# Standard Practice for <br> Application of Generalized Extreme Studentized Deviate (GESD) Technique to Simultaneously Identify Multiple Outliers in a Data Set ${ }^{1}$ 


#### Abstract

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D7915; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon $(\varepsilon)$ indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.


## 1. Scope*

1.1 This practice provides a step by step procedure for the application of the Generalized Extreme Studentized Deviate (GESD) Many-Outlier Procedure to simultaneously identify multiple outliers in a data set. (See Bibliography.)
1.2 This practice is applicable to a data set comprising observations that is represented on a continuous numerical scale.
1.3 This practice is applicable to a data set comprising a minimum of six observations.
1.4 This practice is applicable to a data set where the normal (Gaussian) model is reasonably adequate for the distributional representation of the observations in the data set.
1.5 The probability of false identification of outliers associated with the decision criteria set by this practice is 0.01 .
1.6 It is recommended that the execution of this practice be conducted under the guidance of personnel familiar with the statistical principles and assumptions associated with the GESD technique.
1.7 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
1.8 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

## 2. Terminology

### 2.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

[^0]2.1.1 outlier, $n$-an observation (or a subset of observations) which appears to be inconsistent with the remainder of the data set.

## 3. Significance and Use

3.1 The GESD procedure can be used to simultaneously identify up to a pre-determined number of outliers $(r)$ in a data set, without having to pre-examine the data set and make $a$ priori decisions as to the location and number of potential outliers.
3.2 The GESD procedure is robust to masking. Masking describes the phenomenon where the existence of multiple outliers can prevent an outlier identification procedure from declaring any of the observations in a data set to be outliers.
3.3 The GESD procedure is automation-friendly, and hence can easily be programmed as automated computer algorithms.

## 4. Procedure

4.1 Specify the maximum number of outliers $(r)$ in a data set to be identified. This is the number of cycles required to be executed (see 4.2) for the identification of up to $r$ outliers.
4.1.1 The recommended maximum number of outliers $(r)$ by this practice is two (2) for data sets with six to twelve observations.
4.1.2 For data sets with more than twelve observations, the recommended maximum number of outliers $(r)$ is the lesser of ten (10) or $20 \%$.
4.1.3 The recommended values for $r$ in 4.1.1 and 4.1.2 are not intended to be mandatory. Users can specify other values based on their specific needs.
4.2 Set the current cycle number $c$ to $1(c=1)$.
4.2.1 Assign the original data set to be assessed (in 4.1) as the data set for the current cycle 1 and label it as DTS $_{1}$.
4.3 Compute test statistic $T$ for each observation in the data set assigned to the current cycle $\left(\mathrm{DTS}_{\mathrm{c}}\right)$ as follows:

$$
\begin{equation*}
T=|x-\bar{x}| / s \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

where:
$x=$ an observation in the data set,
$\bar{x}=$ average calculated using all observations in the data set, and
$s=$ sample standard deviation calculated using all observations in the data set.
4.4 Identify the observation associated with the largest absolute magnitude of the test statistic $T$ in the data set of the current cycle.
4.5 If current cycle $c$ is less than $r$, execute 4.5.1 to 4.5.4; otherwise go to 4.6.
4.5.1 Remove the observation identified in 4.4 from the data set of the current cycle.
4.5.2 Increment the current cycle number by 1 : $c=c_{\text {current }}+1$.
4.5.3 Assign the reduced data set in 4.5.1 (that is, data set with the observation identified in 4.4 removed) as the data set for the new cycle number and label it as DTS ${ }_{c}$.
4.5.4 Repeat steps 4.3 to 4.5 .
4.6 Beginning with $c=r$, compare the maximum $T$ computed in the dataset DTS $_{c}$, to a critical value $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ associated with the data set for cycle $c$, where $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ is chosen based on a false identification probability of 0.01 . See Table A1.1 in Annex A1 for $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ values applicable to different data set sizes and cycle numbers (c).
4.7 If maximum $T$ for data set DTS $_{c}$ exceeds $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ for cycle $c=r$, the observation associated with maximum $T$ in the dataset DTS $_{c}$ and all observations associated with maximum $T$ from DTS $_{c}-1$ to DTS $_{1}$ are declared as outliers.
4.7.1 If maximum $T$ for data set DTS $_{c}$ does not exceed $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ for cycle $c$, reduce $c$ by 1 (that is, $c=c-1$ ) and repeat the comparison of maximum $T$ to $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ until the first occurrence of maximum $T$ exceeding $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ is encountered. The observation associated with maximum $T$ for this cycle
$\left(\right.$ DTS $\left._{c}\right)$ and all observations associated with maximum $T$ from $\mathrm{DTS}_{\mathrm{c}-1}$ to $\mathrm{DTS}_{1}$ are declared as outliers.
4.8 The outlier identification procedure is declared complete at the first occurrence of maximum $T$ exceeding $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ for cycle $c$ in 4.7, or completion of comparison for $c=1$.

## 5. Worked Example

5.1 Listed below is a data set comprising 30 observations:

| 35.0 | 36.6 | 34.7 | 36.2 | 37.0 | 25.3 | 37.2 | 41.3 | 26.0 | 24.6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 33.5 | 35.5 | 35.4 | 39.9 | 39.2 | 36.6 | 37.2 | 33.2 | 34.0 | 35.7 |
| 39.2 | 42.1 | 35.7 | 40.2 | 36.6 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 39.1 | 40.6 | 41.3 |

5.1.1 The total number of observations $(N)=30$.
5.1.2 From 4.1.2, the maximum number of outliers $r$ to be identified is six ( $20 \%$ of 30 ), since six is less than ten.
5.2 Refer to Table 1 for the following discussions:
5.2.1 Data set labeled $\mathrm{DTS}_{1}$ is the original data set, which is assigned to cycle $(c)=1$.
5.2.2 The observation 24.6, corresponding to the maximum $T$ value 2.60 in $\mathrm{DTS}_{1}$, is identified and removed to form a reduced data set $\mathrm{DTS}_{2}$.
5.2.3 The above is repeated up to $\mathrm{DTS}_{6}$, where the observation 33.5 is identified as the having the maximum $T$ value 1.65 but not removed since this is the last cycle for identifying up to $r=6$ outliers.
5.2.4 In accordance with 4.7, working backwards from $c=6$, the cycle number for which the first occurrence of maximum $T$ value of the data set $\mathrm{DTS}_{\mathrm{c}}$ exceeds $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ is cycle number three (see data set column labeled DTS $_{3}$ ).
5.2.5 In accordance with 4.7, observations 24.6 from $\mathrm{DTS}_{1}$, 25.3 from $\mathrm{DTS}_{2}$, and 26.0 from $\mathrm{DTS}_{3}$ are all declared as outliers by this practice.

## 6. Keywords

6.1 GESD; outliers

TABLE 1 Example Execution of the GESD Procedure for Worked Example in 5.1
Note 1-Explanation of Table 1:
The cell marked by a border for each $\mathrm{DTS}_{\mathrm{i}}$ column is the observation with the most extreme $T$ values $\left(T_{\max }\right)$ in the data set $i$. For the convenience of readers $T_{\text {max }}$ is re-shown in the third last row from the bottom of this table. For instance, in $\mathrm{DTS}_{1}$, the value 24.6 has a corresponding $T_{1}$ value of 2.60 , which is the largest $T$ value ( $T_{\max }$ ) for $\mathrm{DTS}_{1}$. Marking of these cells with the border is only to help the readers. It does not mean these cells are outliers. What it means is that the marked cell is to be removed for the next required cycle. For example, in next required cycle $\mathrm{DTS}_{2}$, the value 24.6 identified as the most extreme from the previous cycle $\mathrm{DTS}_{1}$ is removed, and the removed cell is shown as a blank entry in DTS $_{2}$.

The decision on which of these highlighted cells are outliers is made only after completion of the required cycles (in this case, up to DTS ${ }_{2}$, since $r=6$ ).
To make the outlier decision, start from $\mathrm{DTS}_{6}$. Compare the $T_{\max }$ value to the critical value ( $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ ), both are listed at the bottom of this table for readers' convenience. If $T_{\max }$ does not exceed the critical value below it, move to the previous DTS (DTS ${ }_{5}$ ), and if it does not exceed the critical value below it, move to $\mathrm{DTS}_{4} \ldots$ and so forth. Stop at the first $\mathrm{DTS}_{\mathrm{i}}$ where the $T_{\text {max }}$ exceeds the critical value, which is DTS ${ }_{3}$ in the example, where $T_{\text {max }}$ is 3.27, versus the critical value of 3.20 . The outliers are then declared as the value associated with $T_{\max }$ at DTS ${ }_{3}$ (which is 26.0 ), and all the extreme values identified in all the DTS's before $\mathrm{DTS}_{3}$, which are: 25.3 in $\mathrm{DTS}_{2}$, and 24.6 in $\mathrm{DTS}_{1}$. The total number of outliers identified in this example is 3 .

| data set=> | DTS $_{1}$ | $T_{1}$ | $\mathrm{DTS}_{2}$ | $T_{2}$ | $\mathrm{DTS}_{3}$ | $T_{3}$ | $\mathrm{DTS}_{4}$ | $T_{4}$ | DTS $_{5}$ | $T_{5}$ | DTS ${ }_{6}$ | $T_{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 35.0 | 0.30 | 35.0 | 0.44 | 35.0 | 0.64 | 35.0 | 0.97 | 35.0 | 0.94 | 35.0 | 1.05 |
|  | 36.6 | 0.05 | 36.6 | 0.04 | 36.6 | 0.17 | 36.6 | 0.37 | 36.6 | 0.32 | 36.6 | 0.40 |
|  | 34.7 | 0.37 | 34.7 | 0.52 | 34.7 | 0.73 | 34.7 | 1.08 | 34.7 | 1.06 | 34.7 | 1.17 |
|  | 36.2 | 0.04 | 36.2 | 0.14 | 36.2 | 0.29 | 36.2 | 0.52 | 36.2 | 0.48 | 36.2 | 0.56 |
|  | 37.0 | 0.14 | 37.0 | 0.06 | 37.0 | 0.05 | 37.0 | 0.22 | 37.0 | 0.17 | 37.0 | 0.24 |
|  | 25.3 | 2.44 | 25.3 | 2.85 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 37.2 | 0.18 | 37.2 | 0.11 | 37.2 | 0.00 | 37.2 | 0.15 | 37.2 | 0.09 | 37.2 | 0.16 |
|  | 41.3 | 1.09 | 41.3 | 1.12 | 41.3 | 1.20 | 41.3 | 1.38 | 41.3 | 1.50 | 41.3 | 1.49 |
|  | 26.0 | 2.29 | 26.0 | 2.68 | 26.0 | 3.27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24.6 | 2.60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 33.5 | 0.63 | 33.5 | 0.81 | 33.5 | 1.08 | 33.5 | 1.53 | 33.5 | 1.52 | 33.5 | 1.65 |
|  | 35.5 | 0.19 | 35.5 | 0.32 | 35.5 | 0.49 | 35.5 | 0.78 | 35.5 | 0.75 | 35.5 | 0.85 |
|  | 35.4 | 0.21 | 35.4 | 0.34 | 35.4 | 0.52 | 35.4 | 0.82 | 35.4 | 0.79 | 35.4 | 0.89 |
|  | 39.9 | 0.78 | 39.9 | 0.78 | 39.9 | 0.79 | 39.9 | 0.86 | 39.9 | 0.96 | 39.9 | 0.93 |
|  | 39.2 | 0.62 | 39.2 | 0.60 | 39.2 | 0.59 | 39.2 | 0.60 | 39.2 | 0.69 | 39.2 | 0.65 |
|  | 36.6 | 0.05 | 36.6 | 0.04 | 36.6 | 0.17 | 36.6 | 0.37 | 36.6 | 0.32 | 36.6 | 0.40 |
|  | 37.2 | 0.18 | 37.2 | 0.11 | 37.2 | 0.00 | 37.2 | 0.15 | 37.2 | 0.09 | 37.2 | 0.16 |
|  | 33.2 | 0.70 | 33.2 | 0.89 | 33.2 | 1.16 | 33.2 | 1.64 | 33.2 | 1.64 |  |  |
|  | 34.0 | 0.52 | 34.0 | 0.69 | 34.0 | 0.93 | 34.0 | 1.34 | 34.0 | 1.33 | 34.0 | 1.45 |
|  | 35.7 | 0.15 | 35.7 | 0.27 | 35.7 | 0.43 | 35.7 | 0.71 | 35.7 | 0.67 | 35.7 | 0.77 |
|  | 39.2 | 0.62 | 39.2 | 0.60 | 39.2 | 0.59 | 39.2 | 0.60 | 39.2 | 0.69 | 39.2 | 0.65 |
|  | 42.1 | 1.26 | 42.1 | 1.32 | 42.1 | 1.43 | 42.1 | 1.68 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 35.7 | 0.15 | 35.7 | 0.27 | 35.7 | 0.43 | 35.7 | 0.71 | 35.7 | 0.67 | 35.7 | 0.77 |
|  | 40.2 | 0.84 | 40.2 | 0.85 | 40.2 | 0.88 | 40.2 | 0.97 | 40.2 | 1.08 | 40.2 | 1.05 |
|  | 36.6 | 0.05 | 36.6 | 0.04 | 36.6 | 0.17 | 36.6 | 0.37 | 36.6 | 0.32 | 36.6 | 0.40 |
|  | 41.1 | 1.04 | 41.1 | 1.07 | 41.1 | 1.14 | 41.1 | 1.31 | 41.1 | 1.43 | 41.1 | 1.41 |
|  | 41.1 | 1.04 | 41.1 | 1.07 | 41.1 | 1.14 | 41.1 | 1.31 | 41.1 | 1.43 | 41.1 | 1.41 |
|  | 39.1 | 0.60 | 39.1 | 0.58 | 39.1 | 0.56 | 39.1 | 0.56 | 39.1 | 0.65 | 39.1 | 0.61 |
|  | 40.6 | 0.93 | 40.6 | 0.95 | 40.6 | 1.00 | 40.6 | 1.12 | 40.6 | 1.23 | 40.6 | 1.21 |
|  | 41.3 | 1.09 | 41.3 | 1.12 | 41.3 | 1.20 | 41.3 | 1.38 | 41.3 | 1.50 | 41.3 | 1.49 |
| average | 36.37 |  | 36.78 |  | 37.19 |  | 37.60 |  | 37.43 |  | 37.60 |  |
| std dev | 4.54 |  | 4.02 |  | 3.42 |  | 2.68 |  | 2.58 |  | 2.48 |  |
| $T_{\text {max }}$ |  | 2.60 |  | 2.85 |  | 3.27 |  | 1.68 |  | 1.64 |  | 1.65 |
|  |  | 3.24 |  | 3.22 |  | 3.20 |  | 3.18 |  | 3.16 |  | 3.14 |
|  | $c=1$ |  | $c=2$ |  | $c=3$ |  | $c=4$ |  | $c=5$ |  | $c=6$ |  |

## ANNEX

## (Mandatory Information)

## A1. $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ FOR VARIOUS DATA SET SIZES

TABLE A1.1 $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ for Various Data Set Sizes ( 0.01 significant)
Note 1—Values (in italic) for cycles greater than $r$ are shown for information only.

| $r$ | $N$ | $c=1$ | $c=2$ | $c=3$ <br> $c=3$ $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ | $c=4$ $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ | $\begin{gathered} c=5 \\ \lambda_{\text {critical }} \end{gathered}$ | $c=6$ $\lambda_{\text {critical }}$ | $c=7$ | $c=8$ $\begin{gathered} c=8 \\ \lambda_{\text {critical }} \end{gathered}$ | $c=9$ | $c=10$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 6 | 1.97 | 1.76 | 1.50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 7 | 2.14 | 1.97 | 1.76 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 8 | 2.27 | 2.14 | 1.97 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 9 | 2.39 | 2.27 | 2.14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 10 | 2.48 | 2.39 | 2.27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 11 | 2.56 | 2.48 | 2.39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 12 | 2.64 | 2.56 | 2.48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 13 | 2.70 | 2.64 | 2.56 | 2.48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 14 | 2.76 | 2.70 | 2.64 | 2.56 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 15 | 2.81 | 2.76 | 2.70 | 2.64 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 16 | 2.85 | 2.81 | 2.76 | 2.70 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 17 | 2.89 | 2.85 | 2.81 | 2.76 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 18 | 2.93 | 2.89 | 2.85 | 2.81 | 2.76 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 19 | 2.97 | 2.93 | 2.89 | 2.85 | 2.81 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 20 | 3.00 | 2.97 | 2.93 | 2.89 | 2.85 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 21 | 3.03 | 3.00 | 2.97 | 2.93 | 2.89 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 22 | 3.06 | 3.03 | 3.00 | 2.97 | 2.93 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 23 | 3.09 | 3.06 | 3.03 | 3.00 | 2.97 | 2.93 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 24 | 3.11 | 3.09 | 3.06 | 3.03 | 3.00 | 2.97 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 25 | 3.14 | 3.11 | 3.09 | 3.06 | 3.03 | 3.00 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 26 | 3.16 | 3.14 | 3.11 | 3.09 | 3.06 | 3.03 |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 27 | 3.18 | 3.16 | 3.14 | 3.11 | 3.09 | 3.06 |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 28 | 3.20 | 3.18 | 3.16 | 3.14 | 3.11 | 3.09 | 3.06 |  |  |  |
| 6 | 29 | 3.22 | 3.20 | 3.18 | 3.16 | 3.14 | 3.11 | 3.09 |  |  |  |
| 6 | 30 | 3.24 | 3.22 | 3.20 | 3.18 | 3.16 | 3.14 | 3.11 |  |  |  |
| 6 | 31 | 3.25 | 3.24 | 3.22 | 3.20 | 3.18 | 3.16 | 3.14 |  |  |  |
| 6 | 32 | 3.27 | 3.25 | 3.24 | 3.22 | 3.20 | 3.18 | 3.16 |  |  |  |
| 7 | 33 | 3.29 | 3.27 | 3.25 | 3.24 | 3.22 | 3.20 | 3.18 | 3.16 |  |  |
| 7 | 34 | 3.30 | 3.29 | 3.27 | 3.25 | 3.24 | 3.22 | 3.20 | 3.18 |  |  |
| 7 | 35 | 3.32 | 3.30 | 3.29 | 3.27 | 3.25 | 3.24 | 3.22 | 3.20 |  |  |
| 7 | 36 | 3.33 | 3.32 | 3.30 | 3.29 | 3.27 | 3.25 | 3.24 | 3.22 |  |  |
| 7 | 37 | 3.34 | 3.33 | 3.32 | 3.30 | 3.29 | 3.27 | 3.25 | 3.24 |  |  |
| 8 | 38 | 3.36 | 3.34 | 3.33 | 3.32 | 3.30 | 3.29 | 3.27 | 3.25 | 3.24 |  |
| 8 | 39 | 3.37 | 3.36 | 3.34 | 3.33 | 3.32 | 3.30 | 3.29 | 3.27 | 3.25 |  |
| 8 | 40 | 3.38 | 3.37 | 3.36 | 3.34 | 3.33 | 3.32 | 3.30 | 3.29 | 3.27 |  |
| 8 | 41 | 3.39 | 3.38 | 3.37 | 3.36 | 3.34 | 3.33 | 3.32 | 3.30 | 3.29 |  |
| 8 | 42 | 3.40 | 3.39 | 3.38 | 3.37 | 3.36 | 3.34 | 3.33 | 3.32 | 3.30 |  |
| 9 | 43 | 3.41 | 3.40 | 3.39 | 3.38 | 3.37 | 3.36 | 3.34 | 3.33 | 3.32 | 3.30 |
| 9 | 44 | 3.43 | 3.41 | 3.40 | 3.39 | 3.38 | 3.37 | 3.36 | 3.34 | 3.33 | 3.32 |
| 9 | 45 | 3.44 | 3.43 | 3.41 | 3.40 | 3.39 | 3.38 | 3.37 | 3.36 | 3.34 | 3.33 |
| 9 | 46 | 3.45 | 3.44 | 3.43 | 3.41 | 3.40 | 3.39 | 3.38 | 3.37 | 3.36 | 3.34 |
| 9 | 47 | 3.46 | 3.45 | 3.44 | 3.43 | 3.41 | 3.40 | 3.39 | 3.38 | 3.37 | 3.36 |
| 10 | 48 | 3.46 | 3.46 | 3.45 | 3.44 | 3.43 | 3.41 | 3.40 | 3.39 | 3.38 | 3.37 |
| 10 | 49 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.46 | 3.45 | 3.44 | 3.43 | 3.41 | 3.40 | 3.39 | 3.38 |
| 10 | 50 | 3.48 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.46 | 3.45 | 3.44 | 3.43 | 3.41 | 3.40 | 3.39 |
| 10 | 51 | 3.49 | 3.48 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.46 | 3.45 | 3.44 | 3.43 | 3.41 | 3.40 |
| 10 | 52 | 3.50 | 3.49 | 3.48 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.46 | 3.45 | 3.44 | 3.43 | 3.41 |
| 10 | 53 | 3.51 | 3.50 | 3.49 | 3.48 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.46 | 3.45 | 3.44 | 3.43 |
| 10 | 54 | 3.52 | 3.51 | 3.50 | 3.49 | 3.48 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.46 | 3.45 | 3.44 |
| 10 | 55 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3.51 | 3.50 | 3.49 | 3.48 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.46 | 3.45 |
| 10 | 56 | 3.53 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3.51 | 3.50 | 3.49 | 3.48 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.46 |
| 10 | 57 | 3.54 | 3.53 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3.51 | 3.50 | 3.49 | 3.48 | 3.47 | 3.46 |
| 10 | 58 | 3.55 | 3.54 | 3.53 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3.51 | 3.50 | 3.49 | 3.48 | 3.47 |
| 10 | 59 | 3.55 | 3.55 | 3.54 | 3.53 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3.51 | 3.50 | 3.49 | 3.48 |
| 10 | 60 | 3.56 | 3.55 | 3.55 | 3.54 | 3.53 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3.51 | 3.50 | 3.49 |
| 10 | 61 | 3.57 | 3.56 | 3.55 | 3.55 | 3.54 | 3.53 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3.51 | 3.50 |
| 10 | 62 | 3.57 | 3.57 | 3.56 | 3.55 | 3.55 | 3.54 | 3.53 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3.51 |
| 10 | 63 | 3.58 | 3.57 | 3.57 | 3.56 | 3.55 | 3.55 | 3.54 | 3.53 | 3.52 | 3.52 |
| 10 | 64 | 3.59 | 3.58 | 3.57 | 3.57 | 3.56 | 3.55 | 3.55 | 3.54 | 3.53 | 3.52 |
| 10 | 65 | 3.59 | 3.59 | 3.58 | 3.57 | 3.57 | 3.56 | 3.55 | 3.55 | 3.54 | 3.53 |
| 10 | 66 | 3.60 | 3.59 | 3.59 | 3.58 | 3.57 | 3.57 | 3.56 | 3.55 | 3.55 | 3.54 |
| 10 | 67 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3.59 | 3.59 | 3.58 | 3.57 | 3.57 | 3.56 | 3.55 | 3.55 |
| 10 | 68 | 3.61 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3.59 | 3.59 | 3.58 | 3.57 | 3.57 | 3.56 | 3.55 |
| 10 | 69 | 3.62 | 3.61 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3.59 | 3.59 | 3.58 | 3.57 | 3.57 | 3.56 |
| 10 | 70 | 3.62 | 3.62 | 3.61 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3.59 | 3.59 | 3.58 | 3.57 | 3.57 |
| 10 | 71 | 3.63 | 3.62 | 3.62 | 3.61 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3.59 | 3.59 | 3.58 | 3.57 |
| 10 | 72 | 3.63 | 3.63 | 3.62 | 3.62 | 3.61 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3.59 | 3.59 | 3.58 |
| 10 | 73 | 3.64 | 3.63 | 3.63 | 3.62 | 3.62 | 3.61 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3.59 | 3.59 |
| 10 | 74 | 3.64 | 3.64 | 3.63 | 3.63 | 3.62 | 3.62 | 3.61 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3.59 |
| 10 | 75 | 3.65 | 3.64 | 3.64 | 3.63 | 3.63 | 3.62 | 3.62 | 3.61 | 3.60 | 3.60 |
| 10 | 76 | 3.65 | 3.65 | 3.64 | 3.64 | 3.63 | 3.63 | 3.62 | 3.62 | 3.61 | 3.60 |
| 10 | 77 | 3.66 | 3.65 | 3.65 | 3.64 | 3.64 | 3.63 | 3.63 | 3.62 | 3.62 | 3.61 |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D02 on Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D02.94 on Coordinating Subcommittee on Quality Assurance and Statistics.

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