INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 5749

Second edition 1988-10-15



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ

Pliers and nippers — Diagonal cutting nippers — Dimensions and test values

Pinces et tenailles — Pinces coupantes diagonale — Dimensions et valeurs d'essai /

(standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 5749:1988

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/62edda5b-604f-4df4-bec7-07b50b6647f6/iso-5749-1988

ISO 5749: 1988 (E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council. They are approved in accordance with ISO procedures requiring at least 75 % approval by the member bodies voting.

International Standard ISO 5749 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 29, Small tools. ISO 5749:1988

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This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 5749 5.74982) and ISO 5749 : 1982/Add.1 : 1984. A new subclause 3.3 has been added.

ISO 5749 : 1988 (E)

Pliers and nippers — Diagonal cutting nippers — Dimensions and test values

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1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the principal dimensions and soft diagonal cutting nippers and the test values for the hippers in order to verify their aptitude to function in conformity with ISO 5744. General technical requirements are given in ISO 5743.

The diagonal cutting nippers illustrated in this International Standard are examples only and are not intended to affect the manufacturers' design.

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated tippers/iso-5 were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 5743: 1982, Pliers and nippers — General technical requirements.

ISO 5744: 1988, Pliers and nippers — Methods of test.

3 Dimensions and test values

3.1 Diagonal cutting nippers for hard wire

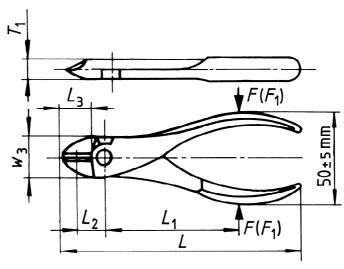


Figure 1

Table 1 iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW Table 2

	Dimensions in minimetres								
	L	L_3 max.	w ₃ max.	(stand	arc				
	125 ± 6	18	22	10 <u>I</u>	SO 574				
	140 ± 7	20 _{h1}	tps://st <mark>2</mark> 5dards	.iteh.al/catalog	/standa				
	160 ± 8	22	28	0 <mark>17</mark> 650b6	647f6				
	180 ± 9	25	32	14					
ļ	200 ± 10	28	36	16					

The cutting nippers shall be tested in accordance with ISO 5744.

After the load test, the permanent set s shall not exceed the value given in table 2. If the distance L_1 is not suitable for the load test, the following formula may be applied :

$$F' = \frac{F \times L_1}{L_1'}$$

where

F' is the load which is not given in table 2;

F is the load given in table 2;

 L_1 is the distance from the centre of the joint rivet to the point of application of the load given in table 2;

 L_1' is the measured distance from the centre of the joint rivet to the point of application of the load.

The cutting force F_1 and the diameter D of the test wire shall not exceed the values given in table 2.

				Cuttin	g test	Load test					
C	ds.iteh _L _{L1} 749:1988		1. a	Diameter of hard test wire $D^{1)}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Maximum} \\ \text{cutting} \\ \text{force} \\ F_{1,\text{ max}} \end{array}$	Load <i>F</i>	Maximum permanent set s _{max} 2)				
la	ards/sist/62edda		dda5l	0-604f-4df4 mm	-bec7 _N	N	mm				
)/	125	80	10	1,25	500	800	0,5				
	140 90 11 1,4		1,4	575	900	0,5					
	160	100	12,5 1,6		700	1 000	1				
	180 112 14 1,8 200 125 16 2		850	1 120	1						
			1 020	1 250	1						
	1) Date for hard test wire are siven in ISO 5744										

1) Data for hard test wire are given in ISO 5744.

2) $s = w_1 - w_2$ (See ISO 5744.)

Nippers having a lever ratio differing from the values given in table 2 may be checked for compliance using the following formula:

$$F_1' = \frac{F_2 \times 2 \times L_2'}{L_1'}$$

where

 F_1' is the maximum cutting force which is not given in table 2;

 F_2 is the cutting force of hard test wire (see ISO 5744);

2 is the correction factor for hard test wire;

 L_1' is the measured distance from the centre of the joint rivet to the point of application of the load;

 L_2^\prime is the measured distance from the centre of the joint rivet to the location of the test wire.

3.2 Diagonal cutting nippers for medium hard wire

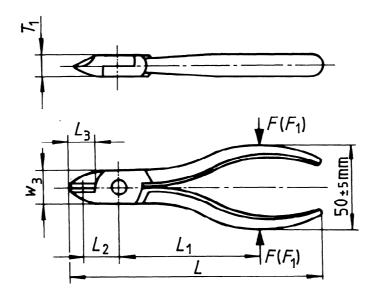


Figure 2

Table 3 Teh STANDARD PREVIEW Table 4

			Dimension	s in millimetres	de.
ſ	L	L_3 max.	w ₃ max.	T_1 max.	U.S.
	125 ± 6	18 https://	22	oi/cotolog/stop	749:19
-	140 ± 7	20	25	07b50b6647t	6/iso-5
	160 ± 8	22	28	12	0/180-3

The cutting nippers shall be tested in accordance with ISO 5744.

After the load test, the permanent set s shall not exceed the value given in table 4. If the distance L_1 is not suitable for the load test, the following formula may be applied:

$$F' = \frac{F \times L_1}{L_1'}$$

where

F' is the load which is not given in table 4;

F is the load given in table 4;

 L_1 is the distance from the centre of the joint rivet to the point of application of the load given in table 4;

 L_1' is the measured distance from the centre of the joint rivet to the point of application of the load.

The cutting force F_1 and the diameter D of the test wire shall not exceed the values given in table 4.

1	ite	h.a	i)	Cuttin	g test	Load test			
9 /s) ₈₈ L L ₁ sist/62edda5		L ₂	Diameter of medium hard test f-4 wire D 1)	Maximum cutting force $F_{1, \text{ max}}$	Load <i>F</i>	Maximum permanent set s _{max} 2)		
	mm	mm	mm	mm	N	N	mm		
	125 140 160	80 90 100	12,5 14 16	1,6 1,6 1,6	450 450 460	800 900 1 000	0,5 1 1		

1) Data for medium hard test wire are given in ISO 5744.

2) $s = w_1 - w_2$ (See ISO 5744.)

Nippers having a lever ratio differing from the values given in table 4 may be checked for compliance using the following formula:

$$F_1' = \frac{F_2 \times 1.6 \times L_2'}{L_1'}$$

where

 F'_1 is the maximum cutting force which is not given in table 4:

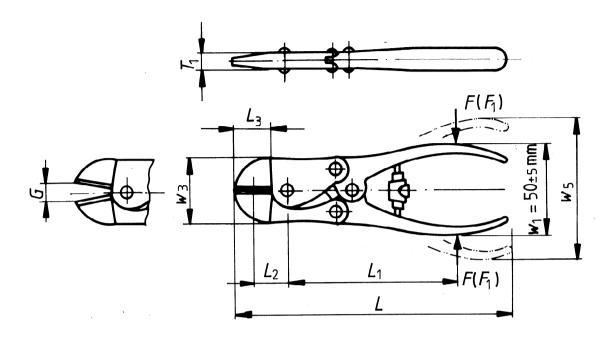
 F_2 is the cutting force of medium hard test wire (see ISO 5744);

1,6 is the correction factor for medium hard test wire;

 L_1' is the measured distance from the centre of the joint rivet to the point of application of the load;

 L_2^\prime is the measured distance from the centre of the joint rivet to the location of the test wire.

Toggle lever assisted side cutting nippers for hard wire



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Table 5

	Ulfi	nensions in	millimetres
$L_3 \ { m max}.$	w ₃ max.	G min.	T_1 max. \mathbb{R}
25	https://sta	indargs.ite	n.ai/catalog 07b50b6

The cutting nippers shall be tested in accordance with ISO 5744.

After the load test, the permanent set s shall not exceed the value given in table 6. If the distance L_1 is not suitable for the load test, the following formula may be applied:

$$F' = \frac{F \times L_1}{L_1'}$$

L

200 ± 10

where

is the load which is not given in table 6;

is the load given in table 6;

 L_1 is the distance from the centre of the joint rivet to the point of application of the load given in table 6;

 L_1' is the measured distance from the centre of the joint rivet to the point of application of the load.

The cutting force F_1 and the diameter D of the test wire shall not exceed the values given in table 6.

(8	tand millimetres	ard	S	ite	h.	Table 6				
ns in	millimetres					,	Cuttin	g test	L	oad test
n. Is.ite	T₁ max. <u>I</u> ! n.ai/catalog 07\a\delta\delta\delta	<u>80 574</u> /standa 647f6/	<u>9;19</u> rds/s so-5	<u>88</u> ist/6: 749-	L ₂ 2edd 198	Lever ia50-004f-	Diameter of hard test-wire D ²⁾	$\begin{array}{c} {\sf Maximum} \\ {\sf cutting} \\ {\sf - force} \\ {\cal F}_{\sf 1,max} \end{array}$	Load F	Maximum permanent set $s_{max}^{3)}$
)	mm	mm	mm		mm	N	Ν	mm
	ongo with		200 224	140 160	18 20	14,5 16,5	2,5 2,5	690 790	840 950	1 1

- 1) The lever ratio is equal to $\frac{w_5 w_1}{c}$
- Data for hard test wire are given in ISO 5744.
- $s = w_1 w_2$ (See ISO 5744.)

Nippers having a lever ratio differing from the values given in table 6 may be checked for compliance using the following for-

$$F_1' = \frac{F_2 \times 2 \times G}{w_5 - w_1}$$

where

 F_1' is the maximum cutting force which is not given in table 6:

 F_2 is the cutting force of hard test wire (see ISO 5744);

is the correction factor for hard test wire;

is the measured opening of the jaws;

is the measured width of the handles at the closed position;

 w_5 is the measured width of the handles at the open position.

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UDC 621.881.4

Descriptors: tools, cutting tools, hand tools, pliers, specifications, dimensions.

Price based on 4 pages