**International Standard** 



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION MEX DY APODHAR OPPAHUSALUUR TO CTAHDAPTUSALUUMOORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

# High nitrogen content, straight ammonium nitrate fertilizers — Determination of oil retention

Engrais simples à base de nitrate d'ammonium et à forte teneur en azote – Détermination de la rétention d'huile

### First edition – 1986-05 0 Teh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 5313:1986 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8b023ce2-6ad0-40cf-af36e2623f258c1b/iso-5313-1986

UDC 631.842.4:620.1:539.217

Ref. No. ISO 5313-1986 (E)

Descriptors : fertilizers, ammonium nitrate, tests, physical tests, porosity measurement, physical properties, porosity, test equipment.

### Foreword

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International Standard ISO 5313 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 134, Fertilizers and soil conditioners.

Users should note that all International Standards undergo revision from time to time and that any reference made herein to any other international Standard implies its 2-6ad0-40cf-af36latest edition, unless otherwise stated. e2623f258c1b/iso-5313-1986

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### High nitrogen content, straight ammonium nitrate fertilizers - Determination of oil retention

#### Introduction 0

The porosity of a high nitrogen content, straight ammonium nitrate fertilizer can be measured by means of the determination of the gas oil retention, called by convention oil retention.

The method specified in this International Standard is an empirical method, requiring the minimum of apparatus, and gives results with an acceptable level of reproducibility.

#### 5 Reagent

#### Gas oil

Viscosity: 1.3 to 5.0 mPa · s (1.6 to 6.0 cSt) at 40 °C

Density: 0,82 to 0,86 g/ml at 15 °C

Sulfur content  $\leq$  1,0 % (*m*/*m*)

Ash  $\leq$  0,1 % (*m*/*m*)

#### 1 Scope and field of application NDARI The density of the gas oil shall be mentioned in the test report.

mination of the gas oil retention of solid, high nitrogen content, **Siteh.ai**) This International Standard specifies a method for the deter-6 Appáratus straight ammonium nitrate fertilizers.

ISO 5313:1986 Ordinary laboratory apparatus, and The method is applicable to fertilizers which do not contain rds/ materials soluble in gas oil and which are prilled or granular hiso-53

#### References 2

ISO 3310/1, Test sieves – Technical requirements and testing - Part 1: Test sieves of metal wire cloth.

ISO 8358, Fertilizers – Preparation of samples for analysis.<sup>1)</sup>

#### 3 Definition

oil retention of a high nitrogen content, straight ammonium nitrate fertilizer: The quantity of gas oil retained by the fertilizer determined under the conditions specified.

It is expressed as a percentage by mass.

#### Principle 4

Total immersion of a test portion in gas oil for a specified period, followed by the draining away and the removal of surplus gas oil under specified conditions. Measurement of the increase in mass of the test portion.

6.1 Balance, capable of weighing to the nearest 0,01 g.

6.2 Beaker, of capacity 500 ml.

6.3 Funnel, of plastics material, preferably with a cylindrical wall at the upper end, diameter approximately 200 mm.

6.4 Test sieve, complying with ISO 3310/1, aperture size 0,5 mm, fitting into the funnel (6.3).

6.5 Filter paper, rapid filtering grade, crêped, soft, of surface density 150 g/m<sup>2</sup>.

#### 7 Preparation of test sample

Prepare the test sample in accordance with ISO 8358.

#### 8 Procedure

**8.1** Sieve the test sample using the test sieve (6.4) to remove particles less than 0,5 mm. Weigh, to the nearest 0,01 g, approximately 50 g of the sieved test sample into the beaker (6.2).

<sup>1)</sup> At present at the stage of draft

Add sufficient of the gas oil (clause 5) to cover the test portion completely and agitate very gently to ensure that all surfaces are covered. Allow the beaker to stand at a temperature of  $25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}$ C for 1 h.

8.2 Fit the test sieve (6.4) into the funnel (6.3). Transfer the contents of the beaker quantitatively onto the test sieve. Distribute the fertilizer on the surface of the sieve. Incline the funnel with the test sieve and allow to drain for 1 h to remove the majority of the excess gas oil.

8.3 Spread the test portion guantitatively on a double sheet of filter paper (6.5) and cover with a similar double sheet. Remove any excess surface gas oil by gently rolling flat the test portion between the sheets of filter paper. Repeat this operation with fresh sheets of filter paper until there are no visible traces of gas oil on them.

NOTE - The treatment with filter paper should be performed carefully in order to prevent crushing of granules.

**8.4** Weigh the test portion and the gas oil retained by the granules to the nearest 0,01 g immediately after rolling.

8.5 Carry out two determinations in rapid succession on ) A separate test portions taken from the same test sample. standar

9 Expression of results ISO 5313:1a)86 the reference to the method used:

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10 Test report

## https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8h023cc2.fad0\_40cf.af36est sample;

of 95 %.

where

9.2

m1

retained gas oil (8.4).

Repeatability

at a confidence level of 95 %.

9.3 Reproducibility

#### Method of calculation and formula 9.1

The oil retention, expressed as a percentage by mass of fertilizer, is given by the formula

c) the density of the gas oil;

the result and the method of expression; d)

The test report shall include the following particulars:

any unusual features noted during the determination; e)

is the mass, in grams, of the sieved test portion (8.1):

 $m_2$  is the mass, in grams, of the test portion and the

Take as the result the arithmetic mean of the two determina-

tions if the requirement concerning repeatability (see 9.2) is

The difference between the results of two determinations,

obtained simultaneously or in rapid succession by the same

analyst, using the same apparatus, on identical test material.

under the same operating conditions, should not exceed

0,3  $\sqrt{\overline{x_i}}$  where  $\overline{x}$  is the arithmetic mean of two determinations,

The difference between the results of two determinations. obtained by different analysts in different laboratories, on iden-

tical test material, should not exceed 0.8  $\sqrt{\overline{x}}$ , where  $\overline{x}$  is the

arithmetic mean of two determinations, at a confidence level

satisfied. Otherwise, carry out two further determinations.

f) any operation not included in this International Standard or regarded as optional.

 $\frac{m_2 - m_1}{m_1} \times 100$ 

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