International Standard



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION MEXA HAPODHAR OPPAHUSALUR TO CTAHDAPTUSALUMOORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

# Shipbuilding — Guardrails for cargo ships

Construction navale -- Garde-corps pour navire de charge

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# Foreword

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Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 5480 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 8, VIEW Shipbuilding, and was circulated to the member bodies in June 1978.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

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Australia					
Austria	Ireland 7f95d	16 80 ma/na-5480-1979			
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Finland	Mexico	USSR			
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Germany, F. R.	Norway				

No member body expressed disapproval of the document.

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# Shipbuilding — Guardrails for cargo ships

#### Introduction 0

This International Standard specifies requirements for marine guardrails and stanchions for cargo ships to comply with the regulations of the International Convention on Loadlines 1966, Annex I, Chapter II, Regulation 25, Paragraphs 2 and 3.

NOTE - Users of this International Standard should note that while observing the requirements of the standard, they should at the same time ensure compliance with such statutory requirements, rules and regulations as may be applicable to the individual ship concerned.

3.2 stanchion : The principal vertical structural member of a guardrail system.

3.3 rails and toprails : Rails are the horizontal members between stanchions, the toprail being the uppermost rail in a series of rails.

3.4 stay : A secondary structural support attached to stanchions and deck.

#### .iteh.ai) standards Materials

#### Scope and field of application 1

This International Standard specifies dimensions, materials The materials for the manufacture of individual components quality of manufacture and finish for guardrails and stanchions. shall be as shown in the table. which are fitted on exposed freeboard and superstructure decks of cargo ships to prevent personnel falling overboard or to lower decks. It does not concern guardrails which are fitted near compasses.

#### 2 References

ISO 31, Part 3 : Quantities and units of mechanics.

ISO 65, Steel tubes suitable for screwing in accordance with International Standard ISO 7.

ISO/R 887, Washers for hexagon bolts and nuts - Metric series.

ISO 898/1, Mechanical properties of fasteners, Part 1 : Bolts, screws and studs.

ISO 1461, Metallic coatings – Hot dip galvanized coatings on fabricated ferrous products - Requirements.

# 3 Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following definitions shall apply :

3.1 guardrail : A construction comprising stanchions, rails, toprails and stays (see figures 1 and 4).

ltem No.	Component	Material	ISO No.	Remarks
1	Stanchions	Mild steel		Weldable
2	Stays	Mild steel		Weldable
3	Toprails, tube	Steel	65	Weldable
	Toprails, wooden	Teak		Or other suitable hardwood
4	Rails	Steel		Weldable
5	Washers	Brass or steel	R 887	
6	Nuts	Brass or steel	-	
7	Bolts	Steel	898	
8	Screws	Brass or steel	_	Wood screws

TABLE -	Components	and	materials	of	quardrails
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#### 5 Design, construction and installation

#### **Principal dimensions** 5.1

The height of the toprails shall be at least 1 000 mm. 5.1.1 This dimension shall be measured from the top of the toprail to the deck at a point vertically below the inner edge of the toprail, or, if the deck has a waterway, to the top of the deck plank or covering next to the waterway (see figures 1 and 2).

5.1.2 The opening below the lowest course of rails shall be a maximum of 230 mm, measured from the underside of the rail to the deck or flat bar side plate where fitted (see figures 1 and 2).

5.1.3 The opening between the upper courses shall be a maximum of 380 mm (see figure 1).

5.1.4 The maximum distance between stanchions shall be 1 500 mm (see figure 4).

# 5.2 Stanchions

Stanchions for guardrails shall be of 60 mm × 15 mm 5.2.1 steel flat bar or of flat bar having a section modulus (ISO 31) at

#### 5.3 Rails

may be used provided that they are at least as suitable in all respects.

5.3.3 Lower rails shall be of 20 mm diameter solid round bar. As an alternative, tube of 26,9 mm outside diameter with a wall thickness of at least 2,3 mm or tubes having an equivalent section modulus may be used. The rails shall be welded to the inside edge of stanchions or passed through holes in the stanchions and welded in position.

### 5.4 Stays

5.4.1 Stays shall be of 60 mm  $\times$  15 mm flat bar or of flat bar having a section modulus at least equal to that of  $60 \text{ mm} \times 15 \text{ mm}$  flat bar.

5.4.2 A stay is not needed on every stanchion and shall be fitted depending on length of guardrail and shipboard conditions.

5.4.3 The stay shall be welded to stanchions at about midheight and under an angle of approximately 30°.

## 5.5 Fairlead positions

Typical arrangements of guardrails at fairlead positions are shown in figure 4 for guidance. least equal to that of 60 mm  $\times$  15 mm flat bar. standards.iteh.ai)

#### 6 Quality of manufacture and finish ISO

5.3.1 Steel toprails shall be of 42,4 mm outside diameter standa 6.1 sis Guardrails and stanchions shall be free from defects and tubes, with a wall thickness of at least 2,6 mm or tubes having 19102/imperfections liable to cause injury to persons using them. an equivalent section modulus, and be welded to stanchions.

5.3.2 Where wooden toprails are required, they shall be  $125 \times 60$  mm made from first quality teak and free from defects such as wanes, splits and checks. Other hardwoods

6.2 The rails, stanchions and stays shall be given protective finishes appropriate to their material and to their shipboard location. If galvanizing is applied it shall be carried out in accordance with ISO 1461.





Figure 1 – Details of rails and stanchions types  ${\bf S}_1$  and  ${\bf S}_2$ 



a) Sheer strake arrangement (or deck walkway)

b) Superstructure arrangement

Figure 2 – Typical stanchion arrangements





## Figure 3 – Arrangements of wooden toprail



Straight guardrail



Guardrails at multipurpose fairlead



Guardrail at roller fairleads

Figure 4 - Arrangements of guardrails