

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ISO 5457:1995

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Technical drawings -- Sizes and layout of drawing sheets

Dessins techniques -- Formats et présentation des éléments graphiques des feuilles de dessin

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ISO 5457:1980

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International Standard



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION●MEЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ●ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Technical drawings — Sizes and layout of drawing sheets

Dessins techniques — Formats et présentation des éléments graphiques des feuilles de dessin

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Descriptors: engineering drawings, papers, drawings, dimensions, designation, title blocks, position finding, graduations.

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 5457 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 10. V Technical drawings, and was circulated to the member bodies in the February 1978. (standards.iteh.ai)

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries:

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Australia Italyps://standards.iteh.ai/catalo/Spaintlards/sist/980e5d57-f4df-4802-98d5-

Belgium Japan 68821616

Sweden Switzerland Bulgaria Mexico Canada Netherlands Turkey

Chile New Zealand United Kingdom

Denmark Norway USA **USSR** France Romania South Africa Rep. of Yugoslavia India

The member bodies of the following countries expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds:

> Czechoslovakia Germany, F. R.

Poland

International Organization for Standardization, 1980 •

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Technical drawings — Sizes and layout of drawing sheets

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Introduction

The specifications of this International Standard have been all drafted to meet the needs of the traditional amethods to day orientation marks; reproduction and handling technical drawings as well as the sist-iso-5457-1995 more modern methods, such as microfilming, automatic trimming, etc.

General remark

In this International Standard the figures merely illustrate the text and should not be considered design examples. For this reason the figures are simplified to show principles only. The figures are not to scale.

Scope and field of application

This International Standard specifies sizes of blanks and preprinted drawing sheets for use with all technical drawings in any field of engineering.

It also specifies the layout of technical drawings by fixing rules with regard to:

- a) position and dimension of title block (partly)¹⁾;
- b) borders and frame;

- e) metric reference graduation;
- f) grid reference system;
- trimming marks.

In general this International Standard applies to original drawings, but rules of section one apply also to copies therefrom.

2 References

ISO 128, Technical drawings - General principles of presentation.2)

ISO 216, Writing paper and certain classes of printed matter -Trimmed sizes — A and B series.

ISO 3098/1, Technical drawings — Lettering — Part 1: Currently used characters.

¹⁾ It should be noted that this International Standard does not specify the complete layout of the title block with the position of the different indications necessary for the comprehension of the drawing.

²⁾ At present at the stage of draft. (Revision of ISO/R 128-1959.)

Section one: Sizes and tolerances

3 Selection and designation of sizes

The original drawing should be made on the smallest sheet permitting the necessary clarity and resolution.

The choice of sizes of the original drawing and its reproductions shall be made from the series shown in 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3 in that order.

Drawing sheets may be used with their longer sides positioned either horizontally (see figures 1 and 4) or vertically (see figures 2 and 3).

3.1 Sizes series ISO-A (first choice)

The preferred sizes of the trimmed sheets as selected from the main ISO-A series, specified in ISO 216, are given in table 1.

Table 1

Designation	Dimensions, mm
Α0	841 X 1189 CT A N
A1	594 x 841
A2	420 × 594
А3	297 × 420 (Stan)
A4	210 × 297

3.2 Special elongated sizes (second choice) 68216136300/s

When a sheet of greater length is needed, one of the sizes in table 2 should be used.

Table 2

Designation	Dimensions, mm
A3 × 3	420 × 891
A3 × 4	420 × 1 189
A4 × 3	297 × 630
A4 × 4	297 × 841
A4 × 5	297 × 1 051

These sizes are obtained by extending the shorter sides of a format of the ISO-A series to lengths that are multiples of the shorter side of the chosen basic format.

3.3 Exceptional elongated sizes (third choice)

When a very large or extra elongated sheet is essential, one of the sizes in table 3 should be used.

These sizes are obtained by extending the shorter sides of a format of the ISO-A series to lengths that are multiples of the shorter side of the chosen basic format.

Table 3

Designation	Dimensions, mm
A0 × 2 1)	1 189 × 1 682
A0 × 3	1 189 × 2 523 ²⁾
A1 × 3	841 × 1 783
A1 × 4	841 × 2 378 ²⁾
RD PREVI	EW 594 × 1 261
A2 × 4	594 × 1 682
ds.itek.ai)	594 × 2 102
A3 × 5	420 × 1 486
5457:199 5 3 × 6	420 × 1 783
d <mark>ards/sist/9&9&5d57-f4df</mark> -4	802-98d5- 420 × 2 080
sist-iso-5457-1995	
A4 × 6	297 × 1 261
A4 × 7	297 × 1 471
A4 × 8	297 × 1 682
A4 × 9	297 × 1 892

- 1) This size is equal to 2A0 of the ISO-A series.
- 2) For practical reasons the use of these sizes is not advisable.

4 Tolerances

The dimensional tolerances for the trimmed sizes are defined in ISO 216.

Section two: Graphical features

Title block

5.1 Position

The position of the title block should be within the drawing space (see clause 6) such that the portion of the title block containing the identification of the drawing (registration number, title, origin, etc.) is situated in the bottom right-hand corner of the drawing space, both for sheets positioned horizontally, type X (see figure 1), or vertically, type Y (see figure 2).

The direction of viewing of the title block should correspond in general with that of the drawing.

Nevertheless, in order to economize on preprinted drawing sheets, it is permitted to use sheets type X in the vertical position (see figure 3) and sheets type Y in the horizontal position (see figure 4).

In these cases the identification portion of the title block should be in the right-hand top corner of the drawing space, and orientated such that the title block may be read when viewed from the right.

For convenience, the registration number of the drawing may be repeated elsewhere (see also clause 7).

frame limiting the drawing space shall be provided with all

It is recommended that these borders have a minimum width of 20 mm for the sizes A0 and A1, and a minimum width of 10 mm for the sizes A2, A3 and A4 (see figure 5).

In the majority of cases these values are sufficiently large to allow for gripping during printing, but with a number of reproduction machines the minimum values may be reduced to 10 mm for the sizes A0 and A1 and to 7 mm for the size A4.

6.2 Filing margin

A filing margin for taking perforations may be provided.

This margin shall have a minimum width of 20 mm (the border included therein) and shall be situated on the edge, far left of the title block.

6.3 Frame

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The frame for limiting the drawing space should be executed with continuous lines of 0,5 mm minimum thickness. For other line thicknesses, see ISO 128.

5.2 Dimension

The identification portion of the title block shall be at the rights 0.54 hand bottom corner of the title block when seen in its normal nearly standard Four centring marks shall be provided on all drawings to sizes direction of viewing, and have a maximum length of 170 mm. /sist-

Borders and frame

6.1 **Borders**

Borders enclosed by the edges of the trimmed sheet and the

7 Centring marks

designated first or second choice, in order to facilitate positioning of the drawing when reproduced or microfilmed.

These marks shall be placed at the ends of the two axes of symmetry of the trimmed sheet, and executed with strokes of 0,5 mm minimum thickness, starting from the edges of the trimmed sheet, and extending approximately 5 mm beyond the

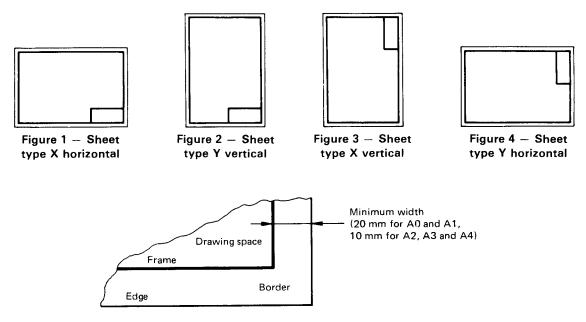


Figure 5 - Borders