



Designation: D4626 – 23



Designation: 378/87

## Standard Practice for Calculation of Gas Chromatographic Response Factors<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4626; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

### 1. Scope\*

1.1 This practice covers a procedure for calculating gas chromatographic response factors. It is applicable to chromatographic data obtained from a gaseous mixture or from any mixture of compounds that is normally liquid at room temperature and pressure or solids, or both, that will form a solution with liquids. It is not intended to be applied to those compounds that react in the chromatograph or are not quantitatively eluted. Normal C<sub>6</sub> through C<sub>11</sub> paraffins have been chosen as model compounds for demonstration purposes.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*<sup>2</sup>

[D2268 Test Method for Analysis of High-Purity \*n\*-Heptane and Isooctane by Capillary Gas Chromatography](#)

[D2427 Test Method for Determination of C<sub>2</sub> through C<sub>5</sub>](#)

[Hydrocarbons in Gasolines by Gas Chromatography \(Withdrawn 2023\)](#)<sup>3</sup>

[D2804 Test Method for Purity of Methyl Ethyl Ketone By Gas Chromatography](#)

[D2998 Test Method for Polyhydric Alcohols in Alkyd Resins \(Withdrawn 2004\)](#)<sup>3</sup>

[D3329 Test Method for Purity of Methyl Isobutyl Ketone by Gas Chromatography](#)

[D3362 Test Method for Purity of Acrylate Esters by Gas Chromatography \(Withdrawn 2011\)](#)<sup>3</sup>

[D3465 Guide for Purity of Monomeric Plasticizers by Gas Chromatography](#)

[D3545 Test Method for Alcohol Content and Purity of Acetate Esters by Gas Chromatography](#)

[D3695 Test Method for Volatile Alcohols in Water by Direct Aqueous-Injection Gas Chromatography](#)

[D4175 Terminology Relating to Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants](#)

[D4307 Practice for Preparation of Liquid Blends for Use as Analytical Standards](#)

[E260 Practice for Packed Column Gas Chromatography](#)

[E355 Practice for Gas Chromatography Terms and Relationships](#)

### 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions:*

3.1.1 This test method makes reference to common gas chromatographic procedures, terms, and relationships. Detailed definitions of these can be found in Practices [E260](#), [E355](#) and/or Terminology [D4175](#).

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.2.1 *response factor (R)*—a constant of proportionality used to convert the observed chromatographic response of specific compounds to either mass or volume percent composition. The observed response may be measured as peak areas or peak heights. Depending on the calculation formula, the response factor (*R*) is applied by either multiplying or dividing the observed response by the determined factor.

<sup>1</sup> This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D02 on Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D02.04.0L on Gas Chromatography Methods.

Current edition approved Oct. 1, 2023. Published November 2023. Originally approved in 1986. Last previous edition approved in 2019 as D4626 – 95 (2019). DOI: 10.1520/D4626-23.

<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>3</sup> The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org).

\*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard