Designation: C76 - 22a

# Standard Specification for Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C76; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\varepsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

# 1. Scope\*

- 1.1 This specification covers reinforced concrete pipe intended to be used for the conveyance of sewage, industrial wastes, and storm water, and for the construction of culverts.
- 1.2 This specification is the inch-pound companion to Specification C76M; therefore, no SI equivalents are presented in this specification. Reinforced concrete pipe that conform to the requirements of C76M, are acceptable under this Specification C76 unless prohibited by the Owner.

Note 1—This specification is a manufacturing and purchase specification only, and does not include requirements for bedding, backfill, or the relationship between field load condition and the strength classification of pipe. However, experience has shown that the successful performance of this product depends upon the proper selection of the class of pipe, type of bedding and backfill, and care that installation conforms to the construction specifications. The owner of the reinforced concrete pipe specified herein is cautioned that he must correlate the field requirements with the class of pipe specified and provide inspection at the construction site.

Note 2—Attention is called to the specification for reinforced concrete D-load culvert, storm drain, and sewer pipe (Specification C655).

1.3 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

A36/A36M Specification for Carbon Structural Steel
A615/A615M Specification for Deformed and Plain CarbonSteel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

A706/A706M Specification for Deformed and Plain Low-Alloy Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

A1064/A1064M Specification for Carbon-Steel Wire and Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and Deformed, for Concrete

C33/C33M Specification for Concrete Aggregates

C76M Specification for Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (Metric)

C150/C150M Specification for Portland Cement

C260/C260M Specification for Air-Entraining Admixtures for Concrete

C309 Specification for Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds for Curing Concrete

C443 Specification for Joints for Concrete Pipe and Manholes, Using Rubber Gaskets

C494/C494M Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Concrete

C497 Test Methods for Concrete Pipe, Concrete Box Sections, Manhole Sections, or Tile

C595/C595M Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cements
C618 Specification for Coal Fly Ash and Raw or Calcined
Natural Pozzolan for Use in Concrete

C655 Specification for Reinforced Concrete D-Load Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe

C822 Terminology Relating to Concrete Pipe and Related Products

C989/C989M Specification for Slag Cement for Use in Concrete and Mortars

C990 Specification for Joints for Concrete Pipe, Manholes, and Precast Box Sections Using Preformed Flexible Joint Sealants

C1017/C1017M Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Use in Producing Flowing Concrete (Withdrawn 2022)<sup>3</sup>

C1116/C1116M Specification for Fiber-Reinforced Concrete C1602/C1602M Specification for Mixing Water Used in the Production of Hydraulic Cement Concrete

C1628 Specification for Joints for Concrete Gravity Flow Sewer Pipe, Using Rubber Gaskets

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C13 on Concrete Pipe and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C13.02 on Reinforced Sewer and Culvert Pipe.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.



# 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For definitions of terms relating to concrete pipe, see Terminology C822.

#### 4. Classification

4.1 Pipe manufactured in accordance with this specification shall be of five classes identified as Class I, Class II, Class III, Class IV, and Class V. The corresponding strength requirements are prescribed in Tables 1-5.

## 5. Basis of Acceptance

- 5.1 Unless otherwise designated by the owner at the time of, or before placing an order, there are two separate and alternative bases of acceptance. Independent of the method of acceptance, the pipe shall be designed to meet both the 0.01-in. crack and ultimate strength requirements specified in Tables 1-5.
- 5.1.1 Acceptance on the Basis of Plant Load-Bearing Tests, Material Tests, and Inspection of Manufactured Pipe for Visual Defects and Imperfections—Acceptability of the pipe in all diameters and classes produced in accordance with 7.1 or 7.2 shall be determined by the results of the three-edge bearing tests as defined in 11.3.1; by such material tests as are required

- in 6.2, 6.3, 6.5, and 6.6; by an absorption test of the concrete from the wall of the pipe as required in 11.9; and by visual inspection of the finished pipe to determine its conformance with the accepted material requirements and its freedom from defects.
- 5.1.2 Acceptance on the Basis of Material Tests and Inspection of Manufactured Pipe for Defects and Imperfections—Acceptability of the pipe in all diameters and classes produced in accordance with 7.2 shall be determined by the results of such material tests as are required in 6.2, 6.3, 6.5, and 6.6; by crushing tests on concrete cores or cured concrete cylinders; by an absorption test of the concrete from the wall of the pipe for each mix design that is used on an order; and by inspection of the finished pipe including amount and placement of reinforcement to determine its conformance with the accepted design and its freedom from defects.
- 5.1.3 When agreed upon by the owner and manufacturer, any portion or any combination of the tests itemized in 5.1.1 or 5.1.2 may form the basis of acceptance.
- 5.2 Age for Acceptance—Pipe shall be considered ready for acceptance when it conforms to the requirements as indicated by the specified tests.

### TABLE 1 Requirements for Class I Reinforced Concrete Pipe<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—See Section 5 for basis of acceptance specified by the owner. The strength test requirements in pounds-force per linear foot of pipe under the three-edge-bearing method shall be either the D-load (test load expressed in pounds-force per linear foot per foot of diameter) to produce a 0.01-in. crack, or the D-loads to produce the 0.01-in. crack and the ultimate load as specified below, multiplied by the internal diameter of the pipe in feet.

D-load to produce a 0.01-in. crack D-load to produce the ultimate load 800 1200

Reinforcement, in.2/linear ft of pipe wall

			Wall A	1	Wall B Concrete Strength, 4000 psi								
Internal Designated Diameter, US in. Stand		Co	ncrete Strengt	h, 4000 psi									
	Wall Thickness, -		cular cement <sup>B</sup>	S/SISV/d9   Elliptical - d853- Reinforcement <sup>C</sup>		Wall Nall Wall Nall		cular cement <sup>B</sup>	astm-c7 Elliptical Reinforcement				
	in.	Inner Cage	Outer Cage			in.	Inner Cage	Outer Cage					
60	5	0.24	0.15	0.27		6	0.21	0.12	0.23				
66	51/2	0.30	0.18	0.33		61/2	0.24	0.15	0.27	,			
72	6	0.35	0.21	0.39		7	0.29	0.17	0.32				
78	61/2	0.40	0.24	0.44		71/2	0.32	0.19	0.36				
84	7	0.45	0.27	0.50		8	0.36	0.21	0.41				
90	71/2	0.49	0.29	0.54		81/2	0.41	0.24	0.45				
96	8	0.54	0.32	0.60		9	0.45	0.27	0.51				
		Со	ncrete Strengt	h, 5000 psi	<del></del>								
102	81/2	0.63	0.38	Inner Circular Plus Elliptical	0.24 0.38	91/2	0.54	0.32	Inner Circular Plus Elliptical	0.21 0.32			
108	9	0.68	0.41	Inner Circular Plus Elliptical	0.27 0.41	10	0.60	0.36	Inner Circular Plus Elliptical	0.24 0.36			
114	Α					Α							
120	A					Α							
126	A					Α							
132	A					Α							
138	Α					A							
144	Α					Α							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>For modified or special designs see 7.2 or with the permission of the owner utilize the provisions of Specification C655. Steel areas may be interpolated between those shown for variations in diameter, loading, or wall thickness. Pipe over 96 in. in diameter shall have two circular cages or an inner circular plus one elliptical cage.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup>As an alternative to configurations requiring both inner and outer circular cages the reinforcement may be positioned and proportioned in either of the following manners:

An inner circular cage plus an elliptical cage such that the area of the elliptical cage shall not be less than that specified for the outer cage in the table and the total area of the inner circular cage plus the elliptical cage shall not be less than that specified for the inner cage in the table,

An inner and outer cage plus quadrant mats in accordance with Fig. 1, or

An inner and outer cage plus an elliptical cage in accordance with Fig. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Elliptical and quadrant steel must be held in place by means of holding rods, chairs, or other positive means throughout the entire casting operation.



#### TABLE 2 Requirements for Class II Reinforced Concrete Pipe<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—See Section 5 for basis of acceptance specified by the owner. The strength test requirements in pounds-force per linear foot of pipe under the three-edge-bearing method shall be either the D-load (test load expressed in pounds-force per linear foot per foot of diameter) to produce a 0.01-in. crack, or the D-loads to produce the 0.01-in. crack and the ultimate load as specified below, multiplied by the internal diameter of the pipe in feet.

D-load to produce a 0.01-in. crack D-load to produce the ultimate load

1000 1500

			•			Reinforcement	t, in.²/line	ar ft of pipe wall					
Internal			Wall A				Wall B		Wall C				
Desig- nated Diameter, in.		Concrete	Strength,	4000 psi		Concrete	Strength	, 4000 psi		Concrete	Strength,	4000 psi	
	Wall 'Thick-	Circ Reinford		Elliptical			cular cement <sup>B</sup>	Elliptical	Wall Thick-	Circular Reinforcement <sup>B</sup>		Ellipt	
	ness, in.	Inner Cage	Outer Cage	Reinforcement	c ness in.	Inner Cage	Outer Cage	Reinforcement <sup>C</sup>	ness, in.	Inner Cage	Outer Cage	Reinforc	ement <sup>C</sup>
12	13/4	0.07 <sup>D</sup>			2	0.07 <sup>D</sup>			23/4	0.07 <sup>D</sup>			
15	17/8	$0.07^{D}$			21/4	0.07 <sup>D</sup>			3	$0.07^{D}$			
18	2	$0.07^{D}$		0.07 <sup>D</sup>	21/2	0.07 <sup>D</sup>		$0.07^{D}$	31/4	$0.07^{D}$		0.0	)7 <sup>D</sup>
21	21/4	0.12		0.10	23/4	$0.07^{D}$		$0.07^{D}$	31/2	$0.07^{D}$		0.0	)7 <sup>D</sup>
24	21/2	0.12		0.11	3	$0.07^{D}$		$0.07^{D}$	33/4	$0.07^{D}$		0.0	)7 <sup>D</sup>
27	25/8	0.15		0.12	31/4	0.12		0.11	4	$0.07^{D}$		0.0	)7 <sup>D</sup>
30	23/4	0.15		0.14	31/2	0.14		0.12	41/4	$0.07^{D}$		0.0	)7 <sup>D</sup>
33	27/8	0.16		0.15	33/4	0.15		0.12	41/2	$0.07^{D}$		0.0	)7 <sup>D</sup>
36	3	0.14	0.08	0.15	4 <sup>E</sup>	0.12	0.07	0.12	43/4 E	0.07	0.07	0.0	08
42	31/2	0.16	0.10	0.18	41/2	0.15	0.09	0.17	51/4	0.10	0.07	0.1	
48	4	0.21	0.12	0.23	5	0.18	0.11	0.20	53/4	0.14	0.08	0.1	
54	41/2	0.24	0.15	0.27	51/2	0.21	0.12	0.24	61/4	0.17	0.10	0.19	
60	5	0.30	0.18	0.33	6	0.24	0.15	0.27	63/4	0.21	0.12	0.2	
66	51/2	0.35	0.21	0.39	61/2	0.31	0.19	0.34	71/4	0.24	0.15	0.2	
72	6	0.41	0.24	0.45	7	0.35	0.21	0.39	73/4	0.30	0.18	0.3	
78	61/2	0.45	0.27	0.51	71/2	0.40	0.24	0.44	81/4	0.35	0.21	0.3	
84	7	0.51	0.31	0.57	8	0.45	0.27	0.51	83/4	0.41	0.24	0.4	
90	71/2	0.57	0.34	0.63	81/2	0.51	0.31	0.57	91/4	0.48	0.29	0.5	
96	8	0.62	0.36	0.69	9	0.57	0.34	0.63	93/4	0.55	0.33	0.6	
						Concrete Strer							
102	81/2	0.76	0.45	Inner 0.3	0 91/2	0.68	0.41	Inner 0.27	101/4	0.62	0.36	Inner	0.24
				Circular				Circular				Circular	
				Plus El- 0.4	5			Plus El- 0.41				Plus El-	0.36
				liptical				liptical				liptical	
108	9	0.85	0.51	Inner 0.3	4 10	0.76	0.45	Inner 0.30	103/4	0.70	0.42	Inner	0.27
	•			Circular	للثاليا		T.I.	Circular		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Circular	
				Plus El- 0.5	1			Plus El- 0.45				Plus El-	0.42
				liptical	•			liptical				liptical	0
114	Α				Α				Α				
120	Α				A	<u> 181M C/6</u>	<u>-22a</u>		Α				
126	A		-:/+-		Δ .	1011071	1052		A1.66			76 22-	
132	//standa	aras.πeh.	.a1/cata	log/standard	A	ay118/1c-	d853-	4c3a-b881-8	Sadabb	14/496/8	istm-c	76-22a	
138	Α				A				Α				
	A				A				A				
144					. ′								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>For modified or special designs see 7.2 or with the permission of the owner utilize the provisions of Specification C655. Steel areas may be interpolated between those shown for variations in diameter, loading, or wall thickness. Pipe over 96 in. in diameter shall have two circular cages or an inner circular plus one elliptical cage.

# 6. Materials

- 6.1 Reinforced Concrete—The reinforced concrete shall consist of cementitious materials; mineral aggregates; admixtures, if used; and water in which steel has been embedded in such a manner that the steel and concrete act together.
  - 6.2 Cementitious materials:
- 6.2.1 *Cement*—Cement shall conform to the requirements of Specification C150/C150M, or shall be portland blast-furnace slag cement, portland-limestone cement, or portland-pozzolan
- cement conforming to the requirements of Specification C595/C595M, except that the pozzolan constituent in the Type IP portland-pozzolan cement shall be fly ash.
- 6.2.2 *Slag Cement*—Slag cement shall conform to the requirements of Grade 100 or 120 of Specification C989/C989M.
- 6.2.3 *Fly Ash*—Fly ash shall conform to the requirements of Class F or Class C of Specification C618.
- 6.2.4 *Allowable Combinations of Cementitious Materials*—The combination of cementitious materials used in the concrete shall be one of the following:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup>As an alternative to configurations requiring both inner and outer circular cages the reinforcement may be positioned and proportioned in either of the following manners:

An inner circular cage plus an elliptical cage such that the area of the elliptical cage shall not be less than that specified for the outer cage in the table and the total area of the inner circular cage plus the elliptical cage shall not be less than that specified for the inner cage in the table,

An inner and outer cage plus quadrant mats in accordance with Fig. 1, or

An inner and outer cage plus an elliptical cage in accordance with Fig. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Elliptical and quadrant steel must be held in place by means of holding rods, chairs, or other positive means throughout the entire casting operation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup>For these classes and sizes, the minimum practical steel reinforcement is specified. The specified ultimate strength of non-reinforced pipe is greater than the minimum specified strength for the equivalent diameters.

EAs an alternative, single cage reinforcement may be used. The reinforcement area in square in, per linear foot shall be 0.20 for wall B and 0.16 for wall C.



## TABLE 3 Requirements for Class III Reinforced Concrete Pipe<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—See Section 5 for basis of acceptance specified by the owner. The strength test requirements in pounds-force per linear foot of pipe under the three-edge-bearing method shall be either the D-load (test load expressed in pounds-force per linear foot per foot of diameter) to produce a 0.01-in. crack, or the D-loads to produce the 0.01-in. crack and the ultimate load as specified below, multiplied by the internal diameter of the pipe in feet.

D-load to produce a 0.01-in. crack D-load to produce the ultimate load 1350 2000

Reinforcement, in.2/linear ft of pipe wall

			Wall A			Wall B						Wall C					
Internal	rnal Concrete Strength, 4000 psi						Concrete Strength, 4000 psi						Concrete Strength, 4000 psi				
Designate Diameter, i	d Wall n.Thick-	Circular Reinforcement <sup>B</sup>		Elliptica		Wall Thick-		cular cement <sup>B</sup>	Ellipti		Wall Thick-	Circ Reinford		Elliptic			
	nesses, in.	Inner Cage	Outer Cage	Reinforcem	ent <sup>C</sup>	nesses, in.	Inner Cage			Reinforcement <sup>C</sup>		Inner Cage	Outer Cage	Reinforcer	nent <sup>C</sup>		
12	13/4	0.07 <sup>D</sup>				2	0.07 <sup>D</sup>				23/4	0.07 <sup>D</sup>					
15	<b>1</b> 7⁄8	$0.07^{D}$				21/4	$0.07^{D}$				3	$0.07^{D}$					
18	2	$0.07^{D}$		0.07 <sup>D</sup>	)	21/2	$0.07^{D}_{-}$		0.0		31/4	$0.07^{D}$		0.07			
21	21/4	0.14		0.11		23/4	$0.07^{D}_{-}$		0.0		31/2	$0.07^{D}$		0.07			
24	21/2	0.17		0.14		3	$0.07^{D}$		0.0	7 <sup>D</sup>	33/4	0.07		0.07			
27	25/8	0.18		0.16		31/4	0.16		0.1		4	0.08		0.07			
30	23/4	0.19		0.18		31/2	0.18		0.1	5	41/4	0.10		0.08			
33	27/8	0.21		0.20		33/4	0.20		0.17		41/2	0.12		0.10			
36	3	0.21	0.12	0.23		4 <sup>E</sup>	0.17	0.10	0.1		43/4 E	0.08	0.07	0.09			
42	31/2	0.24	0.15	0.27		41/2	0.21	0.12	0.2		51/4	0.12	0.07	0.12			
48	4	0.32	0.19	0.35		5	0.24	0.14	0.2		53/4	0.16	0.10	0.18			
54	41/2	0.38	0.23	0.42		51/2	0.29	0.17	0.3	2	61/4	0.21	0.12	0.23			
60	5	0.44	0.26	0.49		6	0.34	0.20	0.3	8	63/4	0.24	0.15	0.27			
66	51/2	0.50	0.30	0.55		61/2	0.41	0.24	0.4	5	71/4	0.31	0.19	0.34			
72	6	0.57	0.34	0.63		7	0.49	0.29	0.5	4	73/4	0.36	0.21	0.40			
	Cor	ncrete Stre	enath 500	0 nsi													
78	6½	0.64	0.38	0.71		71/2	0.57	0.34	0.6	3	81/4	0.42	0.24	0.47			
84	7	0.72	0.43	0.80		8	0.64	0.38	0.7		83/4	0.50	0.30	0.56			
														====			
				14		21/			h, 5000 psi		244			n, 5000 psi			
90	71/2	0.81	0.49	0.90		81/2	0.69	0.41	0.7		91/4	0.59	0.35	0.66			
96	8	0.93	0.56	1.03		9	0.76	0.45	0.8	4	93/4	0.70	0.42	Inner Circular	0.27		
														Plus El- liptical	0.42		
102	81/2	1.03	0.62	Inner (	0.41	91/2	0.90	0.54	Inner Circular	0.36	101/4	0.83	0.50	Inner Circular	0.33		
					0.62				Plus El- liptical	0.54				Plus El- liptical	0.50		
108	/ <mark>9</mark> tanda	1.22	0.73		0.49	/s18t/d9	1.08	0.65	Inner_b	0.43	3 103/4	470.99	0.59	7 Inner	0.40		
				Circular Plus El- ( liptical	0.73				Circular Plus El- liptical	0.65				Circular Plus El- liptical	0.59		
114	Α					Α					Α						
120	Α					Α					Α						
126	Α					Α					Α						
132	Α					Α					Α						
138	Α					Α					Α						
144	Α					Α					Α						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>For modified or special designs see 7.2 or with the permission of the owner utilize the provisions of Specification C655. Steel areas may be interpolated between those shown for variations in diameter, loading, or wall thickness. Pipe over 96 in. in diameter shall have two circular cages or an inner circular plus one elliptical cage.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup>As an alternative to configurations requiring both inner and outer circular cages the reinforcement may be positioned and proportioned in either of the following manners:

An inner circular cage plus an elliptical cage such that the area of the elliptical cage shall not be less than that specified for the outer cage in the table and the total area of the inner circular cage plus the elliptical cage shall not be less than that specified for the inner cage in the table,

An inner and outer cage plus quadrant mats in accordance with Fig. 1, or

An inner and outer cage plus an elliptical cage in accordance with Fig. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Elliptical and quadrant steel must be held in place by means of holding rods, chairs, or other positive means throughout the entire casting operation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup>For these classes and sizes, the minimum practical steel reinforcement is specified. The specified ultimate strength of non-reinforced pipe is greater than the minimum specified strength for the equivalent diameters.

EAs an alternative, single cage reinforcement may be used. The reinforcement area in square in. per linear foot shall be 0.30 for wall B and 0.20 for wall C.



#### TABLE 4 Requirements for Class IV Reinforced Concrete Pipe<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—See Section 5 for basis of acceptance specified by the owner.

The strength test requirements in pounds-force per linear foot of pipe under the three-edge-bearing method shall be either the D-load (test load expressed in pounds-force per linear foot per foot of diameter) to produce a 0.01-in. crack, or the D-loads to produce the 0.01-in. crack and the ultimate load as specified below, multiplied by the internal diameter of the pipe in feet.

D-load to produce a 0.01-in. crack D-load to produce the ultimate load 2000 3000

Reinforcement, in.2/linear ft of pipe wall

		Wal	ΙA			Wall E	3		Wall C				
Internal Designated		Concrete Strer	ngth, 5000 p	si	C	oncrete Streng	th, 4000 ps		Concrete Strength, 4000 psi				
Diameter, in.	Wall Thickness,	Circular Reinforcement <sup>B</sup>		Elliptical  Reinforce-	Wall Thickness,			Elliptica	l Wall e-Thickness	Circular Reinforcement		Elliptical - Reinforce-	
	in.	Inner Cage	Outer Cage	ment <sup>C</sup>	in.	Inner Cage	Outer Cage	ment <sup>C</sup>		Inner Cage	Outer Cage	ment <sup>C</sup>	
12	13/4	0.15			2	0.07			23/4	0.07 <sup>D</sup>			
15	<b>1</b> 7/8	0.16			21/4	0.10			3	0.07 <sup>D</sup>			
18	2	0.17		0.15	21/2	0.14		0.11	31/4	0.07 <sup>D</sup>		0.07 <sup>D</sup>	
21	21/4	0.23		0.21	23/4	0.20		0.17	31/2	0.07 <sup>D</sup>		$0.07^{D}$	
24	21/2	0.29		0.27	3	0.27		0.23	33/4	0.07	0.07	0.08	
27	25/8	0.33		0.31	31/4	0.31		0.24	4	0.08	0.07	0.09	
30	23/4	0.38		0.35	31/2	0.35		0.27	41/4	0.09	0.07	0.10	
33	Α				33/4	0.27	0.16	0.30	41/2	0.11	0.07	0.12	
36	Α				4	0.30	0.18	0.33	43/4	0.14	0.08	0.15	
42	A				41/2	0.35	0.21	0.39	51/4	0.20	0.12	0.21	
48	Α				5	0.42	0.24	0.47	53/4	0.26	0.16	0.29	
54	Α				51/2	0.50	0.30	0.55	61/4	0.34	0.20	0.38	
						oncrete Streng	th, 5000 ps	i	_				
60	Α				6	0.59	0.35	0.66	63/4	0.41	0.24	0.45	
66	Α	• • • •			61/2	0.69	0.33	0.00	71/4	0.51	0.24	0.43	
00				•	0 72	0.69	0.41	0.77	1 74	0.51	0.51	0.57	
										Concrete Strengt	h, 5000 p	si	
72	A				7	0.79	0.47	0.88	73/4	0.60	0.36	0.68	
78	A	/1	4 .4 .	1.1	A		• 4 1		81/4	0.71	0.43	0.79	
84	Α	( P	1fm	<b>c</b> • / / c1	A	ards	110		83/4	0.85	0.51	0.94	
90	Α	(1	Trela	2011.2	A	rations	.100		A				
96	Α				A				Α				
102	A			OCILI	A	- Dro	VIAV	<b>X</b> 7	A				
108	Α				ALTIL			<b>Y</b>	Α				
114	Α				A				Α				
120	Α	• • •			Α				A				
126	A				A	76.00			Α	• • •			
132	Α	• • •			ASIM C	<u>76-22a</u>			Α	• • •			
ht 138 ·//s	Andondo	itah ai/aata	lo a/atom	landa/aiat	A011071	0 4952 4	-2 - h00	01 024	A66117	106/octm o7	6 220		
144	tandards	.nen.a/cala	log/stanc	aaras/sist	47110/1	U-4033-4	U3a-088	51-85a	a0014/	470/aStHFC/	6-22a		
144													

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>For modified or special designs see 7.2 or with the permission of the owner utilize the provisions of Specification C655. Steel areas may be interpolated between those shown for variations in diameter, loading, or wall thickness. Pipe over 96 in. in diameter shall have two circular cages or an inner circular plus one elliptical cage.

<sup>B</sup>As an alternative to configurations requiring both inner and outer circular cages the reinforcement may be positioned and proportioned in either of the following manners:

An inner circular cage plus an elliptical cage such that the area of the elliptical cage shall not be less than that specified for the outer cage in the table and the total area of the inner circular cage plus the elliptical cage shall not be less than that specified for the inner cage in the table,

An inner and outer cage plus quadrant mats in accordance with Fig. 1, or

An inner and outer cage plus an elliptical cage in accordance with Fig. 2.

- <sup>D</sup>For these classes and sizes, the minimum practical steel reinforcement is specified.
  - 6.2.4.1 Portland cement only,
  - 6.2.4.2 Portland blast-furnace slag cement only,
  - 6.2.4.3 Portland-pozzolan cement only,
  - 6.2.4.4 Portland-limestone cement only,
- 6.2.4.5 A combination of portland cement or portlandlimestone cement and slag cement,
- 6.2.4.6 A combination of portland cement or portland-limestone cement and fly ash,
- 6.2.4.7 A combination of portland cement or portland-limestone cement, slag cement and fly ash, or
- 6.2.4.8 A combination of portland-pozzolan cement and fly ash.

- 6.3 *Aggregates*—Aggregates shall conform to Specification C33/C33M except that the requirement for gradation shall not apply.
- 6.4 Admixtures—The following admixtures and blends are allowable:
- 6.4.1 Air-entraining admixture conforming to Specification C260/C260M;
- 6.4.2 Chemical admixture conforming to Specification C494/C494M;
- 6.4.3 Chemical admixture for use in producing flowing concrete conforming to Specification C1017/C1017M; and

For Wall C, in sizes 24 to 33 in., a single circular cage with an area not less than the sum of the specified inner and outer circular reinforcement areas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Elliptical and quadrant steel must be held in place by means of holding rods, chairs, or other positive means throughout the entire casting operation.



## TABLE 5 Requirements for Class V Reinforced Concrete Pipe<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—See Section 5 for basis of acceptance specified by the owner.

The strength test requirements in pounds-force per linear foot of pipe under the three-edge-bearing method shall be either the D-load (test load expressed in pounds-force per linear foot per foot of diameter) to produce a 0.01-in. crack, or the D-loads to produce the 0.01-in. crack and the ultimate load as specified below, multiplied by the internal diameter of the pipe in feet.

D-load to produce a 0.01-in. crack
D-load to produce the ultimate load

3000 3750

Reinforcement, in.2/linear ft of pipe wall

					VV	all B			Wall C				
С	oncrete Stre	ength, 6000 p	osi		Concrete Str	ength, 6000	psi	Co	oncrete Stre	ngth, 6000	psi		
Wall			Elliptical	Wall	Circular Reinforcement <sup>B</sup>		Elliptical	Wall	Circular Reinforcement <sup>B</sup>		Elliptical		
in.	Inner Cage	Outer Cage	ment <sup>C</sup>	in.	Inner Cage	Outer Cage	ment <sup>C</sup>	in.	Inner Cage	Outer Cage	Reinforce- ment <sup>C</sup>		
Α				2	0.10			23/4	0.07 <sup>D</sup>				
Α				21/4	0.14			3	$0.07^{D}$				
Α				21/2	0.19		0.16	31/4	0.10				
Α				23/4	0.24		0.21	31/2	0.10				
Α				3	0.30		0.24	33/4 E	0.12	0.07	0.12		
Α				31/4	0.38	0.23	0.42	4	0.14	0.08	0.16		
Α				31/2	0.41	0.24	0.45	41/4	0.18	0.11	0.20		
Α								41/2			0.24		
Α				4				43/4			0.30		
A											0.40		
Α											0.52		
A				A							0.64		
Α				Α							0.78		
Α				A							0.93		
Α				Α							1.10		
Α				Α				A A					
Α				A				Α					
Α				A		arn		Α					
Α				A		CLI. CL		Α					
				Α									
		Chitta		aton	dar	daii	lob o						
			J D = / /	Sitall		M9.11							
				4									
				4	4D.								
			men	ım ei	$\mathbf{n} + \cdots + \mathbf{n}$	rew (	<b>ev</b>						
			0	4			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
Α				Α				A					
	Wall Thickness, - in.  A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Wall Reinford Thickness, in. Inner Cage  A	Wall Thickness, in.         Circular Reinforcement <sup>B</sup> A            B            C            A            A            A            A            A            A <td>Wall Reinforcement<sup>8</sup> Inner Outer Cage Cage  A .</td> <td>Wall Thickness, in.         Circular Reinforcement<sup>B</sup>         Elliptical Reinforcement<sup>C</sup> ment<sup>C</sup>         Wall Thickness, in.           A          2         2½           A          2½½         2½           A          2½½         2½           A          3¼         3½           A          3½²         3¾           A          3½²         3¾           A          4½²         5           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A     &lt;</td> <td>  Wall   Thickness, in.   Circular   Reinforcement   Cage   Cage   Cage   Thickness, in.   Circular   Cage   Cage   Thickness, in.   Circular   Thickness, in.   Circular</td> <td>  Wall   Thickness in.   Circular   Reinforcement   Cage   Cage   Cage   Cage   Cage   Thickness   Inner   Cage   Cage  </td> <td>  Wall Thickness, in.   Circular Reinforcement   Reinforcement</td> <td>  Wall Thickness, in.   Circular Reinforcement   Reinforcement</td> <td>  Wall   Reinforcement   Reinf</td> <td>  Wall   Reinforcement   Rein</td>	Wall Reinforcement <sup>8</sup> Inner Outer Cage Cage  A .	Wall Thickness, in.         Circular Reinforcement <sup>B</sup> Elliptical Reinforcement <sup>C</sup> ment <sup>C</sup> Wall Thickness, in.           A          2         2½           A          2½½         2½           A          2½½         2½           A          3¼         3½           A          3½²         3¾           A          3½²         3¾           A          4½²         5           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A           A          A         A     <	Wall   Thickness, in.   Circular   Reinforcement   Cage   Cage   Cage   Thickness, in.   Circular   Cage   Cage   Thickness, in.   Circular   Thickness, in.   Circular	Wall   Thickness in.   Circular   Reinforcement   Cage   Cage   Cage   Cage   Cage   Thickness   Inner   Cage   Cage	Wall Thickness, in.   Circular Reinforcement   Reinforcement	Wall Thickness, in.   Circular Reinforcement   Reinforcement	Wall   Reinforcement   Reinf	Wall   Reinforcement   Rein		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>For modified or special designs see 7.2 or with the permission of the owner utilize the provisions of Specification C655. Steel areas may be interpolated between those shown for variations in diameter, loading, or wall thickness. Pipe over 96 in. in diameter shall have two circular cages or an inner circular plus one elliptical cage.

6.4.4 Chemical admixture or blend approved by the owner.

6.5 Steel Reinforcement—Reinforcement shall consist of wire or welded wire conforming to Specification A1064/A1064M, or of bars conforming to Specification A36/A36M, Specification A615/A615M, Grade 40 or 60, or Specification A706/A706M, Grade 60. For helically wound cages only, weld shear tests are not required.

6.6 *Fibers*—Synthetic fibers and nonsynthetic fibers shall be allowed to be used, at the manufacturer's option, in concrete pipe as a nonstructural manufacturing material. Synthetic fibers (Type II and Type III) and nonsynthetic fiber (Type I) designed and manufactured specifically for use in concrete and conforming to the requirements of Specification C1116/C1116M shall be accepted.

6.7 *Water*—Water used in the production of concrete shall be potable or nonpotable water that meets the requirements of Specification C1602/C1602M.

## 7. Design

7.1 *Tables*—The diameter, wall thickness, compressive strength of the concrete, and the area of the circumferential reinforcement shall be as prescribed for Classes I to V in Tables 1-5, except as provided in 7.2.

7.1.1 The reinforcement as presented in the tables herein allows single circular cage reinforcement, or separate inner and outer circular cage reinforcement or a combination thereof. Footnotes to the tables are intended to clarify tabulated requirements or provide acceptable alternative reinforcement

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup>As an alternative to configurations requiring both inner and outer circular cages the reinforcement may be positioned and proportioned in either of the following manners:

An inner circular cage plus an elliptical cage such that the area of the elliptical cage shall not be less than that specified for the outer cage in the table and the total area of the inner circular cage plus the elliptical cage shall not be less than that specified for the inner cage in the table,

An inner and outer cage plus quadrant mats in accordance with Fig. 1, or

An inner and outer cage plus an elliptical cage in accordance with Fig. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Elliptical and quadrant steel must be held in place by means of holding rods, chairs, or other positive means throughout the entire casting operation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup>For these classes and sizes, the minimum practical steel reinforcement is specified.

EAs an alternative, single cage reinforcement may be used. The reinforcement area in square in. per linear foot shall be 0.22.



configurations, either of which are applicable and binding as if they were contained in the body of the specification.

- 7.2 Modified and Special Designs:
- 7.2.1 If permitted by the owner the manufacturer may request approval by the owner of modified designs that differ from the configurations in 7.1; or special designs for sizes and loads beyond those shown in Tables 1-5, 7.1, or special designs for pipe sizes that do not have steel reinforcement areas shown in Tables 1-5 of 7.1.
- 7.2.2 Such modified or special designs shall be based on rational or empirical evaluations of the ultimate strength and cracking behavior of the pipe and shall fully describe to the owner any deviations from the requirements of 7.1. The descriptions of modified or special designs shall include the wall thickness, the concrete strength, and the area, type, placement, number of layers, and strength of the steel reinforcement.
- 7.2.3 The manufacturer shall submit to the owner proof of the adequacy of the proposed modified or special design. Such proof may comprise the submission of certified three-edge-bearing tests already made, which are acceptable to the owner or, if such three-edge-bearing tests are not available or acceptable, the manufacturer may be required to perform proof tests on sizes and classes selected by the owner to demonstrate the adequacy of the proposed design.
- 7.2.4 Such pipe must meet all of the test and performance requirements specified by the owner in accordance with Section 5.
- 7.3 Area—In this specification, when the word area is not described by adjectives, such as cross-section or single wire, it shall be understood to be the cross-sectional area of reinforcement per unit lengths of pipe.

# 8. Reinforcement

- 8.1 Circumferential Reinforcement—A line of circumferential reinforcement for any given total area may be composed of two layers for pipe with wall thicknesses of less than 7 in. or three layers for pipe with wall thicknesses of 7 in. or greater. The layers shall not be separated by more than the thickness of one longitudinal plus ½ in. The multiple layers shall be fastened together to form a single cage. All other specification requirements such as laps, welds, and tolerances of placement in the wall of the pipe, etc., shall apply to this method of fabricating a line of reinforcement.
- 8.1.1 Where one line of circular reinforcement is used, it shall be placed from 35 to 50 % of the wall thickness from the inner surface of the pipe, except that for wall thicknesses less than  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in., the protective cover of the concrete over the circumferential reinforcement in the wall of the pipe shall be  $\frac{3}{4}$  in.
- 8.1.2 In pipe having two lines of circular reinforcement, each line shall be so placed that the protective covering of concrete over the circumferential reinforcement in the wall of the pipe shall be 1 in.
- 8.1.3 In pipe having elliptical reinforcement with wall thicknesses  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in. or greater, the reinforcement in the wall of the pipe shall be so placed that the protective covering of concrete over the circumferential reinforcement shall be 1 in.

- from the inner surface of the pipe at the vertical diameter and 1 in. from the outer surface of the pipe at the horizontal diameter. In pipe having elliptical reinforcement with wall thicknesses less than  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in., the protective covering of the concrete shall be  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. at the vertical and horizontal diameters.
- 8.1.4 The location of the reinforcement shall be subject to the permissible variations in dimensions given in 12.5.
- 8.1.5 The spacing center to center of circumferential reinforcement in a cage shall not exceed 4 in. for pipe up to and including pipe having a 4-in. wall thickness nor exceed the wall thickness for larger pipe, and shall in no case exceed 6 in.
- 8.1.6 Where the wall reinforcement does not extend into the joint, the maximum longitudinal distance to the last circumferential from the inside shoulder of the bell or the shoulder of the spigot shall be 3 in. except that if this distance exceeds one-half the wall thickness, the pipe wall shall contain at least a total reinforcement area of the minimum specified area per linear foot times the laying length of the pipe section. The minimum cover on the last circumferential near the spigot shoulder shall be ½ in.
- 8.1.6.1 Where reinforcement is in the bell or spigot the minimum end cover on the last circumferential shall be  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. in the bell or  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. in the spigot.
- 8.1.7 The continuity of the circumferential reinforcing steel shall not be destroyed during the manufacture of the pipe, except that when agreed upon by the owner, lift eyes or holes may be provided in each pipe for the purpose of handling.
- 8.1.8 If splices are not welded, the reinforcement shall be lapped not less than 20 diameters for deformed bars and deformed cold-worked wire, and 40 diameters for plain bars and cold-worked wire. The measurement of this lap length shall be tip-to-tip from the ends of the circumferential wires. In addition, where lapped cages of welded wire reinforcement are used without welding, the lap shall contain a longitudinal wire.
- 8.1.8.1 When splices are welded and are not lapped to the minimum requirements above, there shall be a minimum lap of 2 in. and a weld such that pull tests of representative specimens shall develop at least 50 % of the minimum specified tensile strength of the steel. For butt-welded splices in bars or wire, permitted only with helically wound cages, pull tests of representative specimens shall develop at least 75 % of the minimum specified tensile strength of the steel. Pull tests shall conform to Test Methods C497.
- 8.1.8.2 When requested by the owner, the manufacturer shall submit proof of the adequacy of welded splices. Such proof includes weld pull tests already made that are acceptable to the owner or, if such tests are not available or acceptable, pull tests on representative samples selected by the owner to demonstrate the adequacy of the welded splice.
- 8.2 Longitudinal Reinforcement—Each line of circumferential reinforcement shall be assembled into a cage that shall contain sufficient longitudinal bars or members, to maintain the reinforcement in shape and in position within the form to comply with permissible variations in 8.1. The exposure of the ends of longitudinals, stirrups, or spacers that have been used to position the cages during the placement of the concrete shall not be a cause for rejection.