



Designation: **D4071 – 84 (Reapproved 2016) D4071 – 23**

Standard Practice for Use of Portland Cement Concrete Bridge Deck Water Barrier Membrane Systems¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4071; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This practice covers liquid applied, preformed, or built-up water barrier membrane systems and their ~~application~~application, overlaid with ~~bituminous concrete asphalt~~ wearing courses, for use in the protection of bridge decks from deleterious effects of deicing salts. Material use and specifications should be adapted to conform to job and user requirements for new construction or existing structures. This practice is written as a guide for the use of bridge deck water barrier systems only.

1.2 The text of this standard references notes and footnotes which provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate ~~safety and health~~safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* Specific precautionary statements are given in Section 10.

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

[ASTM D4071-23](#)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b34cfa68-5fb-4706-b066-acf913d61c5d/astm-d4071-23>

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D3743 Terminology Relating to Bridge Deck and Substructure Protection (Withdrawn 2004)³

2.2 Other Documents:

NCHRP Synthesis Report 57 Durability of Concrete Bridge Decks⁴

3. Terminology

3.1 For definitions of terms used in this practice, refer to Terminology **D3743**.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 This practice provides a guide for factors to be considered prior to waterproofing bridge decks with water barrier membrane

¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D04 on Road and Paving Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D04.32 on Bridges and Structures.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁴ Available from the National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP), Keck Center of the National Academies Transportation Research Board, 500 Fifth Street, NW, Washington, DC 20001.

systems. It will provide guidance for specification of materials, application of membrane systems, and placement of bituminous asphalt wearing courses. It may be used as a guide for new construction or for rehabilitation of existing structures.

5. Bridge Design and Specification Consideration

5.1 Proper use of water barrier membranes with ~~bituminous concrete~~ asphalt wearing courses requires consideration of certain elements during the design stage of new or existing bridges to be treated and covered with a ~~bituminous concrete~~ an asphalt wearing course.

5.2 New bridge deck designs must include provision for dead loads including future systems.

5.3 The deck surface finish should be specified to allow proper use of the intended membrane system. ~~Manufacturers'~~ Manufacturer's recommendations for surface finish should be reviewed for guidance on finishing freshly placed concrete or for repair of existing deck surfaces.

5.4 Surface drains should be designed to allow positive drainage to minimize the penetration of water through the bituminous asphalt wearing course.

5.5 Joint systems should be designed to provide adequate termination points for the membrane. Membranes should not be placed over expansion joints. Dams or expansion assemblies should be provided to the height of the bituminous asphalt wearing course.

5.6 Curbs or parapets, or both, should be designed for functional terminations. Manufacturers of membrane systems should be consulted for recommended termination details. If rough surfaces (such as granite curbs) are specified, a treatment should be specified to provide the surface smoothness required for the proper use of the membrane. Treatment of rough curbs may be achieved with a leveling surface treatment with epoxy mortar or other suitable materials.

5.7 Decks should include weepholes to provide drainage for water which penetrates through the bituminous asphalt wearing course to the membrane level.

5.8 For bridges with significant grades (usually over 4 %) or those which are subject to traffic acceleration, deceleration, or radial stresses (such as on ramps), the use of membrane systems may cause overlay movement. Membrane manufacturers should be consulted for limitations on membrane use.

5.9 Service life and maintenance requirements should be considered when designing the water barrier and wearing surface.

5.10 Specified materials should be chemically and physically compatible with specific emphasis on proper adhesion of the membrane and the bituminous asphalt wearing course.

6. Bridge Construction

6.1 A preconstruction conference should be held to ~~assure~~ ensure that the contractor is aware of all construction requirements which affect the membrane system.

6.2 Inspectors should ensure that surface finish of the concrete deck is acceptable for the use of the intended membrane system, usually an even float finish.

6.3 Concrete decks or other components should be cured and dried for the required minimum time before installation of the membrane. Limitations on curing methods or curing materials should be observed. In most cases, the use of membrane curing compounds containing wax or oil should be prohibited.

6.4 Care should be exercised to avoid the use of materials which are chemically or physically incompatible with the membrane system to be used.

7. Membrane Application

7.1 A preconstruction conference should be held to schedule membrane application and placement of the bituminous asphalt wearing course.

7.2 Prior to application, the bridge deck should be inspected, deficiencies noted, and repairs made.

7.3 Cleaning should be done prior to application of any of the membrane system components. Grease and oil should be removed.

7.4 Membranes and bituminous concrete asphalt overlays should be applied only during dry weather and within the acceptable temperature range.

7.5 ~~Manufacturers~~² Manufacturer's specifications or technical representatives should be consulted to ensure that proper methods recommended by the manufacturer are used.

7.6 Termination details should be thoroughly inspected to ensure that they are watertight.

7.7 The membrane should be placed in such a manner that overlaps in preformed or built-up systems will not trap water or interfere with placement of the bituminous asphalt wearing course.

7.8 Placement and subsequent treatment such as rolling should be inspected to ~~assure~~^{ensure} that bubbles or blisters resulting from deck moisture outgassing are minimized. Large bubbles or blisters should be punctured or repaired, or both, as specified. ~~A~~ bituminous asphalt mix with sand or fine aggregate may be used as an underlayment for membranes to minimize bubbling or blistering.

7.9 Membrane terminations at drains, joints, and curbs should be properly sealed to prevent water entry at these critical areas.

7.10 The completed membrane system application should be inspected and repairs made in accordance with specifications.

7.11 Membrane systems should be protected in accordance with specifications.

7.12 Traffic should not be allowed on the unprotected membrane system except as required for placement of the bituminous asphalt wearing course.

8. Bituminous Asphalt Wearing Course

8.1 The bituminous asphalt wearing course should be designed to provide a completely bonded system and to provide the required service life. Chemical and physical compatibility of all components, including tack ~~coats, (if required)~~ coats (if required), should be determined.

8.2 The bituminous asphalt wearing course thickness, aggregate size and gradation, asphalt ~~type and quantity,~~ type, and quantity should be determined by the service life requirements. It should conform to minimum thickness requirements recommended by the membrane manufacturer.

8.3 Placement of the bituminous asphalt wearing course should be completed within the time period specified. Generally, membranes should be exposed for the shortest possible time. Some liquid applied systems may require a minimum time for curing of the membrane.

8.4 Weather limitations, dry surfaces, and ambient temperature requirements should be observed.

8.5 The bituminous asphalt wearing course should be placed at a temperature range specified for the membrane system being used.