

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 61338-1-3:2002

01-september-2002

# Waveguide type dielectric resonators - Part 1-3: General information and test conditions (IEC 61338-1-3:1999)

Waveguide type dielectric resonators -- Part 1-3: General information and test conditions - Measurement method of complex relative permittivity for dielectric resonator materials at microwave frequency

Dielektrische Resonatoren vom Wellenleitertyp -- Teil 1-3: Allgemeine Informationen und Prüfbedingungen - Meßverfahren für die relative Dielektrizitätskonstante von dielektrischen Resonatorwerkstoffen im Mikrowellen-Frequenzbereich

Résonateurs diélectriques à modes guides na Partie 1-3: Informations générales et conditions d'essais - Méthode de mesure de la permittivité relative complexe des matériaux diélectriques pour les résonateurs diélectriques fonctionnant aux hyperfréquences

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 61338-1-3:2000

ICS:

31.140 Úð: [^|^\dã}^Á§ Piezoelectric and dielectric

åå \\ dã \ ^ Á æ \ devices

33.120.10 Koaksialni kabli. Valovodi Coaxial cables. Waveguides

SIST EN 61338-1-3:2002 en

SIST EN 61338-1-3:2002

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN 61338-1-3:2002</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3d9da5b5-a8ad-4ef4-b7b9-b3a6b3439c9d/sist-en-61338-1-3-2002

# **EUROPEAN STANDARD** NORME EUROPÉENNE **FUROPÄISCHE NORM**

FN 61338-1-3

March 2000

ICS 33.120.10

English version

Waveguide type dielectric resonators Part 1-3: General information and test conditions Measurement method of complex relative permittivity for dielectric resonator materials at microwave frequency

(IEC 61338-1-3:1999)

Résonateurs diélectriques à modes auidés

Partie 1-3: Informations générales et conditions d'essais - Méthode de mesure de la permittivité relative complexe des matériaux diélectriques ARI pour les résonateurs diélectriques nd an fonctionnant aux hyperfréquences

(CEI 61338-1-3:1999)

Dielektrische Resonatoren vom Wellenleitertyp

Teil 1-3: Allgemeine Informationen und Prüfbedingungen - Meßverfahren für die relative Dielektrizitätskonstante von dielektrischen Resonatorwerkstoffen im Mikrowellen-Frequenzbereich

(IEC 61338-1-3:1999)

SIST EN 61338-1-3:2002

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3d9da5b5-a8ad-4ef4-b7b9b3a6b3439c9d/sist-en-61338-1-3-2002

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2000-01-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

# **CENELEC**

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

<sup>© 2000</sup> CENELEC - All rights of exploitation in any form and by any means reserved worldwide for CENELEC members.

Page 2 EN 61338-1-3:2000

#### Foreword

The text of document 49/444/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61338-1-3, prepared by IEC TC 49, Piezoelectric and dielectric devices for frequency control and selection, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61338-1-3 on 2000-01-01.

The following dates were fixed:

 latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 2000-10-01

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn

(dow) 2003-01-01

Annexes designated "informative" are given for information only. In this standard, annex A is informative.

# iTeh STAEndorsement notice EVIEW

The text of the International Standard IEG 61338-1-3:1999 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

SIST EN 61338 1 3:2002

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3d9da5b5-a8ad-4ef4-b7b9-b3a6b3439c9d/sist-en-61338-1-3-2002

# NORME INTERNATIONALE INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

CEI IEC 61338-1-3

> Première édition First edition 1999-11

## Résonateurs diélectriques à modes guidés –

## Partie 1-3:

Informations générales et conditions d'essais – Méthode de mesure de la permittivité relative complexe des matériaux diélectriques pour les résonateurs diélectriques fonctionnant aux hyperfréquences.

<u>SIST EN 61338-1-3:2002</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3d9da5b5-a8ad-4ef4-b7b9-b3a6b3439c9d/sist-en-61338-1-3-2002

# Waveguide type dielectric resonators –

#### Part 1-3:

General information and test conditions – Measurement method of complex relative permittivity for dielectric resonator materials at microwave frequency

© IEC 1999 Droits de reproduction réservés — Copyright - all rights reserved

Aucune partie de cette publication ne peut être reproduite ni utilisée sous quelque forme que ce soit et par aucun procédé, électronique ou mécanique, y compris la photo-copie et les microfilms, sans l'accord écrit de l'éditeur.

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Electrotechnical Commission

n 3, rue de Varembé Geneva, Switzerland e-mail: inmail@iec.ch IEC web site http://www.iec.ch

Telefax: +41 22 919 0300

Commission Electrotechnique Internationale International Electrotechnical Commission Международная Электротехническая Комиссия CODE PRIX PRICE CODE



Pour prix, voir catalogue en vigueur For price, see current catalogue

## CONTENTS

			Page
FO	REW	ORD	7
INT	ROD	UCTION	11
Clau	ıse		
1	Scor	be and object	13
2	Measuring parameters		
3		ory and calculation equations	
•	3.1	Relative permittivity and loss factor	
	3.2	Determination of the relative conductivity of conducting plates	
	3.3	Temperature coefficient of resonance frequency	
	3.4	Temperature dependence of tan $\delta$	
4	Prep	aration of dielectric specimen	
	4.1	Preparation of standard dielectric rods	27
	4.2	Preparation of test specimen	29
5	Measurement equipment and apparatus		
	5.1	Measurement equipment	29
	5.2	Measurement apparatus for complex permittivity.	31
	5.3	Measurement apparatus for temperature coefficient	35
6	Mea	surement procedure	35
	6.1	Measurement procedure for complex permittivity	
	6.2	Measurement procedure fontemperature coefficienta8ad-4ef4-b7b9-	41
7	Accı	racy and error estimation and based of the state of the s	41
	7.1	Measurement error due to the size of conducting plates	
	7.2	Measurement error of relative conductivity	43
	7.3	Errors due to the airgap between dielectric rod and conducting plates or to field disturbance	45
	7.4	Result of round robin test (RRT)	45
Anr	nex A	– Bibliography	47
Fia	ures		
_		Configuration of a cylindrical dielectric rod resonator short-circuited at both	
		two parallel conducting plates	15
Fig	ure 2	– Chart for relative permittivity calculation using $ {\sf TE}_{\sf 01\ell} $ mode	17
		Confirmation of standard dielectric rod resonators for measurement ctivity of conducting plates	21
		– Temperature dependence of $f_0$ (figure 4a) and tan $\delta$ (figure 4b) for s of dielectrics ( $\varepsilon$ ' = 21, 25, 30, 38 and 90)	25
		Mode chart of a dielectric rod resonator short-circuited at both ends el conducting plates	31
Fig	ure 6	- Schematic diagram of measurement equipment	33
Fig	ure 7	- Measurement apparatus for complex permittivity	33

Figure 8 – Measurement apparatus for temperature coefficient	35
Figure 9 – Frequency response for TE <sub>011</sub> mode resonator having $\varepsilon$ ' = 37,5, $d$ = 8,00 mm and $h$ = 3,3 mm	39
Figure 10 – Insertion attenuation $IA_0$ , resonance frequency $f_0$ and half-power bandwidth $\Delta f$	39
Figure 11 – Measurement error on $arepsilon'$ and tan $\delta$ by the size ratio $d'/d$	43
Tables	
Table 1 – Examples of dimensions for standard dielectric rods	27
Table 2 – Example of TE $_{011}$ mode resonance frequency for various $arepsilon'$ and dimensions of a dielectric specimen	29
Table 3 – Recommended dimensions and materials for conducting plate	35

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 61338-1-3:2002 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3d9da5b5-a8ad-4ef4-b7b9-b3a6b3439c9d/sist-en-61338-1-3-2002

### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

#### **WAVEGUIDE TYPE DIELECTRIC RESONATORS –**

Part 1-3: General information and test conditions – Measurement method of complex relative permittivity for dielectric resonator materials at microwave frequency

#### **FOREWORD**

- 1) The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of the IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant/subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested National Committees.
- 3) The documents produced have the form of recommendations for international use and are published in the form of standards, technical specifications, technical reports or guides and they are accepted by the National Committees in that sense.
- 4) In order to promote international unification, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC International Standards transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional standards. Any divergence between the IEC Standard and the corresponding national or regional standard shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) The IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with one of its standards.
- 6) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. The IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 61338-1-3 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 49: Piezoelectric and dielectric devices for frequency control and selection.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
49/444/FDIS	49/449/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Annex A is for information only.

This standard forms part 1-3 of IEC 61338.

**-9-**

IEC 61338, Waveguide type dielectric resonators, consists of the following parts:

- Part 1-1: General information and test conditions General information (IEC 61338-1-1)
- Part 1-2: General information and test conditions Test conditions (IEC 61338-1-2)
- Part 1-3: General information and test conditions Measurement method of complex relative permittivity for dielectric resonator materials at microwave frequency (IEC 61338-1-3)
- Part 2: Guide to the use of waveguide type dielectric resonators (IEC 61338-2) (under consideration)
- Part 3: Standard outlines (IEC 61338-3) (under consideration)

The committee has decided that this publication remains valid until 2003. At this date, in accordance with the committee's decision, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- · amended.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN 61338-1-32002</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3d9da5b5-a8ad-4ef4-b7b9-b3a6b3439c9d/sist-en-61338-1-3-2002

### INTRODUCTION

Dielectric materials for microwave resonators and filters have high relative permittivity, a low loss factor and superior temperature stability of resonance frequencies. Knowledge of these parameters is of primary importance for the development of new materials on the supplier side and for the design of dielectric microwave components on the customer side.

The parameters of dielectric resonator materials needed for the design of microwave components are:

- the real component  $\varepsilon'$  of the complex relative permittivity;
- the loss factor tan  $\delta$ ;
- the temperature coefficient of resonance frequency (TCF);
- the temperature dependence of tan  $\delta$ .

Several measurement methods are proposed to determine the complex permittivity at microwave frequencies:

- the dielectric rod resonator method using TE<sub>011</sub> resonance mode;
- the cylindrical cavity method using TE<sub>01δ</sub> resonance mode;
- the perturbation method using a cylindrical cavity;

the S-parameter method using a coaxial line.

ITeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

> SIST EN 61338-1-3:2002 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3d9da5b5-a8ad-4ef4-b7b9b3a6b3439c9d/sist-en-61338-1-3-2002

### **WAVEGUIDE TYPE DIELECTRIC RESONATORS –**

Part 1-3: General information and test conditions – Measurement method of complex relative permittivity for dielectric resonator materials at microwave frequency

## 1 Scope and object

This part of IEC 61338 describes the dielectric rod resonator measurement method for a wide range of microwave dielectric properties in practical applications. This method has the following characteristics:

- a complete and exact mathematical solution of complex relative permittivity is given by easy computer software;
- the measurement error is less than 0,3 % for  $\varepsilon'$  and less than 0,05  $\times$  10<sup>-4</sup> for tan  $\delta$ ;
- the *TCF* is directly measured without any compensation with a measurement error less than  $1 \times 10^{-6}$ /K.

'eh STANDARD PREVIEW

The object of this standard is to describe the measurement methods of the complex relative permittivity of dielectric resonator materials at microwave frequencies by means of the dielectric rod resonator method short-circuited at both ends by parallel conducting plates. The measuring parameters are  $\varepsilon'$ , tan  $\delta$ , TCF and the temperature dependence of tan  $\delta$  at the resonance frequency. The dielectric materials are assumed to be isotropic and homogeneous.

b3a6b3439c9d/sist-en-61338-1-3-2002

### 2 Measuring parameters

The terms of the measuring parameters are defined as follows:

$$\varepsilon_{\rm r} = \varepsilon' - j\varepsilon'' = D/(\varepsilon_0 E) \tag{1}$$

$$tan \delta = \varepsilon''/\varepsilon'$$
 (2)

$$TCF = -\frac{1}{2}TC\varepsilon - \alpha \tag{3}$$

where

D is the electric flux density;

*E* is the electric field strength;

 $\varepsilon_0$  is the electric constant;

 $\varepsilon'$  and  $\varepsilon''$  are the real and imaginary components of the complex relative permittivity  $\varepsilon_r$ .

It should be noted that the TCF is defined by equation (3) as the material constant,  $TC\varepsilon$  being the temperature coefficient of relative permittivity and  $\alpha$  the coefficient of thermal expansion of the dielectric specimen. Each of the temperature coefficients is given as follows: