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# Noise suppression sheet for digital devices and equipment –

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IEC 62333-2:200

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# INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

# NOISE SUPPRESSION SHEET FOR DIGITAL DEVICES AND EQUIPMENT -

### Part 2: Measuring methods

# FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards. Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 62333-2 has been prepared IEC technical committee 51: Magnetic components and ferrite materials.

This standard is to be used in conjunction with IEC 62333-1.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
51/853/FDIS	51/861/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

IEC 62333 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Noise suppression sheet for digital devices and equipment:* 

Part 1: Definitions and general properties

Part 2: Measuring methods

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

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# NOISE SUPPRESSION SHEET FOR DIGITAL DEVICES AND EQUIPMENT –

# **Part 2: Measuring methods**

### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62333 specifies the methods for measuring the electromagnetic characteristics of a noise suppression sheet. Those methods are intended to provide useful and repeatable measurements to characterize the performance of the noise suppression sheets, so that manufacturers and their customers are able to obtain the same results.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendment) applies.

IEC 62333-1, Noise suppression sheet for digital devices and equipment – Part 1: Definitions and general properties

CISPR 16-1, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus

CISPR 22, Information technology equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement

## <u>IEC 62333-2:2006</u>

http3/stGeneraleh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/e15c7cf9-de82-4869-9e7d-1ec4a4a91e25/iec-62333-2-2006

Electromagnetic interference between electronic devices, and emission of radiation from electronic devices are caused, in part, by RF current generated by active devices which are driven at high frequency. Printed-circuit board (PCB), devices mounted on the PCB, and all other connected circuits or cables can act as antennas to radiate the RF noise. Levels of the electromagnetic interference and the emission are proportional to the RF current, and are also affected significantly by PCB design, radiation efficiency of the antennas, and noise coupling coefficients between the devices and the antennas.

The noise suppression sheet (NSS) is used for decoupling of the noise path, suppressing RF noise current, and reducing radiation. The noise suppression effect of the NSS can be evaluated by four parameters. They are defined as intra-decoupling ratio ( $R_{da}$ ), inter-decoupling ratio ( $R_{de}$ ), transmission attenuation power ratio ( $R_{tp}$ ) and radiation suppression ratio ( $R_{rs}$ ).

A pair of antennas is held close to each other for the measuring intra-decoupling ratio ( $R_{da}$ ) and inter-decoupling ratio ( $R_{de}$ ). One antenna acts as a noise source and another one as a receiver. Both decoupling ratios are derived from comparison before and after the NSS is installed nearby the antennas. These measuring procedures represent practical configurations of the NSS. Practically, the NSS is installed near the noise source or the noise interfered part, inside of the electronic equipments.

A micro-strip line (MSL) test fixture is used for the measuring transmission attenuation power ratio ( $R_{tp}$ ) as a transmission line that would be a noise path. The ratio is derived from comparison before and after the NSS installation. This measuring procedure represents another practical configuration that the NSS is utilized for reducing the RF current along the transmission line.

The MSL test fixture is also used for measuring radiation suppression ratio ( $R_{rs}$ ) as the antenna. The ratio is derived from a comparison before and after the NSS installation. This measuring procedure represents another practical configuration that the NSS is utilized for reducing the radiation from the antenna.

# 4 Measuring methods

# 4.1 Intra-decoupling ratio: R<sub>da</sub>

# 4.1.1 Principle

The following measuring method is applied for evaluating a reduction of coupling between lines or circuit boards on one side of the NSS, from 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

A pair of loop antennas is employed. One is for noise source and the other one for receiver. They are simulating a general electromagnetic interference situation that often exists inside electronic equipment (see Figure 1).

The NSS is placed so that the centre of the antenna pair comes to the centre of the NSS. The coupling between two antennas with the NSS is measured, as well as the coupling without the NSS as a reference value. Consequently, intra-decoupling ratio  $R_{da}$  (dB) can be obtained.

RF magnetic field raised by one antenna is coupled with another one (see Figure 2a). By setting the NSS, the antennas (see Figure 2b), a part of the magnetic flux is led to the NSS, and the coupling is reduced by electromagnetic loss in the material.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/e15c7cf9-de82-4869-9e7d-1ec4a4a91e25/iec-62333-2-2006



Figure 1 – Schematic diagram of a pair of antennas and NSS under test



# Figure 2 – A pair of antennas and NSS under test

# 4.1.2 Apparatus

Figure 1 shows the schematic diagram of the measuring method of intra-decoupling ratio.

NOTE The test sample and the loop antennas are set at least 30 mm away from any other material except for the coaxial cable, using low dielectric and low loss material such as the styrene foam and air gap.

Small loop antennas shall be used for the generation of the RF magnetic field and the detection of the magnetic flux.

The S<sub>21</sub> of the ideal loop antenna pair is proportional to the frequency. This means that S<sub>21</sub> increases 20 dB with the decade of frequency. The usable frequency range of the loop antenna is defined by the deviation of S<sub>21</sub> from the theoretical value. The deviation should be less than  $\pm 3$  dB as shown in Figure 3.



# Figure 3 – Frequency response of coupling between a pair of antennas

Several loop antenna designs shown in Figure 4 are capable of achieving the 20 dB/decade frequency response that defines a valid  $R_{da}/R_{de}$  measurement.

# 4.1.2.1 Loop antenna

Recommended examples of the small antennas are shown in Figure 4. Merits and limitations of recommended examples of the antennas are described in Table 1.



Figure 4 – Recommended examples of small loop antennas for the measurement