



Designation: D8270–21a D8270 – 22

Standard Terminology Relating to Cannabis¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D8270; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This terminology is a compilation of definitions of technical terms used in the cannabis industry. Terms that are generally understood or adequately defined in other readily available sources are not included.

1.2 When a term is used in an ASTM document for which Committee D37 is responsible it is included only when judged, after review by Subcommittee D37.91, to be a generally usable term.

1.3 Definitions that are identical to those published by other ASTM committees or other standards organizations are identified with the committee number (for example, D20) or with the abbreviation of the name of the organization (for example, IUPAC, International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry).

1.4 A definition is a single sentence with additional information included in discussions.

1.5 Definitions are followed by the committee responsible for the standard(s) (for example, [D37.01]) and standard designation(s) in which they are used (for example, D8219).

1.6 *Abbreviated Terminology:* <https://standards.iteh.ai/document/ASTM/D8270-22/standards/astm/36642eaa-38ae-4235-b91e-b0b8fe164933/astm-d8270-22>

1.6.1 Abbreviated terminology is intended to provide uniform contractions of terms relating to cannabis that have evolved through widespread common usage. The compilation in this standard has been prepared to avoid the occurrence of more than one abbreviated term for a given cannabis term and to avoid multiple meanings for abbreviated terms.

1.6.2 The abbreviated terminology and descriptions in this standard are intended to be consistent with usage in the cannabis industry and the standards under D37 jurisdiction. Other ASTM committees may assign a different word-phrase description to the same abbreviated terminology. In such cases, the abbreviated terms in this standard shall apply to usage in D37 standards, or if widespread misunderstanding could result from conflicting abbreviated terminology descriptions, the abbreviated terminology for the word-phrase shall not be used in D37 standards.

1.6.3 *Acronyms and Initialisms*—A word formed from the letters or parts of words of a longer word-phrase, usually from the initial letters or parts of the words. An acronym is pronounced as a word (for example, radar for radio detection and ranging). An initialism is pronounced as a series of letters (for example, DOT for Department of Transportation).

1.6.4 The acronym or initialism description is the origin word-phrase for the acronym or initialism, not a definition.

¹ This terminology is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D37 on Cannabis and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D37.91 on Terminology. Current edition approved June 15, 2021; Feb. 1, 2022. Published June 2021; April 2022. Originally approved in 2020. Last previous edition approved in 2021 as D8270 – 21a. DOI: [10.1520/D8270-21a](https://doi.org/10.1520/D8270-21a); [10.1520/D8270-22](https://doi.org/10.1520/D8270-22).

1.7 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

1.8 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D7338 Guide for Assessment Of Fungal Growth in Buildings

E2614 Guide for Evaluation of Cleanroom Disinfectants

F3127 Guide for Validating Cleaning Processes Used During the Manufacture of Medical Devices

2.2 Other Standards:

AOAC 955.04D Nitrogen (Total) in Fertilizers³

3. Terminology

batch, n—a defined quantity of product accumulated under conditions considered uniform for sampling purposes.

batch number, n—a group of letters, numbers, or symbols, or any combination thereof, from which the history of the manufacturing, packaging, labeling, or holding of a product or derived product can be determined.

DISCUSSION—

The terms *batch number*, *lot number*, or *control number* refer to the manufactured/produced unit identified.

bioactive, adj—having an effect upon a living organism, tissue, or cell.

biosecurity, n—preventative measures designed to protect crops and property from the entry and spread of pests and diseases.

cannabinoid(s), n—a class of chemical compounds produced by the cannabis plant.

DISCUSSION—

Cannabinoids are synonymous with ‘phytocannabinoids’ when referring to the cannabinoids produced by the cannabis plant. ‘Endocannabinoids’ refer to those cannabinoids produced by normal human/animal physiological functions.

cannabis, n—a genus of flowering plants within the Cannabaceae family identified by their distinctive glandular trichomes, divided serrated leaves and tough bast fibers.

DISCUSSION—

Cannabis is derived from the homogeneous cultivars of the plant *Cannabis sativa* L. (Family Cannabaceae) and its subspecies, varieties, and chemotypes.

cannabis, medical, n—cannabis and cannabinoid materials that are produced and used for medicinal purposes in accordance with applicable regulatory standards.

cannabis, oil, n—concentrated liquid extracts from the cannabis plant.

DISCUSSION—

The term *cannabis oil* or *CBD ‘oil’* is commonly used to refer to a product or ingredient that actually consists of a concentrated extract of cannabis material (liquid or otherwise) dissolved in some type of fixed oil, such as olive or coconut. There are two types of traditional cannabis oil; fixed oil pressed from the seed, and volatile or essential oil from the glandular trichomes.

certified seed, n—seed that meets standards administered by a recognized member of the Association of Official Seed Certifying Agencies (AOSCA) and produced in a way that maintains satisfactory genetic purity and varietal identity.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard’s Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from AOAC International, 2275 Research Blvd., Suite 300, Rockville, MD 20850-3250, <http://www.aoac.org>.