

Edition 1.0 2023-03

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE



Industrial networks – Profiles – Part 2-0: Additional real-time fieldbus profiles based on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 – General concepts and terminology

Réseaux industriels – Profils – C 61784-2-0:2023

Partie 2-0: Profils de bus de terrain supplémentaires pour les réseaux en temps réel fondés sur l'ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 – Concepts généraux et terminologie





# THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED Copyright © 2023 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

Droits de reproduction réservés. Sauf indication contraire, aucune partie de cette publication ne peut être reproduite ni utilisée sous quelque forme que ce soit et par aucun procédé, électronique ou mécanique, y compris la photocopie et les microfilms, sans l'accord écrit de l'IEC ou du Comité national de l'IEC du pays du demandeur. Si vous avez des questions sur le copyright de l'IEC ou si vous désirez obtenir des droits supplémentaires sur cette publication, utilisez les coordonnées ci-après ou contactez le Comité national de l'IEC de votre pays de résidence.

IEC Secretariat 3, rue de Varembé CH-1211 Geneva 20 Switzerland Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11 info@iec.ch www.iec.ch

#### About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

#### About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigendum or an amendment might have been published.

#### IEC publications search - webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee, ...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

#### IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and once a month by email.

#### IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: sales@iec.ch.

#### IEC Products & Services Portal - products.iec.ch

Discover our powerful search engine and read freely all the publications previews. With a subscription you will always have access to up to date content tailored to your needs.

#### Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary on electrotechnology, containing more than 22 300 terminological entries in English and French, with equivalent terms in 19 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

#### A propos de l'IEC

La Commission Electrotechnique Internationale (IEC) est la première organisation mondiale qui élabore et publie des Normes internationales pour tout ce qui a trait à l'électricité, à l'électronique et aux technologies apparentées.

#### A propos des publications IEC

Le contenu technique des publications IEC est constamment revu. Veuillez vous assurer que vous possédez l'édition la plus récente, un corrigendum ou amendement peut avoir été publié.

#### Recherche de publications IEC -

#### webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform

La recherche avancée permet de trouver des publications IEC en utilisant différents critères (numéro de référence, texte, comité d'études, ...). Elle donne aussi des informations sur les projets et les publications remplacées ou retirées.

#### IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Restez informé sur les nouvelles publications IEC. Just Published détaille les nouvelles publications parues. Disponible en ligne et une fois par mois par email.

#### Service Clients - webstore.iec.ch/csc

Si vous désirez nous donner des commentaires sur cette publication ou si vous avez des questions contactez-nous: sales@iec.ch.

IEC Products & Services Portal - products.iec.ch

Découvrez notre puissant moteur de recherche et consultez gratuitement tous les aperçus des publications. Avec un abonnement, vous aurez toujours accès à un contenu à jour adapté à vos besoins.

#### Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

Le premier dictionnaire d'électrotechnologie en ligne au monde, avec plus de 22 300 articles terminologiques en anglais et en français, ainsi que les termes équivalents dans 19 langues additionnelles. Egalement appelé Vocabulaire Electrotechnique International (IEV) en ligne.





Edition 1.0 2023-03

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE



Industrial networks – Profiles – DARD PREVIEW Part 2-0: Additional real-time fieldbus profiles based on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 – General concepts and terminology

Réseaux industriels – Profils – EC 61784-2-0:2023

Partie 2-0: Profils de bus de terrain supplémentaires pour les réseaux en temps réel fondés sur l'ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 – Concepts généraux et terminologie

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

ICS 35.100.20; 35.240.50

ISBN 978-2-8322-6622-9

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor. Attention! Veuillez vous assurer que vous avez obtenu cette publication via un distributeur agréé.

 Registered trademark of the International Electrotechnical Commission Marque déposée de la Commission Electrotechnique Internationale

# CONTENTS

F	DREWO	RD	4		
IN	TRODU	CTION	6		
1	Scope7				
2	Normative references7				
3	3 Terms, definitions, abbreviated terms, acronyms, and conventions				
	3.1	Terms and definitions	. 8		
	3.2	Abbreviated terms and acronyms	10		
	3.3	Common symbols	11		
	3.4	Conventions	11		
	3.4.1	Conventions common to all layers	11		
	3.4.2	Physical layer	13		
	3.4.3	Data-link layer	13		
	3.4.4	Application layer	14		
4	Conf	ormance to communication profiles	14		
5	RTE	performance indicators	15		
	5.1	Basic principles of performance indicators	15		
	5.2	Application requirements	16		
	5.3	Performance indicators	16		
	5.3.1	Delivery time	16		
	5.3.2	Number of RTE end-stations	17		
	5.3.3	Basic network topology	17		
	5.3.4	Number of switches between RTE end-stations	17		
	5.3.5	Throughput RTE	17		
	5.3.6	Non-RTE bandwidth	17		
	5.3.7	Time synchronization accuracy	17		
	5.3.8	Non-time-based synchronization accuracy	18		
	5.3.9	Redundancy recovery time	18		
6	Conf	ormance tests	18		
	6.1	Concept	18		
	6.2	Methodology	19		
	6.3	Test conditions and test cases	19		
	6.4	Test procedure and measuring	19		
	6.5	Test report	20		
Bi	bliograp	hy	21		
<b>-</b> :	aura 1	Evenue of monthical conversation of consistent indicators	10		
FI	gure i -	- Example of graphical representation of consistent indicators	10		
Fi	gure 2 -	- Conformance test overview	18		
Та	able 1 –	Layout of profile (sub)clause selection tables	12		
Та	able 2 –	Contents of (sub)clause selection tables	12		
Та	able 3 –	Layout of service selection tables	12		
Та	able 4 –	Contents of service selection tables	13		

### IEC 61784-2-0:2023 © IEC 2023 - 3 -

Table 5 – Layout of parameter selection tables	13
Table 6 – Contents of parameter selection tables	13
Table 7 – Layout of class attribute selection tables	14
Table 8 – Contents of class attribute selection tables	14
Table 9 – Basic network topology types	17

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

IEC 61784-2-0:2023

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/90a35efc-b8dc-42cb-81e3-957cd124c5c0/iec-61784-2-0-2023

#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

# INDUSTRIAL NETWORKS – PROFILES –

# Part 2-0: Additional real-time fieldbus profiles based on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 – General concepts and terminology

### FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Attention is drawn to the fact that the use of some of the associated protocol types is restricted by their intellectual-property-right holders. In all cases, the commitment to limited release of intellectual-property-rights made by the holders of those rights permits a layer protocol type to be used with other layer protocols of the same type, or in other type combinations explicitly authorized by their respective intellectual property right holders.

NOTE Combinations of protocol types are specified in the IEC 61784-1 series and the IEC 61784-2 series.

IEC 61784-2-0 has been prepared by subcommittee 65C: Industrial networks, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation. It is an International Standard.

This first edition, together with the other parts of the same series, cancels and replaces the fourth edition of IEC 61784-2 published in 2019. This first edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to IEC 61784-2:2019:

 a) split of the original IEC 61784-2 into several subparts, one subpart for the material of a generic nature, and one subpart for each Communication Profile Family specified in the original document.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
65C/1209/FDIS	65C/1237/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members\_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts of the IEC 61784-2 series, published under the general title *Industrial networks – Profiles – Part 2: Additional real-time fieldbus profiles based on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- lreconfirmed, ds.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/90a35efc-b8dc-42cb-81e3-957cd124c5c0/iec-
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this document indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

### INTRODUCTION

The IEC 61784-2 series provides additional Communication Profiles (CP) to the existing Communication Profile Families (CPF) of the IEC 61784-1 series and additional CPFs with one or more CPs. These profiles meet the industrial automation market objective of identifying Real-Time Ethernet (RTE) communication networks coexisting with ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 commonly known as Ethernet. These RTE communication networks use provisions of ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 for the lower communication stack layers and additionally provide more predictable and reliable real-time data transfer and means for support of precise synchronization of automation equipment.

More specifically, these profiles help to correctly state the compliance of RTE communication networks with ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3, and to avoid the spreading of divergent implementations.

Adoption of Ethernet technology for industrial communication between controllers and even for communication with field devices promotes the use of Internet technologies in the field area. This availability would be unacceptable if it causes the loss of features required in the field area for industrial communication automation networks, such as:

- real-time,
- synchronized actions between field devices like drives,
- efficient, frequent exchange of very small data records.

These new RTE profiles can take advantage of the improvements of Ethernet networks in terms of transmission bandwidth and network span.

Another implicit but essential requirement is that the typical Ethernet communication capabilities, as used in the office world, are fully retained, so that the software involved remains applicable.

The market is in need of several network solutions, each with different performance characteristics and functional capabilities, matching the diverse application requirements. RTE performance indicators, whose values will be provided with RTE devices based on communication profiles specified in the IEC 61784-2 series, enable the user to match network devices with application-dependent performance requirements of an RTE network.

# INDUSTRIAL NETWORKS – PROFILES –

# Part 2-0: Additional real-time fieldbus profiles based on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 – General concepts and terminology

#### 1 Scope

The IEC 61784-2 series defines additional Communication Profiles (CPs) for the existing Communication Profile Families (CPFs) of the IEC 61784-1 series and additional CPFs with one or more CPs. These additional CPs are based on the IEC 61158 series, the IEC 61784-1 series, and use provisions from ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 (commonly known as Ethernet) for the lower communication stack layers. These Real-Time Ethernet (RTE) communication profiles provide Real-Time Ethernet communication solutions able to coexist with ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 based applications.

NOTE 1 All CPs are based on standards or draft standards or International Standards published by the IEC or on standards or International Standards established by other standards bodies or open standards processes.

NOTE 2 The RTE communication profiles use ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 communication networks and its related network components or IEC 61588 and in some cases amend those standards to obtain RTE features.

This part of IEC 61784-2 defines:

- a common terminology for all CPFs in the IEC 61784-2 series (see 3.1 to 3.3);
- conventions to be used in the specification of the RTE communication profiles (see 3.4);
- how conformance of a device to a CPF or a CP should be stated (see Clause 4).

This document also specifies:

- basic principles of performance indicators expressing RTE performance of a CP (see 5.1);
- how an application-dependent class could be used to find out a suitable CP to meet application requirements (see 5.2);
- characteristics of RTE performance indicators (see 5.3);
- the methodology of a conformance test for an RTE end device for one or more CPs (see Clause 6).

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE All parts of the IEC 61158 series, as well as the IEC 61784-1 series and the IEC 61784-2 series, are maintained simultaneously. Cross-references to these documents within the text therefore refer to the editions as dated in this list of normative references.

IEC 61158 (all parts), Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications

IEC 61784-1 (all parts), Industrial networks – Profiles – Part 1: Fieldbus profiles

IEC 61784-2 (all parts), Industrial networks – Profiles – Part 2: Additional real-time fieldbus profiles based on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3

ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3, Telecommunications and exchange between information technology systems – Requirements for local and metropolitan area networks – Part 3: Standard for Ethernet

IEEE Std 802-2014, IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture

IEEE Std 802.1AB-2016, *IEEE Standard for Local and metropolitan area networks – Station and Media Access Control Connectivity Discovery* 

IEEE Std 802.1AS-2020, *IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks – Timing and Synchronization for Time-Sensitive Applications* 

IEEE Std 802.1Q-2018, *IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks – Bridges and Bridged Networks* 

#### 3 Terms, definitions, abbreviated terms, acronyms, and conventions

#### 3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3, IEEE Std 802-2014, IEEE Std 802.1AB-2016, IEEE Std 802.1AS-2020, IEEE Std 802.1Q-2018, and the following, apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/90a35efc-b8dc-42cb-81e3-957cd124c5c0/iec-
- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

#### 3.1.1

#### active network

network in which data transmission between non-immediately-connected devices is dependent on active elements within those intervening devices that form the connection path

[SOURCE: IEC 61918:2018, 3.1.3, modified – The note to entry has been deleted]

#### 3.1.2

**cyclic** repetitive in a regular manner

#### 3.1.3

end-station

system attached to a network that is an initial source or a final destination of MAC frames transmitted across that network

Note 1 to entry: A network layer router is, from the perspective of the network, an end-station. A switch, in its role of forwarding MAC frames from one link to another, is not an end-station.

# 3.1.4

# field area

place in a manufacturing or process site where field devices are located

# 3.1.5

#### frame

unit of data transmission on an ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 MAC (Media Access Control) that conveys a protocol data unit (PDU) between MAC service users

[SOURCE: IEEE Std 802.1Q-2018 – modified in accordance with IEC formatting and references]

#### 3.1.6

#### jitter

temporal change in clock signal or temporal change in otherwise regular event

#### 3.1.7

#### linear topology

topology where the nodes are connected in series, with two nodes connected to only one other node and all others each connected to two other nodes (that is, connected in the shape of a line)

[SOURCE: IEC 61918:2018, 3.1.51, modified – The note to entry has been deleted]

### 3.1.8

#### link

transmission path between two adjacent nodes

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 11801-1:2017, 3.1.59, modified – "cabling system interfaces, including the connections at each end" has been replaced by "nodes" ]

#### 3.1.9

message ordered series of octets intended to convey information

Note 1 to entry: Normally used to convey information between peers at the application layer.

[SOURCE: IEC 61158-1, 3.1.4, modified – The note to entry has been added]

# 3.1.10

#### node

network entity connected to one or more links

Note 1 to entry: A node may be either a switch, an end-station or an RTE end-station.

#### 3.1.11

#### packet

logical grouping of information used to describe a unit of data at any layer to convey the upper layer user data to its peer layer

Note 1 to entry: A packet is identical to the PDU at each layer in terms of the OSI reference model. A data-link layer packet is a frame.

#### **3.1.12 real-time** ability of a system to provide a required result in a bounded time

**3.1.13 real-time communication** transfer of data in real time

#### 3.1.14 Real-Time Ethernet RTE ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 based network that includes real-time communication

Note 1 to entry: Other communication can be supported, providing the real-time communication is not compromised.

Note 2 to entry: This definition is dedicated but not limited to ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3. It could be applicable to other IEEE Std 802 specifications, for example IEEE Std 802.11-2020.

- 10 -

## 3.1.15 ring active network where each node is connected in series to two other nodes

Note 1 to entry: Ring may also be referred to as loop.

[SOURCE: IEC 61918:2018, 3.1.71, modified - The note to entry has been added]

#### 3.1.16 RTE end device

device with at least one RTE end-station

# 3.1.17

RTE end-station

end-station with RTE capability ANDARD PREVIEW

# 3.1.18

schedule standards.iten. temporal arrangement of a number of related operations

3.1.19

<u>IEC 61784-2-0:2023</u>

star ps://standards.iteh.a/catalog/standards/sist/90a35eic-b8de-42eb-81e3-957ed124e5c0/iecnetwork of three or more devices where all devices are connected to a central point

[SOURCE: IEC 61918:2018, 3.1.77, modified – "(which may be active or passive)" has been suppressed]

# 3.1.20

switch

MAC bridge as defined in IEEE Std 802.1Q-2018

#### 3.2 Abbreviated terms and acronyms

- AL Application Layer
- APDU Application Protocol Data Unit
- AR Application Relationship
- ARP Address Resolution Protocol
- ASE Application Service Element
- CP Communication Profile [according to IEC 61784-1-0]
- CPF Communication Profile Family [according to IEC 61784-1-0]
- DL Data-Link layer (as a prefix)
- DLL DL-Layer
- DUT Device under test
- IANA Internet Assigned Numbers Authority
- ICMP Internet Control Message Protocol (see IETF RFC 792)

IEC 61784-2-0:2023 © IEC 2023 - 11 -

ID	Identifier
IETF	Internet Engineering Task Force
Ю	Input Output
IP	Internet Protocol (see IETF RFC 791)
LAN	Local Area Network
LLC	Logical Link Control
LLDP	Link Layer Discovery Protocol (see IEEE Std 802.1AB-2016)
MAC	Media Access Control (see ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3)
Mbit/s	Million bits per second
Moctets/s	Million octets per second
MIB	Management Information base
ms	milliseconds
n.a.	Not applicable
NoS	Number of Switches
NRT	Non-real-time
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PI	Performance indicator
ns	nanoseconds ANDARD PREVIEW
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PhL	Physical Layer and ards. iten.ai
Phy	PHY Physical layer entity sublayer (see ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 )
PI	Performance indicator 61784-2-0:2023
PTPttps://standard	Precision Time Protocol (see IEC 61588) c-42cb-81e3-957cd124c5c0/iec-
RSTP	Rapid Spanning Tree Algorithm and Protocol (see IEEE Std 802.1Q-2018)
RT	Real-time
RTE	Real-time Ethernet
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol (see IETF RFC 1157)
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol (see IETF RFC 793)
UDP	User Datagram Protocol (see IETF RFC 768)
VLAN	Virtual LAN

# 3.3 Common symbols

No common symbols defined.

#### 3.4 Conventions

### 3.4.1 Conventions common to all layers

#### 3.4.1.1 (Sub)clause selection tables

(Sub)clause selection for all layers is defined in tables, as shown in Table 1 and Table 2. The selected base specifications are indicated just before the selection table(s). Selection is done at the highest (sub)clause level possible to define the profile selection unambiguously.

Clause	Header	Presence	Constraints

#### Table 1 – Layout of profile (sub)clause selection tables

# Table 2 – Contents of (sub)clause selection tables

Column	Text	Meaning	
Clause	<#>	(Sub)clause number of the base specifications	
	Next clauses	Any following clauses up to the last clause of the base specification	
	Next Annexes	Any following annexes up to the last annex of the base specification	
Header	<text></text>	(Sub)clause title of the base specifications	
Presence	NO	This (sub)clause is not included in the profile	
	YES	This (sub)clause is fully (100 %) included in the profile	
		In this case no further detail is given	
	_	Presence is defined in the following subclauses	
	Partial	Parts of this (sub)clause are included in the profile	
	Optional	This (sub)clause may be additionally included in the profile	
Constraints	See <#>	Constraints/remarks are defined in the given subclause, table or figure of this profile document	
	_	No constraints other than given in the reference document (sub)clause, or not applicable	
	<text></text>	The text defines the constraint directly; for longer text table footnotes or table notes may be used	

#### EC 61784-2-0:2023

If sequences of (sub)clauses do not match the profile, then the numbers are concatenated.

EXAMPLE concatenated subclauses

#### 3.4.1.2 Service selection tables

If the selection of services is defined in a table, the format of Table 3 is used. The table identifies the selected services and includes service constraints, as explained in Table 4.

#### Table 3 – Layout of service selection tables

Service ref.	Service name	Usage	Constraint

Column	Text	Meaning
Service ref.	<#>	(Sub)clause number of the base specifications where the service is defined
	—	Not applicable
Service name	<text></text>	The name of the service
Usage	М	Mandatory
	0	Optional
	_	Service is never used
Constraints	See <#>	Constraints/remarks are defined in the given subclause, table or figure of this profile document
	—	No constraints other than those given in the reference document (sub)clause, or not applicable
	<text></text>	The text defines the constraint directly; for longer text table footnotes or table notes may be used

#### Table 4 – Contents of service selection tables

If selection of service parameters is defined in a table, the format of Table 5 is used. Each table identifies the selected parameters and includes parameter constraints, as explained in Table 6.

# Table 5 – Layout of parameter selection tables

Parameter ref.	Parameter name	Usage	Constraint
	(standard	siteh	ai)

#### Table 6 – Contents of parameter selection tables

Column	Text	A mog standards. Siste Joa 30010- britter - 100- 8103-95 /001240300/100- Meaning	
Parameter ref.	<#>	(Sub)clause number of the base specifications where the service is defined	
	_	Not applicable	
Parameter name	<text></text>	The name of the service parameter	
Usage	М	Mandatory	
	0	Optional	
	_	Attribute is never present	
Constraints	See <#>	Constraints/remarks are defined in the given subclause, table or figure of this profile document	
	_	No constraints other than those given in the reference document (sub)clause, or not applicable	
	<text></text>	The text defines the constraint directly; for longer text table footnotes or table notes may be used	

#### 3.4.2 Physical layer

No additional conventions are defined.

#### 3.4.3 Data-link layer

#### 3.4.3.1 Service profile conventions

No additional conventions are defined.