part 2-2, that subclause applies as far as reasonable. Where this standard states "addition", "modification" or "replacement", the relevant requirement, test specifications or explanatory matter in IEC 60704-1:2021 shall be adapted accordingly.

Subclauses or figures which are additional to those in IEC 60704-1:2021 are numbered starting from 101.

Additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all the parts in the IEC 60704 series, under the general title *Household and similar* electrical appliances – Test code for the determination of airborne acoustical noise, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- · reconfirmed,
- · withdrawn, or
- revised.

IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this document indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

IEC 60704-2-2:2023

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/fbb98dc7-cc7f-4dad-b64e-67ceab65c3da/iec-60704-2-2-2023

INTRODUCTION

The measuring conditions specified in this part 2-2 provide for sufficient accuracy in determining the noise emitted and comparing the results of measurements taken by different laboratories, whilst simulating as far as possible the practical use of fan heaters.

It is recommended to consider the determination of noise levels as part of a comprehensive testing procedure covering many aspects of the properties and performance of fan heaters.

NOTE As stated in the introduction to IEC 60704-1, this test code is concerned with airborne noise only.

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

IEC 60704-2-2:2023

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/fbb98dc7-cc7f-4dad-b64e-67ceab65c3da/iec-60704-2-2-2023

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – TEST CODE FOR THE DETERMINATION OF AIRBORNE ACOUSTICAL NOISE –

Part 2-2: Particular requirements for fan heaters

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60704 applies to electric fan heaters, designed for placing on the floor, table or counter, etc., or for mounting.

This document does not apply to

- electric storage room heaters;
- room humidifiers:
- room dehumidifiers;
- air cleaners:
- heaters designed exclusively for industrial purposes.

For determining and verifying noise emission values declared in product specifications, refer to IEC 60704-3:2019.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60704-2 (all parts), Household and similar electrical appliances – Test code for the determination of airborne acoustical noise

IEC 60704-3:2019, Household and similar electrical appliances – Test code for the determination of airborne acoustical noise – Part 3: Procedure for determining and verifying declared noise emission values

IEC 61260-1:2014, Electroacoustics – Octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters – Part 1: Specifications

IEC 61672-1:2013, Electroacoustics - Sound level meters - Part 1: Specifications

ISO 3743-1:2010, Acoustics – Determination of sound power levels of noise sources – Engineering methods for small, movable sources in reverberant fields – Part 1: Comparison method for hard-walled test rooms

ISO 3743-2:2018, Acoustics – Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound pressure – Engineering methods for small, movable sources in reverberant fields – Part 2: Methods for special reverberation test rooms

ISO 3744:2010, Acoustics – Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound pressure – Engineering method in an essentially free field over a reflecting plane

ISO 9614-1:1993, Acoustics – Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound intensity – Part 1: Measurement at discrete points

ISO 9614-2:1996, Acoustics – Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound intensity – Part 2: Measurement by scanning

ISO 9614-3:2002, Acoustics – Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound intensity – Part 3: Precision method for measurement by scanning

ISO 6926:2016, Acoustics – Requirements for the performance and calibration of reference sound sources used for the determination of sound power levels

ISO 12001:1996, Acoustics – Noise emitted by machinery and equipment – Rules for the drafting and presentation of a noise test code

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply. Terms and definitions pertinent to the determination of sound power levels can be found in ISO 3743-1:2010, ISO 3743-2:2018 and ISO 3744:2010.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

measurement time interval

portion or a multiple of an operational period or operational cycle for which the sound power levels are determined

3.2

operational period

interval of time during which a specified process is accomplished by the appliance under test (for example, washing or rinsing or drying for a dishwasher)

3.3

operational cycle

specific sequence of operational periods occurring while the appliance under test performs a complete work cycle

Note 1 to entry: During the operational cycle, each operational period is associated with a specific process that can occur only once, or can be repeated (for example, washing and rinsing and drying for a dishwasher).

3.4

time history

continuous recording of the sound pressure level (for a distinct microphone position) as a function of time, which is obtained during one or more operational periods of an operational cycle

3.5

reference box

hypothetical right parallelepiped terminating on the reflecting plane(s) on which the noise source under test is located, that just encloses the source including all the significant sound radiating components and any test table on which the source is mounted

[SOURCE: ISO 3744:2010, 3.10, modified – The note has been omitted.]

test enclosure

enclosure used for simulating the typical acoustic built-in or/and mounting conditions

4 Measurement methods and acoustical environments

4.1 General

This document is concerned with objective methods of engineering accuracy grade 2 in accordance with ISO 12001:1996 for determining sound power levels L_W , expressed in decibels (dB), with reference to a sound power of one picowatt (1 pW), of airborne acoustical noise within the specified frequency range of interest (generally including the octave-bands with centre frequencies from 125 Hz to 8 000 Hz), and for prescribed operating conditions of the appliance to be measured.

– 10 **–**

Methods for determining sound power levels with precision accuracy grade 1 in accordance with ISO 12001:1996, as specified for example in ISO 3741 and ISO 3745, are not included in this document. They may, however, be applied if the appropriate test environment and instrumentation are available.

NOTE 1 The noise values obtained under the described conditions of this document will not necessarily correspond to the noise experienced under the operational conditions of practical use.

NOTE 2 For quality control during production etc., simplified methods can be appropriate. For noise reduction purposes, other measurement methods employing, for example, narrow-band analysis or intensity techniques usually have to be applied. These methods are not covered by this document.

The total noise emitted by machinery or equipment and radiated in all directions to the space surrounding the machine can be characterized by the sound power of the machine. Within the accuracy range of this document, the sound power of a machine is basically independent of the environment in which the machine is installed

Therefore, the concept of sound power level has been chosen for expressing the noise emission of appliances for household and similar purposes.

The preferred noise emission quantity is the A-weighted sound power level, L_{WA} , in dB (re 1 pW).

According to this document, two principal methods exist, the direct method and the comparison method, as described in 4.2 and 4.3. These two methods can be used alternatively.

Different types of environments, as described in 4.4, may be used. A part of the IEC 60704-2 series may, if necessary, exclude one or several combinations among those available.

4.2 Direct method

The direct method can be used only for measurements in qualified test environments in accordance with ISO 3744:2010 for free field conditions over reflecting plane(s), and in accordance with ISO 3743-2:2018 for special reverberation test rooms.

With this method, the sound power level is determined

- in free field conditions over reflecting plane(s), from time-averaged sound pressure levels (on a mean-square basis) over the measurement surface and from the area of the measurement surface, S, or
- in reverberation and special reverberation test rooms, from averaged sound pressure levels, and from the reverberation time and the volume of the test room.

If for a measurement in a free field, reverberation or special reverberation room is not possible because the appliance cannot be placed or operated in such an environment, the intensity method in accordance with ISO 9614-1:1993, ISO 9614-2:1996, and ISO 9614-3:2002 shall be applied. For the intensity method, the standard deviations given in the parts of the IEC 60704-2 series and IEC 60704-3:2019 are not applicable unless stated explicitly.

These methods yield results expressed in A-weighted sound power levels (and in octave- or 1/3 octave-band sound power levels, if required) that are calculated directly from measured sound pressure levels.

NOTE This method can also be used in conjunction with more precise methods, such as those given in ISO 3741 and ISO 3745.

NOTE If pure tone components are present in the noise emitted, proper precautions need to be taken as specified in ISO 3743-2.

4.3 Comparison method

The comparison method for measurement is explicitly described in ISO 3743-1:2010 and in ISO 3743-2:2018.

NOTE The term "comparison method" is not explicitly given in ISO 3744:2010, but when applying the "absolute comparison test" for the determination of the environmental correction given in A.3 of ISO 3744:2010, by using a reference sound source, the procedure is, in fact, a comparison method.

With this method, the sound power level is determined by comparing the averaged values (on a mean-square basis) of the sound pressure levels produced by the source in the test room to the averaged values of the sound pressure levels produced in the same room by a calibrated reference sound source (RSS) of known sound power output, complying with the requirements of ISO 6926:2016. The difference in sound pressure levels is equal to the difference in sound power levels when conditions are the same for both sets of measurements.

This method yields results expressed in octave- or 1/3 octave-band sound power levels, and the A-weighted sound power level is calculated from the octave- or 1/3 octave-band sound power levels.

To check whether there is a systematic difference between results obtained in different environments, the use of the comparison method is recommended.

NOTE If pure tone components are present in the noise emitted, proper precautions need to be taken as specified in ISO 3743-1 and 3743-2.

4.4 Acoustical environments

4.4.1 General requirements and criterion for adequacy of the test environment

ISO 3743-1, ISO 3743-2 and ISO 3744 can be used for measuring noise emitted by fan heaters.

The method specified in ISO 3744 is applicable to noise sources of any size. When applying ISO 3743-1 and ISO 3743-2, care shall be taken that the maximum size of the appliance under test fulfils the requirements specified in ISO 3743-1:2010, 1.3 and ISO 3743-2.

4.4.2 Criterion for background noise level

Requirements for the background noise level are given in 4.5 of ISO 3743-1:2010, in 6.5 of ISO 3743-2:2018 and in 4.2 of ISO 3744:2010. Averaged over the microphone positions, the background noise level shall be at least 6 dB below, and preferably more than 15 dB below, the sound pressure level to be measured.

NOTE If the difference between the sound pressure levels of the background noise and the appliance noise is less than 6 dB, see 8.2.

Environmental conditions having an adverse effect on the microphone used for the

– 12 –

measurements (for example, strong electric or magnetic fields, wind, impingement of air discharge from the equipment being tested, high or low temperatures) shall be avoided by proper selection or positioning of the microphone.

The instructions of the manufacturers of the measurement instruments regarding adverse environmental conditions shall be followed. The microphone shall always be oriented in such a way that the angle of incidence of the sound waves is that for which the microphone is calibrated.

4.5 Measurement uncertainties

4.5.1 General

The estimated values of the standard deviations of reproducibility of sound power levels determined in accordance with this document are given in 9.1 of ISO 3743-1:2010, in 11.1 of ISO 3743-2:2018 and in 9.1 of ISO 3744:2010. But for a particular family of appliances of similar size with similar operating conditions, the standard deviations of reproducibility can be smaller than these values. Hence, in the IEC 60704-2 series, standard deviations smaller than those listed in ISO standards can be stated if substantiation is available from the results of suitable interlaboratory tests.

In the case of discrepancies between the measurements where the results normally remain inside the foreseen standard deviation, it can be helpful to perform measurements according to the upper grade of accuracy: grade 1, laboratory or precision, as described in ISO 3741 or ISO 3745.

4.5.2 Standard deviations on repeatability and reproducibility and standard deviations related to declaration and verification

The estimated values of standard deviations of sound power levels determined according to this document are given in Table 1:

Table 1 - Standard deviations of sound power levels

Standard deviation					
dB					
$\sigma_{_{\Gamma}}$ (repeatability)	σ_{R} (reproducibility)				
0,4	1,0				

For the purpose of determining and verifying declared noise emission values according to IEC 60704-3, the values given in Table 2 apply:

Table 2 - Standard deviations for declaration and verification

Standard deviation						
dB						
σ_{P} (production)	$\sigma_{\rm t}$ (total)	$\sigma_{ m M}$ (reference)				
0,3 to 1,1	1,0 to 1,6	1,5				