



Designation: **B779–18 B779 – 22**

Standard Specification for Shaped Wire Compact Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum Conductors, Steel-Reinforced (ACSR/TW)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B779; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers shaped wire compact concentric-lay-stranded aluminum conductor, steel-reinforced (ACSR/TW) and its component wires for use as overhead electrical conductors (Explanatory [Note 1](#) and [Note 2](#)).

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

NOTE 1—ACSR/TW is designed to increase the aluminum area for a given diameter of conductor by the use of trapezoidally shaped wires (TW). The conductors consist of a central core of round steel wire(s) surrounded by two or more layers of trapezoidal aluminum 1350-H19 wires. Different strandings of the same size of conductor are identified by type, which is the approximate ratio of steel area to aluminum area expressed in percent ([Table 1](#), [Table 2](#) and [Table 3](#)). For the purpose of this specification, the sizes listed in [Table 1](#) and [Table 2](#) are tabulated on the basis of the finished conductor having an area or outside diameter equal to that of specific sizes of standard ACSR so as to facilitate conductor selection.

NOTE 2—The aluminum and temper designations conform to ANSI Standard H 35.1. Aluminum 1350 corresponds to Unified Numbering System (UNS) A91350 in accordance with Practice [E527](#).

1.3 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

[B230/B230M](#) Specification for Aluminum 1350–H19 Wire for Electrical Purposes

[B232/B232M](#) Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum Conductors, Coated-Steel Reinforced (ACSR)

[B263/B263M](#) Test Method for Determination of Cross-Sectional Area of Stranded Conductors

[B354](#) Terminology Relating to Uninsulated Metallic Electrical Conductors

[B498/B498M](#) Specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Core Wire for Use in Overhead Electrical Conductors

[B500/B500M](#) Specification for Metallic Coated or Aluminum Clad Stranded Steel Core for Use in Overhead Electrical Conductors

[B502B502/B502M](#) Specification for Aluminum-Clad Steel Core Wire for Use in Overhead Electrical Aluminum Conductors

[B549](#) Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum Conductors, Aluminum-Clad Steel Reinforced for Use in Overhead Electrical Conductors

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee [B01](#) on Electrical Conductors and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee [B01.07](#) on Conductors of Light Metals.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

TABLE 1 Construction Requirements for Shaped Wire Compact Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum Conductors, Coated Steel Reinforced Size to Have Area Equal to ACSR, Class AA

Code Word ^A	ACSR/TW Conductor Size		Size and Stranding of ACSR with Equal Area		Number of Aluminum Wires	Number of Layers	Steel Core Stranding		Mass per Unit Length, ^B lb/1000 ft	Rated Strength, 1000 lb ^C	Nominal Outside Diameter, ^E in.
	kcmil ^D	Type	kcmil	Stranding			Number of Wires	Diameter, in.			
Merlin-TW	336.4	-6	336.4	18/1	14	2	1	0.1367	365	8.6	0.63
Flicker-TW	477.0	13	477.0	24/7	18	2	7	0.0940	613	17.2	0.78
Hawk-TW	477.0	16	477.0	26/7	18	2	7	0.1053	655	19.4	0.79
Parakeet-TW	556.5	13	556.5	24/7	18	2	7	0.1015	715	20.0	0.84
Dove-TW	556.5	16	556.5	26/7	20	2	7	0.1138	765	22.6	0.85
Kingbird-TW	636.0	-3	636.0	36/1	27	3	1	0.1329	646	13.5	0.85
Rook-TW	636.0	13	636.0	24/7	18	2	7	0.1085	816	22.9	0.89
Grosbeak-TW	636.0	16	636.0	26/7	20	2	7	0.1216	874	25.4	0.91
Tern-TW	795.0	-7	795.0	45/7	17	2	7	0.0886	892	21.0	0.96
Puffin ^F -TW	795.0	-10 ^F	795.0	22/7	18	2	7	0.1108 ^F	975	25.9	0.98
Condor-TW	795.0	13	795.0	54/7	20	2	7	0.1213	1021	28.2	0.99
Drake-TW	795.0	16	795.0	26/7	20	2	7	0.1360	1092	31.8	1.01
Phoenix-TW	954.0	-5	954.0	42/7	30	3	7	0.0897	1029	23.7	1.05
Rail-TW	954.0	-7	954.0	45/7	32	3	7	0.0974	1075	25.9	1.06
Cardinal-TW	954.0	13	954.0	54/7	20	2	7	0.1329	1226	33.5	1.08
Snowbird-TW	1033.5	-5	1033.5	42/7	30	3	7	0.0871	1145	25.7	1.09
Oriole-TW	1033.5	-7	1033.5	45/7	32	3	7	0.1010	1286	28.1	1.10
Curlw-TW	1033.5	13	1033.5	54/7	21	2	7	0.1383	1327	36.3	1.13
Avocet-TW	1113.0	-5	1113.0	42/7	30	3	7	0.0904	1201	27.5	1.13
Bluejay-TW	1113.0	-7	1113.0	45/7	33	3	7	0.1049	1254	30.3	1.14
Finch-TW	1113.0	13	1113.0	54/19	38	3	49	0.0862	1429	39.1	1.19
Oxbird-TW	1192.5	-5	1192.5	42/7	30	3	7	0.0936	1286	29.5	1.17
Bunting-TW	1192.5	-7	1192.5	45/7	33	3	7	0.1085	1343	32.4	1.18
Grackle-TW	1192.5	13	1192.5	54/19	38	3	49	0.0892	1530	41.9	1.22
Seisertail-TW	1272.0	-5	1272.0	42/7	30	3	7	0.0967	1372	31.4	1.20
Bittern-TW	1272.0	-7	1272.0	45/7	35	3	7	0.1121	1433	34.6	1.22
Pheasant-TW	1272.0	13	1272.0	54/19	39	3	49	0.0924	1632	44.1	1.26
Dipper-TW	1351.5	-7	1351.5	45/7	35	3	7	0.1155	1522	36.7	1.26
Marlin-TW	1351.5	13	1351.5	54/19	39	3	49	0.0949	1734	46.8	1.30
Bobolink-TW	1431.0	-7	1431.0	45/7	36	3	7	0.1189	1613	38.9	1.29
Plover-TW	1431.0	13	1431.0	54/19	39	3	49	0.0977	1836	49.6	1.34
Lapwing-TW	1590.0	-7	1590.0	45/7	36	3	7	0.1253	1792	42.2	1.36
Falcon-TW	1590.0	13	1590.0	54/19	42	3	49	0.1030	2049	55.1	1.41
Gtaker-TW	1780.0	-8	1780.0	84/19	37	3	49	0.0874	2063	56.7	1.45
Bluebird-TW	2156.0	-8	2156.0	84/19	64	4	49	0.0961	2515	61.1	1.61

TABLE 1 Construction Requirements for Shaped Wire Compact Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum Conductors, Coated Steel Reinforced Size to Have Area Equal to ACSR, Class AA

Code Word ^A	ACSR/TW Conductor Size		Size and Stranding of ACSR with Equal Area		Number of Aluminum Wires	Number of Layers	Steel Core Stranding		Mass per Unit Length, ^B lb/1000 ft	Rated Strength, 1000 lb ^C	Nominal Outside Diameter, ^E in.
	kcmil ^D	Type	kcmil	Stranding			Number of Wires	Diameter, in.			
Merlin/TW	336.4	6	336.4	18/1	14	2	1	0.1367	365	8.6	0.63
Flicker/TW	477.0	13	477.0	24/7	18	2	7	0.0940	613	17.2	0.78
Hawk/TW	477.0	16	477.0	26/7	18	2	7	0.1053	655	19.4	0.79
Parakeet/TW	556.5	13	556.5	24/7	18	2	7	0.1015	715	20.0	0.84
Dove/TW	556.5	16	556.5	26/7	20	2	7	0.1138	765	22.6	0.85
Kingbird/TW	636.0	3	636.0	36/1	27	3	1	0.1329	646	13.5	0.85
Rook/TW	636.0	13	636.0	24/7	18	2	7	0.1085	816	22.9	0.89
Grosbeak/TW	636.0	16	636.0	26/7	20	2	7	0.1216	874	25.4	0.91
Tern/TW	795.0	7	795.0	45/7	17	2	7	0.0886	892	21.0	0.96
Puffin ^F /TW	795.0	10 ^F	795.0	22/7	18	2	7	0.1108 ^F	975	25.9	0.98

Code Word ^A	ACSR/TW Conductor Size		Size and Stranding of ACSR with Equal Area		Number of Aluminum Wires	Number of Layers	Steel Core Stranding		Mass per Unit Length, ^B lb/1000 ft	Rated Strength, 1000 lb ^C	Nominal Outside Diameter, ^E in.
	kcmil ^D	Type	kcmil	Stranding			Number of Wires	Diameter, in.			
Condor/TW	795.0	13	795.0	54/7	20	2	7	0.1213	1021	28.2	0.99
Drake/TW	795.0	16	795.0	26/7	20	2	7	0.1360	1092	31.8	1.01
Phoenix/TW	954.0	5	954.0	42/7	30	3	7	0.0837	1029	23.7	1.05
Rail/TW	954.0	7	954.0	45/7	32	3	7	0.0971	1075	25.9	1.06
Cardinal/TW	954.0	13	954.0	54/7	20	2	7	0.1329	1226	33.5	1.08
Snowbird/TW	1033.5	5	1033.5	42/7	30	3	7	0.0871	1115	25.7	1.09
Oriolan/TW	1033.5	7	1033.5	45/7	32	3	7	0.1010	1165	28.1	1.10
Curlew/TW	1033.5	13	1033.5	54/7	21	2	7	0.1383	1327	36.3	1.13
Avocet/TW	1113.0	5	1113.0	42/7	30	3	7	0.0904	1201	27.5	1.13
Bluejay/TW	1113.0	7	1113.0	45/7	33	3	7	0.1049	1254	30.3	1.14
Finch/TW	1113.0	13	1113.0	54/19	38	3	19	0.0862	1429	39.1	1.19
Oxbird/TW	1192.5	5	1192.5	42/7	30	3	7	0.0936	1286	29.5	1.17
Bunting/TW	1192.5	7	1192.5	45/7	33	3	7	0.1085	1343	32.4	1.18
Grackle/TW	1192.5	13	1192.5	54/19	38	3	19	0.0892	1530	41.9	1.22
Scissortail/TW	1272.0	5	1272.0	42/7	30	3	7	0.0967	1372	31.4	1.20
Blittern/TW	1272.0	7	1272.0	45/7	35	3	7	0.1121	1433	34.6	1.22
Pheasant/TW	1272.0	13	1272.0	54/19	39	3	19	0.0921	1632	44.1	1.26
Dipper/TW	1351.5	7	1351.5	45/7	35	3	7	0.1155	1522	36.7	1.26
Martin/TW	1351.5	13	1351.5	54/19	39	3	19	0.0949	1734	46.8	1.30
Bobolink/TW	1431.0	7	1431.0	45/7	36	3	7	0.1189	1613	38.9	1.29
Plover/TW	1431.0	13	1431.0	54/19	39	3	19	0.0977	1836	49.6	1.34
Lapwing/TW	1590.0	7	1590.0	45/7	36	3	7	0.1253	1792	42.2	1.36
Falcon/TW	1590.0	13	1590.0	54/19	42	3	19	0.1030	2040	55.1	1.41
Chukar/TW	1780.0	8	1780.0	84/19	37	3	19	0.0874	2063	50.7	1.45
Bluebird/TW	2156.0	8	2156.0	84/19	64	4	19	0.0961	2515	61.1	1.61

^A Code words shown in this column are obtained from Specification B1006. They are provided for information only.

^B Mass per unit length is based on Class A zinc-coated steel. To convert to kg/km, multiply the lb/1000 ft value x 4-4897-1.4882.

^C Rated strengths were calculated in accordance with 9.1 using steel stresses at 1 % for Class A coating in accordance with Specification B498/B498M (1 kip = 1000 lbf = 4.448 kN).

^D To convert the diameter (inches) to mm, multiply the inch value x 25.4.

^E To convert from kcmil to mm² area, multiply the kcmil value x 5.067 x 10⁻⁴.

^F For 795 kcmil Type 10 (Puffin ACSR TW) conductor the indicated 0.1108 in. steel wire size does not correspond with the concentric round wire 795 kcmil 22/7 Puffin ACSR conductor. The round wire construction utilizes a 0.1056" diameter steel core wire. The industry accepted dimension for the Puffin ACSR TW steel wire is 0.1108 in. Technically this renders the construction as a Type 11 conductor. The conductor mass, rated strength and diameter values correspond to the 0.1108 in. diameter steel core.

TABLE 2 Construction Requirements for Shaped Wire Compact Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum Conductors, Coated Steel Reinforced Sized to Have Diameter Equal to ACSR, Class AA

Code Word ^A	ACSR/TW Conductor Size		Size and Stranding of ACSR with Equal Diameter ^B		Number of Aluminum Wires	Number of Layers	Steel Core Stranding		Mass per Unit Length, ^C lb/1000 ft	Rated Strength, 1000 lb ^D	Nominal Outside Diameter, in. ^E
	kcml#	Type	kcml#	Stranding			Number of Wires	Diameter, in. ^E			
Monongahela/TW	405.1	6	336.4	18/1	14	2	1	0.1520	441	10.2	0.68
Mohawk/TW	571.7	13	477.0	24/7	18	2	7	0.1030	735	20.6	0.85
Calumet/TW	565.3	13	477.0	26/7	20	2	7	0.1146	776	22.9	0.86
Mystic/TW	666.6	16	556.5	24/7	20	2	7	0.1111	856	24.0	0.91
Oswego/TW	664.8	16	556.5	26/7	20	2	7	0.1244	913	26.6	0.93
Maumee/TW	768.2	13	636.0	24/7	20	2	7	0.1195	988	27.7	0.98
Wabash/TW	762.8	16	636.0	26/7	20	2	7	0.1331	1047	30.5	0.99
Nechako/TW	768.9	3	636.0	36/1	27	3	1	0.1520	785	16.4	0.93
Kettle/TW	957.2	7	795.0	45/7	32	3	7	0.0973	1079	26.0	1.06
Fraser/TW	946.7	10	795.0	22/7	35	3	7	0.1154	1142	29.6	1.08
Columbia/TW	966.2	13	795.0	54/7	21	2	7	0.1338	1241	34.0	1.09
Suwannee/TW	959.6	16	795.0	26/7	22	2	7	0.1493	1318	37.0	1.11
Cheyenne/TW	1168.1	5	954.0	42/7	30	3	7	0.0926	1260	28.9	1.16
Genesee/TW	1158.0	7	954.0	45/7	33	3	7	0.1078	1308	31.6	1.17
Hudson/TW	1158.4	13	954.0	54/7	25	2	7	0.1467	1489	39.6	1.20
Catawba/TW	1272.0	5	1033.5	42/7	30	3	7	0.0967	1372	31.4	1.20
Nelson/TW	1257.1	7	1033.5	45/7	35	3	7	0.1115	1417	34.2	1.21
Yukon/TW	1233.6	13	1033.5	54/7	38	3	19	0.0910	1586	42.9	1.25
Truckee/TW	1372.5	5	1113.0	42/7	30	3	7	0.1004	1481	33.4	1.25
Mackenzie/TW	1359.7	7	1113.0	45/7	36	3	7	0.1159	1530	36.9	1.26
Thames/TW	1334.6	13	1113.0	54/19	39	3	19	0.0944	1713	46.3	1.29
St. Croix/TW	1467.8	5	1192.5	42/7	33	3	7	0.1041	1585	35.8	1.29
Miramichi/TW	1455.3	7	1192.5	45/7	36	3	7	0.1200	1640	39.2	1.30
Merrimack/TW	1433.6	13	1192.5	54/19	39	3	19	0.0978	1840	49.7	1.34
Platte/TW	1569.0	5	1272.0	42/7	33	3	7	0.1074	1693	38.2	1.33
Potomac/TW	1557.4	7	1272.0	45/7	36	3	7	0.1241	1755	41.9	1.35
Rio Grande/TW	1533.3	13	1272.0	54/19	39	3	19	0.1012	1968	53.2	1.38
Schuykill/TW	1657.4	7	1351.5	45/7	36	3	7	0.1280	1868	44.0	1.39
Pecos/TW	1622.0	13	1351.5	54/19	39	3	19	0.1064	2107	57.5	1.42
Pee Dee/TW	1758.6	7	1431.0	45/7	37	3	7	0.1319	1982	46.7	1.43
James/TW	1730.6	13	1431.0	54/19	39	3	19	0.1075	2221	59.4	1.47
Athabaska/TW	1949.6	7	1590.0	45/7	42	3	7	0.1392	2199	51.9	1.50
Cumberland/TW	1926.9	13	1590.0	54/19	42	3	19	0.1133	2471	65.3	1.55
Powder/TW	2153.8	8	1780.0	84/19	64	4	19	0.0961	2498	61.1	1.60
Santee/TW	2627.3	8	2156.0	84/19	64	4	19	0.1062	3048	74.5	1.76

^A Code words shown in this column are obtained from Specification B1006. They are provided for information only.

^B To convert from kcml to mm² area, multiply the kcml value x 6.967 x 10⁻⁶.

^C Mass per unit length is based on Class A zinc-coated steel. To convert to kg/km, multiply the lb/1000 ft value x 1.4882.

^D Rated strength was calculated in accordance with 9.1 using steel stresses at 1 % for Class A coating in accordance with Specification B498/B498M (1 kip = 1000 lbf = 4.445 kN).

^E To convert the diameter (inches) to mm, multiply the inch value x 25.4.

TABLE 3 Construction Requirements for Shaped Wire Compact Concentric-Lay Stranded Aluminum Conductors Coated, Steel Reinforced

ACSR/TW Conductor Size kcmil	Number of Aluminum Wires	Number of Layers	Steel Core Stranding		Mass per Unit Length, lb/1000 ft	Rated Strength, 1000 lb	Nominal Outside Diameter, in.
			Number of Wires	Diameter, in.			
795.5	17	2	7	0.0866	886.0	21.2	0.95
1109.7	17	2	7	0.0700	1132.0	23.6	1.10
1524.1	33	3	7	0.0966	1617.0	35.8	1.30
1935.4	31	3	7	0.0866	1958.0	41.0	1.45

B606/B606M Specification for High-Strength Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Core Wire for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Conductors, Steel Reinforced

B802/B802M Specification for Zinc-5 % Aluminum-Mischmetal Alloy-Coated Steel Core Wire for Aluminum Conductors, Steel Reinforced (ACSR)

B803/B803M Specification for High-Strength Zinc-5 % Aluminum-Mischmetal Alloy-Coated Steel Core Wire for Use in Overhead Electrical Conductors

B1006 Specification for Electrical Overhead Conductor Code Word Names

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

E527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys in the Unified Numbering System (UNS)

2.2 *Other Documents:*

ANSI H35.1 American National Standard Alloy and Temper Designation Systems for Aluminum³

NBS Handbook 100 — Copper Wire Tables of the National Bureau of Standards⁴

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.1.1 ACSR/TW covered by this specification has five types of coated steel core wire and ~~one type~~ two types of aluminum-clad steel core wire which are designated by abbreviations as follows (Explanatory **Note 2** and **Note 87**):

3.1.2 **ACSR/TW/AW2**—ACSR/TW using aluminum-clad steel wire, normal strength (Specification **B502/B502M**).

3.1.3 **ACSR/TW/AW3**—ACSR/TW using aluminum-clad steel wire, high strength (Specification **B502/B502M**).

3.1.4 **ACSR/TW/GA2**—ACSR/TW using Class A zinc-coated steel wire (Specification **B498/B498M**).

3.1.5 **ACSR/TW/GC2**—ACSR/TW using Class C zinc-coated steel wire (Specification **B498/B498M**).

3.1.6 **ACSR/TW/GA3**—ACSR/TW using high-strength, ~~zinc-coated~~ Class A zinc-coated steel wire (Specification **B606/B606M**).

3.1.7 **ACSR/TW/MA2**—ACSR/TW using Class A zinc-5 % aluminum-mischmetal alloy-coated steel core wire (Specification **B802/B802M**).

3.1.8 **ACSR/TW/MA3**—ACSR/TW using high-strength ~~zinc-5~~ Class A zinc-5 % mischmetal alloy-coated steel core wire (Specification **B803/B803M**).

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information:

4.1.1 Quantity of each size,

4.1.2 Conductor size: kcmil area and diameter,

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.

⁴ Available from National Technical Information Service (NTIS), 5285 Port Royal Rd., Springfield, VA 22161, <http://www.ntis.gov>.

4.1.3 Conductor type and number of wires, aluminum and steel (Tables 1-3),

4.1.4 Type of steel core wire and if zinc or ~~Zen-%-MM-zinc-5 %~~ aluminum-mischmetal alloy coated, Class (A or C) of coating (see 5.2),

4.1.5 Special tension test, if required (see 9.2),

4.1.6 Place of inspection (Section 15),

4.1.7 Package size and type (see 16.1),

4.1.8 Special package markings, if required (Section 16), and

4.1.9 Heavy wood lagging, if required (see 16.3).

5. Requirement for Wires

5.1 Before stranding, the trapezoidal aluminum wires (see Terminology B354) shall conform to the requirements of Specification B230/B230M except for shape and diameter tolerance. The tensile strength and elongation requirements of trapezoidal wires shall be the same as for round wires of equal area. The area tolerances shall be such that the finished conductor conforms to Section 12.

5.2 Before stranding, the steel core wire shall meet the requirements of Specifications B498/B498M, ~~B502~~B502/B502M, ~~B606~~B606/B606M, B802/B802M, or ~~B803~~B803/B803M, whichever is applicable.

5.3 Following stranding, the steel core shall meet the requirements of Specification B500/B500M.

6. Joints

6.1 Electric-butt welds, electric-butt cold-upset welds, or cold-pressure welds may be made in the individual aluminum wires during the stranding process. No weld shall occur within 50 ft (15 m) of any other weld in the completed conductor (Explanatory Note 3).

6.2 There shall be no joints made in the finished steel wires.

7. Lay

7.1 ~~The preferred length of lay of the outside layer of aluminum wires of shaped wire compact aluminum conductors, steel-reinforced, having a steel core of 7 or 19 wires stranded steel core and having multiple layers of aluminum wires, is 11 times the outside diameter of the conductor but the lay shall not be less than 10 nor more than 13 times that the outside diameter (Explanatory of Note 4) that layer.~~

7.2 ~~The preferred length of lay of the layer immediately beneath the outside layer of aluminum wires is 13 times the outside diameter of such layer but the lay shall be not shall not be less than 10 nor more than 16 times the outside diameter of that diameter:layer.~~

7.3 ~~The lay length of lay of the inner layers of aluminum wires shall shall not be not less than 10 nor more than 17 times the outside diameter of such that layer.~~

7.4 In a conductor having multiple layers of aluminum wires, the length of lay of any aluminum layer shall not be less than the length of lay of the aluminum layer immediately beneath it.

7.5 The preferred length of lay of the steel core shall be as set forth by various layers of steel core shall conform to the requirements of Specification B500/B500M.

7.6 The direction of lay of the outside layer of aluminum wires shall be right-hand.

7.7 The direction of lay of the aluminum and steel wires shall be reversed in successive layers.

~~7.7 For the purpose of this specification the lay factor is the length of lay of a given layer divided by its outside diameter.~~

~~7.8 In a conductor having multiple layers of aluminum wires, the lay ratio of any aluminum layer shall not be greater than the lay ratio of the aluminum layer immediately beneath it. Similarly, in a conductor having multiple layers of steel wires in the core, the lay ratio of a steel layer shall not be greater than the lay ratio of the steel layer immediately beneath it.~~

8. Construction

8.1 The nominal aluminum cross-sectional area, conductor type, the nominal number of aluminum wires, the number of layers, the number and diameter of the steel core wire, the mass per unit length, the rated strength and the outside diameter of the shaped wire compact concentric-lay-stranded aluminum conductors, steel-reinforced, shall be as shown in **Tables 1-3**.

NOTE 3—Exception to 8.1. Because the final design of a shaped wire compact conductor is contingent on several factors such as layer diameter, wire width and thickness, etc., the actual configuration of a given size may vary between manufacturers. This might result in a slight variation in the number of wires from that shown in **Tables 1-3**, and also in the dimensions of the individual wires (See **Table 4**).

9. Rated Strength of Conductor

9.1 The rated strength of a conductor, as shown in **Tables 1-3**, shall be taken as the aggregate strength of the aluminum and steel components calculated as follows: The strength contribution of the aluminum 1350-H19 wires shall be taken as the percentage, indicated in **Table 5** in accordance with the number of aluminum layers, of the sum of the wire strengths calculated from the specified diameter of the round wires having the same area as the trapezoidal wires used in the manufacture of the conductor, and the appropriate minimum average tensile strength given in Specification **B230/B230M**. The strength contribution of the steel core wires shall be taken as the percentage, indicated in **Table 5**, of the sum of the strengths of the steel wires calculated from their specified nominal wire diameter and the appropriate specified minimum stress at 1 % extension given in Specifications **B498/B498M**, **B502B502/B502M**, **B606B606/B606M**, **B802/B802M**, or **B803B803/B803M**, whichever is applicable.

9.1.1 The rated strengths of conductors calculated in accordance with 9.1 and 9.3, using Class A zinc-coated steel wires in accordance with Specification **B498/B498M**, are listed in **Table 1** and **Table 2**.

9.2 Tests to confirm that the rated strength of the conductor is met are not required by this specification, but shall be made if agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser at the time of placing an order. When tested, the breaking strength of the conductor shall be not less than the rated strength if failure occurs in the free length at least 1 in. (25 mm) beyond the end of either gripping device, or shall be not less than 95 % of the rated strength if failure occurs inside or within 1 in. of the end of either gripping device (Explanatory **Note 54**).

TABLE 4 Comparison of ACSR/TW with Equivalent Stranding of ACSR^A

ACSR/TW Type Number ^B	Conventional ACSR Stranding ^C
3	36/1
5	42/7
6	18/1
7	45/7
8	84/19
10	22/7
13	54/7
13	54/19
13	24/7
16	26/7

^A The equivalent stranding is that stranding of conventional ACSR that has the same area of aluminum and steel as a given ACSR/TW type.

^B ACSR/TW type number is the approximate ratio of the steel area to the aluminum area in percent.

^C See Specifications **B232/B232M** and **B549**.