

Designation: F1960 - 23a F1960 - 23b

An American National Standard

Standard Specification for Cold Expansion Fittings with PEX Reinforcing Rings for Use with Cross-linked Polyethylene (PEX) and Polyethylene of Raised Temperature (PE-RT) Tubing¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F1960; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers cold expansion fittings and cross-linked (PEX) reinforcing rings for use with cross-linked polyethylene (PEX) plastic tubing in nominal tubing sizes of $\frac{3}{8}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, 1, 1½, 2, 2½, and 3 in. that meet the requirements of Specification F876 or F3253 and for use with Polyethylene of Raised Temperature (PE-RT) pipe in nominal tubing sizes of $\frac{3}{8}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, 1, 1½, 1½, 2, 2½, and 3 that meet the requirements of Specification F2769. These fittings are intended for use in 100 psi (690 kPa) cold- and hot-water distribution systems operating at temperatures up to and including 180 °F (82 °C). The system is comprised of a PEX reinforcing ring and a cold expansion fitting. Included are the requirements for materials, workmanship, dimensions, and markings to be used on the fitting components. The components covered by this specification are intended for use in residential and commercial, hot and cold, potable water distribution systems as well as building supply lines, sealed central heating, including under-floor-heating systems.
- 1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A351/A351M Specification for Castings, Austenitic, for Pressure-Containing Parts

B16/B16M Specification for Free-Cutting Brass Rod, Bar and Shapes for Use in Screw Machines

B62 Specification for Composition Bronze or Ounce Metal Castings

B75/B75M Specification for Seamless Copper Tube

B140/B140M Specification for Copper-Zinc-Lead (Red Brass or Hardware Bronze) Rod, Bar, and Shapes

B283/B283M Specification for Copper and Copper-Alloy Die Forgings (Hot-Pressed)

B371/B371M Specification for Copper-Zinc-Silicon Alloy Rod

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.10 on Fittings Current edition approved April 1, 2023Sept. 1, 2023. Published April 2023September 2023. Originally approved in 1999. Last previous edition approved in 2023 as F1960 – 23a. DOI: 10.1520/F1960-23A:10.1520/F1960-23B.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.



B453/B453M Specification for Copper-Zinc-Lead Alloy (Leaded-Brass) Rod, Bar, and Shapes

B584 Specification for Copper Alloy Sand Castings for General Applications

B927/B927M Specification for Brass Rod, Bar, and Shapes

B967/B967M Specification for Copper-Zinc-Tin-Bismuth Alloy Rod, Bar and Wire

D792 Test Methods for Density and Specific Gravity (Relative Density) of Plastics by Displacement

D1505 Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density-Gradient Technique

D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics

D2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings

D2765 Test Methods for Determination of Gel Content and Swell Ratio of Crosslinked Ethylene Plastics

D2837 Test Method for Obtaining Hydrostatic Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Materials or Pressure Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Products

D6358 Classification System and Basis for Specification for Poly (Phenylene Sulfide) (PPS) Injection Molding, Extrusion and Blow Molding Materials Using ISO Methods

D6394 Classification System for and Basis for Specification for Sulfone Plastics (SP)

F412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems

F876 Specification for Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing

F877 Specification for Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX) Hot- and Cold-Water Distribution Systems

F2769 Specification for Polyethylene of Raised Temperature (PE-RT) Plastic Hot and Cold-Water Tubing and Distribution Systems

F3253 Specification for Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing with Oxygen Barrier for Hot- and Cold-Water Hydronic Distribution Systems

2.2 ANSI Standard:

B1.20 Pipe Threads General Purpose³

B16.18 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings

B16.22 Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings

2.3 NSF Standards:

NSF 14 for Plastic Piping Components and Related Materials⁴

NSF 61 for Drinking Water System Components-Health Effects⁴

2.4 Manufacturers' Standardization Society Standards:

SP-104 Wrought Copper Solder Joint Pressure Fittings⁵

2.5 ISO Standards:⁶

ISO 9080 Plastics piping and ducting systems -- Determination of the long-term hydrostatic strength of thermoplastics materials in pipe form by extrapolation

ISO 12162 Thermoplastics materials for pipes and fittings for pressure applications –Classification, designation and design coefficient plants tell already standards/sist/c6356b72-d6c7-4cid-90fb-d0b704ad40d1/astm-f1960-23b

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions:
- 3.1.1 Definitions are in accordance with Terminology F412 and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology D1600, unless otherwise indicated.
- 3.1.2 PEX reinforcing rings—cross-linked polyethylene rings used to add contraction force around the cold expansion fittings.

4. Classification

4.1 This specification covers one class of cold expansion fittings with PEX reinforcing rings suitable for use with PEX tubing that meets the requirements of Specification F876 or F3253 and with PE-RT tubing that meets the requirements of Specification F2769.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 Cold expansion fittings shall be made from one of the following materials:

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org

⁴ Available from NSF International, P.O. Box 130140, 789 N. Dixboro Rd., Ann Arbor, MI 48113-0140, http://www.nsf.org.

⁵ Available from Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry (MSS), 127 Park St., NE, Vienna, VA 22180-4602, http://www.mss-hq.com.

⁶ Available from International Organization for Standardization (ISO), ISO Central Secretariat, BIBC II, Chemin de Blandonnet 8, CP 401, 1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland, http://www.iso.org.



5.1.1 Brass:

5.1.1.1 *Machined Brass*—Machined brass fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of one of the following listed below:

Specification
ASTM B16/B16M
ASTM B140/B140M
ASTM B371/B371M
Standard EN 12164
ASTM B453/B453M
ASTM B927/B927M
ASTM B967/B967M

Alloy UNS C36000 UNS C31400 UNS C69300, C69850 CW614N UNS C35300 UNS C27450, C27451 UNS C49260, C49340

- 5.1.1.2 *Forged Brass*—Forged brass fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification B283/B283M, Copper Alloy UNS Nos. C27450, C27451, C27453, C35330, C36500, C37700, C46400, C46500, C48600, C49260, C49340, C69300, or C69850.
- 5.1.1.3 *Cast Copper Alloys*—Cast copper alloy fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification B584, Copper Alloy UNS Nos. C84400, C83800, C87850 or C89844 or C89836 or Specification B62, Copper Alloy UNS No. C83600, or Standard EN 1982, copper alloy EN Symbol CuSn4Zn6Pb3—C.
- 5.1.2 Sulfone:
- 5.1.2.1 20 % Glass-Filled Polysulfone—Polysulfone fittings produced using glass reinforcement shall be molded from polysulfone materials as specified in Classification D6394. The polymers shall consist of polysulfone and glass fiber and meet the following line call out for additional properties (SP0110G20A30430).
- 5.1.2.2 *Unreinforced Sulfone Plastic (SP)*—Fittings shall be molded from sulfone plastic (SP) as specified in Classification D6394. The material shall be unreinforced polysulfone (group 01, class 1, grade 2), or polyphenylsulfone (group 3, class 1, grade 2.) or unreinforced polyphenylsulfone/polysulfone blends (group 04, class 1, grade 2) or reworked plastic in accordance with 5.1.2.3.
- 5.1.2.3 Clean rework material of the same commercial designation, generated for the manufacturer's own production may be used by the same manufacturer, provided the fittings meet all of the requirements of this specification. Rework material shall not be introduced at a ratio exceeding 25%.
- 5.1.3 Polyphenylene sulfide (PPS):
- 5.1.3.1 *Unreinforced Polyphenylene sulfide (PPS)*—Fittings shall be molded from unreinforced Polyphenylene sulfide (PPS) as specified in Classification D6358. The polymers shall consist of PPS and meet the following line call out for additional properties (PPS0000B32240).
- 5.1.3.2 Clean rework material of the same commercial designation, generated for the manufacturer's own production may be used by the same manufacturer, provided the fittings meet all of the requirements of this specification. Rework material shall not be introduced at a ratio exceeding 25 %.

Note 1—All wetted and pressure carrying polymeric materials used to manufacture the fittings should be suitable for the intended applications, that is, hot and cold potable water plumbing systems, in addition to the performance requirements of this specification. Those qualifying characteristics include but are not limited to an established hydrostatic design basis (HDB) in accordance with Test Method D2837 or a minimum required stress (MRS) in accordance with ISO 9080/ ISO 12162 and a demonstration of resistance to the long-term effects of those chemicals normally found in water conveyed in these applications (for example, disinfectants such as sodium hypochlorite used in potable water) at the maximum temperature stated in this specification.

- 5.2 Reinforcing rings shall be made from PEX material meeting the performance requirements of 6.1.
- 5.3 Stainless Steel—fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification A351/A351M, stainless steel UNS No. J92800 or UNS J92600.



5.4 Wrought Copper—Wrought copper fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification B75/B75M for one of the following coppers: copper UNS C10200, C10300, C10800, or C12200.

6. General Requirements

- 6.1 General—All performance tests shall be performed on assemblies of fittings, PEX reinforcing rings and PEX or PE-RT tubing. Fittings and reinforcing rings shall meet the material and dimensional requirements of this specification. PEX tubing shall meet the requirements of Specification F876 or F3253. PE-RT tubing shall meet the requirements of Specification F2769. Assembly of test specimens shall be in accordance with 10.1. Each assembly shall contain at least two joints. Use separate sets of assemblies for each performance test requirement.
- 6.1.1 Fitting manufactured according to this specification and intended for use with PEX tubing meeting requirements of Specification F876, shall comply with the following performance requirements of Specification F877. When a section with an identical title appears in this specification, it contains additional requirements that supplement those found in Specification F877.
- 6.1.1.1 Requirements,
- 6.1.1.2 Test Methods, and
- 6.1.1.3 Retest and Rejection.
- 6.1.2 Fittings, manufactured according to this specification and intended for use with PE-RT tubing meeting the requirements of Specification F2769, shall comply with the following performance requirements of Specification F2769. When a section with an identical title appears in this Specification, it contains additional requirements that supplement those found in Specification F2769.
- 6.1.2.1 Requirements,
- 6.1.2.2 Test Methods, and
- 6.1.2.3 Retest and Rejection.

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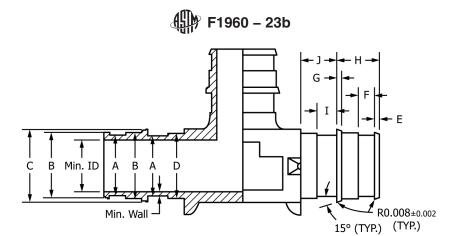
6.2 *Dimensions*—Any randomly selected fitting or fittings and PEX reinforcing rings shall be used to determine dimensions. Measurements shall be made in accordance with Test Method D2122, except determine diameter by making measurements at four locations spaced at approximately 45° apart around the circumference. Inspection and gauging of solder joint ends shall be accordance with ANSI B16.18, ANSI B16.22, or Manufacturers' Standardization Society SP-104.

7. Performance Requirements

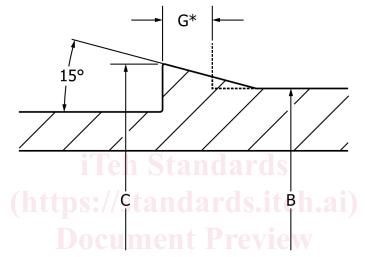
- 7.1 PEX Reinforcing Rings:
- 7.1.1 *Density*—When determined in accordance with 11.1, the PEX reinforcing rings shall have a density in the range from 926 to 940 kg/m³.
- 7.1.2 *Degree of Cross-linking*—When tested in accordance with 11.2, the degree of cross-linking for PEX reinforcing rings shall be within the range from 70 to 89% inclusive.
- 7.1.3 Stabilizer Functionality—Thermal Oxidative Resistance—The material used to make the PEX rings shall meet the stabilizer functionality—thermal oxidative resistance requirements as defined in 11.3 of this specification.

8. Dimensions

- 8.1 *Dimensions and Tolerances*—The dimensions and tolerances of fittings and PEX reinforcing rings shall be as shown in Figs. 1 and 2, and Fig. 4 when measured in accordance with 6.2.
- 8.1.1 Alignment—The maximum angular variation of any opening shall not exceed 1° off the true centerline axis.
- 8.1.2 Fittings with Solder Joint Ends—Solder joint ends shall be in accordance with ANSI B16.22, ANSI B16.18 or MSS SP-104.



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*Maximum width of dimension "G" allowed to transition to surface of dimension "B"

Brass, Stainless Steel and Wrought Copper Dimensions												
Nominal	Min.	Min.	Α	В	C	D	E	F	140 G 1 /	Н	1	J
https://stan/Tubing.iteh.ai/catalog/ Sizes	St Wall	dSiDist	max min	max min	max4 min	max min	max min	max min	40min	max min	9 max 2 min	3 max min
3/8	0.047	0.260	0.395 0.375	0.441 0.433	0.480 0.472	0.427 0.407	0.067 0.051	0.128 0.108	0.051	0.325 0.305	0.127 0.107	0.286 0.266
1/2	0.057	0.378	0.533 0.513	0.579 0.571	0.618 0.610	0.565 0.545	0.067 0.051	0.128 0.108	0.051	0.404 0.384	0.167 0.147	0.325 0.305
5/8	0.057	0.500	0.655 0.635	0.697 0.689	0.748 0.740	0.683 0.663	0.067 0.051	0.167 0.147	0.051	0.482 0.462	0.207 0.187	0.404 0.384
3/4	0.057	0.595	0.748 0.728	0.795 0.787	0.874 0.866	0.782 0.762	0.067 0.051	0.207 0.187	0.051	0.522 0.502	0.246 0.226	0.443 0.423
1	0.072	0.795	0.985 0.965	1.032 1.024	1.110 1.102	0.998 0.978	0.067 0.051	0.246 0.226	0.051	0.640 0.620	0.285 0.265	0.561 0.541
11/4	0.075	0.960	1.159 1.139	1.276 1.266	1.362 1.352	1.237 1.217	0.080 0.064	0.299 0.279	0.064	0.781 0.761	0.348 0.328	0.684 0.664
11/2	0.095	1.084	1.324 1.304	1.382 1.374	1.494 1.486	1.349 1.329	0.093 0.077	0.351 0.331	0.077	0.919 0.899	0.408 0.388	0.805 0.785
2	0.095	1.550	1.800 1.780	1.958 1.950	2.079 2.071	1.891 1.871	0.093 0.077	0.467 0.447	0.077	1.137 1.117	0.521 0.501	1.030 1.010
21/2	0.105	1.990	2.280 2.260	2.430 2.410	2.585 2.565	2.430 2.410	0.155 0.135	0.610 0.590	0.160	1.520 1.480	0.610 0.590	1.350 1.310
3	0.115	2.410	2.720 2.700	2.910 2.890	3.080 3.060	2.910 2.890	0.180 0.160	0.710 0.690	0.190	1.810 1.770	0.720 0.700	1.610 1.570



FIG. 1 Brass and Stainless Steel and Wrought Copper Insert Dimensions and Tolerances

8.1.3 Tapered Threaded Ends—Fitting threads shall be right-hand conforming to ANSI B1.20.1. They shall be taper threads (NPT).

9. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

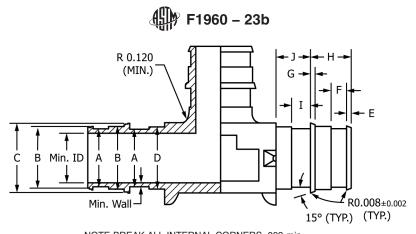
9.1 The fittings shall be made from compounds that are homogeneous throughout. The sealing surfaces of the insert shall be smooth and free of foreign material. The fitting walls shall be free of cracks, holes, blisters, voids, foreign inclusions, or other defects that are visible to the naked eye and that affect wall integrity.

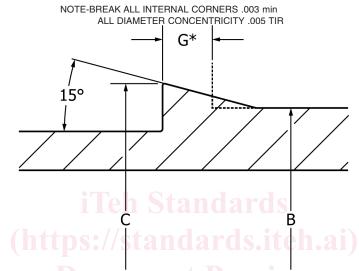
10. Assembly

- 10.1 *Cold Expansion Joints*—Fittings shall be joined to PEX or PE-RT tubing by the contraction of the expanded tubing and reinforcing ring over the insert of the cold expansion fitting. Fittings and PEX reinforcing rings shall meet the dimensional and material requirements of this standard. PEX tubing shall meet the requirements of Specification F876 or F3253. PE-RT tubing shall meet the requirements of Specification F2769.
- 10.2 *Expansion Tool*—The expansion tool shall expand the PEX tubing and reinforcing ring to a maximum inside diameter as listed in Table 1. The expanded tubing shall be round to ensure uniform contraction of the tubing around the cold expansion fitting. The expansion tool shall be inspected for wear according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- 10.3 Procedure:
- 10.3.1 Assembly of Connections—Refer to manufacturers written installation instructions.

11. Reinforcing Ring Testing Methods

- 11.1 *Density*—Determine the density of the reinforcing ring material in accordance with Test Method D1505, or Test Method D792, using three specimens.
- 11.2 Degree of Cross-Linking—Determine the degree of cross-linking in accordance with Test Methods D2765, Method B except for the following: during sample preparation, place a reinforcing ring in a lathe with automatic feeding. Shave a strip approximately 0.004 in.-thick that consists of the full thickness of the ring. For the purpose of this specification, the degree of cross-linking (V) is defined as 100 % minus the extract percent = V.
- 11.3 <u>Stabilizer Functionality Test—Thermal Oxidative Resistance—</u>The PEX reinforcing ring <u>materialcompound</u> shall be evaluated for <u>stabilizer functionality</u> thermal oxidative resistance by one of the two methods described in this section.
- 11.3.1 Significance—This test need only be performed for original validation of a PEX reinforcing ring compound.
- 11.3.2 Method 1: Stabilizer Functionality Test:
- 11.3.2.1 The materialcompound used to make the PEX reinforcing rings shall meet the stabilizer functionality requirements of Specification F876.
 - 11.3.3 Method 2: Oven Exposure Test:
 - 11.3.3.1 The compound used to make the PEX reinforcing rings shall meet the oven exposure test requirements when evaluated as described in 11.3.3.2, 11.3.3.3 and 11.3.3.4.
 - 11.3.3.2 *Test Samples*—Six (6) samples shall be tested. A test sample shall consist of a reinforcing ring produced from the PEX compound to be qualified, a piece of PEX tube of the same nominal size as the test reinforcing ring with a minimum length of 6 in. and meeting the requirements of Specification F876 or F3253 and a fitting of the same nominal size as the test reinforcing ring which complies with this specification (ASTM F1960). The PEX tube and sample reinforcing ring shall be assembled onto the F1960 fitting using tools and procedures recommended by the reinforcing ring manufacturer.





*Maximum width of dimension "G" allowed to transition to surface of dimension "B"

Sulfone and Polyphenylene Sulfide Dimensions													
Nominal Tubing Sizes	Min. Wall	Min. ID	A max min	B max min	C Amax min	D max min	E max min	F max min	G min	H max min	l max min	J max min	Max Flash and Mismatch
3/8	0.047	0.268	0.402	0.441	0.480	0.427	0.067	0.128	VID-avi	0.325	0.128	0.306	30-230
			0.382	0.433	0.472	0.407	0.051	0.108	0.051	0.305	0.108	0.266	0.005
1/2	0.057	0.385	0.540	0.579	0.618	0.565	0.067	0.128		0.404	0.167	0.345	
			0.520	0.571	0.610	0.545	0.051	0.108	0.051	0.384	0.147	0.305	0.005
5/8	0.057	0.494	0.648	0.697	0.748	0.683	0.067	0.167		0.482	0.207	0.424	
			0.628	0.689	0.740	0.663	0.051	0.147	0.051	0.462	0.187	0.384	0.005
3/4	0.057	0.590	0.755	0.795	0.874	0.782	0.067	0.207		0.522	0.246	0.463	
			0.735	0.787	0.866	0.762	0.051	0.187	0.051	0.502	0.226	0.423	0.005
1	0.072	0.788	0.992	1.032	1.110	0.998	0.067	0.246		0.640	0.286	0.581	
			0.972	1.024	1.102	0.978	0.051	0.226	0.051	0.620	0.266	0.541	0.005
11/4	0.075	0.970	1.159	1.276	1.362	1.237	0.080	0.299		0.781	0.348	0.704	
			1.139	1.266	1.352	1.217	0.064	0.279	0.064	0.761	0.328	0.664	0.005
11/2	0.095	1.084	1.328	1.382	1.494	1.349	0.093	0.351		0.919	0.408	0.825	
			1.308	1.374	1.486	1.329	0.077	0.331	0.077	0.899	0.388	0.785	0.005
2	0.128	1.484	1.800	1.958	2.079	1.891	0.093	0.467		1.137	0.521	1.050	0.005
			1.780	1.950	2.071	1.871	0.077	0.447	0.077	1.117	0.501	1.010	
2½ 0.175	0.175	1.850	2.280	2.430	2.585	2.430	0.155	0.610		1.520	0.610	1.350	0.005
			2.260	2.410	2.565	2.410	0.135	0.590	0.160	1.480	0.590	1.310	
3	0.210	2.220	2.720	2.910	3.080	2.910	0.180	0.710		1.810	0.720	1.610	0.005
			2.700	2.890	3.060	2.890	0.160	0.690	0.190	1.770	0.700	1.570	

FIG. 2 Sulfone and Polyphenylene Sulfide Insert Dimensions and Tolerances