

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ETS 300 256 E1:2005

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Zasebno telekomunikacijsko omrežje (PTN) – Specifikacija, funkcijski modeli in informacijski pretoki - Dopolnilna storitev: izsmeritev klica

Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Specification, functional models and information flows; Diversion supplementary services

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#### **ETSI**

European Telecommunications Standards Institute

#### **ETSI Secretariat**

Postal address: F-06921 Sophia Antipolis CEDEX - FRANCE

Office address: 650 Route des Lucioles - Sophia Antipolis - Valbonne - FRANCE

X.400: c=fr, a=atlas, p=etsi, s=secretariat - Internet: secretariat@etsi.fr

Tel.: +33 92 94 42 00 - Fax: +33 93 65 47 16

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#### **Foreword**

This European Telecommunication Standard (ETS) has been produced by the European Computer Manufacturers Association (ECMA) on behalf of its members and those of the European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI).

This ETS is one of a series of standards defining services and signalling protocols applicable to Private Telecommunication Networks (PTNs). The series uses the ISDN concepts as developed by CCITT and is also within the framework of standards for open systems interconnection as defined by ISO.

This particular ETS specifies the Call Forwarding Unconditional, Call Forwarding Busy, and Call Forwarding No Reply supplementary services.

The ETS is based upon the practical experience of ECMA member companies and the results of their active and continuous participation in the work of ISO, CCITT, ETSI and other international and national standardisation bodies. It represents a pragmatic and widely based consensus.

The services specified are compatible with the equivalent services specified by ETSI for public ISDNs. The ETSI specifications (listed in annex B) are to be found in ETS 300 199, ETS 300 200 and ETS 300 201 (stage 1), and ETS 300 203, ETS 300 204 and ETS 300 205 (stage 2). Annex A describes the relationship between this ETS and the corresponding ETSs for the public ISDN.

This ETS was produced by ECMA using the ECMA guidelines for the production of standards and using the ECMA stylesheet. In order to avoid undue delays in the voting process for this ETS it has been agreed that this ETS will not be converted to the ETSI stylesheet. TANDARD PREVIEW

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#### 1 Scope

This European Telecommunication Standard (ETS) specifies the supplementary services Call Forwarding Unconditional (CFU), Call Forwarding Busy (CFB) and Call Forwarding No Reply (CFNR), which are applicable to various basic services supported by Private Telecommunication Networks (PTNs). Basic services are specified in ETS 300 171.

SS-CFU, SS-CFB and SS-CFNR are supplementary services which apply during call establishment providing a diversion of an incoming call to another destination.

Service specifications are produced in three stages, according to the method described in ENV 41005. This ETS contains the stage 1 and 2 specifications of the Call Forwarding supplementary services. The stage 1 specifications specify the supplementary services as seen by users of PTNs. The stage 2 specifications identify the functional entities involved in the supplementary services and the information flows between them.

#### 2 Conformance

In order to conform to this ETS, a stage 3 standard shall specify signalling protocols and equipment behaviour that are capable of being used in a PTN which supports the supplementary services specified in this ETS. This means that, to claim conformance, a stage 3 standard is required to be adequate for the support of those aspects of the stage 1 and stage 2 clauses which are relevant to the interface or equipment to which the stage 3 standard applies.

The stage 1 and stage 2 clauses which a stage 3 standard for the Call Forwarding Unconditional supplementary service is required to support are clauses 6 and 9 respectively.

The stage 1 and stage 2 clauses which a stage 3 standard for the Call Forwarding Busy supplementary service is required to support are clauses 7 and 9 respectively.

The stage 1 and stage 2 clauses which a stage 3 standard for the Call Forwarding No Reply supplementary service is required to support are clauses 8 and 9 respectively.

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#### 3 References

This ETS incorporates, by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of any of these publications apply to this ETS only when incorporated into it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

ENV 41005	Method for the specification of basic and supplementary services of private telecommunication networks (1989).
ENV 41007	Definition of terms in private telecommunication networks (1989).
ETS 300 171	Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Specification, functional models and information flows, Control aspects of circuit mode basic services (1992).
ETS 300 173	Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Specification, functional models and information flows Identification supplementary services (1992).
ETS 300 189	Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Addressing (1992).
ETS 300 237	Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Specification, functional models and information flows, Name identification supplementary services (1993).

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CCITT Recommendation I.112 Vocabulary of terms for ISDNs (1988).

CCITT Recommendation I.210 Principles of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN

and the means to describe them (1988).

CCITT Recommendation Z.100 Specification and description language (1988).

#### 4 Definitions

For the purpose of this ETS the following definitions apply.

#### 4.1 External definitions

This ETS uses the following terms defined in other documents:

- Basic Service (CCITT Recommendation I.210);
- Connection (CCITT Recommendation I.112);
- Integrated Services Digital Network (CCITT Recommendation I.112);
- Private (ENV 41007);
- Private Telecommunication Network Exchange (ENV 41007);
- Public (ENV 41007);
- Public ISDN (ENV 41007);

- Service (CCITT Recommendation I.112);
- Signalling (CCITT Recommendation I.112);
- Supplementary Service (CCITT Recommendation I.210);

- Telecommunication Network (ENV 41007);

- Terminal, Terminal equipment TANDARD (ENV 41007); - User (ETS 300 (71)).

This ETS refers to the following basic call functional entities defined in ETS 300 171:

- Call Control; <u>SIST ETS 300 256 E1:2005</u>

Call Control Agent://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/18f098b1-b273-4a65-b434-df7851f164f5/sist-ets-300-256-e1-2005

This ETS refers to the following basic call inter-FE relationships defined in ETS 300 171:

- r1;
- r2;
- r3.

This ETS refers to the following basic call information flows defined in ETS 300 171:

- DISCONNECT request/indication;
- REPORT request/indication;
- RELEASE request/indication;
- SETUP request/indication;
- SETUP response/confirmation;
- SETUP REJECT request/indication.

#### 4.2 Additional network feature

A capability over and above that of a basic service provided by a PTN, but not directly to a PTN user.

#### 4.3 Busy

An ISDN destination is considered to be busy if either a "network determined user busy" or a "user determined user busy" condition exists.

#### 4.4 Call, Basic call

An instance of the use of a basic service.

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#### 4.5 Connected number

The number of the user that answers (user C).

#### 4.6 Diversion

The redirection of a call, on request of a called user and prior to answer, to a number different from the number of that called user.

#### 4.7 Diverted-to number

The number to which a call is diverted.

#### 4.8 Diverted-to subaddress

The subaddress to which a call is diverted.

#### 4.9 Diverted-to user

The user to which a call is diverted.

#### 4.10 Diverting cause

The parameter which contains the reason for the diversion, e.g. CFU, CFB, CFNR.

#### 4.11 Diverting number

The number of the served user NDARD PREVIEW

### 4.12 Forwarding (standards.iteh.ai)

The type of diversion invoked automatically by the network in accordance with information previously registered in the network against the called number 1098b1-b273-4a65-b434-

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NOTE 1

Forwarding can occur as a result of the supplementary services specified in this ETS (CFU, CFB, CFNR). Diversions of types other than forwarding (e.g. Call Deflection, whereby the diversion is invoked by action of the called user) are outside the scope of this edition of this ETS.

#### 4.13 Forward switching

Network routeing algorithm which performs the diversion by joining together the first connection from user A's node to user B's node and a second, new connection from user B's node to user C's node.

#### 4.14 Last diverting user

The served user from the point of view of the diverted-to user for a particular stage of call diversion. In the case of a call subject to a single stage of call diversion, user B is the last diverting user from the point of view of user C. In the case of a call subject to multiple stages of call diversion, user B1 is the last diverting user from the point of view of user B2, user B2 is the last diverting user from the point of view of user B3, etc. The served user for the final stage of call diversion is the last diverting user from the point of view of user C.

#### 4.15 Original called number

The number of user B (in case of multiple call diversion user B1).

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#### 4.16 Original called user

The first served user of a call which is subject to one or more stages of call diversion, i.e. user B or user B1

#### 4.17 Partial re-routing

Network routeing algorithm which performs the call diversion by replacing a particular part of the connection from user A's node (located in the public ISDN) to user B's node (located in a private ISDN) by another connection from user A's node to user C's node (located in the public ISDN). The new connection is established completely within the public ISDN by joining together the original connection from user A's node to the public ISDN gateway node and a second, new connection from the public ISDN gateway node to user C's node.

NOTE 2

Re-routing by a Transit PTNX is not considered as partial re-routing.

#### 4.18 Presentation indicator

The indicator showing whether the diverted-to number should be presented to the calling user, as derived from user C's COLR supplementary service.

#### 4.19 PTN number

A number belonging to a PTN numbering plan (CCITT Recommendation E.164 ISDN/Private/Implicit numbering plan) specified in ETS 300 189.

#### 4.20 Re-routing

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Network routeing algorithm which performs the call diversion by replacing the connection from user A's node to user B's node by another connection, possibly using some of the elements of the old connection, from user A's node to user B's node hai/catalog/standards/sist/18f098b1-b273-4a65-b434-

df7851f164f5/sist-ets-300-256-e1-2005

#### 4.21 Served user

The user of a particular PTN number who is requesting that calls to his number be diverted. This user may also be referred to as the diverting user or the called user.

#### 4.22 User A

The calling user of a call which is subject to call diversion.

#### 4.23 User B

The served (diverting) user of a call which is subject to call diversion.

#### 4.24 User B1, user B2, user B3, etc.

Served (diverting) users of a call which is subject to multiple stages of diversion. B1 is the first served user, B2 is the second served user, B3 is the third served user, etc.

NOTE 3

B2 is also the diverted-to user with respect to the first stage of call diversion, B3 is also the diverted-to user with respect to the second stage of call diversion, etc.

#### 4.25 User C

The diverted-to user with respect to the final stage of call diversion.

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#### 5 List of acronyms

ANF Additional Network Feature
CC Call Control (functional entity)
CCA Call Control Agent (functional entity)
CLIP Calling Line Identification Presentation

CLIR Calling/Connected Line Identification Restriction

CNIP Calling Name Identification Presentation

CNIR Calling/Connected Name Identification Restriction
COLP Connected Line Identification Presentation
CONP Connected Name Identification Presentation

DTN Diverted-to Number FE Functional Entity

ISDN Integrated Services Digital Network
MSN Multiple Subscriber Number
NDUB Network Determined User Busy
NSO Notification Subscription Option
PTN Private Telecommunication Network

PTNX Private Telecommunication Network Exchange
SDL Specification and Description Language
SS-CF, CF Call Forwarding supplementary services
SS-CFB, CFB Call Forwarding Busy supplementary service
SS-CFNR, CFNR Call Forwarding No Reply supplementary service
SS-CFU, CFU Call Forwarding Unconditional supplementary service

TE Terminal Equipment
UDUB User Determined User Busy

#### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

## 6 SS-CFU stage 1 description dards.iteh.ai)

#### 6.1 Description

#### SIST ETS 300 256 E1:2005

### **6.1.1 General description**eh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/18f098b1-b273-4a65-b434-df7851f164f5/sist-ets-300-256-e1-2005

SS-CFU enables a served user to have the PTN redirect to another user calls which are addressed to the served user's PTN number. SS-CFU may operate on all calls, or just those associated with specified basic services. The served user's ability to originate calls is unaffected by SS-CFU. After SS-CFU has been activated, calls are forwarded independently of the status of the served user.

CFU is provided on a per PTN number basis.

The maximum number of diversions to a single call is an implementation option. When counting the number of diversions, all types of diversions shall be included.

#### 6.1.2 Qualifications on applicability to telecommunication services

This supplementary service is applicable to all basic services defined in ETS 300 171.