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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Qi Specification version 2.0 – A Standards Part 5: Communications Physical Layer

Document Preview

IEC 63563-5:2025





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QI SPECIFICATION VERSION 2.0 –

Part 5: Communications Physical Layer

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IEC 63563-5 has been prepared by technical area 15: Wireless Power Transfer, of IEC technical committee 100: Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment. It is an International Standard.

It is based on Qi Specification version 2.0, Communications Physical Layer and was submitted as a Fast-Track document.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting			
100/4250/FDIS	100/4280/RVD			

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

The structure and editorial rules used in this publication reflect the practice of the organization which submitted it.

This document was developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

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- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

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WIRELESS POWER CONSORTIUM

Qi Specification

Communications Physical Layer

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RELEASE HISTORY

Specification Version	Release Date	Description
v2.0	April 2023	Initial release of the v2.0 Qi Specification.

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1 General

The Wireless Power Consortium (WPC) is a worldwide organization that aims to develop and promote global standards for wireless power transfer in various application areas. A first application area comprises flat-surface devices such as mobile phones and chargers in the Baseline Power Profile (up to 5 W) and Extended Power Profile (above 5 W).

1.1 Structure of the Qi Specification

General documents

- Introduction
- Glossary, Acronyms, and Symbols

System description documents

- Mechanical, Thermal, and User Interface
- Power Delivery
- Communications Physical Layer
 Standards
- Communications Protocol
- Foreign Object Detection / standards.iteh.ai)
- NFC Tag Protection Ocument Preview
- Authentication Protocol

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1.2 Scope

The *Communications Physical Layer* (this document) defines the low-level (physical layer and the data link layer) formats of data bits, data bytes, and data packets. In addition, it provides requirements and guidelines for load modulation and frequency-shift keying.

1.3 Compliance

All provisions in the *Qi Specification* are mandatory, unless specifically indicated as recommended, optional, note, example, or informative. Verbal expression of provisions in this Specification follow the rules provided in ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

Provision	Verbal form		
requirement	"shall" or "shall not"		
recommendation	"should" or "should not"		
permission	"may" or "may not"		
capability	"can" or "cannot"		
(https://standards.iteh.ai)			

Table 1: Verbal forms for expressions of provisions

1.4 References **Document Preview**

For undated references, the most recently published document applies. The most recent WPC publications can be downloaded from http://www.wirelesspowerconsortium.com.

1.5 Conventions

1.5.1 Notation of numbers

- Real numbers use the digits 0 to 9, a decimal point, and optionally an exponential part.
- Integer numbers in decimal notation use the digits 0 to 9.
- Integer numbers in hexadecimal notation use the hexadecimal digits 0 to 9 and A to F, and are . prefixed by "0x" unless explicitly indicated otherwise.
- Single bit values use the words ZERO and ONE. .

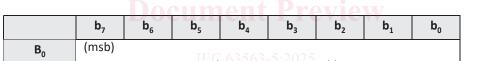
1.5.2 Tolerances

Unless indicated otherwise, all numeric values in the Qi Specification are exactly as specified and do not have any implied tolerance.

1.5.3 Fields in a data packet

A numeric value stored in a field of a data packet uses a big-endian format. Bits that are more significant are stored at a lower byte offset than bits that are less significant. Table 2 and Figure 1 provide examples of the interpretation of such fields.

Table 2: Example of fields in a data packet

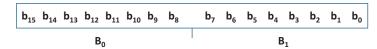


16-bit Numeric Data Field https://standar ds.itB₁.a

lar	ds.it B h.ai/c	atalog/standards/iec/3db9952c-9746-4e3b-aa8b-04b841(sb)				85/iec-63563-5-2	
	B ₂	Other Field	(msb)				
	B ₃	10-bit Numeric Data Field		(Isb)	Field		

Figure 1. Examples of fields in a data packet

16-bit Numeric Data Field



10-bit Numeric Data Field

