INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

IEC 60601-2-33 Edition 4.0 2022-08

MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT -

Part 2-33: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of magnetic resonance equipment for medical diagnosis

INTERPRETATION SHEET 1

This interpretation sheet has been prepared by subcommittee 62B: Medical imaging equipment, software, and systems, of IEC technical committee 62: Medical equipment, software, and systems.

The text of this interpretation sheet is based on the following documents:

DISH	Report on voting
62B/1315/DISH 2-33	20262B/1319/RVDISH

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8595df40-72ef-46b9-bf9f-cafa5a6badf3/iec-

Full information on the voting for the approval of this interpretation sheet can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

Definition 201.3.214 (EFFECTIVE STIMULUS DURATION $t_{s,eff}$ **)**

The definition is clarified by the following:

- a) It is important to consider that the magnetic field gradient displayed in Figure 201.101 can be realized by simultaneous activation of multiple GRADIENT UNITS.
- b) The concept of $t_{s,eff}$ applies both to cardiac stimulation and peripheral nerve stimulation.
- c) The appropriate timescale for evaluating the duration of monotonic increase or decrease of the GRADIENT OUTPUT is in the order of the chronaxie. When a discrete time-segment based approach is used for numerical evaluation, one or more discrete time segments deviating from monotonic increase or decrease will likely not reset $t_{s,eff}$ nor modify the likelihood of stimulation. Application of a filter as suggested in Annex AA (Formula AA.22) can prevent unintentional misinterpretation of monotonicity.