

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements –  
Part 23: Static meters for reactive energy (classes 2 and 3)**

**Équipement de comptage de l'électricité (c.a.) – Prescriptions particulières –  
Partie 23: Compteurs statiques d'énergie réactive (classes 2 et 3)**

IEC 62053-23:2003

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/157a141d-1f2d-422c-a0b8-899776a43019/iec-62053-23-2003>



## THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Copyright © 2016 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

Droits de reproduction réservés. Sauf indication contraire, aucune partie de cette publication ne peut être reproduite ni utilisée sous quelque forme que ce soit et par aucun procédé, électronique ou mécanique, y compris la photocopie et les microfilms, sans l'accord écrit de l'IEC ou du Comité national de l'IEC du pays du demandeur. Si vous avez des questions sur le copyright de l'IEC ou si vous désirez obtenir des droits supplémentaires sur cette publication, utilisez les coordonnées ci-après ou contactez le Comité national de l'IEC de votre pays de résidence.

IEC Central Office  
3, rue de Varembe  
CH-1211 Geneva 20  
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11  
Fax: +41 22 919 03 00  
[info@iec.ch](mailto:info@iec.ch)  
[www.iec.ch](http://www.iec.ch)

### About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

### About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigenda or an amendment might have been published.

#### IEC Catalogue - [webstore.iec.ch/catalogue](http://webstore.iec.ch/catalogue)

The stand-alone application for consulting the entire bibliographical information on IEC International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports and other documents. Available for PC, Mac OS, Android Tablets and iPad.

#### IEC publications search - [www.iec.ch/searchpub](http://www.iec.ch/searchpub)

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee,...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

#### IEC Just Published - [webstore.iec.ch/justpublished](http://webstore.iec.ch/justpublished)

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and also once a month by email.

#### Electropedia - [www.electropedia.org](http://www.electropedia.org)

The world's leading online dictionary of electronic and electrical terms containing 20 000 terms and definitions in English and French, with equivalent terms in 15 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

#### IEC Glossary - [std.iec.ch/glossary](http://std.iec.ch/glossary)

65 000 electrotechnical terminology entries in English and French extracted from the Terms and Definitions clause of IEC publications issued since 2002. Some entries have been collected from earlier publications of IEC TC 37, 77, 86 and CISPR.

#### IEC Customer Service Centre - [webstore.iec.ch/csc](http://webstore.iec.ch/csc)

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: [csc@iec.ch](mailto:csc@iec.ch).

### A propos de l'IEC

La Commission Electrotechnique Internationale (IEC) est la première organisation mondiale qui élabore et publie des Normes internationales pour tout ce qui a trait à l'électricité, à l'électronique et aux technologies apparentées.

### A propos des publications IEC

Le contenu technique des publications IEC est constamment revu. Veuillez vous assurer que vous possédez l'édition la plus récente, un corrigendum ou amendement peut avoir été publié.

#### Catalogue IEC - [webstore.iec.ch/catalogue](http://webstore.iec.ch/catalogue)

Application autonome pour consulter tous les renseignements bibliographiques sur les Normes internationales, Spécifications techniques, Rapports techniques et autres documents de l'IEC. Disponible pour PC, Mac OS, tablettes Android et iPad.

#### Recherche de publications IEC - [www.iec.ch/searchpub](http://www.iec.ch/searchpub)

La recherche avancée permet de trouver des publications IEC en utilisant différents critères (numéro de référence, texte, comité d'études,...). Elle donne aussi des informations sur les projets et les publications remplacées ou retirées.

#### IEC Just Published - [webstore.iec.ch/justpublished](http://webstore.iec.ch/justpublished)

Restez informé sur les nouvelles publications IEC. Just Published détaille les nouvelles publications parues. Disponible en ligne et aussi une fois par mois par email.

#### Electropedia - [www.electropedia.org](http://www.electropedia.org)

Le premier dictionnaire en ligne de termes électroniques et électriques. Il contient 20 000 termes et définitions en anglais et en français, ainsi que les termes équivalents dans 15 langues additionnelles. Egalement appelé Vocabulaire Electrotechnique International (IEV) en ligne.

#### Glossaire IEC - [std.iec.ch/glossary](http://std.iec.ch/glossary)

65 000 entrées terminologiques électrotechniques, en anglais et en français, extraites des articles Termes et Définitions des publications IEC parues depuis 2002. Plus certaines entrées antérieures extraites des publications des CE 37, 77, 86 et CISPR de l'IEC.

#### Service Clients - [webstore.iec.ch/csc](http://webstore.iec.ch/csc)

Si vous désirez nous donner des commentaires sur cette publication ou si vous avez des questions contactez-nous: [csc@iec.ch](mailto:csc@iec.ch).

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements –  
Part 23: Static meters for reactive energy (classes 2 and 3)**

**Équipement de comptage de l'électricité (c.a.) – Prescriptions particulières –  
Partie 23: Compteurs statiques d'énergie réactive (classes 2 et 3)**

IEC 62053-23:2003

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/177a141d-1f2d-422c-a0b8-899776a43019/iec-62053-23-2003>

INTERNATIONAL  
ELECTROTECHNICAL  
COMMISSION

COMMISSION  
ELECTROTECHNIQUE  
INTERNATIONALE

ICS 17.220.20

ISBN 978-2-8322-3772-4

**Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.  
Attention! Veuillez vous assurer que vous avez obtenu cette publication via un distributeur agréé.**



## REDLINE VERSION

## VERSION REDLINE



**Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements –  
Part 23: Static meters for reactive energy (classes 2 and 3)**

**Équipement de comptage de l'électricité (c.a.) – Prescriptions particulières –  
Partie 23: Compteurs statiques d'énergie réactive (classes 2 et 3)**

IEC 62053-23:2003

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/137a141d-1f2d-422c-a0b8-899776a43019/iec-62053-23-2003>

## CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	4
INTRODUCTION.....	6
<b>INTRODUCTION TO AMENDMENT 1 .....</b>	<b>7</b>
1 Scope.....	8
2 Normative references .....	8
3 Terms and definitions .....	9
4 Standard electrical values .....	9
5 Mechanical requirements.....	9
6 Climatic conditions .....	9
7 Electrical requirements.....	9
7.1 Power consumption .....	9
7.2 Influence of short-time overcurrents .....	10
7.3 Influence of self-heating .....	10
7.4 AC voltage test.....	11
8 Accuracy requirements.....	12
8.1 Limits of error due to variation of the current.....	12
8.2 Limits of error due to influence quantities.....	12
8.3 Test of starting and no-load condition.....	14
8.4 Meter constant .....	15
8.5 Accuracy test conditions.....	15
8.6 Interpretation of test results.....	16
Annex A (normative) Test circuit diagram for d.c. component.....	17
Annex B (normative) Electromagnet for testing the influence of externally produced magnetic fields .....	19
Annex C (informative) Geometric representation of active and reactive power .....	20
Figure A.1 – Test circuit diagram for half-wave rectification .....	17
Figure A.2 – Half-wave rectified waveform .....	18
Figure B.1 – Electromagnet for testing the influence of externally produced magnetic fields.....	19
Figure C.1 – Recommended geometric representation .....	20
Figure C.2 – Alternative geometric representation .....	21
Table 1 – Power consumption in voltage circuits for single-phase and polyphase meters including the power supply .....	9
Table 2 – Power consumption in current circuits .....	10
Table 3 – Variations due to short-time overcurrents .....	10
Table 4 – Variations due to self-heating.....	11
<b>Table 5 – AC voltage tests .....</b>	<b>12</b>
Table 6 – Percentage error limits (single-phase meters and polyphase meters with balanced loads) .....	12
Table 7 – Percentage error limits (polyphase meters carrying a single-phase load, but with balanced polyphase voltages applied to voltage circuits) .....	12
Table 8 – Influence quantities .....	13

Table 9 – Starting current .....	15
Table 10 – Voltage and current balance .....	15
Table 11 – Reference conditions .....	16
Table 12 – Interpretation of test results .....	16

Witholdrawn

iTech Standards  
(<https://standards.itih.ai>)  
Document Preview



## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**ELECTRICITY METERING EQUIPMENT (AC) –  
PARTICULAR REQUIREMENTS –****Part 23: Static meters for reactive energy (classes 2 and 3)**

## FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as “IEC Publication(s)”). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

**This consolidated version of the official IEC Standard and its amendment has been prepared for user convenience.**

**IEC 62053-23 edition 1.1 contains the first edition (2003-01) [documents 13/1284/FDIS and 13/1291/RVD] and its amendment 1 (2016-11) [documents 13/1696/FDIS and 13/1710/RVD].**

**In this Redline version, a vertical line in the margin shows where the technical content is modified by amendment 1. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text. A separate Final version with all changes accepted is available in this publication.**



International Standard IEC 62053-23 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 13: Equipment for electrical energy measurement and load control.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendment will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.

It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of this publication be adopted for implementation nationally not earlier than 4 years from the date of publication.

The contents of the corrigendum of March 2018 have been included in this copy.

**IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.**

IEC 62053-23:2003

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/177af41d-1f2d-422c-a0b8-899776a43019/iec-62053-23-2003>

## INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 62053 is to be used with relevant parts of the IEC 62052, IEC 62053 and IEC 62059 series, Electricity metering equipment:

IEC 62052-11:2003, *Electricity metering equipment (AC) – General requirements, tests and test conditions – Part 11: Metering equipment*  
Amendment 1 (2016)

IEC 62052-31:2015, *Electricity metering equipment (AC) – General requirements, tests and test conditions –Part 31: Product safety requirements and tests*

IEC 62053-11:2003, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements – Part 11: Electromechanical meters for active energy (classes 0,5 ,1 and 2)*. Replaces particular requirements of IEC 60521:1988 (2<sup>nd</sup> edition)

IEC 62053-21:2003, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements – Part 21: Static meters for active energy (classes 1 and 2)*. Replaces particular requirements of IEC 61036:2000 (2<sup>nd</sup> edition)

IEC 62053-22:2003, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements – Part 22: Static meters for active energy (classes 0,2 S and 0,5 S)*. Replaces particular requirements of IEC 60687:1992 (2<sup>nd</sup> edition)

IEC 62053-31:1998, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements – Part 31: Pulse output devices for electromechanical and electronic meters (two wires only)*

IEC 62053-61:1998, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements – Part 61: Power consumption and voltage requirements*

IEC 62059-11:2002, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Dependability – Part 11: General concepts*

IEC 62059-21:2002, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Dependability – Part 21: Collection of meter dependability data from the field*

This part is a standard for type testing electricity meters. It covers the particular requirements for meters, being used indoors and outdoors. It does not deal with special implementations (such as metering-part and/or displays in separate housings).

This standard is intended to be used in conjunction with IEC 62052-11. When any requirement in this standard concerns an item already covered in IEC 62052-11, the requirements of this standard take precedence over the requirements of IEC 62052-11.

This standard distinguishes:

- between accuracy class index 2 and accuracy class index 3 meters;
- between protective class I and protective class II meters;
- between meters for use in networks equipped with or without earth fault neutralizers.

The test levels are regarded as minimum values that provide for the proper functioning of the meter under normal working conditions. For special application, other test levels might be necessary and should be agreed on between the user and the manufacturer.

## INTRODUCTION TO AMENDMENT 1

The purpose of this amendment is to identify and remove all safety related requirements and tests of IEC 62053-23:2003 that are replaced and extended by the complete set of requirements and tests in IEC 62052-31:2015.

Withdrawing

iTech Standards  
(<https://standards.itih.ai>)  
Document Preview

<https://standards.itih.ai/standards/iec/157a141d-1f2d-422c-a0b8-899776a43019/iec-62053-23-2003>

# ELECTRICITY METERING EQUIPMENT (AC) – PARTICULAR REQUIREMENTS –

## Part 23: Static meters for reactive energy (classes 2 and 3)

### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62053 applies only to newly manufactured static var-hour meters of accuracy classes 2 and 3, for the measurement of alternating current electrical reactive energy in 50 Hz or 60 Hz networks and it applies to their type tests only. For practical reasons, this standard is based on a conventional definition of reactive energy for sinusoidal currents and voltages containing the fundamental frequency only.

It applies only to static var-hour meters for indoor and outdoor application consisting of a measuring element and register(s) enclosed together in a meter case. It also applies to operation indicator(s) and test output(s). If the meter has a measuring element for more than one type of energy (multi-energy meters), or when other functional elements, like maximum demand indicators, electronic tariff registers, time switches, ripple control receivers, data communication interfaces, etc. are enclosed in the meter case, then the relevant standards for these elements also apply.

It does not apply to:

- var-hour meters where the voltage across the connection terminals exceeds 600 V (line-to-line voltage for meters for polyphase systems),
- portable meters;
- data interfaces to the register of the meter;
- reference meters.

The dependability aspect is covered by the documents of the IEC 62059 series.

The safety aspect is covered by IEC 62052-31:2015.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

~~IEC 60736:1982, *Testing equipment for electrical energy meters*~~

IEC 62052-11:2003, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – General requirements, tests and test conditions – Part 11: Metering equipment*  
Amendment 1 (2016)

IEC 62052-31:2015, *Electricity metering equipment (AC) – General requirements, tests and test conditions – Part 31: Product safety requirements and tests*

IEC 62053-61:1998, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – General requirements, tests and test conditions – Power consumption and voltage requirements*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 62052-11 apply.

NOTE For direction of flow and sign of reactive power, see Annex C.

### 4 Standard electrical values

The values given in IEC 62052-11 apply.

### 5 Mechanical requirements

The requirements of IEC 62052-11 apply.

### 6 Climatic conditions

The conditions given in IEC 62052-11 apply.

### 7 Electrical requirements

In addition to the electrical requirements in IEC 62052-11, meters shall fulfil the following requirements.

#### 7.1 Power consumption

The power consumption in the voltage and current circuit shall be determined at reference values of the influence quantities given in 8.5 by any suitable method. The overall maximum error of the measurement of the power consumption shall not exceed 5 %.

##### 7.1.1 Voltage circuits

The active and apparent power consumption in each voltage circuit of a meter at reference voltage, reference temperature and reference frequency shall not exceed the values shown in Table 1.

**Table 1 – Power consumption in voltage circuits for single-phase and polyphase meters including the power supply**

Meters	Power supply connected to the voltage circuits	Power supply not connected to the voltage circuits
Voltage circuit	2 W and 10 VA	0,5 VA
Auxiliary power supply	–	10 VA

NOTE 1 In order to match voltage transformers to meters, the meter manufacturer should state whether the burden is inductive or capacitive (for transformer operated meters only).

NOTE 2 The above figures are mean values. Switching power supplies with peak values in excess of these specified values are permitted, but it should be ensured that the rating of associated voltage transformers is adequate.

NOTE 3 For multifunctional meters, see IEC 62053-61.

##### 7.1.2 Current circuits

The apparent power taken by each current circuit of a direct connected meter at basic current, reference frequency and reference temperature shall not exceed the values shown in Table 2.

The apparent power taken by each current circuit of a meter connected through a current transformer shall not exceed the value shown in Table 2, at a current value that equals the rated secondary current of the corresponding transformer, at reference temperature and reference frequency of the meter.

**Table 2 – Power consumption in current circuits**

Meters	Class of meter	
	2	3
Single-phase and polyphase	5,0 VA	5,0 VA
<p>NOTE 1 The rated secondary current is the value of the secondary current indicated on the current transformer, on which the performance of the transformer is based. Standard values of maximum secondary current are 120 %, 150 % and 200 % of the rated secondary current.</p> <p>NOTE 2 In order to match current transformers to meters, the meter manufacturer should state whether the burden is inductive or capacitive (for transformer operated meters only).</p>		

## 7.2 Influence of short-time overcurrents

Short-time overcurrents shall not damage the meter. The meter shall perform correctly when back to its initial working condition and the variation of error shall not exceed the values shown in Table 3.

The test circuit shall be practically non-inductive and the test shall be performed for polyphase meters phase-by-phase.

After the application of the short-time overcurrent with the voltage maintained at the terminals, the meter shall be allowed to return to the initial temperature with the voltage circuit(s) energized (about 1 h).

### a) Meter for direct connection

The meter shall be able to carry a short-time overcurrent of  $30 I_{max}$  with a relative tolerance of +0 % to –10 % for one half-cycle at rated frequency.

### b) Meter for connection through current transformer

The meter shall be able to carry for 0,5 s a current equal to  $20 I_{max}$  with a relative tolerance of +0 % to –10 %.

NOTE This requirement does not apply to meters having a contact in the current circuits. For this case, see appropriate standards.

**Table 3 – Variations due to short-time overcurrents**

Meters for	Value of current	sinφ (inductive or capacitive)	Limits of variations in percentage error for meters of class	
			2	3
Direct connection	$I_b$	1	1,5	1,5
Connection through current transformers	$I_n$	1	1,0	1,5

In addition to the existing requirements and tests covering the metrology aspect, safety related requirements specified in IEC 62052-31:2015, 6.9.8 and tests specified in 6.10.5 and 6.10.6 apply.

## 7.3 Influence of self-heating

The variation of error due to self-heating shall not exceed the values given in Table 4.