INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 6002

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Bolted bonnet steel gate valves

Robinets-vannes en acier à chapeau boulonné

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ISO 6002:1992(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies Casting a vote. RD PREVIEW

International Standard ISO 6002 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 153, Valves, Sub-Committee SC 1, Design, manufacture, marking and testing.

ISO 6002:1992 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e63847a4-adb0-439f-9a22-233c045d4b9d/iso-6002-1992 ISO 6002:1992(E)

Introduction

The purpose of this International Standard is the establishment of the basic requirements and recommendations for flanged or butt-weld end steel gate valves of bolted bonnet construction.

To maintain compatibility with ISO 7005-1 whereby the American flanges previously designated by a class rating have been converted to nominal pressure (PN) ratings, this International Standard follows the same system. The equivalent ratings are as follows:

Class 150: PN 20

Class 300: PN 50

Class 600: PN 100

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Bolted bonnet steel gate valves

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the requirements for bolted bonnet steel gate valves having the following features:

- bolted bonnet;

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outside screw and yoke;

(standards.

 inside screw (alternative for PN 10, PN 16, PN 20, PN 25 and PN 40 only);

ISO 5208:—1), Industrial valves — Pressure testing of ISO 6002:199valves.

dards are subject to revision, and parties to

agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of ap-

plying the most recent editions of the standards in-

dicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain

registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 7-1:1982, Pipe threads where pressure-tight

joints are made on the threads — Part 1: Desig-

- single or double obturator; standards.itch.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e63847a4-adb0-439f-9a22

233c045d4b9d/iso-60**ISO 521**0:1991, Industrial valves — Multi-turn valve actuator attachments.

nation, dimensions and tolerances.

wedge or parallel seating;

- with or without non-metallic obturator or seat seals;
- flanged or butt-welding ends.

It covers valves of the nominal sizes DN

10; 15; 20; 25; 32; 40; 50; 65; 80; 100; 125; 150; 200; 250; 300; 350; 400; 450; 500; 600; 700; 800; 900; 1 000.

and applies to valves of the nominal pressures PN

10; 16; 20; 25; 40; 50; 100.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All stan-

ISO 5752:1982, Metal valves for use in flanged pipe systems — Face-to-face and centre-to-face dimensions.

ISO 6708:1980, Pipe components — Definition of nominal size.

ISO 7005-1:1992, Metallic flanges — Part 1: Steel flanges.

ISO 7268:1983, Pipe components — Definition of nominal pressure.

ANSI/ASME B1.20.1:1983, Pipe threads, general purpose (inch).

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the definition of nominal size given in ISO 6708 and of nominal pressure given in ISO 7268 apply.

¹⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 5208:1982)

Pressure/temperature ratings

- 4.1 The pressure/temperature ratings applicable to flanged valves specified in this International Standard shall be in accordance with those specified in ISO 7005-1 for steel flanges of the applicable nominal pressure and material specification. Restrictions of temperature and pressure, for example those imposed by soft seals and special trim materials, shall be indicated on the valve identification plate [see 8.5 c)].
- 4.2 The temperature shown for a corresponding pressure rating is the temperature of the pressurecontaining shell of the valve. In general, this temperature is the same as that of the contained fluid. The use of a pressure rating corresponding to a temperature other than that of the contained fluid is the responsibility of the user.
- 4.3 For temperatures below the lowest temperature shown in the pressure/temperature rating tables in ISO 7005-1, the service pressure shall be no greater than the rating shown for that lowest temperature. The use of valves at lower temperatures is the responsibility of the user Consideration should be given to the loss of ductility and impact strength of many materials at low temperature 11 (12)

gradual and the section shall be essentially circular through the entire length of the transition. Sharp discontinuities or abrupt changes in section in areas that infringe into the transition shall be avoided, except that test collars or bands, either welded or integral, are allowed. In no case shall the thickness be less than $0.77t_{\rm m}$ at a distance of $1.33t_{\rm m}$ from the weld end.

5.1.3 The valve body neck shall maintain the minimum body wall thickness $t_{\rm m}$ as specified in 5.1.1 within the distance 1,1 $\sqrt{dt_{\rm m}}$ measured from the outside of the body run along the neck direction, where d is the nominal inside diameter as defined in 5.2.1.4.

Beyond the distance 1,1 $\sqrt{dt_{\rm m}}$ from the outside of the body run, straight circular sections of body necks with inside diameter d' shall be provided with a minimum local wall thickness of t', where t' is determined, by interpolation if necessary, as the value of $t_{\rm m}$ which would correspond to a value of d equal to 2d'/3, using the applicable nominal pressure rat-

It will be noted that for any case where d' > 1.5d, the newly determined minimum wall thickness for the body neck will be greater than the basic value $t_{\rm m}$. In such cases this greater wall thickness shall be provided for all parts of the body neck having a diameter greater than 1,5d. **ISO 60**

Design

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Body wall thickness

5.1.1 The minimum body wall thickness, $t_{\rm m}$, at the time of manufacture shall be as given in table 1, except as indicated in 5.1.2 to 5.1.4.

Additional metal thickness needed for assembly stresses, closing stresses, stress concentrations and shapes other than circular shall be determined by individual manufacturers, since these factors vary widely.

5.1.2 The weld preparation in butt-welding end valves (see 5.2.2.2) shall not reduce the body wall thickness to less than the values specified in 5.1.1 within a region closer to the outside surface of the body neck than $t_{\rm m}$ measured along the run direction. The transition to the weld preparation shall be

- https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e63847a4-adb0-439f-9a22wall thickness will be acceptable provided that all of the following limitations are satisfied:
 - a) the area of less than minimum thickness can be enclosed by a circle whose diameter is no greater than $0.35\sqrt{dt_{\rm m}}$, where d is the nominal inside diameter as given in table 2 and $t_{\rm m}$ is the minimum body wall thickness as shown in table 1;
 - b) the measured thickness is no less than $0.75t_{\rm m}$;
 - c) enclosure circles are separated from each other by an edge-to-edge distance of no less than $1,75\sqrt{dt_{\rm m}}$.
 - 5.1.5 The terms used in this clause are illustrated in figure 1.

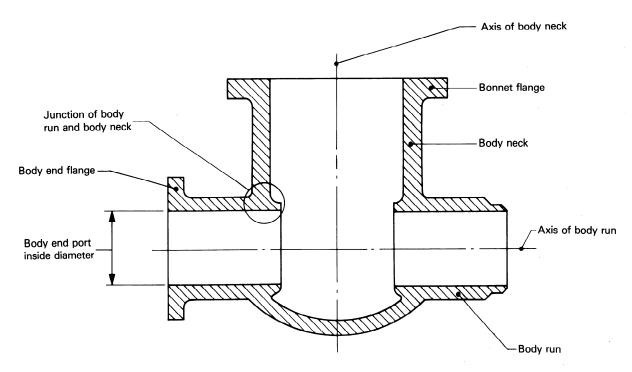


Figure 1 — Identification of terms

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(standards.iteh.ai) Table 1 — Body wall thickness

			ISO 6002:1	minal pressure P	N		
Nominal size	10 https://standarde.iteh.ai/catalog/20ndards/sist/e632547a4-adb0-43909a22-						
		23.	Minimur	n body wall thick	ness t _m		
į				mm			
10	3	3	3	3	3	3	3,3
15	3	3 3	3	3	3,1	3,1	3,4
20	3	3	3,1	3,3	3,5	3,8	4,1
25	4	4	4,1	4,2	4,6	4,8	4,8
32	4,5	4,5	4,8	4,8	4,8	4,8	4,8
40	4,5 5 5	4,5	4,8	4,8	4,8	4,8	5,6
50	5	5,5 5,5	5,6	5,7	6,1	6,4	6,4
65	5	5,5	5,6	5,8	6,6	6,4	7,1
80	5	5,5	5,6	5,8	6,6	7,1	7,9
100	6	6	6,4	6,6	7,3	7,8	9,6
125	6,3	6,5	7,1	7,2	8,1	9,6	11,2
150	6,5	7	7,1	7,5	8,8	9,6	12,7
200	7	8	8,1	8,6	10,2	11,2	15,8
250	7,5 8,5 9	8,5	8,6	9,3	11,4	12,7	19
300	8,5	9,5	9,6	10,4	12,7	14,2	23,1
350	9	10	10,4	11,3	14	15,8	24,6
400	9,6	11	11,2	12,7	15,4	17,5	27,7
450	10	11,5	11,9	13	16,6	19	31
500	10,5	12,5	12,8	14,5	18,3	20,6	34
600	11,5	14	14,4	16,3	21,3	23,9	40,4
700	12,5	15,5	16	18,2	24,3	27,2	
800	14	17	17,6	20,1	27,3	30,5	
900	15,5	18,5	19,2	22	30,4	33,8	
1 000	17	20	20,8	23,9	33,5	37,2	

5.2 Body dimensions

5.2.1 Flanges

- **5.2.1.1** Face-to-face dimensions for flanged end valves shall be in accordance with ISO 5752:1982, table 3.
- **5.2.1.2** Body end flanges shall comply with the requirements of ISO 7005-1.
- **5.2.1.3** End flanges shall be cast or forged integral with the body except that flanges may be attached by welding by a qualified welding operator using a qualified welding procedure, provided that all such flanges on valves DN 50 and larger are butt-welded. Any heat treatment necessary to ensure that the material is suitable for the full range of service temperatures shall be performed.
- **5.2.1.4** For unlined flanged valves, the nominal inside diameter, d, of the body end port shall be as specified in table 2 as applicable.

5.2.2 Weld ends

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5.2.2.1 End-to-end dimensions for butt-weld end ard valves shall be in accordance with table 3, unless otherwise specified in the purchase order.

5.2.2.2 Butt-welding ends shall be in accordance with the details shown in figure 2, unless otherwise specified in the purchase order.

Table 2 — Body end port nominal inside dlameter d

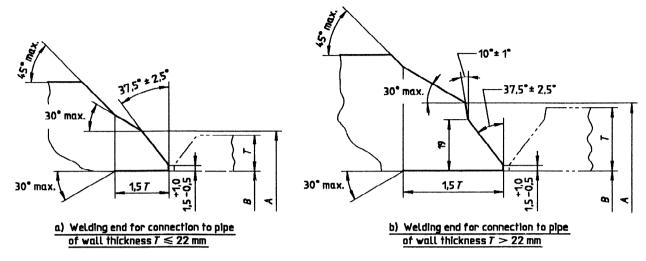
		PN								
DN	10; 16; 20; 25	40; 50	100							
	d									
	mm									
10	10	10	10							
15	13	13	13							
20	19	19	19							
25	25	25	25							
32	32	32	32							
40	38	38	38							
50	50	50	50							
65	64	64	64							
80	76	76	76							
100	100	100	100							
125	125	125	125							
150	150	150	150							
200	200	200	200							
250	250	250	250							
300	300	300	300							
350	335	335	325							
400	XX V 385 X V V	385	375							
450	430	430	420							
S 500eh	485	485	465							
600	585	585	560							
02.19 700	690	685	650							
800	795	790								
	47a4-adl a95 439f-9a2									
/ <mark>iso-6000-19</mark>	92 990	985								
L	L	L	1							

Table 3 - End-to-end dimensions (butt-weld end valves), l

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

						****			tolerances in		
DN .	10; 10	6; 25	. 2	o	PI 40		50)	100		
DN					End-to-en	d lengths					
	ı	tol.	ı	tol.	l	tol.	1	tol.	1	tol.	
50	250	± 2	216	± 2	250		216	± 2	292		
65	270		241	1.2	290		241	- -	330	± 3	
80	280		283		310	± 3	283		356		
100	300		305		350	Ι3	305		432		
125	325	± 3	381	± 3	400		381	± 3	508		
150	350	Ϊ́	403	I I'	450		403	10	559	± 4	
200	400		419		550		419		660	T 4	
250	450		457		650	± 4	457		787		
300	500		502		750		502	± 4	838		
350	550		572		850	± 5	762	Δ.	889	± 5	
400	600	•	610	± 4	950	1.0	838		991		
450	650	±i₄T€		ANDA	KD I	REV	914	± 5	1 092		
500	700		71 (st	andar	ds!ite	h.ai)	991		1 194	±6	
600	800		813	± 5	1 350		1 143	± 6	1 397		
700	900	https://star	dards.iteh.a		<u>002:1992</u> dards/sist/e6	3847a4-adb	0-439f-9a22	_			
800	1 000	1 -	2	B3c045d4b9	d/iso-6002-	1992					
900	1 100	± 6			,						
1 000	1 200										

Dimensions in millimetres



- A = nominal outside diameter of welding end (see table 4)
- B = nominal inside diameter of pipe (for tolerance on B, see table 4)
- 7 nominal wall thickness of pipe

NOTES

- 1 The inside and outside surfaces of valve welding ends shall be machine finished overall. The contour within the envelope is at the option of the manufacturer unless specifically ordered otherwise.

 (Standards.iten.al)
- 2 Intersections should be slightly rounded.
- 3 Valves having a minimum wall thickness t_m ≤ 3 mm may have ends cut square or slightly chamfered. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e63847a4-adb0-439f-9a22-
- 4 For the nominal outside diameters and wall thicknesses of standard steel pipes, see ISO 4200:1991, Plain end steel tubes, welded and seamless General tables of dimensions and masses per unit length.

Figure 2 — Weld ends

Table 4 — Dimensions and tolerances of weld ends

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Valve n size DN		25	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	600	700	800	900	1 000
4	nom.	35	44	50	62	78	91	117	144	172	223	278	329	362	413	464	516	619	721	825	927	1 029
n	tol.	+2,5 -1,0					+4 -1															
В	tol.	+1 -1											2					+3 2				

5.3 Auxiliary connections

- **5.3.1** Provision for auxiliary connections is not required unless specified in the purchase order.
- **5.3.2** Auxiliary connections shall be identified as indicated in figure 3. Each of the 11 locations is designated by a letter.

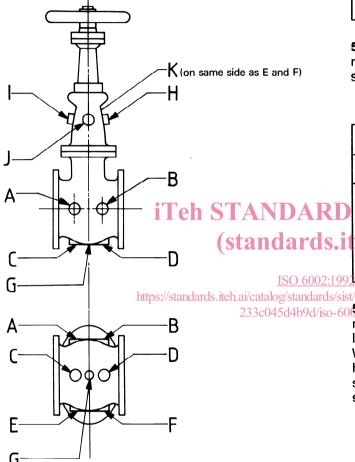


Figure 3 — Location of tappings for auxiliary connections

5.3.3 Unless otherwise specified in the purchase order, auxiliary connections shall be in accordance with table 5.

Table 5 — Sizes of auxiliary connections

Valve nominal size	Auxiliary co	nnection size		
DN	DN	(NPS)1)		
50 ≤ DN ≤ 100	15	(1/2)		
125 ≤ DN ≤ 200	20	(3/4)		
250 ≤ DN ≤ 600	25	(1)		
650 ≤ DN	40	(1 1/2)		

5.3.4 When bosses are required to obtain adequate metal thickness, the inscribed diameter shall be as shown in table 6.

Table 6 — Minimum diameter of bosses

Auxiliary co	nnection size	Minimum boss diameter
DN	(NPS)	mm
15	(1/2)	38
PR ₂₀	(3/4)	44
25	(1)	54
en.31)	(1 1/4)	64
40	(1 1/2)	70

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e63847a4-adb0-439f-9a22233c045d4b9d/iso-60.523i592The wall of the valve may be tapped if the metal is thick enough to allow the effective thread length shown in figure 4 and specified in table 7.

Where the thread length is insufficient or the tapped hole needs reinforcement, a boss shall be added as specified in 5.3.4. Threads shall be tapered as shown in figure 4.

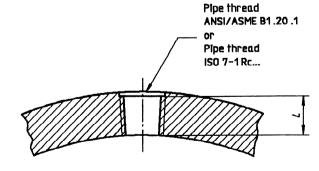


Figure 4 — Thread length for auxiliary connections