INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

IEC 62356-1

First edition 2003-12

Video recording – 12,65 mm TYPE D-11 format –

Part 1: Tape recording

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IEC 62356-1:2003

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

VIDEO RECORDING – 12,65 mm TYPE D-11 FORMAT –

Part 1: Tape recording

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International Standard IEC 62356-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 100: Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment

The text of this standard was submitted to the national committees for voting under the Fast Track Procedure as the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting	
100/629/CDV	100/699/RVC	

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until 2008-11. At this date, the publication will be

- · reconfirmed;
- · withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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VIDEO RECORDING – 12,65 mm TYPE D-11 FORMAT –

Part 1: Tape recording

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the format for the recording of Type D-11 compressed pictures, four channels of AES3 data and associated data which form helical records on 12,65 mm tape in cassettes. This standard also defines the helical track record parameters, the content and format of the longitudinal records and the cassette physical specifications.

The recording format supports frame frequencies of 30/1,001 Hz, 25 Hz, 24 Hz and 24/1.001 Hz.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61213:1993, Analogue audio recording on video tape – Polarity of magnetization

IEC 61237-1:1994, Broadcast video tape recorders – Methods of measurement – Part 1: Mechanical measurements

IEC 62356-2, Video recording – 12,65 mm type D-11 format – Part 2: Picture compression and data stream ¹

IEC 62356-3, Video recording – 12,65 mm type D-11 format – Part 3: Data mapping over SDTI¹

ITU-R Recommendation BT.709:2004, Parameter values for the HDTV* standard for production and international program exchange

SMPTE 12M:1999, Television - Audio and Film - Time and Control Code

SMPTE 292M:1998, Bit-Serial Digital Interface for High-Definition Television Systems

SMPTE 276M:1995, Transmission of AES-EBU Digital Audio Signals Over Coaxial Cable

AES3-1992, Serial transmission format for two-channel linearly represented digital audio data

¹ To be published.

3 Abbreviations and acronyms

For the purposes of this document, the following abbreviations and acronyms apply.

AUX Auxiliary

DCT Discrete cosine transform

ECC Error correcting code

EOB End of block

I-NRZI Interleaved non-return to zero inverted

MUX Multiplex

VLC Variable length coding

4 Environment and test conditions

4.1 Environmental conditions

Tests and measurements made on the system to check the requirements of this standard shall be carried out under the following conditions:

– temperature: 20 °C ± 1 °C

relative humidity:
50 % ± 2 % \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ TOS}\$

barometric pressure: from 86 kPa to 106 kPa

tape tension: 0,3 N ± 0,05 N

- tape conditioning: not less than 24 h

4.2 Calibration tape

Calibration tapes meeting the tolerances specified below should be made available by manufacturers of digital television tape recorders and players in accordance with this standard.

4.3 Record locations and dimensions

Geometrical location and dimensions of the recordings on the tape and their relative positions in regard to timing relations of the recorded signals shall be as specified in Figure 27 and Table 1 . Tolerances shown in Table 1 should, however, be reduced by 50 % for calibration tapes.

5 Tape and cassette physical specifications

5.1 Magnetic tape specifications

5.1.1 Base

The base material shall be polyester or equivalent.

5.1.2 Tape width and width fluctuation

The tape width shall be 12,650 mm \pm 0,005 mm. Tape width fluctuation shall not exceed 6 μm peak to peak. The value of tape width fluctuation shall be evaluated by measuring 10 points, each 20 mm apart, over a tape length of 200 mm.

5.1.1 Tape thickness

The tape thickness shall be from 12,5 μ m to 13,8 μ m.

5.1.2 Offset yield strength

The offset yield strength shall be greater than 15 N.

5.1.3 Magnetic coating

The magnetic tape used shall have a coating of metal particles or equivalent, longitudinally oriented. The coating coercivity shall be in the range of 120 000 A/m to 140 000 A/m, with an applied field of 800 000 A/m (10 000 oersted) as measured by a 50 Hz or 60 Hz BH meter or vibrating sample magnetometer (VSM).

5.2 Cassette specifications

5.2.1 Cassette dimensions

Two sizes of cassettes shall be identified as follows:

S cassette	$96\times156\times25~mm$	As shown in Figures 1 to 13
L cassette	145 × 254 × 25 mm	As shown in Figures 14 to 26

5.2.2 Tape length and recording time 200 and 8

Maximum tape length and recording time are recommended as follows:

S cassette	241 m $_0^{+2}$ m	40 min for 29,97PsF/59,941	48 min for 25PsF/50I	50 min for 24PsF	50 min for 23,98PsF
L cassette	732 m $_{0}^{+2}$ m	124 min for 29.97PsF/59.94I	148 min for 25PsF/50I	155 min for 24PsF	155 min for 23.98PsF

5.2.3 Datum planes

Datum plane Z shall be determined by three datum areas, A, B and C, as shown in Figures 3a and 16a. Datum plane X shall be orthogonal to datum plane Z and shall include the centres of datum holes (a) and (b). Datum plane Y shall be orthogonal to both datum plane X and datum plane Z and shall include the centre of datum hole (a) as shown in Figures 2 and 15.

5.2.4 Tape winding

The magnetic coating side of the magnetic tape shall face outside on both the supply reel and the take-up reel as shown in Figures 4 and 17.

5.2.5 Label area and window area

The hatched areas shown in Figures 1 and 14 are for the label and window. Labels attached to the cassette shall not protrude above the outside cassette surface plane.

5.2.6 Guiding groove

For correct insertion into the VTR, four guiding grooves for S cassettes, as shown in Figures 1 and 2, and three guiding grooves for L cassettes, as shown in Figure 15, shall be provided.

5.2.7 Safety tab and safety plug for recording inhibition

For S cassettes, a safety plug at the supply reel side and a hole of minimum depth 10 mm from datum plane Z at the take-up reel side shall be provided as shown in Figure 2.

For L cassettes, a safety plug shall be provided at the take-up reel side as shown in Figure 15.

The safety plug shall not be deformed by 0,3 mm or more when a force of 2,0 N (204 gf) is applied to the centre of it, using a 2,5 mm diameter rod. See Figures 12 and 25.

5.2.8 Identification holes

Six identification holes (holes 1 to 6) shall be located as specified in Figures 2 and 15. For this format, holes 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 shall be closed. Hole 5 shall be open.

5.2.9 Reels

5.2.9.1 Reel lock system

The reels shall be automatically unlocked when the cassette is inserted into the video tape recorder and/or player unit and automatically locked when the cassette is ejected from it.

The locations of the reels when in the unlocked position are shown in Figures 4 and 17. Dimensions of the reels are shown in Figures 6 and 19. Heights of the reels are shown in Figures 7 and 20.

The reel shall be completely released when the cassette lid is opened 23,5 mm minimum from datum plane Z.

5.2.9.2 Reel spring force

The reels assembled in the cassette shall be pressed by the reel spring with a specified force under the conditions specified in Figures 11 and 24. The spring force shall be 1,5 N \pm 0,5 N (153 gf \pm 51 gf) for S cassettes and 3,5 N \pm 0,5 N (357 gf \pm 51 gf) for L cassettes when pressing on a reel 2,4 mm above datum plane Z as shown in Figures 11 and 24.

5.2.9.3 Extraction force

The force (F1, F2) required to pull the tape out from the reel shall not exceed 0,17 N (17 gf), as specified in Figures 13a and 26a.

5.2.9.4 Friction torque

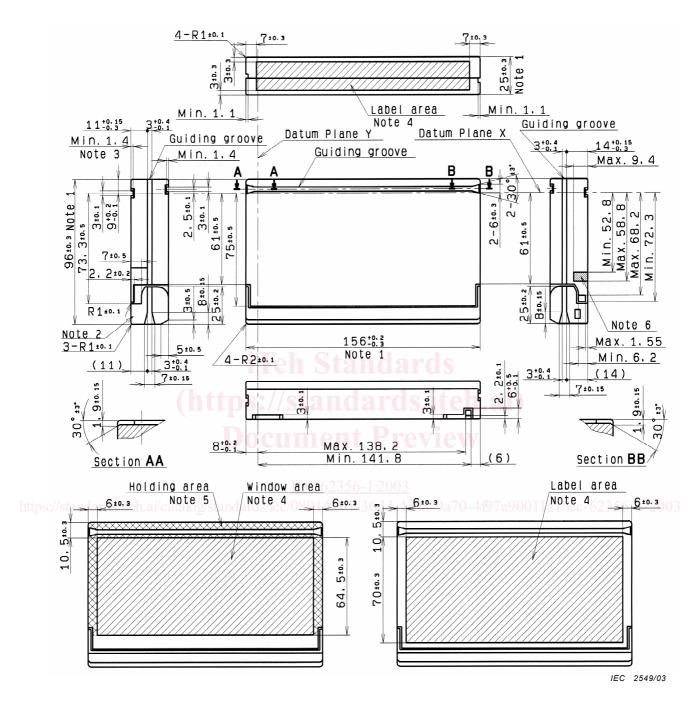
The torque required to wind the tape shall be less than 15 mN m (152 gf cm) for S cassettes and less than 30 mN m (305 gf cm) for L cassettes, as specified in Figures 13b and 26b.

5.2.10 Protecting lid

The cassette lid shall be automatically unlocked when the cassette is inserted into the video tape recorder and/or player unit and automatically locked when the cassette is ejected from it.

The unlocking lever insertion area is specified in Figures 8 and 21. The lid shall be unlocked when the lid lock lever is shifted in either direction A or B, as illustrated in Figures 9 and 22. The force required to unlock the lid shall be less than 1 N (101 gf) in the A direction or less than 1,5 N (152 gf) in the B direction.

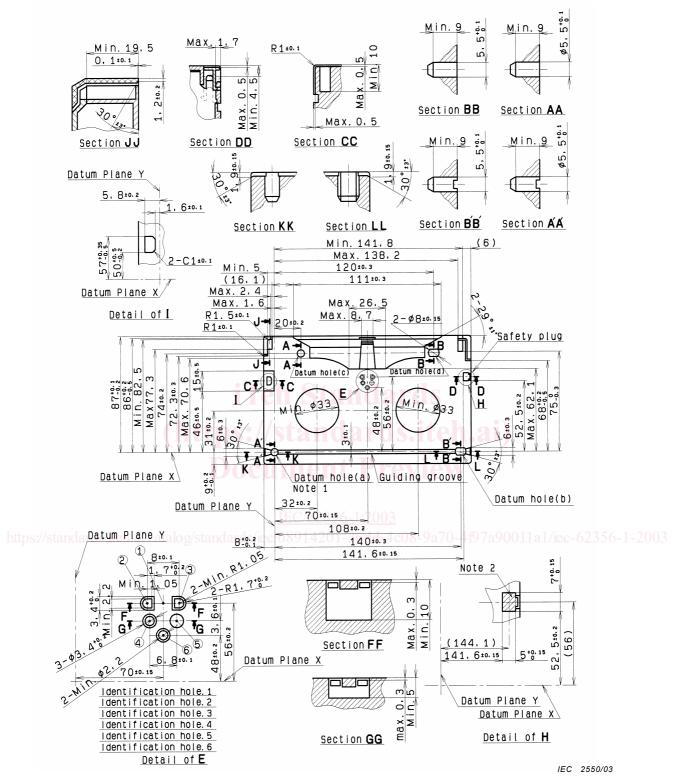
The lid shall open 29,0 mm with a force of 1,5 N (152 gf) or less as specified in Figures 10 and 23.



Dimensions in millimetres

- NOTE 1 These dimensions are inspected by using limit gauges.
- NOTE 2 No part of the lid shall protrude beyond the bottom plane of the cassette when the lid opens nor when it closes.
- NOTE 3 These dimensions shall be specified based on datum plane Z.
- NOTE 4 Label and/or window areas shown by the hatched area are available for the label and/or window.
- NOTE 5 The cassette may be held in position by the recorder and/or player unit on the holding area shown by the cross-hatched area.
- NOTE 6 The fine-hatched area shows the acceptable range of plug-notch position and depth at the side.

Figure 1 – Top- and side-view dimensions (S-Cassette)



Dimensions in millimetres

NOTE 1 Datum hole (a) is primary.

NOTE 2 The cross-hatched area shows the VTR detection area.

Figure 2 – Bottom-view dimensions (S-Cassette)