
Multi-element metallic cables used in analogue and digital communication and control - Part 6-1: Sectional specification for unshielded cables characterised up to 250 MHz - Horizontal and building backbone cables

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English version

**Multi-element metallic cables used in analogue
and digital communication and control
Part 6-1: Sectional specification for unshielded cables
characterised up to 250 MHz -
Horizontal and building backbone cables**

Câbles métalliques à éléments multiples
utilisés pour les transmissions
et les commandes analogiques
et numériques

Partie 6-1: Spécification intermédiaire
pour les câbles non blindés
pour applications jusqu'à 250 MHz

Câbles horizontaux et verticaux
de bâtiment

Mehradrige metallische Daten-
und Kontrollkabel für analoge
und digitale Übertragung

Teil 6-1: Rahmenspezifikation
für ungeschirmte Kabel bis 250 MHz -
Kabel für den Horizontal- und
Steigbereich

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Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

This European Standard was prepared by SC 46XC, Multicore, Multipair and Quad Data communication cables, of Technical Committee CENELEC TC 46X, Communication cables.

The text of the draft was submitted to the Unique Acceptance Procedure and was approved by CENELEC as EN 50288-6-1 on 2003-10-01.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2004-10-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2006-10-01

This Part 6-1 is to be read in conjunction with EN 50288-1.

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1 Scope

This sectional specification covers unscreened cables, characterised up to 250 MHz, to be used in horizontal floor and building backbone wiring as defined in EN 50173.

The electrical, mechanical, transmission and environmental performance characteristics of the unscreened cables, related to their reference test methods, are detailed.

This sectional specification is to be read in conjunction with EN 50288-1 which contains the essential provisions for its application.

2 Normative references

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the cited publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references, the latest edition of the cited publication applies, together with any amendments.

EN 50173		Information technology - Generic cabling systems
EN 50288-1		Generic specification for multi-element metallic cables used in analogue and digital communication and control
EN 50289	Series	Communication cables - Specifications for test methods
EN 50290	Series	Communication cables
IEC 60189-2		Low-frequency cables and wires with PVC insulation and PVC sheath - Part 2: Cables in pairs, triples, quads and quintuples for inside installations

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this European Standard the definitions of EN 50288-1 apply.

4 Cable construction

4.1 Conductor

The conductor shall be solid copper and meet the requirements of 4.1 of EN 50288-1.

The conductor shall be plain or metal coated.

The nominal conductor diameter shall be $\geq 0,5$ mm and $\leq 0,8$ mm.

4.2 Insulation

The insulation shall be of a suitable material according to the relevant part of EN 50290-2

4.3 Cabling elements

The cable element shall be a pair or a quad.

4.4 Identification of cabling elements

Unless otherwise specified, the colour coding for identification is given in IEC 60189-2. The colours shall meet the requirements of 4.4 of EN 50288-1.

4.5 Screening of cabling elements

Not applicable.

4.6 Cable make-up

The cable elements shall be laid up in concentric layer(s) or units to form the cable core.

4.7 Filling compound

Not applicable.

4.8 Interstitial fillers

Where fillers are used they shall meet the requirements of 4.8 of EN 50288-1.

4.9 Screening of the cable core

Not applicable.

4.10 Moisture barriers

Not applicable.

4.11 Wrapping layers

Where wrapping layers are used they shall be in accordance with 4.11 of EN 50288-1.

4.12 Sheath

The sheath shall be of a suitable material according to the relevant part of EN 50290-2.

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5 Tests and requirements for completed cables

The following tables give the tests to be applied, together with the respective limits, in order to demonstrate compliance with this specification.

5.1 Electrical tests

5.1.1 Low-frequency and d.c. electrical measurements

EN 50288-1 Subclause no.	Parameter	Requirement
5.1.1.1	Conductor loop resistance	$\leq 19,0 \Omega/100 \text{ m}$
5.1.1.2	Conductor resistance unbalance	$\leq 2,0\%$
5.1.1.3	Dielectric strength conductor/conductor	1,0 kV d.c. or 0,7 kV a.c. for 1 min or 2,5 kV d.c. or 1,7 kV a.c. for 2 s
5.1.1.4	Insulation resistance	$\geq 500 \text{ M}\Omega \text{ km}$ using 100 V - 500 V test voltage
5.1.1.5	Mutual capacitance	No requirement specified
5.1.1.6	Capacitance unbalance to earth	$\leq 1 600 \text{ pF/km}$

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5.1.2 High-frequency electrical and transmission measurements

EN 50288-1 Subclause no.	Parameter	Requirement																								
5.1.2.1	Velocity of propagation	Phase delay $\leq 534+36/\sqrt{f}$ ns/100 m, $1 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 250 \text{ MHz}$																								
5.1.2.2	Propagation delay difference (skew)	$\leq 40 \text{ ns/100 m}$ at 100 MHz																								
5.1.2.3	Longitudinal attenuation ^{2) 3) 4)}	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>1</th> <th>4</th> <th>10</th> <th>16</th> <th>20</th> <th>31,25</th> <th>62,5</th> <th>100</th> <th>155</th> <th>200</th> <th>250</th> <th>MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2,1</td> <td>3,8</td> <td>6,0</td> <td>7,6</td> <td>8,5</td> <td>10,7</td> <td>15,5</td> <td>19,9</td> <td>25,3</td> <td>29,1</td> <td>33,0</td> <td>dB/100m</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> $\alpha \leq 1,82\sqrt{f}+0,0169f+0,25/\sqrt{f}$, $1 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 250 \text{ MHz}$	1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	155	200	250	MHz	2,1	3,8	6,0	7,6	8,5	10,7	15,5	19,9	25,3	29,1	33,0	dB/100m
1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	155	200	250	MHz															
2,1	3,8	6,0	7,6	8,5	10,7	15,5	19,9	25,3	29,1	33,0	dB/100m															
5.1.2.5	Near-end crosstalk (NEXT) ^{1) 2)}	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>1</th> <th>4</th> <th>10</th> <th>16</th> <th>20</th> <th>31,25</th> <th>62,5</th> <th>100</th> <th>155</th> <th>200</th> <th>250</th> <th>MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>66,0</td> <td>65,3</td> <td>59,3</td> <td>56,2</td> <td>54,8</td> <td>51,9</td> <td>47,4</td> <td>44,3</td> <td>41,4</td> <td>39,8</td> <td>38,3</td> <td>dB</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> $\geq 74,3-15\log(f)$, $1 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 250 \text{ MHz}$ (maximum 66 dB)	1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	155	200	250	MHz	66,0	65,3	59,3	56,2	54,8	51,9	47,4	44,3	41,4	39,8	38,3	dB
1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	155	200	250	MHz															
66,0	65,3	59,3	56,2	54,8	51,9	47,4	44,3	41,4	39,8	38,3	dB															

EN 50288-1 Subclause no.	Parameter	Requirement																								
5.1.2.7.1	Power sum near-end crosstalk ²⁾ (PSNEXT)	<table border="1" data-bbox="643 304 1495 421"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>4</td><td>10</td><td>16</td><td>20</td><td>31,25</td><td>62,5</td><td>100</td><td>155</td><td>200</td><td>250</td><td>MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64,0</td><td>63,3</td><td>57,3</td><td>54,2</td><td>52,8</td><td>49,9</td><td>45,4</td><td>42,3</td><td>39,4</td><td>37,8</td><td>36,3</td><td>dB</td> </tr> </table> <p data-bbox="643 439 1369 472">≥72,3-15log(f) 1 MHz ≤ f ≤ 250 MHz (maximum 64 dB)</p>	1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	155	200	250	MHz	64,0	63,3	57,3	54,2	52,8	49,9	45,4	42,3	39,4	37,8	36,3	dB
1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	155	200	250	MHz															
64,0	63,3	57,3	54,2	52,8	49,9	45,4	42,3	39,4	37,8	36,3	dB															
5.1.2.6	Equal level far-end crosstalk ²⁾ (ELFEXT)	<table border="1" data-bbox="643 521 1495 638"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>4</td><td>10</td><td>16</td><td>20</td><td>31,25</td><td>62,5</td><td>100</td><td>155</td><td>200</td><td>250</td><td>MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>66,0</td><td>58,0</td><td>50,0</td><td>45,9</td><td>44,0</td><td>40,1</td><td>34,1</td><td>30,0</td><td>26,2</td><td>24,0</td><td>22,0</td><td>dB</td> </tr> </table> <p data-bbox="643 656 1369 712">≥ 70-20log(f), 1 MHz ≤ f ≤ 250 MHz (maximum 66 dB), values referenced to 100 m</p>	1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	155	200	250	MHz	66,0	58,0	50,0	45,9	44,0	40,1	34,1	30,0	26,2	24,0	22,0	dB
1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	155	200	250	MHz															
66,0	58,0	50,0	45,9	44,0	40,1	34,1	30,0	26,2	24,0	22,0	dB															
5.1.2.7.2	Power sum equal level far-end crosstalk ²⁾ (PSELFEXT)	<table border="1" data-bbox="643 748 1495 864"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>4</td><td>10</td><td>16</td><td>20</td><td>31,25</td><td>62,5</td><td>100</td><td>155</td><td>200</td><td>250</td><td>MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64,0</td><td>55,0</td><td>47,0</td><td>43,0</td><td>41,0</td><td>37,1</td><td>31,1</td><td>27,0</td><td>23,2</td><td>21,0</td><td>19,0</td><td>dB</td> </tr> </table> <p data-bbox="643 882 1369 938">≥ 67-20log(f), 1 MHz ≤ f ≤ 250 MHz (maximum 64 dB), values referenced to 100 m</p>	1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	155	200	250	MHz	64,0	55,0	47,0	43,0	41,0	37,1	31,1	27,0	23,2	21,0	19,0	dB
1	4	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	155	200	250	MHz															
64,0	55,0	47,0	43,0	41,0	37,1	31,1	27,0	23,2	21,0	19,0	dB															
5.1.2.8	Mean characteristic Impedance	100 Ω ± 5 Ω, 120 Ω ± 5 Ω, at 100 MHz																								
5.1.2.9	Return loss ⁵⁾	<table border="1" data-bbox="643 1081 1495 1198"> <tr> <td>4</td><td>8</td><td>10</td><td>16</td><td>20</td><td>31,25</td><td>62,5</td><td>100</td><td>155</td><td>200</td><td>250</td><td>MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>23,1</td><td>24,5</td><td>25,0</td><td>25,0</td><td>25,0</td><td>23,6</td><td>21,5</td><td>20,1</td><td>18,8</td><td>18,0</td><td>17,3</td><td>dB</td> </tr> </table> <p data-bbox="643 1216 1495 1272">≥ 20+5log(f), 4 MHz ≤ f ≤ 10 MHz; 25,0 dB, 10 MHz ≤ f ≤ 20 MHz; 25-7log(f/20), 20 MHz < f ≤ 250 MHz; f.f.s.</p>	4	8	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	155	200	250	MHz	23,1	24,5	25,0	25,0	25,0	23,6	21,5	20,1	18,8	18,0	17,3	dB
4	8	10	16	20	31,25	62,5	100	155	200	250	MHz															
23,1	24,5	25,0	25,0	25,0	23,6	21,5	20,1	18,8	18,0	17,3	dB															
5.1.2.4	Near-end unbalance attenuation	≥ 40-10log(f) dB, 1 MHz ≤ f ≤ 250 MHz f.f.s																								
5.1.2.10	Coupling attenuation	<p data-bbox="643 1447 1110 1480">≥ 40 dB, 30 MHz ≤ f ≤ 100 MHz f.f.s</p> <p data-bbox="643 1480 1294 1514">≥ 40-20log(f/100) dB, 100 MHz < f ≤ 1 000 MHz f.f.s</p>																								

1) For hybrid and multi-unit cables and cables, PSNEXT between all non fibre recognised cable units shall be 3 dB better than the specified pair to pair NEXT at all specified frequencies.

2) The values in the table are for information only. The formula given shall be used to determine compliance, rounded to one decimal place.

3) Above 20 °C the attenuation shall meet values adjusted for temperature. Up to 40 °C the temperature coefficient of 0,4 % per degree rise shall be used and for temperatures from 40 °C to 60 °C the temperature coefficient shall be 0,6 % per degree.

4) Values between 1 MHz and 4 MHz are for information only.

5) For the measurement of return loss, a test sample having a round trip loss ≥ 40 dB at any measured frequency should be used.