

Designation: A403/A403M - 22a A403/A403M - 22b

Standard Specification for Wrought Austenitic Stainless Steel Piping Fittings¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A403/A403M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers wrought stainless steel fittings for pressure piping applications.²
- 1.2 Several grades of austenitic stainless steel alloys are included in this specification Grades are designated with a prefix, WP or CR, based on the applicable ASME or MSS dimensional and rating standards, respectively.
- 1.3 For each of the WP stainless grades, several classes of fittings are covered, to indicate whether seamless or welded construction was utilized. Class designations are also utilized to indicate the nondestructive test method and extent of nondestructive examination (NDE). Table 1 is a general summary of the fitting classes applicable to all WP grades of stainless steel covered by this specification. There are no classes for the CR grades. Specific requirements are covered elsewhere.
- 1.4 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and in SI units. However, unless the order specifies the applicable "M" specification designation (SI units), the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units.
- 1.5 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.
- 1.6 This specification does not apply to cast steel fittings. Austenitic stainless steel castings are covered in Specifications A351/A351M, A743/A743M, and A744/A744M.
- 1.7 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

A351/A351M Specification for Castings, Austenitic, for Pressure-Containing Parts

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

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² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SA-403 in Section II of that Code.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.



TABLE 1 Fitting Classes for WP Grades

Class	Construction	Nondestructive Examination
S	Seamless	None
W	Welded	Radiography or Ultrasonic
WX	Welded	Radiography
WU	Welded	Ultrasonic

A743/A743M Specification for Castings, Iron-Chromium, Iron-Chromium-Nickel, Corrosion Resistant, for General Application

A744/A744M Specification for Castings, Iron-Chromium-Nickel, Corrosion Resistant, for Severe Service

A751 Test Methods and Practices for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products

A960/A960M Specification for Common Requirements for Wrought Steel Piping Fittings

E112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size

E165/E165M Practice for Liquid Penetrant Testing for General Industry

G48 Test Methods for Pitting and Crevice Corrosion Resistance of Stainless Steels and Related Alloys by Use of Ferric Chloride Solution

2.2 ASME Standards: 4

ASME B16.9 Factory-Made Wrought Steel Butt-Welding Fittings

ASME B16.11 Forged Steel Fittings, Socket-Welding and Threaded

2.3 MSS Standards: ⁵

MSS SP-25 Standard Marking System for Valves, Fittings, Flanges, and Unions

MSS SP-43 Standard Practice for Light Weight Stainless Steel Butt-Welding Fittings

MSS SP-79 Socket-Welding Reducer Inserts

MSS-SP-83 Steel Pipe Unions, Socket-Welding and Threaded

MSS SP-95 Swage(d) Nipples and Bull Plugs

MSS-SP-97 Integrally Reinforced Forged Branch Outlet Fittings—Socket Welding, Threaded and Buttwelding Ends

2.4 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: 4

Section III

Section VIII Division I

Section IX

2.5 AWS Standards: 6

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A 5.4A5.4/A5.4M Specification for Corrosion-Resisting Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Steel Covered Welding Electrodes
A 5.9A5.9/A5.9M Specification for Corrosion-Resisting Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Steel Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes

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A 5.11 A5.11/A5.11M Specification for Nickel and Nickel-Alloy Welding Electrodes for Shielded Metal Arc Welding

A5.14A5.14/A5.14M Specification for Nickel and Nickel-Alloy Bare Welding Rods and Electrodes

A5.22/A5.22M Specification for Stainless Steel Electrodes for Flux Cored Arc Welding and Stainless Steel Flux Cored Rods for Gas Tungsten Arc Welding

A5.39/A5.39M Specification for Flux and Electrode Combinations for Submerged Arc and Electroslag Joining and Surfacing of Stainless Steel and Nickel Alloys

2.6 *ASNT*: ⁷

SNT-TC-1A (1984) Recommended Practice for Nondestructive Testing Personnel Qualification and Certification

3. Common Requirements and Ordering Information

- 3.1 Material furnished to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A960/A960M including any supplementary requirements that are indicated in the purchase order. Failure to comply with the common requirements of Specification A960/A960M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between this specification and Specification A960/A960M, this specification shall prevail.
- 3.2 Specification A960/A960M identifies the ordering information that should be complied with when purchasing material to this specification.

⁴ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Two Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, http://www.asme.org.

⁵ Available from Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry (MSS), 127 Park St., NE, Vienna, VA 22180-4602, http://www.mss-hq.com.

⁶ Available from American Welding Society (AWS), 550 NW LeJeune Rd., Miami, FL 33126, http://www.aws.org.

Available from American Society for Nondestructive Testing (ASNT), P.O. Box 28518, 1711 Arlingate Ln., Columbus, OH 43228-0518, http://www.asnt.org.



4. Material

- 4.1 The material for fittings shall consist of forgings, bars, plates, or seamless or welded tubular products that conform to the chemical requirements in Table 2. See Table 3 for a list of common names.
- 4.2 The steel shall be melted by one of the following processes:
- 4.2.1 Electric furnace (with separate degassing and refining optional),
- 4.2.2 Vacuum furnace, or
- 4.2.3 One of the former followed by vacuum or electroslag-consumable remelting.
- 4.3 If secondary melting is employed, the heat shall be defined as all ingots remelted from a primary heat.
- 4.4 Grain Size—Annealed Alloys UNS N08810 and UNS N08811 shall conform to an average grain size of ASTM No. 5 or coarser.

5. Manufacture

- 5.1 Forming—Forging or shaping operations may be performed by hammering, pressing, piercing, extruding, upsetting, rolling, bending, fusion welding, machining, or by a combination of two or more of these operations. The forming procedure shall be so applied that it will not produce injurious defects in the fittings.
- 5.2 All fittings shall be heat treated in accordance with Section 6.
- 5.3 Grade WP fittings ordered as Class S shall be of seamless construction and shall meet all requirements of ASME B16.9, ASME B16.11, MSS SP-79, MSS SP-83, MSS SP-95, or MSS SP-97.
- 5.4 Grade WP fittings ordered as Class W shall meet the requirements of ASME B16.9 and:
- 5.4.1 Shall have all pipe welds made by mill or the fitting manufacturer with the addition of filler metal radiographically examined throughout the entire length in accordance with the Code requirements stated in 5.5, and,
- 5.4.2 Radiographic inspection is not required on single longitudinal seam welds made by the starting pipe manufacturer if made without the addition of filler metal; and
- 5.4.3 Radiographic inspection is not required on longitudinal seam fusion welds made by the fitting manufacturer when all of the following conditions have been met:
- 5.4.3.1 No addition of filler metal,
- 5.4.3.2 Only one welding pass per weld seam, and,
- 5.4.3.3 Fusion welding from one side only.
- 5.4.4 In place of radiographic examination, welds made by the fitting manufacturer may be ultrasonically examined in accordance with the Code requirements stated in 5.6.
- 5.5 Grade WP fittings ordered as Class WX shall meet the requirements of ASME B16.9 and shall have all welds, whether made by the fitting manufacturer or the starting material manufacturer, radiographically examined throughout their entire length in accordance with Paragraph UW-51 of Section VIII, Division I, of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
- 5.6 Grade WP fittings ordered as Class WU shall meet the requirements of ASME B16.9 and shall have all welds, whether made

TABLE 2 Chemical Requirements

NOTE 1—Where an ellipsis (...) appears in this table, there is no requirement and the element need neither be analyzed for or reported.

NOIE I—	NOIE 1—Where an empsis () appears in this table, Grada ^A	psis () ap	pears in ur	is table, u	nicie is iio			Id tile eletilet	requirement and the element need neither be analyzed for or reported.	e analyzeu 101 0	reported.			ı
Grade WP	Grade CR	UNS Des-	. Carbon ^B	Manga-	Phos-	Sul-	Silicon	Nickel	Chromium	Molybdenum	Titanium	Nitrogen ^C	Others	1
WPXM-19	CRXM-19	S20910	90.0	4.0-6.0		0.030	1.00	11.5–13.5	20.5–23.5	1.50–3.00	:	0.20-	E	1
WP20CB	CR20CB	N08020	0.07	2.00	0.045	0.035	100 h.a	32.0–38.0	19.0–21.0	2.00-3.00	:	0.40	Cu 3.0–4.0 Nb ^D 8XC min,	
WP6XN WP700	CR6XN CR700	N08367 N08700	0.030	2.00	0.040	0.030	1.00	23.5–25.5 24.0–26.0	20.0–22.0 19.0–23.0	6.0–7.0 4.3–5.0	:	0.18-0.25	Cu 0.75 Cu 0.50 Nh^D 8XC min	
WPNIC	CRNIC	N08800	0.10	1.50	0.045	0.015	100/8	30.0–35.0	19.0–23.0	:	0.15-0.60	:	AI 0.15-0.60 Cu 0.75	
WPNIC10	CRNIC10	N08810	0.05-0.10	1.50	0.045	0.015	staoda	30.0–35.0	19.0–23.0	:	0.15-0.60	:	Fe 39.5 min AI 0.15-0.60 Cu 0.75	
WPNIC11	CRNIC11	N08811	0.06-0.10	1.50	0.040	0.015	arde/sis	30.0–35.0	19.0–23.0	:	0.25-0.60 ^M	÷	Fe 39.5 min Al 0.25-0.60 ^W Cu 0.75 Fe 39.5 min	
WP904L WP1925	CR904L CR1925	N08904 N08925	0.020	2.00	0.045	0.035	1.00	23.0–28.0 24.0–26.0	19.0–23.0	4.0–5.0 6.0–7.0	:	0.10 0.10–0.20	Cu 1.0–2.0 Cu 0.8–1.5	יוטי
WP1925N	CR1925N	N08926	0.020	2.00	0.030	0.010	0.50	24.0–26.0	19.0–21.0	6.0–7.0	:	0.15-0.25	Cu 0.5–1.5	
WP304L	CR304L	S30403	0.030 ^F	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	8.0–12.0	18.0–20.0			: :	: :	
WP304H WP304N	CR304H	S30409	0.04-0.10	2.00	0.045	0.030	00.1	8.0–11.0	18.0–20.0	:	:	0	:	
WP304I N	CB3041 N	530453	0.03	8 0	0.045	0.030	496	2 A C	18.0–20.0	· :	:	0.16	:	
			000	9	5	9	<u>b</u> -	20.	0.00	:	:	0.16	:	
WP309	CR309	830900	0.20	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	12.0–15.0	22.0–24.0	:	:	:	:	
WP310S	CR310S	S31008	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	00.1	19.0–22.0	24.0–26.0	:	:	:		
WPS31254	CRS31254	S31254	0.020	1.00	0.030	0.010	0.80	17.5–18.5	19.5–20.5	6.0-6.5	: :	0.18 0.25	Cu 0.50-1.00	
WPS31266	CRS31266	S31266	0.030	2.00-4.00	0.035	0.020	0-(21.00–24.00	23.00–25.00	5.2–6.2	:	0.35-0.60	Cu 1.00–2.50 W 1.50–2.50	
WP316	CR316	S31600	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	10.0–14.0	16.0–18.0	2.00-3.00	:	:		
WP316L WP316H	CR316L CR316H	S31603	0.030	2.00	0.045	0.030	00.0	10.0–14.0	16.0–18.0	2.00-3.00	:	:	:	
WP316N	CR316N	S31651	0.08	2.00	0.045	0:030	.08	10.0–13.0	16.0–18.0	2.00-3.00	: :	0.10-	: :	
WP316LN	CR316LN	S31653	0.030	2.00	0.045	0.030	907	10.0–13.0	16.0–18.0	2.00–3.00	:	0.16 0.10-	:	
WP317	CR317	S31700	90.0	2.00	0.045	0:030	1.00	11.0–15.0	18.0–20.0	3.0-4.0	:) ·	:	
WP317L	CR317L	S31703	0.030	2.00	0.045	0.030	9.6	11.0-15.0	18.0–20.0	3.0-4.0	:		:	
WPS31726	CRS31726	S31726	0.030	2.00	0.045	0.030		13.5–17.5	17.0–20.0	4.0–5.0	: :	0.10-	: :	
WPS31727	CRS31727	S31727	0.030	1.00	0.030	0.030	1.00	14.5–16.5	17.5–19.0	3.8-4.5	:	0.15-	Cu 2.8-4.0	
WPS31730	CRS31730	S31730	0.030	2.00	0.040	0.010	1.00	15.0–16.5	17.0–19.0	3.0-4.0	:	0.045	Cu 4.0-5.0	
WPS31740	CRS31740	<u>S31740</u>	0.005-	2.00	0.045	0.030	00.	17.0-19.0	11.0-15.0	3.0-4.5	:	0.06-0.15	Nb ^D 0.20-0.50 ^L	
WPS32053	CRS32053	S32053	0.030	1.00	0.030	0.010	1.00	24.0–26.0	22.0–24.0	5.0-6.0	:	0.17-	:	
WP321	CR321	S32100	90.0	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	9.0-12.0	17.0–19.0	:	н	i .	::	
							b							l

TABLE 2 Continued

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	Others		Ce 0.05-0.10	AI 0.025	0.L-9.0 2dN	Nb ² 0.10		7	×	NP ^D 0.20–0.50, ⁴ N	$0.06-0.10^{\circ}$	Cu 2.50-3.50	Nb ^D 0.20-0.50 ^L B 0.001-0.005	Nb ^D +Ta=10x(C)-1.10	Ta 0.10	Co 0.20	$Nb^{D} + Ta = 8 \times (C) - 1.10$	Ta 0.10	Co 0.20	Cu 0.75-1.50	AI 0.30	Cu 2.5-3.5	Nb 0.25-0.75
	$Nitrogen^{\mathit{C}}$:	:			0.40-	09:0	:	:	:		$0.06-0.12^{C}$:			:			:		0.05-0.15	
	Titanium	,	:			:		:	:	:		:		:			:			:		:	
n, %	Molybdenum	:	:			4.0–5.0		:	:	:		0.20-1.20		:			:			0.75-1.50			
Composition, %	Chromium	17.0–19.0	26.0-28.0			23.0-25.0		17.0-19.0	17.0-19.0	17.0-19.0		17.0-19.0		17.0–19.0			17.0-19.0			13.0-15.0		18.5-22.5	S
	Nickel	9.0-12.0	31.0-33.0			1.00 16.0–18.0		9.0-12.0	9.0-12.0	9.0-13.0		10.0-13.0		9.0–12.0			9.0-12.0			5.5-6.5 15.0-17.0		0.5-2.0 22.5-27.5	2 Y 2 2
eh.a	Silicon ^B	1.00	0.30		ta	90.		1.00	1.00	1.00		09.0		1.00			1.00			5.5-6.5			a-1
	Sul- phur ^B	0.030	0.015			0.010		0.030	0.030	0.030		0.010		0.030			0.030			0.020		0.015	
	Phos- phorous ^B	0.045	0.020			0.030		0.045	0.045	0.045		0.035		0.045			0.045			0.040		0.030	
	Manga- nese ^B p	2.00	1.00		1	5.0-7.0		2.00	2.00	2.00		2.00		2.00			2.00			2.00		1.50	
	Carbon ^B	0.04-0.10	0.04-0.08 1.00			0.030		0.08	0.04-0.10	0.005	0.020	0.005-	0.020	0.08			0.04-0.10 2.00			0.030		0.05-0.10	
	UNS Des- ignation		S33228			S34565		S34700		S34751		S34752		S34800			S34809			S38815		S35030	
Grade ⁴	Grade CR	CR321H	CRS33228			CRS34565		CR347	CR347H	CR347LN		CRS34752		CR348			CR348H			CRS38815		CRS35030	
Ō	Grade WP	WP321H	WPS33228			WPS34565		WP347	WP347H	WP347LN		WPS34752		WP348			WP348H			WPS38815		WPS35030	

A See Section 15 for marking requirements.

 $^{\it B}$ Maximum, unless otherwise indicated.

^C The method of analysis for nitrogen shall be a matter of agreement between the purchaser and manufacturer.

^D Niobium and columbium are interchangeable names for the same element and both names are acceptable for use in A01.22 specifications.

^E Niobium (columbium) 0.10–0.30 %; Vanadium, 0.10–0.30 %.

For small diameter of thin walls, or both, where many drawing passes are required, a carbon maximum of 0.040 % is necessary in grades TP304L and TP316L. Small outside diameter tubes are defined as those less than 0.049 in. [1.24 mm] in average wall thickness.

^G On pierced tubing, the nickel may be 11.0–16.0 %.

^H 5X(C+N) min–0.70 max.

4X(C+N) min-0.70 max.

^J The niobium (columbium) content shall be not less than ten times the carbon content and not more than 1.10 %. ^K The niobium (columbium) content shall be not less than eight times the carbon content and not more than 1.10 %. ^L The niobium (columbium) content shall be not less than 15 times the carbon content. ^M Al + Ti shall be 0.85 % min: 1.20 % max.

TABLE 3 Common Names

	IABLE 3 COII	illion Names		
Grade WP ^A	Grade CR ^A	UNS Designation	Type ^B	
WPXM-19	CRXM-19	S20910	XM-19 ^C	
WP20CB	CR20CB	N08020		
WP6XN	CR6XN	N08367		
WP700	CR700	N08700		
WPNIC	CRNIC	N08800	800 ^C	
WPNIC10	CRNIC10	N08810	800H ^C	
WPNIC11	CRNIC11	N08811		
WP904L	CR904L	N08904	904L ^C	
WP1925	CR1925	N08925		
WP1925N	CR1925N	N08926		
WP304	CR304	S30400	304	
WP304L	CR304L	S30403	304L	
WP304H	CR304H	S30409	304H	
WP304N	CR304N	S30451	304N	
WP304LN	CR304LN	S30453	304LN	
WP309	CR309	S30900	309	
WP310S	CR310S	S31008	310S	
WP310H	CR310H	S31009	310H	
WPS31254	CRS31254	S31254		
WPS31266	CRS31266	S31266		
WP316	CR316	S31600	316	
WP316L	CR316L	S31603	316L	
WP316H	CR316H	S31609	316H	
WP316N	CR316N	S31651	316N	
WP316LN	CR316LN	S31653	316LN	
WP317	CR317	S31700	317	
WP317L	CR317L	S31703	317L	
WPS31725	CRS31725	S31725	317LM ^C	
WPS31726	CRS31726	S31726	317LMN ^C	
WPS31727	CRS31727	S31727		
WPS31730	CRS31730	S31730		
WPS31740	CRS31740	S31740	317LNCb	
WPS32053	CRS32053	S32053		
WP321	CR321	S32100	321	
WP321H	CR321H	S32109	321H	
WPS33228	CRS33228	S33228		
WPS34565	CRS34565	S34565		
WP347	CR347	S34700	347	
WP347H	CR347H	S34709	347H	
WP347LN	CR347LN	S34751	347LN	
WPS34752	CRS34752	S34752		
WP348	CR348 A 4 0 3	A403 S34800	348	
WP348H	CR348H	S34809	348H	
WPS38815	CRS38815 58-4	995-4 S38815 54e]	-61d32779e7	
WPS35030	CRS35030	S35030		

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by the fitting manufacturer or the starting material manufacturer, ultrasonically examined throughout their entire length in accordance with Appendix 12 of Section VIII, Division 1 of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

- 5.7 The radiography or ultrasonic examination of welds for this class of fittings may be done at the option of the manufacturer, either prior to or after forming.
- 5.8 Personnel performing NDE examinations shall be qualified in accordance with SNT-TC-1A.
- 5.9 Grade CR fittings shall meet the requirements of MSS SP-43 and do not require nondestructive examination.
- 5.10 All fittings shall have the welders, welding operators, and welding procedures qualified under the provisions of Section IX of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code except that starting pipe welds made without the addition of filler metal do not require such qualification.

^A Naming system developed and applied by ASTM International.

^B Unless otherwise indicated, a grade designation originally assigned by the American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI).

 $^{^{\}it C}$ Common name, not a trademark widely used, not associated with any one producer.

- 5.11 All joints welded with filler metal shall be finished in accordance with the requirements of Paragraph UW-35 (a) of Section VIII, Division I, of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
- 5.12 Fittings machined from bar shall be restricted to NPS 4 or smaller. Elbows, return bends, tees, and header tees shall not be machined directly from bar stock.
- 5.12.1 All caps machined from bar shall be examined by liquid penetrant in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S52 in Specification A960/A960M.
- 5.13 Weld buildup is permitted to dimensionally correct unfilled areas produced during forming of stub ends. Radiographic examination of the weld buildup shall not be required provided that all the following steps are adhered to:
- 5.13.1 The weld procedure and welders or welding operators meet the requirements of 5.10.
- 5.13.2 Annealing is performed after welding and prior to machining.
- 5.13.3 All weld surfaces are liquid penetrant examined in accordance with Appendix 8 of Section VIII, Division 1 of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
- 5.13.4 Repair of areas in the weld is permitted, but 5.13.1, 5.13.2, and 5.13.3 must be repeated.
- 5.14 Stub ends may be produced with the entire lap added as weld metal to a straight pipe section provided the welding satisfies the requirements of 5.10 for qualifications and Section 6 for post weld heat treatment.
- 5.14.1 Grade WP Class W—Radiographic inspection of the weld is required. See 5.4.
- 5.14.2 Grade WP Class WX—Radiographic inspection of all welds is required. See 5.5.
- 5.14.3 Grade WP Class WU—Ultrasonic inspection of all welds is required. See 5.6.
- 5.14.4 Grade CR—Nondestructive examination is not required. See 5.12.1. b4e1-61d32779e7cb/astm-a403-a403m-22b
- 5.15 Stub ends may be produced with the entire lap added by the welding of a ring, made from plate or bar of the same alloy grade and composition, to the outside of a straight section of pipe, provided the weld is double welded, is a full penetration joint, satisfies the requirements of 5.10 for qualifications and Section 6 for post weld heat treatment.
- 5.15.1 Grade WP Class W—Radiographic inspection of the welds, made with the addition of filler metal, is required (see 5.4).
- 5.15.2 *Grade WP Class WX*—Radiographic inspection of all welds, made with or without the addition of filler metal, is required (see 5.5).
- 5.15.3 *Grade WP Class WU*—Ultrasonic inspection of all welds, made with or without the addition of filler metal, is required (see 5.6).
- 5.15.4 Grade CR nondestructive examination is not required (see 5.9).
- 5.16 After final heat treatment, all "H-Grade" steel fittings shall have a grain size of 7 or coarser in accordance with Test Methods E112.

6. Heat Treatment

6.1 All fittings shall be furnished in the heat-treated condition. For H grades, separate solution heat treatments are required for solution annealing; in-process heat treatments are not permitted as a substitute for the separate solution annealing treatments. The