

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 105-D02:1999

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Tekstilije - Preskušanje barvne obstojnosti - Del D02: Barvna obstojnost proti drgnjenju: organska topila (ISO 105-D02:1993)

Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part D02: Colour fastness to rubbing: Organic solvents (ISO 105-D02:1993)

Textilien - Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil D02: Bestimmung der Reibechtheit (ISO 105-D02:1993) **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

Textiles - Essais de solidité des teintures - Partie D02: Solidité des teintures au frottement: Solvants organiques (ISQ 105-D02;1993)

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ICS:

59.080.01 Tekstilije na splošno 87.060.30 Topila

Textiles in general Solvents

SIST EN ISO 105-D02:1999

en

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 105-D02

November 1995

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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Descriptors:

textiles, dyes, tests, friction tests, determination, colour fastness, organic solvents

English version

Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part D02: Colour fastness to rubbing: Organic solvents (ISO 105-D02:1993)

Textiles - Essais de solidité des teintures DARD PRE Textilien - Farbechtheitsprüfungen - Teil DO2: Partie DO2: Solidité des teintures au DARD PRE Bestimmung der Reibechtheit (ISO 105-DO2:1993) frottement: Solvants organique (ISO 105-DO2:1993) (standards.iteh.ai)

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CEN

European Committee for Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Europäisches Komitee für Normung

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• 1995

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Foreword

The text of the International Standard from ISO/TC 38 "Textiles" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) has been taken over as a European Standard by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textiles and textile products".

This European Standard shall be given the status of a National Standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 1996, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 1996.

According to CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard ISO 105-D02:1993 has been approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification.

NOTE: Normative references to International Standards are listed in annex ZA (normative)

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Annex ZA (normative) Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

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This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

Publication		Year	Title		EN	Year
ISO	105-A02	1993	fastness Par for assessin	sts for colour rt A02 Grey sc ng change in 105-A02:1993)		20105-A02 1994
ISO 105-A03 1993 Textiles-Tests for colour EN 2 fastness Part A03 Grey scale for assessing staining (ISO 105-A03:1993) iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)					20105-A03 1994	
		https		<u>N ISO 105-D02:1999</u> log/standards/sist/6d52d3a	8-7979-4025	5-

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 105-D02

> Fourth edition 1993-11-01

Textiles — Tests for colour fastness —

Part D02:

Colour fastness to rubbing: Organic solvents

(standards.iteh.ai) Textiles — Essais de solidité des teintures —

Partie D02: Solidité des teintures au frottement: Solvants organiques

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Reference number ISO 105-D02:1993(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting VIEW a vote.

International Standard ISO 105-D02 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, *Textiles*, Sub-Committee SC 1, *Tests for coloured textiles and colorants*.

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This fourth edition cancels and <u>b35</u>replacesc67the/sistthirdo-1editlon-1999 (ISO 105-D02:1987), of which it constitutes a minor revision.

ISO 105 was previously published in thirteen "parts", each designated by a letter (e.g. "Part A"), with publication dates between 1978 and 1985. Each part contained a series of "sections", each designated by the respective part letter and by a two-digit serial number (e.g. "Section A01"). These sections are now being republished as separate documents, themselves designated "parts" but retaining their earlier alphanumeric designations. A complete list of these parts is given in ISO 105-A01.

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International Organization for Standardization

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Textiles — Tests for colour fastness –

Part D02: Colour fastness to rubbing: Organic solvents

Scope 1

This part of ISO 105 specifies a method for determining the resistance of the colour of textiles of all kinds and in all forms, except loose fibre, to the **4P** Apparatus and materials combined action of rubbing and of organic solvents K used in spot-cleaning, i.e. localized "spotting" carried out by hand.

standards.iteh.ai) 4.1 Suitable testing device for determining the colour fastness to rubbing with organic solvents. Such SIST EN ISO 105-D a device shall be equipped with a finger of 16 mm Normative references, standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/ 2 diameter moving to and fro in a straight line along a b359-c29c97e673c9/sist-en-is

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 105. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 105 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 105-A01:1989, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A01: General principles of testing.

ISO 105-A02:1993, Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part A02: Grey scale for assessing change in colour.

ISO 105-A03:1993, Textiles - Tests for colour fastness — Part A03: Grey scale for assessing staining.

ISO 105-F:1985, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness - Part F: Standard adjacent fabrics.

Principle 3

A specimen of the textile is rubbed with rubbing cotton cloth impregnated with solvent. The change in

colour of the specimen and the staining of the rubbing

cotton cloth are assessed with the grey scales.

track 400 mm on the specimen, with a downward force of 9 N.

NOTE 1 A suitable apparatus is described in the Technical Manual of the American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists, Test Method 8-1972 (Vol. 50, 1974, p. 112). Other devices can be used, provided that the same results are obtained as with the apparatus described above.

The finger of the apparatus can be replaced by a moving hollow tube ending in a grille at its base. A plug of cotton is placed in this tube. The outside of the grille is covered with a sample of wool flannel.

With apparatus modified in this way, it is no longer necessary to immerse the rubbing cotton in the solvent (see 6.1); the dry rubbing cotton cloth is placed on the wool flannel at the end of the tube and 3 ml of the solvent are dropped on to the plug of cotton on the inside of the hollow tube. Then proceed as described, starting from the second paragraph of 6.2.

4.2 Rubbing cotton cloth, complying with section F09 of ISO 105-F:1985 and cut into squares measuring 50 mm \times 50 mm.

4.3 Grating, of stainless steel wire of 1 mm diameter and a width of mesh of about 20 mm.