

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 10724-2:2001

01-junij-2001

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Plastics - Injection moulding of test specimens of thermosetting powder moulding compounds (PMCs) - Part 2: Small plates (ISO 10724-2:1998)

Kunststoffe - Spritzgießen von Probekörpern aus duroplastischen rieselfähigen Formmassen (PMC) - Teil 2: Kleine Platten (ISO 10724-2:1998)

Plastiques - Moulage par injection d'éprouvettes en compositions de poudre a mouler (PMC) thermodurcissables -Partie 2: Petites plagues (ISO 10724-2:1998)

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 10724-2-2001

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83.080.10 Duromeri

Thermosetting materials

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en

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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English version

Plastics - Injection moulding of test specimens of thermosetting powder moulding compounds (PMCs) - Part 2: Small plates (ISO 10724-2:1998)

Plastiques - Moulage par injection d'éprouvettes en compositions de poudre à mouler (PMC) thermodurcissables - Partie 2: Petites plaques (ISO 10724-2:1998) Kunststoffe - Spritzgießen von Probekörpern aus duroplastischen rieselfähigen Formmassen (PMC) - Teil 2: Kleine Platten (ISO 10724-2:1998)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 8 September 2000.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom. 285e4709424e/sist-en-iso-10724-2-2001



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart, 36 S-1050 Brussels

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Foreword

The text of the International Standard from Technical Committee ISO/TC 61 "Plastics" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) has been taken over as an European Standard by Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics", the secretariat of which is held by IBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2001, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2001.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard ISO 10724-2:1998 has been approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification.

NOTE: Normative references to International Standards are listed in annex ZA (normative). (standards.iteh.ai)

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Annex ZA (normative) Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

Publication	<u>Year</u>	Title	EN	<u>Year</u>
ISO 6603-1	1985	Plastics - Determination of multiaxial impact behaviour of rigid plastics - Part 1: Falling dart method STANDARD PREVIE	EN ISO 6603-1 W	1996
ISO 6603-2	1989	Plastics - Determination of multiaxial impact behaviour of rigid plastics - Part 2. Instrumented puncture test	EN ISO 6603-2	1996

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 10724-2

First edition 1998-11-15

Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermosetting powder moulding compounds (PMCs) —

Part 2: Small plates

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW Plastiques — Moulage par injection d'éprouvettes en compositions de poudre à mouler (PMC) thermodurcissables —

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 10724-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 12, *Thermosetting materials*.

Together with part 1, this part of ISO 10724 cancels and replaces ISO 10724:1994, which has been revised to improve the definition of the injection-moulding parameters and has been restructured to specify two types of ISO mould for the production of the basic specimen types required for the acquisition of comparable test data.

Care has been taken to ensure that the ISO moulds described can all be fitted in existing injection-moulding equipment and have interchangeable cavity plates.

As far as possible, the wording of this part of ISO 10724 and its definitions corresponds to that in its counterpart for thermoplastic materials, ISO 294:1996; *Plastics* and *Injection moulding of test specimens* of thermoplastic materials. Unlike the latter, however, there is no need for the separate moulding of rectangular bars (80 mm \times 10 mm \times 4 mm, which should be taken from the central portion of the multipurpose test specimen) and the moulding of small tensile bars (\geq 60 mm \times 10 mm \times 3 mm). Therefore the type B and type C ISO moulds specified in ISO 294 were not included in this part of ISO 10724. Regardless of this, and to avoid confusion, the designation of the different mould types in this part of ISO 10724 and in ISO 294 correspond to each other.

ISO 10724 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Plastics* — *Injection moulding of test specimens of thermosetting powder moulding compounds (PMCs):*

- Part 1: General principles and moulding of multipurpose test specimens
- Part 2: Small plates

Annexes A to D of this part of ISO 10724 are for information only.

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Introduction

Many factors in the injection-moulding process which can influence the properties of moulded test specimens and hence the measured values obtained when the specimens are used in a test method. The thermal and mechanical properties of such specimens are in fact strongly dependent on the conditions of the moulding process used to prepare the specimens. Exact definition of each of the main parameters of the moulding process is a basic requirement for reproducible and comparable operating conditions.

It is important in defining moulding conditions to consider any influence the conditions may have on the properties to be determined. Thermosets may show differences in orientation of anisotropic fillers such as short fibres and in curing. Residual ("frozen-in") stresses in the moulded test specimens may also influence properties. Due to the crosslinking of thermosets, molecular orientation is of less influence on mechanical properties than it is for thermoplastics. Each of these phenomena must be controlled to avoid fluctuation of the numerical values of the measured properties.

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Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermosetting powder moulding compounds (PMCs) —

Part 2: Small plates

1 Scope

This part of ISO 10724 specifies two two-cavity moulds, designated the type D1 and type D2 ISO moulds, for the injection moulding of small plates measuring 60 mm \times 60 mm with preferred thicknesses of 1 mm (type D1) or 2 mm (type D2) which can be used for a variety of tests (see annex A). The moulds may additionally be fitted with inserts for studying the effects of weld lines on the mechanical properties (see annex B).

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 10724. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 10724 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

SIST EN ISO 10724-2:2001

ISO 472:--1), Plastics -- Vacabulat Xirds.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f6c64b80-7cc0-40a5-818f-

ISO 2577:1984, Plastics — Thermosetting moulding materials — Determination of shrinkage.

ISO 6603-1:—²⁾, Plastics — Determination of puncture impact behaviour of rigid plastics — Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test.

ISO 6603-2:—³⁾, Plastics — Determination of puncture impact behaviour of rigid plastics — Part 2: Instrumented impact test.

ISO 10724-1:1998, Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermosetting materials — Part 1: General principles and moulding of multipurpose test specimens.

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 10724, the definitions given in ISO 472 as well as those in ISO 10724-1 apply.

4 Apparatus

4.1 Type D1 and D2 ISO moulds

Type D1 and D2 moulds are two-cavity moulds (see Figure 2) intended for the preparation of plates measuring 60 mm \times 60 mm. The plates produced using these moulds shall have the dimensions given in Figure 1.

¹⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 472:1988)

²⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 6603-1:1985)

³⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 6603-2:1989)