

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 105-B03:1999

01-marec-1999

Tekstilije - Preskušanje barvne obstojnosti - Del B03: Barvna obstojnost proti vremenskim vplivom: Izpostavljanje zunanjim pogojem (ISO 105-B03:1994)

Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part B03: Colour fastness to weathering: Outdoor exposure (ISO 105-B03:1994)

Textilien - Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil B03: Farbechtheit gegen Bewetterung: Bewetterung im Freien (ISO 105-B03:1994), RD PREVIEW

Textiles - Essais de solidité des teintures - Partie B03: Solidité des teintures aux intempéries: Exposition en plein air (ISQ 105-B03;1994)

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 105-b03-1999

ICS:

59.080.01 Tekstilije na splošno Textiles in general

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 105-B03

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

April 1997

ICS 59.080.01

Descriptors:

see ISO document

English version

Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part B03: Colour fastness to weathering: Outdoor exposure (ISO 105-B03:1994)

Textiles - Essais de solidité des teintures JARD PRE Textilien / Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil B03: Partie B03: Solidité des teintures aux ARD PRE farbechtheit gegen Bewetterung: Bewetterung im (ISO 105-B03:1994)

(ISO 105-B03:1994)

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This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1997-03-28. CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

The European Standards exist in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

CEN

European Committee for Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Europäisches Komitee für Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart,36 B-1050 Brussels

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Foreword

The text of the International Standard from Technical Committee ISO/TC 38 "Textiles" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) has been taken over as an European Standard by Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textiles and textile products", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 1997, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 1997.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard ISO 105-B03:1994 has been approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification. DPREVIEW

NOTE: Normative references to International Standards are listed in annex ZA (normative).

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Annex ZA (normative)
Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN</u>	<u>Year</u>
ISO 105-A01	1994	Textiles - Test for colour fastness - Part A01: General principles of testing	EN ISO 105-A01	1995
ISO 105-A02	1993	Textiles - Test for colour fastness - Part A02: Grey scale for assessing change in colour	EN 20105-A02	1994
ISO 105-C01	1989	Textiles - Test for colour fastness - Part C01: Colour fastness to washing: Test 1	EN 20105-C01	1992

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 105-B03

> Fourth edition 1994-11-15

Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part B03:

Colour fastness to weathering: Outdoor iTeh StexposureRD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

Textiles - Essais de solidité des teintures -

https://standards.itelpartie B03: Solidité des teintures aux intempéries: Exposition en plein air b3fc3e1287be/sist-en-iso-105-b03-1999



ISO 105-B03:1994(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75% of the member bodies casting EVEW a vote.

International Standard ISO 105-B03 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, Textiles, Subcommittee SC 1, Tests for coloured textiles and colorants.

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This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (included in 999 ISO 105-B03:1988), of which it constitutes a technical revision.

ISO 105 was previously published in thirteen "parts", each designated by a letter (e.g. "Part A"), with publication dates between 1978 and 1985. Each part contained a series of "sections", each designated by the respective part letter and by a two-digit serial number (e.g. "Section A01"). These sections are now being republished as separate documents, themselves designated "parts" but retaining their earlier alphanumeric designations. A complete list of these parts is given in ISO 105-A01.

Annex A of this part of ISO 105 is for information only.

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Textiles — Tests for colour fastness —

Part B03:

Colour fastness to weathering: Outdoor exposure

Scope

This part of ISO 105 specifies a method intended for determining the resistance of the colour of textiles of all kinds except loose fibres to the action of weather as determined by outdoor exposure. ANDARD

is given in annex A.

Normative references dards iteh ai/catalog/standards/sist/that of the blue wool references.

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 105. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 105 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 105-A01:1994, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A01: General principles of testing.

ISO 105-A02:1993, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A02: Grey scale for assessing change in colour.

ISO 105-B01:1994, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part B01: Colour fastness to light: Daylight.

ISO 105-C01:1989, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part C01: Colour fastness to washing: Test 1.

Principle

Specimens of the textile are exposed under specified conditions in the open air without any protection from weathering. At the same time and in the same place, eight dyed blue wool references are ex-General information on colour fastness to light Sill posed to daylight but are protected from rain, snow, etc., by a sheet of glass. The fastness is assessed by SIST EN ISO 105-B0 comparing the change in colour of the specimen with

- **3.2** The wide variations in conditions under which outdoor exposures are usually carried out make it desirable to make replicate exposures starting at different times of the year. The most reliable indication of weathering fastness is obtained by taking the mean of the assessment of several exposures.
- The term "change in colour" includes not only true "fading", i.e. destruction of dyes, but also changes in hue, chroma, lightness or any combination of these characteristics of colour. If the difference in colour is a change of hue or lightness, this can be indicated by adding abbreviations, as follows, to the numerical colour fastness rating:

= bluer

= yellower

= greener

= redder

D = duller

= brighter