



Designation: ~~D6262~~—17 D6262 – 23

Standard Specification for Extruded, Compression Molded, and Injection Molded Basic Shapes of Poly(aryl ether ketone) (PAEK)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D6262; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

INTRODUCTION

This specification is intended to be a means of calling out PAEK plastic products shapes used in the fabrication of end items or parts.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers requirements ~~and for the PAEK materials used and the requirements and~~ methods of test for the ~~material, dimensions, and workmanship,~~ and the properties of extruded, compression molded, and injection molded PAEK sheet, plate, rod, and tubular bar manufactured from PAEK. PAEK is a family of thermoplastic materials that differ in properties (see Section 3).

1.2 The properties included in this specification are those required for the compositions covered. Requirements necessary to identify particular characteristics important to specialized applications are described by using the classification system given in Section 4.

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1.3 This specification allows the use of key clad plastics (see Section 4).

1.4 The values are stated in inch-pound units and are regarded as the standard in all property and dimensional tables. For reference purposes, SI units are also included in Table 1.

1.5 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test method portion Section 11, of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

NOTE 1—There is no known ISO equivalent to this standard.

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

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*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

- [D256 Test Methods for Determining the Izod Pendulum Impact Resistance of Plastics](#)
- [D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing](#)
- [D638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics](#)
- [D790 Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Unreinforced and Reinforced Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials](#)
- [D883 Terminology Relating to Plastics](#)
- [D3892 Practice for Packaging/Packing of Plastics](#)
- [D4000 Classification System for Specifying Plastic Materials](#)
- [D7209 Guide for Waste Reduction, Resource Recovery, and Use of Recycled Polymeric Materials and Products \(Withdrawn 2015\)³](#)
- [D8033 Classification System for Poly\(Ether Ether Ketone\) \(PEEK\) Molding and Extrusion Materials](#)

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *plate, n*—flat stock ¼ in. (6.4 mm), or greater.

3.1.2 *Polyaryletherketone (PAEK), n*—a family of semi-crystalline thermoplastics whose molecular backbone contains alternately ketone (R-CO-R) and ether groups (R-O-R). The linking group R between the functional groups consists of a 1,2-, 1,3- or 1,4-substituted aryl group.

3.1.2.1 Discussion—

Plastic materials that fall within this family include PEK, PEEK, PEKK, PEEKK and PEKEKK. These PAEK polymers differ in thermal transitions and properties. The current types 01, 02 and 03 in this standard cover shapes made from PEEK materials while the shapes produced of these three types are referred to as PAEK shapes per long standing use since 1998. In the future, other types referring to specific PAEK polymers may be added.

3.1.3 *recycled plastic shape, n*—a product made from up to 100 % recycled plastic.

3.1.4 *rod, n*—solid cylindrical shape with a minimum diameter of ⅛ in. (3.2 mm).

3.1.5 *sheet, n*—flat stock less than and including ¼ in. (6.4 mm) thickness.

3.1.6 *tubular bar, n*—annular shapes with minimum inside diameter of ⅜ in. (9.5 mm) and minimum wall thickness of ⅛ in. (1.6 mm).

3.1.7 *virgin plastic shape, n*—product that is produced from 100 % plastic resin that has not been subjected to subsequent melt processing.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 For definitions of other technical terms pertaining to plastics used in this specification, see Terminology [D883](#) or Guide [D7209](#).

4. Classification and Material

4.1 Product shape and size as defined in the applicable purchase order.

4.2 This specification covers product extruded as listed in Table S-PAEK. Products included in the designations reference Classification [D4000](#)[D8033](#) callout where applicable, for PEEK materials where applicable. Other products produced from other PAEK materials may be added in the future, with reference to appropriate ASTM [D4000](#) classification standard.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

4.2.1 The type of PAEK extruded, compression molded, and injection molded product is categorized by type, grade and class depending on resin and filler compositions as defined in Table S-PAEK.

NOTE 2—The PAEK shape producer should verify that characteristics of the PAEK material such as molecular weight parameters, viscosity and rheological properties, are suitable for the required consistency and flow patterns, for the specific shape production process used.

4.2.2 Every type of PAEK shape is categorized into one of several grades as follows:

4.2.2.1 *Grade 1 — General Purpose*—Extruded, compression molded or injection molded product made using only 100 % virgin PAEK resin.

4.2.2.2 *Grade 2 — Recycle Grade*—Extruded, compression molded or injection molded product made using any amount up to 100 % of recycled thermoplastic PAEK.

4.3 The type, class and grade is further differentiated based on dimensional stability (elevated temperature excursion test), Table S-PAEK and dimensional requirements, Tables A and B.

4.4 *Property Tables:*

4.4.1 Table S-PAEK is used to describe extruded, compression molded, and injection molded ~~products~~products for specific PAEK polymers.

4.4.2 Table 1 is also used to describe extruded, compression molded, and injection molded products not included in Table S-PAEK via a cell callout which includes the applicable Table S-PAEK PAEK type and specific properties (Designations 1 through 7).

4.4.3 To facilitate the incorporation of future or special materials not covered by the Table S-PAEK, the “as specified” category (⊖)(00) for type, class and grade is shown on the table with the basic properties to be obtained from Table 1, as they apply.

4.4.4 Reinforcements and additive materials. A symbol (single-letter) will be used for the major reinforcement or combination, or both, along with two numbers which indicate the percentage of addition by mass with the tolerances as tabulated below. This must be included in all Table 1 callouts.

Symbol	Material	Tolerance (Based on the Total Mass);
C	Carbon and graphite fiber	±2 %
G	Glass	± 2 %
L	Lubricants (for example, PTFE, graphite, silicone and molybdenum disulfide)	± 2 %
M	Mineral	± 2 %
R	Combinations of reinforcements by agreement between supplier and the user for the total reinforcement or fillers, or both	± 3 %

4.5 *Callout Designation*—A one-line system shall be used to specify PAEK ~~material~~shapes covered by this specification. The system uses predefined cells to refer to specific aspects of this specification, as illustrated below:

4.5.1 *Description:*

4.5.1.1 *Example 1*—Extruded natural PAEK extruded ~~rod~~rod from PEEK:

CELL CALLOUT: S-PAEK0111

S-PAEK01	=	Product made from PAEK resin in accordance with Table S-PAEK
<u>S-PAEK01</u>	≡	Product made from PAEK resin as called in the material designation in Table S-PAEK and meeting shape requirements in Table S-PAEK
1	=	Unfilled class
1	=	General purpose grade product

4.5.1.2 Example 2—Compression molded natural PAEK ~~plate~~ plate from PEEK.

CELL CALLOUT: S-PAEK0211

S-PAEK02	=	Product made from PAEK in accordance with Table S-PAEK
<u>S-PAEK02</u>	≡	Product made from PAEK resin as called in the material designation in Table S-PAEK and meeting stock shape requirements in accordance with Table S-PAEK
1	=	Unfilled class
1	=	General purpose grade product

4.5.2 The two examples illustrate how a one-line, ~~alpha-numerical~~ alphanumeric sequence identifies the product composition, commercial parameters and physical characteristics of extruded or compression molded product. A space must be used as a separator between the specification number and the type designation. No separators are needed between type, class and grade. When special notes are to be included, such information should be preceded by a comma. Special tolerances must be noted at time of order and are inserted after the grade in parenthesis and preceded by a comma.

5. Physical Property Requirements

5.1 The physical property values listed within this specification's tables are to be considered minimum specification values. Any requirement for specific test data for a given production lot of PAEK shape should be specified at the time of order. Physical properties for products not yet included in Table S-PAEK shall be specified using Table 1 for extruded, compression molded, and injection molded products.

6. Dimensional Requirements

6.1 The type, class, and grade is further differentiated based on dimensional stability (elevated temperature excursion test), Table S-PAEK, and dimensional requirements, Tables A and B. Products shall be produced within commercial tolerances and with the lowest stress levels for machined parts as delineated in Tables A and B for extruded products. The manner in which the tolerances are obtained is not relevant.

6.2 Tubular bar and compression molded dimensions shall be supplied in the unfinished condition, unless otherwise specified at time of order, sufficient to finish to the nominal dimension ordered.

6.3 The maximum allowable camber or bow, or both, shall be within the limits referenced in Tables A and B.

7. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

7.1 *Appearance*—The color of products shall be as published by the shapes manufacturer. They shall be uniform in color throughout the thickness. Specific colors and color matching only as agreed to by order. Physical properties may be affected by colors.

7.2 *Finish*—All products shall be free of blisters, wrinkles, cracks, gouges and defects that restrict commercial use of the product. Special surface finish shall be supplied only when specified in the purchase order or contract.

7.3 *Defects*—All products shall be free of voids, dirt, foreign material and embedded particles exceeding 1/32 in. (0.8 mm) maximum diameter as defined below.

7.3.1 The criteria for determining the internal cleanliness shall be external visual inspection. A maximum number of two internal

defects per square foot of plate/sheet and 1-ft (0.3-m) length of rod and tubular bar is allowed. Clusters of defects less than 1/32 in. (0.8 mm) diameter are to be counted as a single defect.

8. Sampling

8.1 The materials shall be sampled in accordance with a sampling procedure statistically adequate to satisfy the requirements of 12.1. A lot shall be considered as a unit of manufacture defined as a production run.

9. Number of Tests

9.1 Routine lot inspection shall consist of all the criteria specified in the applicable product tables.

9.2 The criteria listed in these product tables and definitions are sufficient to establish conformity of the sheet, plate, rod or tubular bars to this specification. When the number of test specimens is not stated in the test method, a single determination shall be made. If more than single determinations and separate portions of the same sample are made, the results shall be averaged. The final result shall conform to the requirements prescribed in this specification.

10. Test Conditions

10.1 *Conditioning of Specimens*—The specification values and dimensions are based on conditioning techniques outlined in Procedure A of Practice D618.

10.2 *Standard Temperature*—The tests shall be conducted at the standard laboratory temperature of $73.4 \pm 3.6^\circ\text{F}$ ($23 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$) and $50 \pm 10\%$ RH.

11. Test Methods

11.1 Tensile stress at break, elongation at break, and tensile modulus (tangent) in accordance with Test Method D638, at the rate of 0.2 in. (5 mm)/min.

11.1.1 All plate and sheet specimens are in accordance with Type I of Test Method D638. Testing of specimens taken in the machine flow direction is sufficient.

11.1.2 All rod specimens are in accordance with Type I of Test Method D638.

11.1.3 All tubular bar specimens are in accordance with Type I of Test Method D638.

11.2 *Dimensional Stability:*

11.2.1 *Specimen Preparation (a Minimum of Three Test Samples Required):*

11.2.1.1 *Rods and Tubular Bar*—Prepare each specimen by cutting a 1.5 in. (38 mm) long slice from the shape to be tested. The slice shall then be machined, using a coolant and good machining practices to a length of 1.000 ± 0.005 in. (25 ± 0.13 mm). Each end of the specimen shall have a machined surface.

11.2.1.2 *Plate and Sheer*—The test is not applicable to sheet under 3/16 in. (4.8 mm) thick. Each specimen shall consist of a 2 in. (51 mm) diameter disc machined from the flat (diameter shall equal test specimen thickness with a minimum of 2.0 in. (51 mm)). Use the same care in the machining as described above. The thickness of the specimen shall be that of the original flat from which it was cut, no machining being done on the top or bottom faces.

11.2.2 *Testing Procedure*—Place the specimen in an oil bath consisting of polyalkylene glycol or an air circulating oven and heated to the applicable temperature for PAEK type as noted below. Measure the outside diameter and thickness or length of the specimen as applicable at $73.4 \pm 1.8^\circ\text{F}$ ($23 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$) to the nearest 0.0001 in. (0.0025 mm). See 11.2.2.1. After 6 h, the specimen shall be allowed to slowly cool to room temperature at a rate not to exceed 40°F (22°C) per hour. Then measure the specimen at $73.4 \pm 1.8^\circ\text{F}$ ($23 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$) and calculate the percent change in each dimension.

11.2.2.1 Test temperatures:

11.3 Lengthwise Camber and Widthwise Bow:

11.3.1 Make all measurements for camber and bow using the maximum distance rod, sheet, or plate deviates from the straight line extended from edge to edge when measured in accordance with 11.3.2. The shape shall be oriented such that the weight of the product ~~doesn't~~ does not influence the results.

11.3.2 Rod, Sheet and Plate.

11.3.2.1 *Rod*—Rod will be laid on side and measured with concave side facing the straight edge. Camber is measured from the straight edge to the maximum concave point on rod. Camber shall not exceed the values of Table A for extruded or compression molded product.

11.3.2.2 *Sheet and Plate up to and Including 5/8 in. (16 mm) Thick*—Plate up to and including 5/8 in. (16 mm) in thickness shall meet the requirements of Table B for extruded or compression molded products with a straight edge, positioned in a lengthwise and widthwise direction, with the plate standing on its edge.

11.3.2.3 *Sheet and Plate Greater than 5/8 in. (16 mm) Thick*—Plate above 5/8 in. (16 mm) thick shall not exceed the requirements of Table B for extruded or compression product on the lengthwise ends and widthwise edges when laid on a flat surface (crown side down).

11.4 Squareness (Based on a 4 ft (1200 mm) Nominal Length):

11.4.1 Measure and compare diagonal lengths (corner to corner). Accept the product if the difference is 1/16 in. (1.6 mm) or less and the measured minimums diagonal meets the following requirements: 1 ft (0.3 m) wide is 49-1/2 in. (125.5 cm) minimum; 2 ft (0.6 m) wide is 53-3/4 in. (136.5 cm) minimum; and 4 ft (1.2 m) wide is 68-in. (1727-mm) minimum.

11.4.2 If the diagonal difference exceeds 1/16 in. (1.6 mm) proceed to measure the gap (that is the deviation from a 2 ft (60 cm) framing square). The maximum allowable gap shall not exceed 1/8 in. (3.2 mm) except for the 1 ft (30 cm) wide sizes of sheet and plate that should not exceed 1/16 in. (1.6 mm).

11.5 Flexural modulus shall be in accordance with Test Method D790, specimen 1/4 in. (6.4 mm) thick maximum, testing speed 0.11 in. (2.9 mm)/min.

11.6 Izod impact shall be in accordance with Fig. 4 of Test Method D256 notched, 1/4 in. (6.4 mm) thick maximum specimen.

12. Certification

12.1 When requested at the time of order, the purchaser shall be furnished a certification that the lot is made from the required ~~peek~~PAEK plastic material (percent recycle, if applicable) and meets the requirements of this specification.

13. Packing, Packaging, and Marketing

13.1 All packing, packaging, and marking provisions of Practice D3892 shall apply to this specification.

14. Ordering Information

14.1 All shapes covered by this standard shall be ordered using the proper callout designation (see 4.5).

15. Keywords

15.1 PAEK; PEEK; PEKK; plates-PAEK; recycled-PAEK; recycled plastic; rod-PAEK; shapes-PAEK; sheet-PAEK; tubular bar-PAEK

TABLE S-PAEK Requirements for PAEK (Poly(aryl ether ketone)) Shapes⁴

Type	Description	Class	Description	Grade	Applicable Classification D4000 Callout	Description	Ultimate Tensile Stress, psi (MPa), min	Tensile Elongation, % at break, min	Tensile Modulus, psi (MPa), min	Dimensional Stability, max, %	
Type ^B	Description	Class	Description	Grade	Applicable Material Callout	Description	Ultimate Tensile Stress, psi (MPa), min	Tensile Elongation, % at break, min	Tensile Modulus, psi (MPa), min	Dimensional Stability, max, %	
04	Extruded	4	Unfilled	4	PAEK0000000 D42070	General Purpose	15 000 (103)	20	500 000 (3448)	0.4	
	01	Extruded PEEK	1	Unfilled	1	ASTM D8033 PEEK0111 or ASTM D8033 PEEK0121 or ASTM D8033 PEEK0131 or ASTM D8033 PEEK0132	General Purpose	15 000 (103)	20	500 000 (3448)	0.4
		2	30 % Glass fiber	4	PAEK0000 G30D84300	General Purpose	13 000 (90)	4	900 000 (6207)	0.4	
		2	30 % Glass fiber	1	ASTM D8033 PEEK012GF30	General Purpose	13 000 (90)	1	900 000 (6207)	0.4	
		3	30 % Carbon fiber	4	PAEK0000 G30G85300	General Purpose	22 000 (151)	4	1 100 000 (7586)	0.4	
		3	30 % Carbon fiber	1	ASTM D8033 PEEK012CF30	General Purpose	22 000 (151)	1	1 100 000 (7586)	0.4	
		4	Bearing Grade	4	PAEK0000 R30D73200	General Purpose	8000 (55)	4	800 000 (5517)	0.4	
		4	Bearing Grade	1	ASTM D8033 PEEK021R30	General Purpose	8000 (55)	1	800 000 (5517)	0.4	
		0	As specified	0	Recycled	Recycled	
02	Compression-Molded	4	Unfilled	4	PAEK0000000 D42070	General Purpose	10 000 (69)	2	400 000 (2758)	0.4	
	02	Compression Molded PEEK	1	Unfilled	1	ASTM D8033 PEEK0111 or ASTM D8033 PEEK0121 or ASTM D8033 PEEK0131 or ASTM D8033 PEEK0132	General Purpose	10 000 (69)	2	400 000 (2758)	0.4
		2	30 % Glass fiber	4	PAEK0000 G30D84300	General Purpose	11 000 (76)	4	425 000 (2930)	0.4	
		2	30 % Glass fiber	1	ASTM D8033 PEEK012GF30	General Purpose	11 000 (76)	1	425 000 (2930)	0.4	
		3	30 % Carbon fiber	4	PAEK0000 G30G85300	General Purpose	15 000 (103)	4	500 000 (3448)	0.4	
		3	30 % Carbon fiber	1	ASTM D8033 PEEK012CF30	General Purpose	15 000 (103)	1	500 000 (3448)	0.4	
		4	Bearing Grade	4	PAEK0000 R30D73200	General Purpose	10 000 (69)	4	400 000 (2758)	0.4	