

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 105-X06:1999

01-marec-1999

Tekstilije - Preskušanje barvne obstojnosti - Del X06: Barvna obstojnost pri kuhanju v raztopini sode (ISO 105-X06:1994)

Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part X06: Colour fastness to soda boiling (ISO 105-X06:1994)

Textilien - Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil X06: Farbechtheit gegen Kochen in Sodalösung (ISO 105-X06:1994) **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

Textiles - Essais de solidité des teintures - Partie X06: Solidité des teintures au débouillissage a l'air libre (ISO 105-X06:1994)

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 105-x06-1999

ICS:

59.080.01 Tekstilije na splošno Textiles in general

SIST EN ISO 105-X06:1999 en

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 105-X06

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

April 1997

ICS 59.080.01

Descriptors:

see ISO document

English version

Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part X06: Colour fastness to soda boiling (ISO 105-X06:1994)

Textiles - Essais de solidité des teintures ARD PRE Textilien y Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil X06: Partie X06: Solidité des teintures au ARD PRE Farbechtheit gegen Kochen in Sodalösung débouillissage à l'air libre (ISO 105-X06:1994) (ISO 105-X06:1994)

<u>SIST EN ISO 105-X06:1999</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/5abf4e87-3e65-497c-b2af-a9c13f184ccc/sist-en-iso-105-x06-1999

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1997-03-28. CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

The European Standards exist in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

CEN

European Committee for Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Europäisches Komitee für Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart,36 B-1050 Brussels

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Foreword

The text of the International Standard from Technical Committee ISO/TC 38 "Textiles" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) has been taken over as an European Standard by Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textiles and textile products", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 1997, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 1997.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard ISO 105-X06:1994 has been approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification.

PREVIEW

NOTE: Normative references to International Standards are listed in annex ZA (normative).

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Annex ZA (normative)
Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN</u>	<u>Year</u>
ISO 105-A01	1994	Textiles - Test for colour fastness - Part A01: General principles of testing	EN ISO 105-A01	1995
ISO 105-A02	1993	Textiles - Test for colour fastness - Part A02: Grey scale for assessing change in colour	EN 20105-A02	1994
ISO 105-A03	1993 iT	Textiles - Test for colour Fastness - Part A03: Grey scale i) for assessing staining	EN 20105-A03	1994

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 105-X06

> Fourth edition 1994-09-01

Textiles — Tests for colour fastness —

Part X06:

Colour fastness to soda boiling iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

(standards.iteh.ai) Textiles — Essais de solidité des teintures —

Partie X06: Solidité des teintures au débouillissage à l'air libre

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ISO 105-X06:1994(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting VIII W a vote.

International Standard ISO 105-X06 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, *Textiles*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Tests for coloured textiles and colorants*.

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This fourth edition cancels and replaces 4ctheist-ethird-10edition 1050 (ISO 105-X06:1987), of which it constitutes a technical revision.

ISO 105 was previously published in thirteen "parts", each designated by a letter (e.g. "Part A"), with publication dates between 1978 and 1985. Each part contained a series of "sections", each designated by the respective part letter and by a two-digit serial number (e.g. "Section A01"). These sections are now being republished as separate documents, themselves designated "parts" but retaining their earlier alphanumeric designations. A complete list of these parts is given in ISO 105-A01.

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International Organization for Standardization Case Postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland

Printed in Switzerland

Textiles — Tests for colour fastness —

Part X06:

Colour fastness to soda boiling

Scope

1.1 This part of ISO 105 specifies a method for determining the resistance of the colour of textiles of all kinds and in all forms to the action of boiling dilute? sodium carbonate solution. The method is mainly ap-

Principle

A specimen of the textile between specified undyed cloths is rolled around a glass rod and treated with boiling sodium carbonate solution with and without the addition of a reduction inhibitor. The composite specimen is rinsed and dried. The change in colour plicable to natural and regenerated cellulose materials IS.1161 the specimen and the staining of the undyed cloths are assessed by comparison with the grey scales.

1.2 Two tests are provided: one with and the other 1.2 Two tests are provided. One with a value of the successful and a value of the successful and

Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 105. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 105 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 105-A01:1994, Textiles - Tests for colour fastness — Part A01: General principles of testing.

ISO 105-A02:1993, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A02: Grey scale for assessing change in colour.

ISO 105-A03:1993, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A03: Grey scale for assessing staining.

ISO 105-F:1985, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness - Part F: Standard adjacent fabrics.

- 4.1 Vessel equipped with water-cooled reflux condenser of the finger type, to hold a cylindrical specimen 40 mm long in the boiling solution.
- **4.2** Glass rod, 5 mm to 8 mm in diameter.
- 4.3 Desized undyed cotton fabric, measuring 40 mm × 100 mm. (This material is not cotton adjacent fabric.)
- 4.4 Single-fibre adjacent fabric, complying with relevant sections of F01 to F08 of ISO 105-F:1985, of the type under test (or if fibre or yarn is being tested, adjacent fabric made from the same kind of fibre).
- **4.5 Sodium carbonate**, aqueous solution containing 10 g of anhydrous sodium carbonate per litre.
- 4.6 Sodium carbonate, aqueous solution containing 10 g of anyhdrous sodium carbonate and 4 g of sodium *m*-nitrobenzenesulfonate per litre.