

Designation: B701/B701M - 22

### Standard Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Self-Damping Aluminum Conductors, Steel Reinforced (ACSR/SD)<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B701/B701M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

#### 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers concentric-lay-stranded selfdamping aluminum conductor, steel-reinforced (ACSR/SD), and its component wires for use as overhead electrical conductors (Explanatory Notes 1 and 2).

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the specification. For conductor sizes designated by AWG or kcmil, the requirements in SI units have been numerically converted from corresponding values stated or derived in inch-pound units. For conductor sizes designated by SI units only, the requirements are stated or derived in SI units.

1.2.1 For density, resistivity, and temperature, the values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard.

NOTE 1—ACSR/SD is designed to control aeolian vibration by integral damping. The conductors consist of a central core of a round steel wire or wires surrounded by two layers of trapezoidal aluminum 1350-H19 wires or two layers of trapezoidal aluminum 1350-H19 wires and one layer of round aluminum 1350-H19 wires (Fig. 1). The trapezoidal-wire layers are separated from each other and from the steel core by two small annular gaps that provide the conductors self-damping characteristics. The round aluminum wires are in tight layer contact between themselves and the underlying trapezoidal wire layer. Different strandings of the same size of conductor are identified by type, which is the approximate ratio of steel area to aluminum area, expressed in percent (Table 1 and Table 2).

NOTE 2—The aluminum and temper designations conform to ANSI Standard H 35.1. Aluminum 1350 corresponds to UNS A91350 in accordance with Practice E527.

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein.

- 2.2 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>
- B230/B230M Specification for Aluminum 1350–H19 Wire for Electrical Purposes
- B232/B232M Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum Conductors, Coated-Steel Reinforced (ACSR)
- B263/B263M Test Method for Determination of Cross-Sectional Area of Stranded Conductors
- B354 Terminology Relating to Uninsulated Metallic Electrical Conductors
- B498/B498M Specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Core Wire for Use in Overhead Electrical Conduc-Mtors
- **B500/B500M** Specification for Metallic Coated or Aluminum Clad Stranded Steel Core for Use in Overhead Electrical Conductors
- B502/B502M Specification for Aluminum-Clad Steel Core Wire for Use in Overhead Electrical Aluminum Conductors
- **B549** Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum Conductors, Aluminum-Clad Steel Reinforced for Use in Overhead Electrical Conductors
- B606/B606M Specification for High-Strength Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Core Wire for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Conductors, Steel Reinforced
- B802/B802M Specification for Zinc-5 % Aluminum-Mischmetal Alloy-Coated Steel Core Wire for Aluminum Conductors, Steel Reinforced (ACSR)
- B803/B803M Specification for High-Strength Zinc-5 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B01 on Electrical Conductors and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B01.07 on Conductors of Light Metals.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

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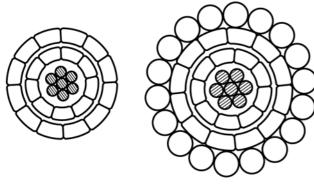


FIG. 1 Illustrations of Typical ACSR/SD Strandings

Aluminum-Mischmetal Alloy-Coated Steel Core Wire for Use in Overhead Electrical Conductors

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

E527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys in the Unified Numbering System (UNS)

2.3 ANSI Documents:<sup>3</sup>

ANSI H35.1 American National Standard Alloy and Temper Designation Systems for Aluminum

2.4 NIST Documents:<sup>4</sup>

NBS Handbook 100—Copper Wire Tables of the National Bureau of Standards

2.5 Aluminum Association Documents:<sup>5</sup>

Publication 50, Code Words for Overhead Aluminum Electrical Conductors

#### 3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 ACSR/SD covered by this specification has five types of coated core wire and one type of aluminum-clad core wire which are designated by abbreviations as follows (Explanatory Notes 2 and 9):

3.1.2 *ACSR/SD/AW2*—ACSR/SD using aluminum-clad steel wire (Specification B502/B502M).

3.1.3 *ACSR/SD/GA2*—ACSR/SD using Class A zinc-coated steel wire (Specification B498/B498M).

3.1.4 *ACSR/SD/GC2*—ACSR/SD using Class C zinc-coated steel wire (Specification B498/B498M).

3.1.5 *ACSR/SD/GA3*—ACSR/SD using high-strength Class A zinc-coated steel wire (Specification B606/B606M).

3.1.6 ACSR/SD/MA2—ACSR/SD using Class A zinc-5 % aluminum-mischmetal alloy-coated steel core wire (Specification B802/B802M).

3.1.7 ACSR/SD/MC2—ACSR/SD using Class C zinc-5 % aluminum-mischmetal alloy-coated steel core wire (Specification B802/B802M).

3.1.8 *ACSR/SD/MA3*—ACSR/SD using high-strength Class A zinc-5 % Aluminum-mischmetal alloy-coated steel core wire (Specification B803/B803M).

3.2 For definitions of terms relating to conductors, refer to Terminology Standard B354.

#### 4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information:

- 4.1.1 Quantity of each size and type (Note 1),
- 4.1.2 Conductor size: kcmil area,

4.1.3 Conductor type and number of wires, aluminum and steel (Table 1),

4.1.4 Type of steel core wire and if zinc or Zn-5 % Al-MM alloy coated, area density (Classes A and C) of coating (see 5.2),

4.1.5 Special tension test, if required (see 9.2),

4.1.6 Place of inspection (Section 15),

- 4.1.7 Package size (see 16.1),
- 4.1.8 Special package marking, if required (Section 17), and
- 4.1.9 Heavy wood lagging, if required (see 16.3).

#### 5. Requirement For Wires

5.1 Before stranding, the round and trapezoidal aluminum wires shall conform to the requirements of Specification B230/B230M except for shape and diameter tolerance of the trapezoidal wires. The tensile strength and elongation requirements of trapezoidal wires shall be the same as for round wires of equal area. The area tolerances shall be such that the finished conductor conforms to Section 12.

5.2 Before stranding, the steel core wire shall meet the requirements of Specifications B498/B498M, B502/B502M, B606/B606M, B802/B802M, or B803/B803M, whichever is applicable.

#### 6. Joints

6.1 Electric-butt welds, electric-butt, cold-upset welds, or cold-pressure welds may be made in the individual aluminum wires during the stranding process. No weld shall occur within 50 ft. [15 m] of any other weld in the completed conductor (Explanatory Note 3).

6.2 There shall be no joints made in the finished steel wires.

#### 7. Lay

7.1 The nominal lay factors for the trapezoidal aluminum wires are shown in Table 1 (Explanatory Note 1 and Note 4).

7.2 The length of lay for the round aluminum wires shall not be less than 10 nor more than 13 times the outside diameter of that layer.

7.3 In a conductor having multiple layers of aluminum wires, the length of lay of any aluminum layer shall not be less than the length of lay of the aluminum layer immediately beneath it.

7.4 The length of lay of the various layers of steel wires shall conform to the requirements of Specification B500/B500M.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Available from National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), 100 Bureau Dr., Stop 1070, Gaithersburg, MD 20899-1070, http://www.nist.gov.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Available from Aluminum Association, Inc., 1525 Wilson Blvd., Suite 600, Arlington, VA 22209, http://www.aluminum.org.

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TABLE 1 Construction Requirements of Aluminum Conductors, Self Damping, Concentric-Lay-Stranded, Steel-Reinforced

Conductor Size		S	tranding Number of		Nominal Alumi- num Lay	Mass per 1000 ft, lb	Rated Strength, kip <sup>A,B</sup>	Nominal Outside Diameter,	
		Aluminum							Steel <sup>C</sup>
kcmil	Туре <sup>D</sup>	Code Word <sup>E</sup>	Round	Trapezoidal <sup>F</sup>	Round	Factor			in.
2156	8	Bluebird		10 × 0.2179 15 × 0.2184	19 × 0.0961	14.5 12.1	2504	60.7	1.716
1700	0	Chulkar	21 × 0.2145	00.0041	100.0274	11.0	0000	F1 1	1 505
1780	8	Chukar		9 × 0.2041 13 × 0.2150	19 × 0.0874	14.5 12.0	2068	51.1	1.565
			21 × 0.1957	10 × 0.2100		11.0			
1780	5	Smew		8 × 0.2171	7 × 0.1144	16.0	1921	43.6	1.531
			010.1014	14 × 0.2128		12.5			
1590	13	Falcon	21 × 0.1914	10 × 0.1891	19 × 0.1030	11.5 13.5	2039	55.1	1.521
		i alcon		14 × 0.1977		11.7	2000		
			$24 \times 0.1690$			11.5			
1590	7	Lapwing		8 × 0.2059 12 × 0.2130	7 × 0.1253	15.9 12.8	1791	42.6	1.468
			21 × 0.1835	12 X 0.2130		12.0			
1590	5	Ratite	2170010000	8 × 0.2095	7 × 0.1083	15.4	1715	39.1	1.447
				13 × 0.2143		12.5			
1401	10	Player	23 × 0.1669	10 × 0 1702	10 × 0 0077	11.5	1005	40.6	1 4 4 0
1431	13	Plover		10 × 0.1792 14 × 0.1868	19 × 0.0977	13.5 11.7	1835	49.6	1.448
			24 × 0.1609	11 × 0.1000		11.5			
1431	7	Bobolink		8 × 0.1946	7 × 0.1189	15.1	1612	38.9	1.398
			0101747	12 × 0.2015		12.2			
1431	5	Popinjay	21 × 0.1747	8 × 0.1936	7 × 0.1025	11.5 16.0	1544	35.3	1.381
	0	ropinjay		13 × 0.1972	7 × 0.1020	12.5	1011	00.0	1.001
			21 × 0.1726			11.5			
1351.5 13	13	Martin		11 × 0.1604	19 × 0.0949	14.7	1733	46.8	1.417
			21 × 0.1772	15 × 0.1652		12.8 11.5			
1351.5	10	Frigate		9 × 0.1786	7 × 0.1377	14.5	1629	41.7	1.389
		Ŭ (		14 × 0.1757		12.2			
	_	<b>D</b> .	21 × 0.1735	0 0 1000	7 0 1155	11.0	4500	00 <b>7</b>	1 001
1351.5	7	Dipper		8 × 0.1890 12 × 0.1954	7 × 0.1155	15.2 12.2	1522	36.7	1.361
			21 × 0.1701	12 × 0.1004		11.0			
1351.5	5	Ringdove		8 × 0.1946	$7 \times 0.0997$	16.0	1458	33.4	1.344
			010.1000	12 × 0.1949		12.8			
1272	13	Pheasant	21 × 0.1680	11 × 0.1552	19 × 0.0921	11.5 14.7	1631	44.1	1.378
os://stano				a 15 × 0.1599 b 5	)-4c40-8a23-a	6a8112.891 c	17/astm-b	701-b70	
			21 × 0.1723			11.5			
1272	7	Bittern		8 × 0.1829	7 × 0.1121	14.5 12.3	1433	34.6	1.323
			21 × 0.1653	12 × 0.1894		11.5			
1272	5	Scissortail		7 × 0.1929	7 × 0.0967	15.7	1372	31.4	1.305
				11 × 0.2029		12.3			
1192.5	13	Grackle	21 × 0.1631	10 × 0.2147	19 × 0.0892	11.5 14.2	1526	41.9	1.274
1192.5	15	GIACKIE		16 × 0.2138	19 × 0.0092	11.5	1520	41.5	1.274
1192.5	7	Bunting		8 × 0.1768	7 × 0.1085	15.1	1343	32.4	1.284
				12 × 0.1831		12.2			
1192.5	5	Oxbird	21 × 0.1604	7 × 0.1868	7 × 0.0936	11.5	1286	29.5	1.266
	5	Oxbird		11 × 0.1960	7 × 0.0930	15.7 12.3	1200	29.5	1.200
			21 × 0.1582			11.5			
1113	13	Finch		9 × 0.2188	$19 \times 0.0862$	14.2	1424	39.1	1.233
1113	7	Bluejay		15 × 0.2133 8 × 0.1705	7 × 0.1049	11.5 15.9	1254	30.3	1.242
1115	1	Diuejay		12 × 0.1765	7 × 0.1049	12.8	1254	30.3	1.242
			21 × 0.1553			11.5			
1110	-	A		70.1010	70.0004	10.0	1000	07 5	1 000
1113	5	Avocet		7 × 0.1818 12 × 0.1798	7 × 0.0904	16.0 12.4	1200	27.5	1.226
			21 × 0.1533	12 ~ 0.17 30		11.5			
1033.5	13	Curlew		9 × 0.2106	7 × 0.1383	14.2	1329	36.3	1.191
				14 - 0.0100		11.5			
1033.5	7	Ortolan		14 × 0.2129 8 × 0.2168	7 × 0.1010	15.2	1161	28.1	1.145

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Conductor Size		Stranding Number of Wires and Diameter, in.			Steel <sup>C</sup>	Nominal Alumi- num	Mass per	Rated	Nominal Outside
		Code Word <sup>E</sup>	Round			Lay Factor	1000 ft, lb	Strength, kip <sup>A,B</sup>	Diameter, in.
1033.5	5	Snowbird		7 × 0.1746	Round 7 × 0.871	16.0	1115	25.9	1.185
1000.0	0	Ghowbird		12 × 0.1731	1 × 0.071	12.4	1110	20.0	1.100
954	13	Cardinal	21 × 0.1481	8 × 0.2147	7 × 0.1329	11.5 14.2	1227	33.5	1.147
504	15	Cardinar		13 × 0.2122	7 × 0.1329	14.2	1221	33.5	1.147
954	7	Rail		8 × 0.2080	7 × 0.0971	15.2	1073	26.1	1.103
954	5	Phoenix		13 × 0.2163 7 × 0.2196	7 × 0.0836	11.5 15.6	1027	23.7	1.088
705	10			13 × 0.2178	7 0 1000	11.5	1000	01.0	1 077
795	16	Drake		9 × 0.1865 13 × 0.1926	7 × 0.1360	13.9 11.5	1093	31.8	1.077
795	13	Condor		8 × 0.1957	7 × 0.1213	14.2	1023	28.2	1.055
795	10	Puffin		12 × 0.2018 7 × 0.2067	7 × 0.1056	11.5 14.7	956	25.1	1.034
705	-	-		12 × 0.2033		11.5		01.0	1 0 1 0
795	7	Tern		7 × 0.2034 11 × 0.2144	7 × 0.0886	15.2 11.5	893	21.9	1.013
795	5	Macaw		6 × 0.2167	7 × 0.0764	15.6	856	19.8	0.999
636	16	Grosbeak		11 × 0.2160 9 × 0.1666	7 × 0.1216	11.5 13.9	874	25.4	0.975
000	10	arosocar		13 × 0.1723	7 × 0.1210	11.5	014	20.4	0.070
636	13	Rook		8 × 0.1749 12 × 0.1806	7 × 0.1085	14.3 11.5	818	22.9	0.955
636	10	Goldfinch		7 × 0.1848	7 × 0.0945	14.7	765	20.1	0.935
606	7	Killdoor		12 × 0.1819	70.0700	11.5	715	177	0.017
636	7	Killdeer		7 × 0.1815 12 × 0.1838	7 × 0.0793	15.2 11.5	715	17.7	0.917
636	5	Pipit		6 × 0.1938	7 × 0.0684	15.8	684	16.1	0.903
556.5	16	Dove		11 × 0.1932 9 × 0.1557	7 × 0.1138	11.5 14.0	765	22.6	0.919
				13 × 0.1613		11.5			
556.5	13	Parakeet		8 × 0.1637 13 × 0.1662	7 × 0.1015	14.3 11.5	716	20.0	0.901
556.5	10	Sapsucker		7 × 0.1728	7 × 0.0884	14.7	669	17.8	0.882
556.5	7	Sunbird		12 × 0.1702 7 × 0.1707	7 × 0.0741	11.5 15.2	625	15.5	0.863
550 F	-	Dia alah ind		11 × 0.1790	10.1000	11.5	500	10.0	0.040
556.5	5	Blackbird		6 × 0.1820	1 × 0.1692	15.8 11.5	599	13.6	0.843
477	16	Hawk		9 × 0.1438	7 × 0.1053	14.0	655.8	19.5	0.860
ps://stanc 477	lards.10 13	Flicker		/a 13 × 0.1496 5( 8 × 0.1515	7 × 0.0940	6a8 11.59 ] 6 14.4	613.5	17.2	0.843
				$13 \times 0.1502$		11.5			
477	10	Toucan		7 × 0.1599 12 × 0.1576	7 × 0.0818	14.8 11.5	573.4	15.3	0.824
477	7	Jackdaw		7 × 0.1577	7 × 0.0686	15.2	535.8	13.3	0.808
477	5	Kestrel		12 × 0.1589 6 × 0.1656	1 × 0.1566	11.5 16.0	513.3	11.7	0.787
				$10 \times 0.1768$		11.5			
397.5	16	Ibis		9 × 0.1278 14 × 0.1338	7 × 0.0961	14.2 11.5	546.5	16.4	0.771
397.5	10	Stork		7 × 0.1424	7 × 0.0747	15.0	477.9	12.9	0.750
397.5	7	Longspur		12 × 0.1459 6 × 0.1501	1 × 0.1657	11.5 15.8	446.1	10.6	0.725
				11 × 0.1544		11.5			
397.5	5	Erne		6 × 0.1558 10 × 0.1587	1 × 0.1430	15.6 11.5	427.7	9.74	0.717
336.4	16	Linnet		10 × 0.1041	7 × 0.0884	14.7	462.4	14.3	0.716
336.4	10	Woodcock		16 × 0.1194 8 × 0.1215	7 × 0.0687	11.5 15.1	404.5	11.0	0.688
				$14 \times 0.1249$		11.5			
336.4	7	Hummingbird		6 × 0.1406 11 × 0.1407	1 × 0.1525	15.6 11.5	377.7	9.13	0.664
336.4	5	Cowbird		6 × 0.1416	1 × 0.1315	15.9	361.9	8.5	0.667
266.8	16	Partridge		10 × 0.1470 10 × 0.0881	7 × 0.0788	11.5 15.0	367.0	11.35	0.645
200.0		i annuye		12 × 0.1256	1 ~ 0.0700	11.5		11.55	
266.8	10	Spoonbill		8 × 0.0978	1 × 0.1619	16.0	320.0	8.45	0.610
266.8	7	Eider		11 × 0.1315 7 × 0.1080	1 × 0.1358	11.3 16.0	299.4	7.61	0.601
				13 × 0.1193		11.2			

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#### TABLE 1 Continued

		Str	anding Number o	f Wires and Diameter, in	Nominal - Alumi-			Nominal Outside Diameter,	
Conducto	or Size		Aluminum		Steel <sup>C</sup>	num			Mass per 1000 ft, lb
kcmil	Type <sup>D</sup>	Code Word <sup>E</sup>	Round	Trapezoidal <sup>F</sup>	Round	- Lay Factor		кір. "-	in.
266.8	5	Titmouse		6 × 0.1183 12 × 0.1234	1 × 0.1171	16.0 11.1	286.9	6.92	0.593

<sup>A</sup> Conversion Factors:

1 kcmil = 0.5067 mm<sup>2</sup>; 1 in. = 25.4 mm; 1 kip = 1000 lbf = 4.448 kN.

<sup>B</sup> Rated strengths of complete conductors are calculated in accordance with 9.1 and with Class A zinc-coated steel core wire in accordance with Specification B498/B498M. <sup>C</sup> Lay factors for steel core are the same as for equivalent stranding of conventional ACSR.

<sup>D</sup> The type number is the approximate ratio of the steel to aluminum area in percent.

<sup>E</sup> Code words shown in this column are obtained from, "Publication 50, Code Words for Overhead Aluminum Electrical Conductors," by the Aluminum Association. They are provided here for information only.

F Wire size indicates equal area round wire diameter.

TABLE 2 Comparison of ACSR/SD with Equivalent Stranding of
ACSR <sup>A</sup>

ACSR/SD Type Number <sup>B</sup>	Conventional ACSR Stranding <sup>C</sup>			
5	42/7			
7	45/7			
8	84/19			
10	22/7			
13	54/7			
13	54/19			
13	24/7			
16	26/7			

<sup>*A*</sup> The equivalent stranding is that stranding of conventional ACSR that has the same area of aluminum and steel as a given ACSR/SD type. <sup>*B*</sup>ACSR/SD type number is the approximate ratio of the steel area to the aluminum area in %.

<sup>C</sup> See Specifications B232/B232M and B549.

7.5 The direction of lay of the outside layer of aluminum wires shall be right-hand.

7.6 The direction of lay of the aluminum and steel wires shall be reversed in successive layers.

7.7 For the purpose of this specification the lay factor is the ratio of the length of lay to the external diameter of the corresponding layer of wires or members in the stranded conductor.

#### 8. Construction

8.1 The nominal aluminum cross-sectional area, type, stranding, and equivalent wire diameters shall be as shown in Table 1 (Explanatory Note 1).

8.2 The smaller sizes of ACSR/SD consist of a steel core, an inner gap surrounded by a layer of trapezoidal aluminum wires (called the inner layer), and an outer gap surrounded by a second layer of trapezoidal aluminum wire (called the outer layer). The larger sizes of ACSR/SD consist of a steel core, an inner gap surrounded by a layer of trapezoidal aluminum wires (called the inner layer), an outer gap surrounded by a layer of trapezoidal aluminum wires (called the inner layer), an outer gap surrounded by a layer of trapezoidal aluminum wires (called the inner layer), an outer gap surrounded by a layer of trapezoidal aluminum wires (called the middle layer), and a layer of round aluminum wires (called the outer layer) fitting tightly over the middle layer. The diameter and number of steel core wires, the number and equivalent round wire diameters of the trapezoidal aluminum wires, and the number and diameter of the round aluminum wires shall be as shown in Table 1.

8.3 All conductor gaps shall be measured radially. The nominal thickness of the gap is 0.030 in. [0.75 mm]. The tolerance of both the inner and outer gaps shall be plus 0.000 in. [0.00 mm] and minus 0.010 in. [0.25 mm].

8.4 Tests to determine the actual diameter of the conductor are not required by this specification but shall be made if agreed upon between the manufacturer and purchaser at the time of placing the order. When measurements of the diameter are made, these shall be made in the manufacturer's premises during fabrication and at the central point between the final closing die of the strander and the capstan when the conductor is under tension. When so measured the maximum difference in mean diameter from the nominal diameter shall be 1 % (measured in the transverse plane), and the maximum difference in diameter at any transverse section shall be not greater than 3 %.

#### 9. Strength of Conductor

9.1 The rated strength of a complete conductor, as shown in Table 1, shall be taken as the aggregate strength of the aluminum and steel components calculated as follows. The strength contribution of the aluminum 1350-H19 wires shall be taken as the percentage indicated in Table 3, in accordance with the number of aluminum layers, of the sum of the wire strengths calculated from the specified diameter of the round wires and from the diameters of round wires having the same area as the trapezoidal wires shown in Table 1, and the appropriate minimum average tensile strength given in Specification B230/B230M. The strength contribution of the steel core wires shall be taken as the percentage, indicated in Table

**TABLE 3 Rating Factors** 

N	lumber of Layers	6	No. of	Rating Factor, %		
Alur	ninum	Steel	Steel Wires			
Round	Trapezoidal	Round	11100	Aluminum	Steel	
	2	А	1	95	96	
	2	1	7	95	96	
	2	2	19	95	93	
1	2	1	7	93	96	
1	2	2	19	93	93	

<sup>A</sup> Central steel wire only; the 96 % rating factor is applied to the single steel wire core as a factor of safety in the event the steel wire contains a weld (made prior to drawing).