International Standard



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION MEXATION OF A POPAHISALIN TO CTAHDAPTISALINGORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Synchronous belts — Calculation of power rating and drive centre distance

Courroies synchrones -- Calcul de la puissance transmissible et de l'entraxe

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Descriptors : belts, power transmission belts, synchronous transmission, rated power, formulas (mathematics).

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 5295 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 41, EVIEW Pulleys and belts (including veebelts), and was circulated to the member bodies in December 1980.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries: 1981

South Africa, Rep. of

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Australia	Germany, F.R.	6e34beSpain02/iso-5295-1981		
Austria	India	Sweden		
Belgium	Iraq	United Kingdom		
Canada	Italy	USA		
Czechoslovakia	Japan	USSR		
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Romania			

No member body expressed disapproval of the document.

France

Synchronous belts — Calculation of power rating and drive centre distance

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1 Scope and field of application

3 Symbols ISO 5295:1981

k_w

k_z

ent []

width factor teeth in mesh factor

integer part only of the expression following

<u>ISO 5295:1981</u>	<u>[</u>	Table 1	
This International Standard sestablishes it formulae of at and add sist	/ <u>5f429dde-0e</u>	57-4083-953a-	Unite
calculation of power rating and centre distance of standards-529 synchronous belts on two nulley drives	<u>6- Pylinoi</u>		Units
synchronous berts on two puncy arrest	ρ_{b}	and pulleys	mm
The numerical values of certain parameters used in the calcula-	b _s	width of the belt to be rated	mm
tions depend upon the pitch and the construction of the belt and shall be specified by the belt manufacturer.	b _{so}	base width of the widest standard belt of pitch $p_{\rm b}$ (see table 2)	mm
	т	linear mass of a belt having a width $b_{\rm so}$	kg/m
2 Definition	T _a	allowable working tension of a belt having a width $b_{\rm so}$	N
power rating : The power that a specified synchronous belt can transmit under specified geometrical and ambient con- ditions for a satisfactory period of time, provided that the drive has been installed and is maintained in a proper manner.	ω	angular velocity of the smaller pulley	rad/s
	ν	belt velocity	m/s
	z ₁	number of teeth of the smaller pulley	
The power rating depends upon :	z ₂	number of teeth of the larger pulley	
 the pitch of the belt and pulley teeth; 	z _b	number of teeth of the belt	
 the belt width; 	z _m	number of teeth in mesh on the smaller pulley	
	C	centre distance of the pulleys	mm
 the mass of a linear metre of belt; 	Po	power rating of a belt of base width $b_{\rm so}$	kW
 the allowable working tension in the belt; 	Р	power rating of a belt of base width $b_{\rm s}$	kW

- the angular velocity of the smaller pulley;
- the number of teeth of the smaller pulley;
- the number of teeth in mesh on the smaller pulley.

4 **Basic power rating**

The basic power rating of a belt of base width b_{so} is given by the formula

$$P_{\rm o} = \frac{(T_{\rm a} - m v^2) v}{1\,000} \qquad \dots \dots (1)$$

where the belt velocity v has the value :

$$v = \frac{\omega \, p_{\rm b} \, z_1 \times \, 10^{-3}}{2 \, \pi} \qquad \dots (2)$$

Formula (1) is valid only if the number of teeth in mesh $z_m \ge 6$ (see clause 5 for $z_{\rm m}$ < 6).

The values of T_a and m depend upon the construction and the type of belt; these shall be supplied by the belt manufacturer.

Power rating 5

Exact formula 5.1

The power rating of a belt of width $b_{\rm s}$ having $z_{\rm m}$ teeth in mesh Aon the smaller pulley, is given by the formula

 $\frac{6e34bed5be02/is_{\overline{M}}}{529}\frac{g_{b1}}{8}(2z_{b}^{2}-z_{1}-z_{2})$

1

 $P = \left(k_z k_w T_a - \frac{b_s m v^2}{b_{so}}\right) v \times 10^{-3}$ See clauses 8 and 9 for k_z and k_w respectively. $6e_34bed5be02/iso_520$ B_11091

5.2 Approximate formula

The power rating may be calculated approximately by simplification of formula (3) as follows :

$$P \approx k_{\rm z} k_{\rm w} P_{\rm o} \qquad \qquad \dots \qquad (4)$$

Centre distance 6

6.1 Exact formula

Firstly, calculate the auxiliary angle, θ , using the formula

$$\operatorname{inv} \theta = \pi \frac{z_{\mathrm{b}} - z_2}{z_2 - z_1} \qquad \dots$$
 (5)

where inv $\theta = \tan \theta - \theta$, the value of θ (see the figure) can be determined by iteration or from involute tables.

The centre distance C is then given by the formula :

$$C = \frac{p_{\rm b} (z_2 - z_1)}{2 \pi \cos \theta}$$
 (6)

then the centre distance C by the formula

$$C \approx M + \sqrt{M^2 - \frac{1}{8} \left[\frac{p_b (z_2 - z_1)}{\pi} \right]^2}$$
 ... (8)

. . . (7)

This method is to be avoided when the ratio z_2/z_1 is large. In this case, the method according to 6.1 shall be used.

7 Number of teeth in mesh

This number is given by the formula

$$z_{\rm m} = \operatorname{ent}\left[\frac{z_1}{2} - \frac{p_{\rm b} z_1}{2 \pi^2 C} (z_2 - z_1)\right] \qquad (9)$$

n which $\frac{1}{2 \pi^2}$ may be replaced by $\frac{1}{20}$ for ease of calculation.

Factor k₇ 8

i

If
$$z_{\rm m} \ge 6$$
, $k_{\rm z} = 1$
If $z_{\rm m} < 6$, $k_{\rm z} = 1 - 0.2 (6 - z_{\rm m})$. . . (10)

The foregoing method according to formula (5) and (6), is valid in any case. However, it should not be used if the ratio z_2/z_1 is close to unity, because the expression for C becomes the ratio of two small quantities. In this case, the method according to 6.2 is recommended.



ISO 52 Firstly, 1 calculate M by the formula



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Synchronous belts - Calculation of power rating and drive centre distance

ERRATUM

(Title)

(Text)

Page 2

In the figure, indicate the centre distance <u>C</u> which is missing. In above the dimension line at the bottom of the figure.

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### 9 Factor k<sub>w</sub>

### Table 2 - Base widths (millimetres)

The factor  $k_w$  is given by the formula

$$k_{\rm w} = \left(\frac{b_{\rm s}}{b_{\rm so}}\right)^{1,14} \qquad \dots \tag{11}$$

where  $b_{\rm so}$  depends upon the pitch code as given in the table.

The resulting calculation of  $k_{\rm w}$  being rounded off to two decimal places according to the usual convention.

| Pitch code | b <sub>so</sub> |  |
|------------|-----------------|--|
| MXL        | 6,4             |  |
| XL         | 9,5             |  |
| L          | 25,4            |  |
| н          | 76,2            |  |
| ХН         | 101,6           |  |
| ХХН        | 127,0           |  |

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