

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 105-X05:1999

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Tekstilije - Preskušanje barvne obstojnosti - Del X05: Barvna obstojnost proti organskim topilom (ISO 105-X05:1994)

Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part X05: Colour fastness - Part X05: Colour fastness to organic solvents (ISO 105-X05:1994)

Textilien - Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil X05: Farbechtheit gegen organische Lösemittel (ISO 105-X05:1994) iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Textiles - Essais de solidité des teintures - Partie X05: Solidité des teintures aux solvants organiques (ISO 105-X05:1994)

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ICS:

59.080.01 Tekstilije na splošno Textiles in general

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

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April 1997

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Descriptors:

see ISO document

English version

Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part X05: Colour fastness to organic solvents (ISO 105-X05:1994)

Textiles - Essais de solidité des teintures DARD PRE Textilien y Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil X05: Partie X05: Solidité des teintures aux solvants ARD PRE Textilien y Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil X05: Partie X05: Solidité des teintures aux solvants ARD PRE Textilien y Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil X05: Partie X05: 1994) (ISO 105-X05:1994) (ISO 105-X05:1994)

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Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

The European Standards exist in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

CEN

European Committee for Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Europäisches Komitee für Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart,36 B-1050 Brussels

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Foreword

The text of the International Standard from Technical Committee ISO/TC 38 "Textiles" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) has been taken over as an European Standard by Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textiles and textile products", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 1997, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 1997.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard ISO 105-X05:1994 has been approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification. PREVIEW

NOTE: Normative references to International Standards are listed in annex ZA (normative).

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Annex ZA (normative)
Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN</u>	<u>Year</u>
ISO 105-A01	1994	Textiles - Test for colour fastness - Part A01: General principles of testing	EN ISO 105-A01	1995
ISO 105-A02	1993	Textiles - Test for colour fastness - Part A02: Grey scale for assessing change in colour	EN 20105-A02	1994
ISO 105-A03	1993 iT	Textiles - Test for colour fastness - Part A03: Grey scale i) for assessing staining	EN 20105-A03	1994

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 105-X05

> Fourth edition 1994-09-01

Textiles — Tests for colour fastness -Part X05:

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Textiles — Essais de solidité des teintures —

Partie X05: Solidité des te intures aux solvants organiques



ISO 105-X05:1994(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting VIII W a vote.

International Standard ISO 105-X05 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, Textiles, Subcommittee SC 1, Tests for coloured textiles and colorants.

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This fourth edition cancels and replaces: d3 theist-third-10 edition 999 (ISO 105-X05:1987), of which it constitutes a technical revision.

ISO 105 was previously published in thirteen "parts", each designated by a letter (e.g. "Part A"), with publication dates between 1978 and 1985. Each part contained a series of "sections", each designated by the respective part letter and by a two-digit serial number (e.g. "Section A01"). These sections are now being republished as separate document, themselves designated "parts" but retaining their earlier alphanumeric designations. A complete list of these parts is given in ISO 105-A01.

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Textiles — Tests for colour fastness —

Part X05:

Colour fastness to organic solvents

Scope

This part of ISO 105 specifies a method for determining the resistance of the colour of textiles of all kinds and in all forms to organic solvents. If dry cleaning is involved, use the method specified in (1) jacent fabrics are assessed with the grey scales. ISO 105-D01:1993, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part D01: Colour fastness to dry aleaning.rds.iteh.ai)

3 Principle

A specimen of the textile in contact with adjacent fabrics is agitated in the solvent and dried. The change in colour of the specimen and the staining of the ad-

4 Apparatus and reagents

Normative references 2

os://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4:4073Suitable container, with means of agitation. The following standards contain provisions which is 105-x05-1999

through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 105. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 105 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 105-A01:1994, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A01: General principles of testing.

ISO 105-A02:1993, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A02: Grey scale for assessing change in colour.

ISO 105-A03:1993, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A03: Grey scale for assessing staining.

ISO 105-F:1985. Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part F: Standard adjacent fabrics.

ISO 105-F10:1989, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part F10: Specification for adjacent fabric: Multifibre.

A 500 ml beaker or other suitable open container may be used for the test, agitation being by hand with a glass rod flattened at one end. A closed vessel agitated by shaking or tumbling on a hand- or motordriven machine may also be used.

4.2 Specified solvent(s)

The test should be carried out with the solvent or solvents commonly employed in the country concerned.

4.3 Adjacent fabrics (see ISO 105-A01:1994, subclause 8.2).

Either:

4.3.1 A multifibre adjacent fabric complying with ISO 105-F10.

or:

4.3.2 Two single-fibre adjacent fabrics, complying with the relevant sections of F01 to F08 of ISO 105-F:1985.