

Edition 1.0 2007-03

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components performance standard – Part 1: General and guidance for performance standards

Norme de qualité de fonctionnement des dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs à fibres optiques -



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Partie 1: Généralités et lignes directrices pour l'établissement des normes de https://qualité.de.fonctionnement.ds.col/po001-c50e-4854-b9c3-67beb9401205/iec-61753-1-2007

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

PRICE CODE CODE PRIX

W

ICS 33.180.20

ISBN 2-8318-9660-6

# CONTENTS

	FRODUCTION	
1	Scope	
2	Normative references	
23	Terms and definitions	
	Preparation of a performance standard	
4		
	<ul><li>4.1 Performance standard title</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>4.2 Tests</li><li>4.3 Details</li></ul>	
	4.5 Sample size	·····1
	4.6 Sample definition	
	<ul><li>4.6 Sample definition</li><li>4.7 Groupings/sequences</li></ul>	1 <sup>·</sup>
		4
	4.9 Reference product definition	1 <sup>·</sup>
	4.10 Performance standard test report	1
	<ul> <li>4.8 Pass/fail criteria</li></ul>	12
A		4
	nex A (normative) Tests and severities for performance standards	
	nex B (informative) Test sequencing for category Q.	
	nex C (informative) Mixing of products with different performance category	
	nex D (informative) Performance standard numbering	
	nex E (informative) Minimum temperature value in Finland	
	andards.iteh.a) / / / / / standyrds/ec/1/0590c1-c50e-4854-b9c3-67beb9401205/ie	
Bib	liography	
	ble A.1 – General operating service environments and performance categories	14
Tal	ble A.2 – Connectors and passive components – Category C – Controlled	1
		19
	ble A.3 – Connectors and passive components – Category U – Uncontrolled vironment	
	ble A.4a – Passive components – Category O – Uncontrolled environment	
	ble A.4b – Connectors – Category O – Uncontrolled environment	
	ble A.5 – Connectors and passive components – Category E – Extreme environme	
	ble A.6 – Fibre management systems – Category C – Controlled environment	
	ble A.7 – Fibre management systems – Category U – Uncontrolled environment	
	ble A.8 – Closures – Category C – Controlled environment	
	ble A.9 – Closures – Category A – Aerial environment	
	ble A.10 – Closures – Category G – Ground environment	
Га	ble A.11 – Closures – Category S – Subterranean environment	29
Га	ble A.12 – Connectors	3
	ble A.13 – Passive optical components	3

Table A.15 – Closures	32
Table B.1 – Test sequence for passive optical components category O	33
Table B.2 – Test sequence connectors category O	34



# FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS PERFORMANCE STANDARD –

## Part 1: General and guidance for performance standards

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International Standard IEC 61753-1 has been prepared by subcommittee 86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

This first edition of IEC 61753-1 cancels and replaces Edition 1 of IEC 61753-1-1 published in 2000. It constitutes a technical revision.

Specific technical changes vis-à-vis IEC 61753-1-1:2000 include that this new edition covers all passive fibre optic products, including connectors, passive optical components, fibre management systems and closures.

This bilingual version, published in 2008-03, corresponds to the English version.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
86B/2452/FDIS	86B/2498/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The French version of this standard has not been voted upon.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of IEC 61753 series, under the general title Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components performance standards, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

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#### INTRODUCTION

Performance standards define the requirements for standard optical performance under a set of specified conditions. Each standard contains a series or a set of tests and measurements with clearly stated conditions, severities and pass/fail criteria. The series of tests, commonly referred to as an operating service environment or performance category, is intended to be run on a 'one-off' basis to prove the product's ability to satisfy the requirements of a specific application, market sector or user group.

The International Standards which constitute the IEC 61753 series define the sets of tests which form each operating service environment or performance category and which have been standardised for international use. A product that has been shown to meet all the requirements of a performance standard may be declared as complying with that performance standard.

Products having the same classification from one manufacturer that satisfy a performance standard will operate within the boundaries set by the performance standard. Intermateability or interchangeability of products from different suppliers (having the same classification and conforming to the same performance standard) can only be guaranteed when these products are also meeting the interface standards. Only in this condition an equivalent level of performance will be provided when they are used together (for example, in the case of optical connectors).

Conformance to a performance standard is not a guarantee of lifetime assured performance or reliability. Reliability testing must be the subject of a separate test schedule, where the tests and severities selected are truly representative of the requirements of this reliability test programme. Consistency of manufacture should be maintained using a recognised Quality Assurance programme whilst the reliability of product should be evaluated using the procedures recommended in IEC 62005.

https://standards.iteh.a

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# FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS PERFORMANCE STANDARD –

## Part 1: General and guidance for performance standards

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61753 deals with performance standards for all passive fibre optic products, including connectors, passive optical components, fibre management systems and closures. The IEC 61753 series is published in multiple parts. This Part 1 covers general information on performance standards. It defines those tests and severities which form the performance categories or general operating service environments and identifies those tests which are considered to be product specific. Test and severity details are given in Annex A. Part 1 also includes references, definitions and rules for creating a performance standard, together with informative annexes, such as a description of test sequencing given in Annex B, and other pertinent information.

Subsequent parts which form IEC 61753 are known as performance standards and are numbered according to the classification defined in Annex C. These standards contain the minimum test and measurement severities which a specific product must satisfy, in order to be categorized as meeting the requirements for use in a particular service environment. A product performance standard will contain a combination of those tests and measurements which are common to all passive fibre optic products, for a particular service environment or performance category, and those which are considered specific to that particular product in that environment.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of 2007 the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60529, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)

IEC 60590, Determination of the aromatic hydrocarbon content of new mineral insulating oils

IEC 61300-2-1, Pibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-1: Tests – Vibration (sinusoidal)

IEC 61300-2-2, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-2: Tests – Mating durability

IEC 61300-2-4, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-4: Tests – Fibre/cable retention

IEC 61300-2-5, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-5: Tests – Torsion/Twist

IEC 61300-2-6, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-6: Tests – Tensile strength of coupling mechanism

IEC 61300-2-7:1995, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-7: Tests – Bending moment

IEC 61300-2-9, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-9: Tests – Shock

IEC 61300-2-10:1995, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-10: Tests – Crush resistance

IEC 61300-2-11:1995, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-11: Tests – Axial compression

IEC 61300-2-12, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-12: Tests – Impact

IEC 61300-2-17, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-17: Tests – Cold

IEC 61300-2-18, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-18: Tests – Dry heat – High temperature endurance

IEC 61300-2-19, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-19: Tests – Damp heat (steady state)

IEC 61300-2-21, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-21: Tests – Composite temperature-humidity cyclic test

IEC 61300-2-22, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-22: Tests – Change of temperature

IEC 61300-2-23, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-23: Tests – Sealing for non-pressurized closures of fibre optic devices

#### https: IEC 61300-2-26, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and 200 measurement procedures – Rart 2-26: Tests – Salt mist

IEC 61300-2-27, Pibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-27: Tests – Dust – Laminar flow

IEC 61300-2-28. Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-28: Tests – Industrial atmosphere (sulphur dioxide)

IEC 61300-2-33, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-33: Tests – Assembly and disassembly of closures

IEC 61300-2-34, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-34: Tests – Resistance to solvents and contamining fluids

IEC 61300-2-37, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-37: Tests – Cable bending for closures

IEC 61300-2-38, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-38: Tests – Sealing for pressurized closures of fibre optic devices

IEC 61300-2-42, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-42: Tests – Static side load for connectors

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IEC 61300-2-44, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-44: Tests – Flexing of the strain relief of fibre optic devices

IEC 61300-2-45, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-45: Tests – Durability test by water immersion

IEC 61300-2-46, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-46: Tests – Damp heat cyclic

IEC 61300-2-48, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-48: Tests – Temperature-humidity cycling

IEC 61300-2-49, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-49: Tests – Connector Installation test

IEC 61300-2-50, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-50: Tests – Fibre optic connector proof test – singlemode and multimode

IEC 61300-2-51 Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-51: Tests – Fibre optic connector test for transmission with applied tensile load – singlemode and multimode

IEC 61300-3-3 Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-3: Examinations and measurements – Active monitoring of changes in attenuation and return loss

IEC 61300-3-4 Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-4: Examinations and measurements – Attenuation

IEC 61300-3-6 Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-6: Examinations and measurements – Return loss

IEC 61300-3-28 Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-28. Examinations and measurements – Transient loss

IEC 61300-3-34 Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-34: Examinations and measurements – Attenuation of random mated connectors

IEC Guide 109, Environmental aspects – Inclusion in electrotechnical product standards

ISO 1998 (all parts), *Petroleum industry – Terminology* 

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document the following terms and definitions apply .

NOTE Definitions for various components can be found in the relevant IEC standard or generic specification.

## 3.1

## operating / service environment

defines the typical service environment or operating location simulated by a performance category

## 3.2

#### performance category

series of tests and measurements (which may or may not be grouped into a specific sequence) with clearly stated conditions and severities, which are chosen to simulate a particular operating service environment

## 3.3

#### performance standard

standard which is designed to verify a product is capable of meeting the requirements of a particular service environment. It contains a combination of those tests, together with their severities and pass-fail criteria, which shall be applied to all passive fibre optic products for a particular performance category, together with those which are considered specific to that particular product in that environment

## 3.4

#### product specific tests

those tests which are considered to be specific to a particular product category or type, e.g. connectors, attenuators, enclosures for aerial applications. Where there is a specific IP requirement for a product, this shall be the subject of a separate test and shall be included in the relevant product performance standard

## 3.5

#### performance standard test report

report to be produced on completion of testing to a performance standard

# 4 Preparation of a performance standard

In the preparation of a performance standard, the following items shall be considered and defined, together with any relevant instructions pertaining to them.

# 4.1 Performance standard title

The performance standard title shall be clear. This information shall include: 1205/1ec-61753-1-2007

- the product description;
- the appropriate performance category;
- any other variant or differentiation information to distinguish it from other performance standards

## 4.2 Tests

The tests to be carried out on the product in order for it to meet the performance standard shall be clearly defined, including those which are product specific. No ambiguity or options shall be allowed.

The tests selected combined with the severities/durations, groupings/sequencing, method used and pass/fail criteria shall be indicative of a defined operating service environment.

The test method to be used shall be clearly defined for each test. Wherever possible the test method shall be selected from IEC 61300, where this is not possible other test methods may be defined. If an undefined test method is used, the test method and details to be specified shall be included in the appropriate annex of the performance standard.

Performance standards may call up additional tests that may be needed to fully characterise a particular connector or component.

Impact on the environment shall be carefully considered when specifying the test methods on the products, covered by this standard.

#### 4.3 Details

The details to be considered, severities and durations, shall be given for all tests and measurements defined in a performance standard. They shall be directly related to the performance requirements defined by the operating service environment. No ambiguity or options shall be allowed.

#### 4.4 Requirements

The performance requirements that must be satisfied in order for the product to comply with the performance standard shall be specified for each test and/or measurement. No ambiguities shall be allowed.

#### 4.5 Sample size

The sample size for each test shall be defined in the appropriate annex of the performance standard. No deviations shall be allowed.

#### 4.6 Sample definition

The sample to be tested shall be defined in the relevant performance standard.

#### 4.7 Groupings/sequences

Test groups and test sequences shall be defined in the appropriate annex of the performance standard as required by the user, user group or manufacturer.

# 4.8 Pass/fail criteria

Where required by the performance category, the pass/fail criteria shall be unambiguously stated for each test within the performance standard. No deviation or exceptions shall be allowed.

#### https: 4.9 Reference product definition

Where a performance standard requires the use of a reference product or component, the reference product shall be clearly defined in the appropriate annex of the performance standard.

#### 4.10 Performance standard test report

Conformance to a performance standard shall be supported by a test report. The test report shall clearly demonstrate that the tests were carried out in accordance with the requirements of the performance standard and provide full details of the tests together with a pass/fail declaration. All test and measurement requirements shall be satisfied before a component may be declared to be in compliance with the performance standard.

The failure of any product to comply with a particular test or sequence of tests shall be reported in the performance standard test report. An analysis of the cause of the failure shall be undertaken and any corrective actions taken shall be described.

If no design changes are made to the product, the test or test sequence where the failure occurred shall be rerun with the results of both tests reported.

If design changes are made, another complete performance standard test programme shall be undertaken. Any tests previously completed successfully shall be repeated with new samples.

## 4.11 Environmental aspects

The requirements concerning the reduction of adverse environmental impacts over the whole life cycle of products are not subject to this specification. The environmental aspects as appropriate shall be implemented according to the guidelines given in IEC Guide 109.

