



Designation: B711 – 22

# Standard Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum-Alloy Conductors, Steel Reinforced (AACSR) (6201)<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B711; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers concentric-lay-stranded conductors made from round aluminum-alloy 6201-T81 hard: solution heat treated, cold worked, and then artificially aged wire and round zinc-coated, Zn-5Al-MM coated, aluminum-coated, or aluminum-clad steel core wire for use as overhead electric conductors (Explanatory [Note 1](#) and [Note 2](#)).

NOTE 1—The alloy and temper designations conform to ANSI H35.1. Aluminum alloy 6201 corresponds to Unified Numbering System alloy A96201 in accordance with Practice [E527](#).

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein.

2.2 *ASTM Standards:*<sup>2</sup>

[B263/B263M](#) Test Method for Determination of Cross-Sectional Area of Stranded Conductors

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B01 on Electrical Conductors and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B01.07 on Conductors of Light Metals.

Current edition approved Dec. 1, 2022. Published January 2023. Originally approved in 1982. Last previous edition approved in 2018 as B711 – 18. DOI: 10.1520/B0711-22.

<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

[B354](#) Terminology Relating to Uninsulated Metallic Electrical Conductors

[B398/B398M](#) Specification for Aluminum-Alloy 6201-T81 and 6201-T83 Wire for Electrical Purposes

[B498/B498M](#) Specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Core Wire for Use in Overhead Electrical Conductors

[B500/B500M](#) Specification for Metallic Coated or Aluminum Clad Stranded Steel Core for Use in Overhead Electrical Conductors

[B502/B502M](#) Specification for Aluminum-Clad Steel Core Wire for Use in Overhead Electrical Aluminum Conductors

[B606/B606M](#) Specification for High-Strength Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Core Wire for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Conductors, Steel Reinforced

[B802/B802M](#) Specification for Zinc–5 % Aluminum-Mischmetal Alloy-Coated Steel Core Wire for Aluminum Conductors, Steel Reinforced (ACSR)

[B803/B803M](#) Specification for High-Strength Zinc–5 % Aluminum-Mischmetal Alloy-Coated Steel Core Wire for Use in Overhead Electrical Conductors

[B957/B957M](#) Specification for Extra-High-Strength and Ultra-High-Strength Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Core Wire for Overhead Electrical Conductors

[B958/B958M](#) Specification for Extra-High-Strength and Ultra-High-Strength Class A Zinc–5% Aluminum-Mischmetal Alloy-Coated Steel Core Wire for Use in Overhead Electrical Conductors

[E29](#) Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

[E527](#) Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys in the Unified Numbering System (UNS)

2.3 *American National Standards Institute Standard:*

[H35.1M](#) Alloy and Temper Designation Systems for Aluminum<sup>3</sup>

2.4 *Other Standards:*

[NBS Handbook 100—Copper Wire Tables](#)<sup>4</sup>

<sup>3</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

<sup>4</sup> Available from National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), 100 Bureau Dr., Stop 3460, Gaithersburg, MD 20899-3460.

### 3. Terminology

#### 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 AACSR—covered by this specification has ten types of coated steel and two types of aluminum-clad steel core wire which are designated by abbreviations as follows (Explanatory Note 1 and Note 9):

3.1.1.1 AACSR/GA2-AACSR—using Class A zinc-coated steel wire in accordance with Specification B498/B498M.

3.1.1.2 AACSR/GC2-AACSR—using Class C zinc-coated steel wire in accordance with Specification B498/B498M.

3.1.1.3 AACSR/GA3-AACSR—using high-strength Class A zinc-coated steel wire in accordance with Specification B606/B606M.

3.1.1.4 AACSR/GA4-AACSR—using extra-high-strength Class A zinc-coated steel wire in accordance with Specification B957/B957M.

3.1.1.5 AACSR/GA5-AACSR—using ultra-high-strength Class A zinc-coated steel wire in accordance with Specification B957/B957M.

3.1.1.6 AACSR/AW2-AACSR—using aluminum-clad steel wire, normal strength in accordance with Specification B502/B502M.

3.1.1.7 AACSR/AW3-AACSR—using aluminum-clad steel wire, high strength in accordance with Specification B502/B502M.

3.1.1.8 AACSR/MA2—using Zn-5Al-MM coated steel core wire, coating Class A in accordance with Specification B802/B802M.

3.1.1.9 AACSR/MC2—using Zn-5Al-MM coated steel core wire, coating Class C in accordance with Specification B802/B802M.

3.1.1.10 AACSR/MA3—using high-strength Zn-5Al-MM coated steel core wire, coating Class A in accordance with Specification B803/B803M.

3.1.1.11 AACSR/MA4—using extra-high-strength Zn-5Al-MM coated steel core wire, coating Class A in accordance with Specification B958/B958M.

3.1.1.12 AACSR/MA5—using ultra-high-strength Zn-5Al-MM coated steel core wire, coating Class A in accordance with Specification B958/B958M.

### 4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information:

- 4.1.1 Quantity of each size and stranding,
- 4.1.2 Conductor size, square millimetres (Section 8 and Table 1);
- 4.1.3 Number of wires, aluminum-alloy and steel;
- 4.1.4 Type of steel core wire and, if galvanized or Zn-5Al-MM coated, class (A or C) of coating (see 5.2);
- 4.1.5 Direction of lay of outer layer of aluminum-alloy wires if other than right-hand (see 7.4);
- 4.1.6 Special tension test, if required (see 9.2);
- 4.1.7 Place of inspection (Section 15);
- 4.1.8 Special package marking, if required (Section 16);

4.1.9 Package size (see 17.1); and

4.1.10 Heavy wood lagging, if required (see 17.3).

### 5. Requirement for Wires

5.1 Before stranding, the aluminum-alloy wire shall meet the requirements of Specification B398/B398M.

5.2 Before stranding, the steel core wire shall meet the requirements of Specifications B498/B498M, B502/B502M, B606/B606M, B802/B802M, B803/B803M, B957/B957M or B958/B958M, whichever is applicable.

5.3 Steel core supplied in a stranded construction shall meet the requirements of Specification B500/B500M, if applicable.

### 6. Joints

6.1 Cold-pressure welds, electric-butt welds, and electric-butt, cold-upset welds in the finished individual aluminum alloy wires composing the conductor may be made during the stranding process. Following welding, electric-butt welds shall be annealed for a distance of at least 150 mm on each side of the weld. No weld shall occur within 15 m of a weld in the same wire or in any other wire of the completed conductor (Explanatory Note 3).

6.2 There shall be no joints made in the finished steel wires.

### 7. Lay

7.1 The length of lay of the various layers of aluminum-alloy wire in a conductor shall conform to Table 2 (Explanatory Note 4).

7.2 In a conductor having multiple layers of aluminum-alloy wires, the length of lay of any aluminum-alloy layer shall not be less than the length of lay of the aluminum-alloy layer immediately beneath it.

7.3 The length of lay in the various layers of steel wire in a conductor shall conform to the requirements of Specification B500/B500M.

7.4 The direction of lay of the outside layer of aluminum-alloy wires shall be right-hand unless otherwise specified in the purchase order. The direction of lay of the aluminum-alloy and steel wires shall be reversed in successive layers.

### 8. Construction

8.1 The number and diameter of aluminum-alloy and steel wires and the areas of cross section of aluminum-alloy wires shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

### 9. Rated Strength of Conductor

9.1 The rated strength of a conductor shall be taken as the sum of the strengths of the aluminum-alloy and steel components, calculated as follows:

9.1.1 The strength contribution of the aluminum-alloy wires shall be the sum of the strengths of the 6201 wires, calculated from their specified nominal wire diameter and the appropriate specified minimum average tensile strength given in Specification B398/B398M, and multiplied by the aluminum-alloy Rating Factor percentage for the conductor stranding as indicated in Table 3.

**TABLE 1 Construction Requirements of Aluminum-Alloy Conductors, Steel Reinforced, Concentric-Lay-Stranded**

Conductor Area, mm <sup>2</sup>			Stranding <sup>A</sup> and Wire Diameter				Diameter, mm		Rated Strength <sup>B</sup>	Mass <sup>C</sup>
Alloy Nominal	Steel	Total	Alloy		Steel		Conductor	Steel Core		
			Number	mm	Number	mm			kN	kg/km
1250	102	1352	84	4.35	19	2.61	47.8	13.0	489	4255
1120	91	1211	84	4.12	19	2.47	45.3	12.4	437	3816
1000	81	1081	84	3.89	19	2.33	42.8	11.6	389	3400
900	73	973	84	3.69	19	2.21	40.6	11.0	353	3060
800	101	901	54	4.34	19	2.60	39.0	13.0	361	3003
710	90	800	54	4.09	19	2.45	36.8	12.2	321	2664
630	80	710	54	3.85	19	2.31	34.6	11.6	285	2365
560	71	631	54	3.63	19	2.18	32.7	10.9	256	2104
500	63	563	54	3.43	19	2.06	30.9	10.3	228	1878
450	59	509	54	3.26	19	1.98	29.5	9.90	208	1706
400	91	491	30	4.12	19	2.47	28.8	12.4	237	1818
400	65	465	26	4.43	7	3.45	28.1	10.4	206	1616
355	81	436	30	3.88	19	2.33	27.2	11.6	210	1614
355	58	413	26	4.17	7	3.24	26.4	9.72	182	1430
315	72	387	30	3.66	19	2.20	25.6	11.0	190	1438
315	52	367	26	3.93	7	3.06	24.9	9.18	162	1272
280	65	345	30	3.45	7	3.45	24.2	10.4	171	1286
280	46	326	26	3.70	7	2.88	23.4	8.64	144	1127
250	58	308	30	3.26	7	3.26	22.8	9.78	152	1149
250	41	291	26	3.50	7	2.72	22.2	8.16	128	1008
224	52	276	30	3.08	7	3.08	21.6	9.24	139	1025
224	36	260	26	3.31	7	2.57	21.0	7.71	115	901
200	47	247	30	2.91	7	2.91	20.4	8.73	124	915
200	32	232	26	3.13	7	2.43	19.8	7.29	105	805
180	42	222	30	2.76	7	2.76	19.3	8.28	112	823
180	29	209	26	2.97	7	2.31	18.8	6.93	195.0	731
160	38	198	30	2.61	7	2.61	18.3	7.83	100	736
160	26	186	26	2.80	7	2.18	17.7	6.54	85.5	646
140	33	173	30	2.44	7	2.44	17.1	7.32	87.4	643
140	23	163	26	2.62	7	2.04	16.6	6.12	74.9	565

<sup>A</sup> Only those strandings with a relatively high steel content are listed. Other strandings are available by agreement between the purchaser and the producer.

<sup>B</sup> Rated strengths are for AACSR/GA2 and AACSR/MA2 conductors. Strengths were calculated in accordance with 9.1.

<sup>C</sup> Mass applies to AACSR/GA and AACSR/MA conductors, all strength grades.

**TABLE 2 Lay Factors of Aluminum-Alloy Conductors Steel Reinforced<sup>A</sup>**

Stranding	Ratio of Length of Lay of a Layer to Nominal Outside Diameter of That Layer							
	Aluminum-Alloy Wire Layers							
	First (Outside)		Second		Third		Fourth	
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
84/19, 76/19	10	13	10	16	10	17	10	17
42/7, 45/7, 48/7, 54/19	10	13	10	16	10	17	...	...
24/7, 26/7, 30/7	10	13	10	16	...	...	...	...
12/7, 16/19	10	14.5						

<sup>A</sup> Lay factors of steel wire layers; see Specification B500/B500M.

9.1.2 The strength contribution of the steel core wires shall be the sum of the strengths of the steel wires, calculated from their specified nominal wire diameter and the appropriate specified ultimate tensile strength given in Specifications B498/B498M, B502/B502M, B606/B606M, B802/B802M, B803/B803M, B957/B957M or B958/B958M, whichever is

applicable, and multiplied by the steel Rating Factor percentage for the conductor stranding as indicated in Table 3.

9.1.3 The rated strengths of conductors calculated in accordance with 9.1 and 9.3 and using steel wires in accordance with Specification B498/B498M or B802/B802M, Class A coating are shown in Table 1.

**TABLE 3 Rating Factors**

		Stranding		Rating Factor, %	
Number of Wires		Number of Layers			
Aluminum Alloy	Steel	Aluminum Alloy	Steel	Aluminum Alloy	Steel
12	7	1	1	96	96
24	7	2	1	93	96
26	7	2	1	93	96
30	7	2	1	93	96
42	7	3	1	91	96
45	7	3	1	91	96
48	7	3	1	91	96
54	7	3	1	91	96
72	7	4	1	90	96
16	19	1	2	96	93
30	19	2	2	93	93
54	19	3	2	91	93
76	19	4	2	90	93
84	19	4	2	90	93

**TABLE 4 Standard Increments Due to Stranding**

Stranding of AACSR Number of Wires		Increment (Increase), %		
Aluminum Alloy	Steel	Mass		Electrical Resistance
		Aluminum Alloy	Steel	
12	7	2.5	0.4	2.5
24	7	2.5	0.4	2.5
26	7	2.5	0.4	2.5
30	7	2.75	0.4	2.75
42	7	2.5	0.4	2.5
45	7	2.5	0.4	2.5
48	7	2.5	0.4	2.5
54	7	2.5	0.4	2.5
72	7	3.0	0.4	3.0
16	19	2.5	0.6	2.5
30	19	2.75	0.6	2.75
54	19	3.0	0.6	3.0
76	19	3.0	0.6	3.0
84	19	3.0	0.6	3.0

9.2 Tests for demonstration of rated strength of a conductor are not required by this specification but may be made if agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser at the time of placing an order. If tested, the breaking strength of the conductor shall be not less than the rated strength if failure occurs in the free length at least 25 mm beyond the end of either gripping device, or shall be not less than 95 % of the rated strength if failure occurs inside, or within 25 mm of the end of, either gripping device (Explanatory **Note 5**).

9.3 Rated strength and breaking strength values shall be rounded to three significant figures, in the final value only, in accordance with the rounding method of Practice **E29**.

## 10. Density

10.1 For the purpose of calculating mass, cross sections, etc., the density of aluminum-alloy 6201 shall be taken from Specification **B398/B398M**.

10.2 For the purpose of calculating mass, cross sections, etc., the density of coated steel wire shall be taken from the applicable ASTM wire specification: **B498/B498M**, **B606/B606M**, **B802/B802M**, **B803/B803M**, **B957/B957M**, or **B958/B958M**.

10.3 For the purpose of calculating mass, cross sections, etc., the density of aluminum-clad steel wire shall be taken from Specification **B502/B502M**.

## 11. Mass and Electrical Resistance

11.1 The mass and electrical resistance of a unit length of stranded conductor are a function of the length of lay. The approximate mass and electrical resistance may be determined using the standard increments shown in **Table 4**. When greater accuracy is desired, the increment based on the specific lay of the conductor may be calculated (Explanatory **Note 6**).

11.2 In the calculation of the electrical resistance of a completed conductor, the resistivity of coated steel core wires shall be taken as 0.19157  $\Omega$ -mm<sup>2</sup>/m at 20 °C, and the resistivity of aluminum-clad steel core wires shall be taken as 0.0848  $\Omega$ -mm<sup>2</sup>/m at 20 °C.

## 12. Variation in Area

12.1 The area of cross section of the aluminum-alloy wires of a conductor shall be not less than 98 % of the area specified. Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, the manufacturer may have the option of determining the cross-sectional area by either of the following methods, except that in case of question regarding area compliance, the method of **12.1.2** shall be used:

12.1.1 The area of cross section may be determined by calculations from diameter measurements, expressed to three decimal places, of the component aluminum-alloy wires at any point when measured perpendicularly to their axes.

12.1.2 The area of cross section of the aluminum-alloy wires of a conductor may be determined by Test Method **B263/B263M**. In applying that method the increment in mass resulting from stranding may be the applicable value specified in **11.1** or may be calculated from the measured component dimensions of the sample under test. In case of question regarding area compliance, the actual mass increment due to stranding shall be calculated.

## 13. Finish

13.1 The conductor shall be free of imperfections not consistent with good commercial practice.

## 14. Mechanical and Electrical Tests

14.1 Tests for mechanical and electrical properties of aluminum-alloy wires shall be made before stranding (Explanatory **Note 7**).

14.2 All aluminum-alloy wires composing the conductors shall be capable of meeting the bending properties stated in Specification **B398/B398M** after stranding. Routine production testing after stranding is not required.

14.3 Routine production testing after stranding is not required. However, when such tests are requested by the purchaser and agreed upon by the manufacturer at the time of ordering (or made for other reasons), aluminum wires removed from the completed conductor shall have tensile strengths of