

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ISO 6508:1995

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Kovinska gradiva - Preskus trdote - Preskus trdote po Rockwellu (lestvice A - B - C - D - E - F - G - H - K)

Metallic materials -- Hardness test -- Rockwell test (scales A - B - C - D - E - F - G - H - K)

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Matériaux métalliques -- Essai de dureté a Essai Rockwell (échelles A - B - C - D - E - F - G - H - K)

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INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION MEX DYHAPODHAR OPFAHИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Metallic materials – Hardness test – Rockwell test (scales A - B - C - D - E - F - G - H - K)

Matériaux métalliques – Essai de dureté – Essai Rockwell (échelles A – B – C – D – E – F – G – H – K)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council. They are approved in accordance with ISO procedures requiring at least 75 % approval by the member bodies voting **TANDARD PREVIEW**

International Standard ISO 6508 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164, Mechanical testing of metals.

It cancels and replaces ISO Recommendation R 80-1968 and International Standard ISO 2713-1973, of which it constitutes a technical revision og/standards/sist/6541ef2d-d76a-4b06-8960b703ab89cab9/sist-iso-6508-1995

Users should note that all International Standards undergo revision from time to time and that any reference made herein to any other International Standard implies its latest edition, unless otherwise stated.

Metallic materials – Hardness test – Rockwell test (scales A – B – C – D – E – F – G – H – K)

1 Scope and field of application TANDARD S0 3738/1, Hardmetals – Rockwell hardness test (scale A) –

This International Standard specifies the method for the Rockwell hardness test (scales and field of application according to table 1) for metallic materials. Determination of apparent hardness – Part 1 : Materials of

For specific materials and/or products, particular International 6508:1995 Standards exist (see clause 2) tps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6541ef2d-d76a-4b06-8960-

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NOTE – For certain materials, the fields of application may be narrower than those indicated.

2 References

ISO 716, Metallic materials — Hardness test — Verification of Rockwell hardness testing machines (scales A - B - C - D - E - F - G - H - K).

3 Principle

Forcing an indenter (diamond cone or steel ball) into the surface of a test piece in two steps under specified conditions (see clause 7). Measuring the permanent increase e of the depth of indentation.

The unit of measurement for e is 0,002 mm. From the value of e, a number known as the Rockwell hardness is derived.

Rockwell hardness scale	Hardness symbol	Type of indenter	Preliminary test force	Additional test force	Total test force	Field of application (Rockwell hardness range)
			F ₀	F ₁	<i>F</i>	
Α	HRA	Diamond cone	98,07 N	490,3 N	588,4 N	20 to 88 HRA
В	HRB	Steel ball 1,587 5 mm	98,07 N	882,6 N	980,7 N	20 to 100 HRB
с	HRC	Diamond cone	98,07 N	1,373 kN	1,471 kN	20 to 70 HRC
D	HRD	Diamond cone	98,07 N	882,6 N	980,7 N	40 to 77 HRD
Е	HRE	Steel ball 3,175 mm	98,07 N	882,6 N	980,7 N	70 to 100 HRE
F	HRF	Steel ball 1,587 5 mm	98,07 N	490,3 N	588,4 N	60 to 100 HRF
G	HRG	Steel ball 1,587 5 mm	98,07 N	1,373 kN	1,471 kN	30 to 94 HRG
н	HRH	Steel ball 3,175 mm	98,07 N	490,3 N	588,4 N	80 to 100 HRH
к	HRK	Steel ball 3,175 mm	98,07 N	1,373 kN	1,471 kN	40 to 100 HRK

Table 1

4 Symbols and designations

See tables 1 and 2 and figures 1 and 2.

Table 2

Symbol	Designation				
α	Angle of the diamond cone				
R	Radius of curvature at the tip of the diamond cone				
D	Diameter of steel ball				
F ₀	Preliminary test force				
F_1	Additional test force				
F	Total test force				
h ₀	Depth of indentation under preliminary test force before application of additional test force				
h ₁	Increase in depth of indentation under additional test force				
e	Permanent increase of depth of indentation under preliminary test force after removal of additional test force, expressed in units of 0,002 mm				
HRA HRC HRD	Bockwell hardness = 100 Feh STAN	DA			
HRB HRE	(stand	lar			
HRF HRG	Rockwell hardness = $130 - e$ SIS	T ISC			
HRH	https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog				
HRK	b703ab89				

6 Test piece

6.1 The test shall be carried out on a surface which is smooth and even, free from oxide scale, foreign matter and, in particular, completely free from lubricants.

6.2 Preparation shall be carried out in such a way that any alteration of the surface hardness due to heat or cold-working, for example, is minimized.

6.3 The thickness of the test piece or of the layer under test shall be at least ten times the permanent increase of depth e (see annex A).

After the test, no deformation shall be visible on the surface of the test piece opposite the indentation.

6.4 For tests on convex cylindrical surfaces and spherical surfaces the corrections given in annex B, table 3 or 4 and table 5 in annex C, shall be applied. In the absence of corrections for tests on concave surfaces, tests on such surfaces shall be the subject of special agreement.

7 Procedure

Rockwell hardness = 100 Feh STANDA 7.1 In general, the test should be carried out at ambient temperature within the limits of 10 to 35 °C. Tests carried out under controlled conditions shall be made at a temperature of (standar(23 ± 5 °C.))

 Rockwell nardness = 130 - e
 SIST ISO 7.2/8: The test piece shall be placed on a rigid support and suphttps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/stand.potted/in5such2almannet[that]the[surface to be indented is in a b703ab89 cab9/siplane_normal_to_the axis of the indenter and the line of the indenting force.

The Rockwell hardness is denoted by the symbol HR preceded by the hardness value and completed by a letter indicating the scale.

Example

59 HRC = Rockwell hardness of 59, measured on the C scale.

5 Apparatus

5.1 Testing machine, capable of applying predetermined forces as shown in table 1, and in accordance with ISO 716.

5.2 Conical diamond indenter in accordance with ISO 716, having an angle of 120° and radius of curvature at the tip of 0,200 mm.

5.3 Steel ball indenter in accordance with ISO 716, having a diameter of 1,587 5 or 3,175 mm.

5.4 Measuring device in accordance with ISO 716.

Products of cylindrical shape shall be suitably supported, for example, on centering V-blocks of steel with a Rockwell hardness of at least 60 HRC. Special attention shall be given to the correct seating, bearing and alignment of the indenters, the test piece, the centering V-blocks and the specimen holder of the testing machine since any perpendicular misalignment may result in incorrect observations.

7.3 Bring the indenter into contact with the test surface and apply the preliminary test force $F_0 = 98,07$ N without shock or vibration.

7.4 Set the measuring device to its datum position and, without shock or vibration, increase the force from F_0 to F in not less than 2 nor greater than 8 s.

- F = 588,4 N for scales A, F and H
- F = 980,7 N for scales B, D and E
- F = 1,471 kN for scales C, G and K

7.5 While maintaining the preliminary force F_0 , remove the additional force F_1 , so that

- for materials which, under the conditions of the test, show no time-dependent plasticity, the duration of the total test force F shall be not less than 1 s nor greater than 3 s;



Figure 2 - Surface of test piece with steel ball (Rockwell scales B, E, F, G, H or K)

for materials which, under the conditions of the test, show some time-dependent plasticity, the duration of the total test force F shall be not less than 1 s nor greater than 5 s:

for materials which, under the conditions of the test, ____ show considerable time-dependent plasticity, the duration of total test force F shall be not less than 10 s nor greater than 15 s.

7.6 Throughout the test, the apparatus shall be protected from shock or vibration.

The Rockwell hardness number is derived from the per-7.7 manent increase in depth of indentation e, and is usually read directly from the measuring device. The derivation of the Rockwell hardness number is illustrated in figures 1 and 2.

7.8 After each change, or removal and replacement, of the indenter or the test piece support, it shall be ascertained that the new indenter or the new support is correctly mounted in its housing. The first two readings after such a change has been made shall be disregarded.

7.9 The distance between the centres of two adjacent indentations shall be at least four times the diameter of the indenta. The corresponding effect on the termination of the f tion (but at least 2 mm).

The distance from the centre of any indentation to an edge of the test piece shall be at least two and a half times the diameter of the indentation (but at least 1 mm).

Test report 8

The test report shall include the following information:

a) reference to this International Standard;

all details necessary for identification of the test b) sample;

- the result obtained (see note 1): c)
- d) all operations not specified by this International Standard, or regarded as optional;

details of any occurrence which may have affected the e) result (see note 2).

NOTES

1 There is no general process for accurately converting Rockwell hardness into other scales of hardness or into tensile strength. Such conversions therefore should be avoided, unless a reliable basis for conversion can be obtained by comparison tests.

There is evidence that some materials may be sensitive to the rate of straining which causes small changes in the value of the yield stress. The corresponding effect on the termination of the formation of an

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Annex A

Minimum thickness of the test piece in relation to the Rockwell hardness

(This annex forms an integral part of the Standard.)



Figure 3 - Test with diamond cone (HRA, HRC, HRD)