

Designation: A886/A886M - 24

Standard Specification for Low-Relaxation, Indented, Seven-Wire Steel Strand for Prestressed Concrete¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A886/A886M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers low-relaxation, indented, Grade 270I [1860I] seven-wire steel strand for use in prestressed concrete construction. Grade 270I [1860I] has a minimum tensile strength of 270 ksi [1860 MPa] based on the nominal area of the strand.
- 1.2 The text of this specification references notes and footnotes that provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables) shall not be considered as requirements of the specification.
- 1.3 This specification is applicable for orders in either inch-pound units (as Specification A886) or in SI units (as Specification A886M).
- 1.4 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the specification.
- 1.5 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standard:²

A1061/A1061M Test Methods for Testing Multi-Wire Steel Prestressing Strand

2.2 U.S. Military Standard:

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage³

2.3 U.S. Federal Standard:

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipments (Civil Agencies)³

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definition of Terms Specific to this Specification:
- 3.1.1 *lay length*, *n*—the axial distance required to make one complete revolution of any outer wire of a strand.
- 3.1.2 *strand*, *n*—a group of wires having a center wire enclosed tightly by six helically placed outer wires.
- 3.1.2.1 *Discussion*—The direction of lay is either right-handed or left-handed.
- 3.1.3 *strand splice*, *n*—a production connection between two separate lengths of strand never intended to carry prestressing loads.
- 3.1.4 *wire weld*, *n*—a resistance butt-weld joining two separate lengths of wire after wire drawing and before the wire is formed into strand.

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 Orders for low-relaxation, indented, Grade 270 sevenwire steel strand under this specification shall contain the following information:
 - 4.1.1 Quantity (feet [metres]),
 - 4.1.2 Nominal diameter of strand (inches [millimetres]), and
 - 4.1.3 ASTM designation A886 [A886M] and year of issue.
- 4.2 The purchaser shall have the option to specify additional requirements, including but not limited to, the following:
- 4.2.1 Relaxation evidence from similarly dimensioned strand (6.5.1),
 - 4.2.2 Other types of indented wire (7.5.2),
 - 4.2.3 Whether strand splices are permitted (8.1.1),
 - 4.2.4 Weldless strand (8.2.2),
 - 4.2.5 Requirements for outside inspection (11.1),
 - 4.2.6 Load-elongation curve (13.2),
 - 4.2.7 Packaging and package marking (Section 14), and

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.05 on Steel Reinforcement.

Current edition approved March 1, 2024. Published March 2024. Originally approved in 1988. Last previous edition approved in 2017 as A886/A886M-17. DOI: $10.1520/A0886_A0886M-24$.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, 732 N. Capitol St., NW, Washington, DC 20401-0001, http://www.access.gpo.gov.

TABLE 1 Nominal Dimensions of Indentations

Fig.	Wire Diameter, d		Nominal Diameter of Strand		Depth, a		Length, L		Pitch, P	
	in.	[mm]	in.	[mm]	in.	[mm]	in.	[mm]	in.	[mm]
1 (a)	≤ 0.104	[≤ 2.6]	0.312	[7.9]	0.002 to 0.004	[0.05 to 0.10]	0.079	[2.0]	0.220	[5.6]
1 (a)	> 0.125	[> 3.2]	0.375 0.438 0.500	[9.5] [11.1] [12.7]	0.002 to 0.005	[0.05 to 0.13]	0.108	[2.7]	0.220	[5.6]
1 (b)	≤ 0.125	[≤ 3.2]	0.375	[9.5]	0.002 to 0.006	[0.05 to 0.15]	0.115	[2.9]	0.220	[5.6]

4.2.8 Other special requirements, if any.

5. Materials and Manufacture

- 5.1 Base Metal—The base metal shall be carbon steel of such quality that when it is drawn to wire, subjected to the indentation process, fabricated into strand, and then thermally treated, it shall have the properties and characteristics prescribed in this specification.
- 5.2 *Wire*—The wire from which the strand is to be fabricated shall be round and have a dry-drawn finish.
- 5.2.1 *Traceability*—Traceability shall be based on pack number as reported by the manufacturer.

Note 1—This product is a composite of seven wires and is produced only to meet the prescribed mechanical properties. The chemical composition of all wires or any individual wire is not pertinent to this application, and heat identity is not necessarily maintained. It is possible that wire from more than one heat may be used in the manufacture of a pack.

- 5.3 Indentations—The outer wires shall have indentations that inhibit longitudinal movement of the strand relative to the concrete surrounding the strand in prestressed concrete construction. Indentations shall conform to the provisions in 7.5. The surface of the outer wires shall be suitably deformed mechanically by rolling to produce a series of indentations. Indentations shall be in two or more lines spaced uniformly around the wire. Indentations in adjacent lines shall be staggered throughout the length of the wire. At least 90 % of the indentations in any 2 ft [0.6 m] length of strand shall meet the pitch and shape requirements of Table 1. The center wire need not be indented.
- 5.4 *Treatment*—After stranding, strand shall be subjected to a continuous thermal-mechanical treatment to produce the prescribed mechanical properties. Temper colors which result from the thermal-mechanical treatment are considered normal for the finished appearance of this strand.

6. Mechanical Property Requirements

- 6.1 Tests for mechanical properties shall be conducted in accordance with Test Methods A1061/A1061M.
- 6.2 *Breaking Strength*—The breaking strength of the finished strand shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 2.
- 6.3 *Yield Strength*—Yield strength in pounds [kN] shall be measured at 1.0 % extension under load. The minimum yield strength shall be 90 % of the breaking strength listed in Table 2. Initial loads for the test and minimum yield strengths are listed in Table 3.

TABLE 2 Breaking Strength Requirements

	minal of Strand	Breaking Strength		Steel Area of Strand,		Mass [Weight] of Strand,	
in.	[mm]	of Strai	nd, lbf [kN]	in. ² [mm ²]		lb/1000 ft [kg/1000 m]	
Grade 270I [1860I]							
0.313	[7.9]	16 500	[74.3]	0.061	[39.4]	210	[313]
0.375	[9.5]	23 000	[101.9]	0.085	[54.8]	290	[432]
0.438	[11.1]	31 000	[138.0]	0.115	[74.2]	390	[582]
0.500	[12.7]	41 300	[183.6]	0.153	[98.7]	520	[775]
0.600	[15.2]	58 600	[260.4]	0.217	[140.0]	740	[1102]

TABLE 3 Yield Strength Requirements^A

TABLE 6 Tield Grength Heddirements							
-	Iominal ter of Strand	Initial Load, Ibf [kN]	Minimum Load at 1 % Extension, lbf [kN]				
in.	[mm]						
aarus	Grade 270I [1860I]						
0.313	[7.9]	1 650 [7.3]	14 850 [66.9]				
0.375	[9.5]	2 300 [10.2]	20 700 [91.7]				
0.438	[11.1]	3 100 [13.8]	27 900 [124.2]				
0.500	[12.7]	4 130 [18.4]	37 170 [165.2]				
0.600	[15.2]	5 860 [26.1]	52 740 [234.4]				

^A Minimum yield strength is 90 % of specified minimum breaking strength.

- 6.3.1 The extension under load shall be measured by an extensometer calibrated with the smallest division not larger than 0.0001 in./in. [0.0001 mm/mm] of gage length.
- 6.4 *Elongation*—The total elongation under load shall not be less than 3.5 % using a gage length of not less than 24 in. [600 mm]. It shall be permissible to determine the total elongation value by adding, to the 1.0 % yield extension, the percent extension or movement between the jaws gripping the strand after yield determination. The percent is calculated on the new base length of jaw-to-jaw distance.
- 6.5 Relaxation Properties—Strand shall have relaxation losses of not more than 2.5 % when initially loaded to 70 % of specified minimum breaking strength or not more than 3.5 % when loaded to 80 % of specified minimum breaking strength of the strand after 1000 h of testing.
- 6.5.1 If required, relaxation evidence shall be provided from the manufacturer's records of tests on similarly dimensioned strand.

7. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

7.1 The size of the finished strand shall be expressed as the nominal diameter of the strand in inches [mm]. All nominal dimensional requirements for wires and strands shall refer to the wire and strand before indenting.