

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 105-E11:1999

01-marec-1999

Tekstilije - Preskušanje barvne obstojnosti - Del E11: Barvna obstojnost proti parjenju (ISO 105-E11:1994)

Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part E11: Colour fastness to steaming (ISO 105-E11:1994)

Textilien - Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil E11: Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil E11: Farbechtheit gegen Dämpfen (ISO 105-E11:1994) PREVIEW

Textiles - Essais de solidité des teintures - Partie E11: Solidité des teintures au vaporisage a la pression atmosphérique (ISO 105-E11;1994)

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 105-e11-1999 EN ISO 105-E11:1996

ICS:

59.080.01 Tekstilije na splošno

Textiles in general

SIST EN ISO 105-E11:1999

en

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 105-E11

December 1996

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

ICS 59.080.10

Descriptors:

see ISO document

English version

SIST EN ISO 105-E11:1999

Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part E11: Colour fastness to steaming (ISO 105-E11:1994)

Textiles - Essais de solidité des teintures **DARD PRE** Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil E11: Partie E11: Solidité des teintures au DARD PRE Farbechtheit gegen Dämpfen (ISO 105-E11:1994) vaporisage à la pression atmosphérique (ISO 105-E11:1994) **(standards.iteh.ai)**

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Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

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CEN

European Committee for Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Europäisches Komitee für Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

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Foreword

The text of the International Standard from Technical Committee ISO/TC 38 "Textiles" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) has been taken over as an European Standard by Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textile and textile products", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 1997, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 1997.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard ISO 105-E11 1994 has been approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification. (standards.iteh.ai)

NOTE: Normative references to International Standards are listed in annex ZA (normative).

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Annex ZA (normative) Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	Title	EN	<u>Year</u>
ISO 105-A01	1994	Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part A01: General principles of testing	EN ISO 105-A01	1995
ISO 105-A03	1993 I	Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part A03: Grey scale for assessing staining Fen STANDARD PREVIE (standards.iteh.ai)	EN 20105-A03	1994

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Third edition 1994-09-15

Textiles — Tests for colour fastness —

Part E11: Colour fastness to steaming iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

(standards.iteh.ai) Textiles — Essais de solidité des teintures —

Partie-E11: Solidité des teintures au vaporisage à la pression https://standards.itell.arcatalog/standards/sist/7b8b0fde-0ef1-4c11-9b2d-32ffa984cd95/sist-en-iso-105-e11-1999



Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting, VIR, W a vote.

International Standard ISO 105-E11 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, Textiles, Subcommittee SC 1, Tests for coloured textiles and colorants.

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This third edition cancels and replaces⁴cdthesist-second⁰⁵-edition⁹⁹ (ISO 105-E11:1987), of which it constitutes a technical revision.

ISO 105 was previously published in thirteen "parts", each designated by a letter (e.g. "Part A"), with publication dates between 1978 and 1985. Each part contained a series of "sections", each designated by the respective part letter and by a two-digit serial number (e.g. "Section A01"). These sections are now being republished as separate documents, themselves designated "parts" but retaining their earlier alphanumeric designations. A complete list of these parts is given in ISO 105-A01.

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International Organization for Standardization

Textiles — Tests for colour fastness —

Part E11: Colour fastness to steaming

Scope 1

This part of ISO 105 specifies a method for determining the resistance of the colour of textiles of all kinds and in all forms to the action of steam under 11eh SIANDA atmospheric pressure.

Principle 3

A specimen of the textile in contact with specified adjacent fabrics is rolled into a cylinder and placed in the neck of a flask containing boiling water. The staining of the adjacent fabrics is assessed by comparison with the grey scale.

(standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 105-EA:19Apparatus

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2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 105. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 105 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 105-A01:1994, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A01: General principles of testing.

ISO 105-A03:1993, Textiles - Tests for colour fastness — Part A03: Grey scale for assessing staining.

ISO 105-F:1985, Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part F: Standard adjacent fabrics.

32ffa984cd95/sist-en-iso-105-e11-1999 **4.1 Glass tube**, open at both ends, with 30 mm inside diameter, mounted in a cork stopper and fitted into the neck of a wide-neck conical flask of about 2 litres capacity. A wire ring is fixed in the cork stopper, with the loop covered with a thin fabric to catch spray. The flask contains about 0,5 litre of water, to which some small beads are added (see figure 1).

> 4.2 Adjacent fabric, complying with the relevant sections F01 to F08 of ISO 105-F:1985, measuring 40 mm × 100 mm, of the same fibre as the specimen.1)

> 4.3 Two cotton adjacent fabrics, complying with section F02 of ISO 105-F:1985, each measuring 40 mm × 100 mm ¹⁾.

4.4 Undyed scoured wool felt.

4.5 Grey scale for assessing staining, complying with ISO 105-A03.

¹⁾ The length of 100 mm may be reduced if the fabric to be tested is too thick for the cylinder to be inserted into the tube. To facilitate rolling, stitch the composite specimen at one end.