



Standard Specification for Solid Wall High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) Conduit Based on Controlled Outside Diameter (OD)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2160; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers material, dimensional, workmanship and performance requirements for polyethylene conduit, duct and innerduct manufactured for use in a non-pressure applications for the protection of fiber optic and power cables. Applications include telecom, SCADA command and control, highway lighting, ITS (Intelligent Transportation Systems) and Underground Utilities with PE conduit installed using methods such as Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD), plowing and open trench.

1.2 HDPE conduit meeting the requirements of this standard shall be made as OD or ID controlled solid wall, with or without internal or external ribs in IPS types SDR 9, SDR 11, SDR 13.5, DR 15.5, Schedule 40, Schedule 80 and “True-sized” and SIDR dimensions. The internal or external surface may contain a coextruded layer provided the finished conduit meets the product requirements of this specification.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.4 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test method portion, Section 6, of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.5 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.26 on Olefin Based Pipe.

Current edition approved April 1, 2022. Published May 2022. Originally approved in 2001. Last previous edition approved in 2016 as F2160-16. DOI: 10.1520/F2160-16.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

- D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing
- D638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics
- D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics
- D1693 Test Method for Environmental Stress-Cracking of Ethylene Plastics
- D2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings
- D2412 Test Method for Determination of External Loading Characteristics of Plastic Pipe by Parallel-Plate Loading
- D2444 Practice for Determination of the Impact Resistance of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings by Means of a Tup (Falling Weight)
- D3350 Specification for Polyethylene Plastics Pipe and Fittings Materials
- F412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—General terms used in this Specification are as defined in Terminology F412, and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology D1600, unless otherwise specified.

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

- 3.2.1 *CATV, n*—cable television.
- 3.2.2 *conduit (duct), n*—a tubular raceway for carrying power, communications, or other wires and cables
- 3.2.3 *innerduct, n*—a conduit installed inside a conduit.
- 3.2.4 *kink, n*—a crease across the conduit where it has folded from excessive bending.
- 3.2.5 *ribs, n*—a series of ridges along the inside or outside surface of a conduit.
- 3.2.6 *true size, n*—denotes the use of a sizing system that requires a nominal inside diameter to be the equal or greater

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard’s Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

than the stated nominal size of the conduit (that is, a 1¼ in. conduit has a minimum ID of 1.25 in.).

3.2.7 *SCADA, n*—(Supervisory control and data acquisition) use of fiber optic to, for example, control gates for pipelines.

4. Materials

4.1 PE compound shall meet Specification **D3350** requirements and be classified in accordance with Specification **D3350** with a minimum cell classification of PE334480C or PE334480E. Higher classification values for the first four cells and the sixth cell shall be acceptable. The classification value for the fifth cell shall be 8 in accordance with 4.2.

4.1.1 *Rework Material*—Clean polyethylene compound from the manufacturer's own production may be re-extruded into conduit, either alone or blended with virgin compound. Conduit containing the rework material shall meet all the material and product requirements of this specification. Where rework material is known to contain cadmium, lead, mercury or hexavalent chromium, or a combination thereof, the loading of rework shall be limited such that the final conduit product shall not contain more than 0.01 % by weight cadmium and no more than 0.1 % by weight each of lead, mercury, and hexavalent chromium.

NOTE 1—Conformance with the metal requirements of 4.1.1 can be demonstrated by either a determination of heavy metals in the final product or a calculation of the maximum heavy metals expected to be present based on their presence in the rework material.

4.1.2 *Color Compounds*—Color concentrate compounds used to color the conduit shall have no cadmium, lead, mercury, and hexavalent chromium added as an intentional ingredient and shall contain no more than 0.01 % by weight cadmium and no more than 0.1 % by weight each of lead, mercury, and hexavalent chromium.

NOTE 2—Conformance with the requirements of 4.1.2 can be demonstrated based on letters of compliance from color compound manufacturers, for example a RoHS³ compliance letter.

4.2 *Slow Crack Growth*—The minimum specified ESCR cell class 8 requirement is F10 > 96 h per Test Method **D1693**, condition B, 10 % Igepal. Alternatively, slow crack growth cell classification per Specification **D3350** of 4 or higher is acceptable in meeting this requirement.

4.3 *Coextruded Layer*—Any material used as a coextruded layer on the inside or outside surface of the PE conduit shall adhere to the surface of the PE and shall not delaminate in normal use. It shall not degrade or lower the performance of the PE conduit.

4.4 *Aerial Applications*—PE material for black conduit in long-term above ground applications, such as aerial suspension, shall be stabilized with a minimum of 2 %–4 % by weight carbon black having an average particle size less than or equal to 20 nanometers.

4.5 *Outdoor Storage Stability:*

³ DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

NOTE 3—Acceptable cell for Color and UV resistance properties in Table 1 may be achieved by utilizing a precompounded material or by blending a base natural material with a color concentrate.

4.5.1 *Colored Conduit*—PE material for colored (black included) conduit in non-UV exposed applications shall be suitably protected against UV degradation so that conduit may be stored outside and uncovered for a period of not less than one year. Permanent color identification shall be permitted to be as solid color, as stripes, as a co-extruded skin, or a combination of these. If stripes are specified, a minimum of 3 stripes equally spaced around the circumference shall be required, to aid in the identification of the conduit. Colored conduit shall maintain its color for a period of 1 year when stored outside, or as otherwise agreed to by the specifier and producer.

4.5.1.1 Solid yellow or black with yellow stripes shall not be used for identification of conduit due to risk of misidentification with gas pipe.

5. Requirements

5.1 *Workmanship*—Each layer of the conduit shall be homogeneous throughout and essentially uniform in color, opacity, density and other properties. The inside and outside surfaces shall be free of visible cracks, holes, blisters, voids, foreign inclusions, or other deleterious defects.

5.2 *Dimensions and Tolerances:*

5.2.1 *Outside Diameters*—The outside diameters and tolerances shall be as shown in Table 1 for IPS SDR and Schedule 40 and 80 sizes, Table 2 for “true” sizing, and Table 3 for SDR sized conduit, when measured in accordance with Test Method **D2122**.

5.2.2 *Wall Thickness*—The wall thicknesses and tolerances shall be as shown in Table 4 for IPS sizes, Schedule 40 and 80 and Table 2 for “True-sized” PE conduit, and Table 3 for SDR sized Conduit when measured in accordance with Test Method **D2122**.

5.2.3 *Special Sizes*—When mutually agreeable between the manufacturer and the purchaser, other sizes and wall thicknesses shall be acceptable. The tolerance on outside diameter shall be ± 0.5 percent of the nominal outside diameter. The lowest permissible wall thickness for any conduit outside diameter shall be 0.062 in. (1.57 mm). For wall thicknesses not

TABLE 1 Outside Diameter and Tolerance for PE Conduit, IPS SDR 9, SDR 11, SDR 13.5, DR 15.5, Schedule 40 and Schedule 80

Nominal Size, in.	Outside Diameter		Tolerance	
	in.	(mm)	in.	(mm)
½	0.840	(21.34)	± 0.004	(± 0.11)
¾	1.050	(26.67)	± 0.005	(± 0.13)
1	1.315	(33.40)	± 0.007	(± 0.17)
1¼	1.660	(42.16)	± 0.008	(± 0.21)
1½	1.900	(48.26)	± 0.010	(± 0.24)
2	2.375	(60.33)	± 0.012	(± 0.30)
2½	2.875	(73.03)	± 0.014	(± 0.37)
3	3.500	(88.90)	± 0.018	(± 0.44)
4	4.500	(114.30)	± 0.023	(± 0.57)
5	5.563	(141.30)	± 0.028	(± 0.71)
6	6.625	(168.28)	± 0.033	(± 0.84)
8	8.625	(219.08)	± 0.043	(± 1.10)
10	10.750	(273.05)	± 0.054	(± 1.37)
12	12.750	(323.85)	± 0.064	(± 1.62)

TABLE 2 Minimum Inside Diameter and Tolerance and Minimum Wall Thickness and Tolerance for “True Sized” SDR 11 and SDR 9 PE Conduit

Nominal Size	Minimum ID		Wall Thickness SDR 11		Wall Thickness SDR 9	
	Min	Tol	Min	Tol	Min	Tol
	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.
½	0.512	+0.020	0.047	+0.006	0.057	+0.007
	(13.00)	+(0.51)	(1.19)	+(0.15)	(1.45)	+(0.18)
¾	0.750	+0.020	0.068	+0.008	0.083	+0.010
	(19.05)	+(0.51)	(1.72)	+(0.20)	(3.18)	+(0.25)
1	1.000	+0.020	0.091	+0.011	0.111	+0.013
	(25.40)	+(0.51)	(2.31)	+(0.28)	(2.82)	+(0.33)
1½	1.125	+0.020	0.102	+0.012	0.125	+0.015
	(28.58)	+(0.51)	(2.59)	+(0.30)	(3.18)	+(0.38)
1¼	1.250	+0.020	0.114	+0.014	0.139	+0.017
	(31.75)	+(0.51)	(2.90)	+(0.36)	(3.53)	+(0.43)
1⅝	1.375	+0.020	0.125	+0.015	0.153	+0.018
	(34.93)	+(0.51)	(3.18)	+(0.41)	(3.89)	+(0.46)
1½	1.500	+0.020	0.136	+0.016	0.167	+0.020
	(38.10)	+(0.51)	(3.45)	+(0.41)	(4.24)	+(0.51)
2	2.000	+0.027	0.182	+0.022	0.222	+0.027
	(50.80)	+(0.51)	(4.62)	+(0.55)	(5.64)	+(0.68)

listed, the tolerances shall be the same percentage of the calculated minimum wall thickness as the closest listed minimum wall thickness.

5.2.4 Ribbed Conduit—Conduit shall be permitted to contain either (a) spiral or oscillating spiral HDPE ribs inside of the conduit or (b) longitudinal ribs on the inside and/or outside of the conduit. The inside diameter of the conduit relative to this specification shall be measured between the ribs. For internally ribbed conduit, the manufacturer shall provide the maximum inside diameter and tolerance that can be circumscribed within the internal rib projections. For externally ribbed conduit, the manufacturer shall provide the minimum outside diameter and tolerance that circumscribes the external rib projections.

5.2.5 Friction Reduction—Internal lubrication or a coextruded layer on the inner wall of conduit for reducing frictional resistance shall be permitted. Lubrication materials shall be compatible with the conduit and any cable jacketing.

5.2.6 Toe-In—When measured in accordance with 5.2.1, the outside diameter at the cut end of the conduit shall not be more than 1.5 % smaller than the outside diameter per 5.2.1. Outside diameter measurement shall be made no closer than 1.5 pipe diameters or 11.8 in. (300 mm), whichever distance is less, from the cut end of the conduit.

5.2.7 Ovality—The ovality (cross section) of 2 in. IPS and smaller conduit shall not exceed 7 % when measured in accordance with 6.4. Coiled conduit larger than 2 in. IPS through 3 in. IPS shall not exceed 10 % when measured in accordance with 6.4. Kinks in a coil shall not be acceptable.

NOTE 4—Deformations due to packaging requirements, when within five (5) ft. of the ends of coiled products, should not be considered. Conduit with deformation as noted above should not be utilized.

NOTE 5—Ovality is a packaging condition that occurs when roundable conduit is wound into a coil. Conduit flattens out as it is coiled. Larger diameter conduit may have significant ovality, for example, the inner coil layers of 6 in. IPS coiled conduit may have 20 % or more ovality. Ovality is corrected when joining equipment is applied to roundable conduit, or by field processing roundable conduit through re-rounding and straightening equipment during installation.

5.2.7.1 Ovality measurements of coiled conduit shall be made on a sample cut from the end of the coil or reel, and in case of disagreement, conditioned per 6.1.

5.2.7.2 If ovality greater than 10 % for coiled conduit larger than 3 in. IPS is unsuitable for a particular application, the coiled conduit shall be processed by the installer through re-rounding equipment that corrects ovality to 10 % or less.

5.3 Test Performance—All specimens shall be measured before testing in accordance with Test Method D2122 and shall meet all the required dimensions and tolerances for the conduit type being manufactured. Except for 5.3.2, all measurements and tests shall be conducted at 73°F ± 3.6°F (23° ± 2°C).

5.3.1 Elongation at Break—When tested in accordance with 6.2, the minimum elongation at break shall be 400 %.

5.3.2 Impact—The conduit shall not fail when three specimens are tested at the low-temperature condition of -4 °F (-20 °C), in accordance with 6.3 – 6.3.2 or if one out of three specimen fails, then a retest of three additional specimen shall result in no failures.

5.4 Outdoor Storage Stability—Colored conduit intended for non-UV exposed application and stored outside and uncovered for more than one year from date of manufacture shall meet the requirements of this specification.

5.5 Pipe Stiffness, Compression and Recovery—Specimens shall achieve the minimum loads given in Table 5, Table 6, and Table 7 at 5 % deflection when tested in accordance with 6.5. In addition, during compression and recovery testing specimens shall not split or crack, when tested in accordance with 6.6.

NOTE 6—The minimum values for Pipe Stiffness (PS) are calculated using the minimum allowable flexural modulus specified of 80,000 psi. The calculated values are derived as outlined in Appendix X2 of Test Method D2412. The minimum values shown for (LbsF) force are calculated based on the test requirements of 5% deflection of the average ID at a deflection rate of 0.5 in/minute on a sample six inches long from the minimum PS values.

6. Test Methods

6.1 Conditioning—Condition the test specimens at test temperature for not less than 40 h prior to test in accordance with procedure A of Practice D618, for those tests where conditioning is required. Requirements for humidity are excluded.

NOTE 7—These conditioning requirements are only for product qualification or certification testing—not for manufacturing quality assurance purposes.

6.2 Elongation at Break—Specimens shall be die cut or machined from the wall of the conduit parallel to the extrusion direction. Testing shall be performed in accordance with Specification D3350 for tensile properties (that is in accordance with Test Method D638 at a strain rate or cross-head separation rate of 2 in./min). If sample thickness of the specimen must be reduced by milling in order to meet test specimen dimensional requirements, the inside surface of the conduit shall be left unaltered.

6.3 Impact—Test specimens at a temperature of -4 °F (-20 °C).

TABLE 3 Inside Diameter and Tolerance and Minimum Wall Thickness and Tolerance for SDR PE Conduit

Nominal Size	Inside Diameter		Wall Thickness SDR 15		Wall Thickness SDR 11.5		Wall Thickness SDR 9	
	Min	Tol	Min	Tol	Min	Tol	Min	Tol
	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)
1	1.049 (26.64)	+0.010 -0.020 (+0.25) (-0.51)	0.070 (1.78)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.091 (2.31)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.117 (2.97)	+0.020 (+0.51)
1¼	1.380 (35.05)	+0.010 -0.020 (+0.25) (-0.51)	0.092 (2.34)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.120 (3.05)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.153 (3.89)	+0.020 (+0.51)
1½	1.610 (40.89)	+0.015 -0.020 (+0.38) (-0.51)	0.107 (2.72)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.140 (3.56)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.179 (4.55)	+0.020 (+0.51)
2	2.067 (52.50)	+0.015 -0.020 (+0.38) (-0.51)	0.138 (3.51)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.180 (4.57)	+0.022 (+0.56)	0.230 (5.84)	+0.028 (+0.71)
2½	2.469 (62.71)	+0.015 -0.020 (+0.38) (-0.51)	0.165 (4.19)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.215 (5.46)	+0.026 (+0.66)	...	...
3	3.068 (77.93)	+0.015 -0.030 (+0.38) (-0.76)	...	...	0.267 (6.78)	+0.032 (+0.81)	...	...
4	4.026 (102.26)	+0.020 -0.020 (+0.51) (-0.051)	...	...	0.350 (8.89)	+0.042 (+1.07)	...	...
5	5.046 (128.17)	+0.025 -0.025 (+0.64)	...	...	0.429 (10.90)	+0.053 (+1.35)	...	...

TABLE 4 Minimum Wall Thickness and Tolerance for IPS SDR 9, SDR 11, SDR 13.5, DR 15.5, Schedule 40 and Schedule 80 PE Conduit

Nominal Size	DR 15.5		SDR 13.5		SDR 11		SDR 9		Schedule 40		Schedule 80	
	Min.	Tol.	Min.	Tol.	Min.	Tol.	Min.	Tol.	Min.	Tol.	Min.	Tol.
	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)
½	0.062 (13.00)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.062 (1.57)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.076 (1.93)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.093 (2.36)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.109 (2.77)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.147 (3.73)	+0.020 (+0.51)
¾	0.068 (1.73)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.078 (1.98)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.095 (2.41)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.117 (2.97)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.113 (2.87)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.154 (3.91)	+0.020 (+0.51)
1	0.084 (2.13)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.097 (2.46)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.120 (3.05)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.146 (3.71)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.133 (3.38)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.179 (4.55)	+0.021 (+0.53)
1¼	0.107 (2.72)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.123 (3.12)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.151 (3.84)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.184 (4.67)	+0.022 (+0.56)	0.140 (3.56)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.191 (4.85)	+0.023 (+0.58)
1½	0.123 (3.12)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.141 (3.58)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.173 (4.39)	+0.021 (+0.53)	0.211 (5.36)	+0.025 (+0.64)	0.145 (3.68)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.200 (5.08)	+0.024 (+0.61)
2	0.153 (3.89)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.176 (4.47)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.216 (5.49)	+0.026 (+0.66)	0.264 (6.71)	+0.032 (+0.81)	0.154 (3.91)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.218 (5.54)	+0.026 (+0.66)
2½	0.185 (4.70)	+0.022 (+0.56)	0.213 (5.41)	+0.020 (+0.51)	0.261 (6.64)	+0.031 (+0.80)	0.319 (8.11)	+0.038 (+0.97)	0.203 (5.16)	+0.024 (+0.61)	0.276 (7.01)	+0.033 (+0.84)
3	0.226 (5.74)	+0.027 (+0.69)	0.259 (6.58)	+0.031 (+0.79)	0.318 (8.08)	+0.038 (+0.97)	0.389 (9.88)	+0.047 (+1.19)	0.216 (5.49)	+0.026 (+0.66)	0.300 (7.62)	+0.036 (+0.91)
4	0.290^A (7.37)	+0.035 (+0.89)	0.333 (8.46)	+0.040 (+1.02)	0.409 (10.39)	+0.049 (+1.24)	0.500 (12.70)	+0.060 (+1.52)	0.237 (6.02)	+0.028 (+0.71)	0.337 (8.56)	+0.040 (+1.02)
5	0.359 (9.12)	+0.043 (+1.09)	0.412 (10.47)	+0.049 (+1.26)	0.506 (12.86)	+0.061 (+1.54)	0.618 (15.70)	+0.074 (+1.88)	0.258 (6.55)	+0.031 (+0.79)	0.375 (9.53)	+0.045 (+1.14)
6	0.427 (10.85)	+0.051 (+1.30)	0.491 (12.47)	+0.059 (+1.50)	0.602 (15.29)	+0.072 (+1.83)	0.736 (18.69)	+0.088 (+2.24)	0.280 (7.11)	+0.034 (+0.86)	0.432 (10.97)	+0.05 (+1.32)
8	...	...	0.639 (16.23)	+0.077 (+1.96)	0.784 (19.91)	+0.094 (+2.39)	0.958 (24.3)	+0.115 (+2.92)	...	...	...	...
10	...	...	0.796 (20.23)	+0.096 (+2.43)	0.977 (24.82)	+0.117 (+2.98)	1.194 (30.34)	+0.143 (+3.64)	...	...	...	...
12	...	...	0.944 (23.99)	+0.113 (+2.88)	1.159 (29.44)	+0.139 (+3.53)	1.417 (35.98)	+0.170 (+4.32)	...	...	...	...

^AReference Bolding: Nominal diameters size 4 and larger in wall thickness DR 15.5 and Schedule 40 and diameters size 6 and larger in Schedule 80 should be produced only as stick pipe due to the potential for buckling if produced on a reel or as a coil. Nominal diameters size 8 and larger are available only in stick pipe because they cannot be coiled.