

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 13715:2006 01-maj-2006

þŶŶnb]ý_Y`bUdfUj Y`Ë'?c`YgbY`Xj c^JWY`]b`dcXgHUj b]'j cn] _]'Ë'?c`YgU'Ë'DfcZj` HY_U'bY`dcj fý]bY

Railway applications - Wheelsets and bogies - Wheels - Wheels tread

Bahnanwendungen - Radsätze und Drehgestelle - Räder - Radprofile

Applications ferroviaires - Essieux montés et bogies - Roues - Profil/de roulement

(standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 1371

SIST EN 13715:2006

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d215564f-7629-4015-8db6

9f547ad48a91/sist-en-13715-2006

<u>ICS:</u>

45.040 Materiali in deli za železniško Materials and components

tehniko for railway engineering

SIST EN 13715:2006 en

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 13715:2006

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d215564f-7629-4015-8db6-9f547ad48a91/sist-en-13715-2006

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 13715

February 2006

ICS 45.040

English Version

Railway applications - Wheelsets and bogies - Wheels - Wheels tread

Applications ferroviaires - Essieux montés et bogies - Roues - Profil de roulement

Bahnanwendungen - Radsätze und Drehgestelle - Räder - Radprofile

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 9 January 2006.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

SIST EN 13715:2006

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d215564f-7629-4015-8db6-9f547ad48a91/sist-en-13715-2006



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

Contents Page Introduction4 2 3 Definition of the tread profile......5 Symbols and abbreviations7 Definition of the profiles8 4.1 5.1 5.2 Profile construction......8 5.3 Profile zone H2 – D1 (flange)8 5.3.1 Profile connection zone D1 – C19 5.3.2 Profile zone D1 – C1 –D0 for flange thicknesses 28,5 mm ≤ e ≤ 32,5 mm10 5.3.3 5.3.4 Zone D0 – B1 (B1a or B1b)......11 Reverse slope and chamfer12 5.3.5 Geometric characteristics.......12 6.1 RE and RI 12 mm connecting radii......12 6.2 Rfa connecting radius13 6.3 6.4 R13 connecting radius ______13 6.5 6.6 7 8 Δ.1 **A.2** Flange geometryhttps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d215564f-7629-4015-8dlife Complete reference profile: construction with a 32,5 mm thick flange and 15 % reverse **B**.1 **B.2** Complete reference profile: construction with 32,5 mm thick flange and 6,7 % reverse **C.1** C.2 Complete reference profile: construction with 32,5 mm thick flange and 10 % reverse **D.1 D.2** Annex ZA (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 96/48/EC25 Annex ZB (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential

Ribliography	29
Dibilography	

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 13715:2006

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d215564f-7629-4015-8db6-9f547ad48a91/sist-en-13715-2006

Foreword

This document (EN 13715:2006) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 256 "Railway applications", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2006, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2006.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directives 96/48 and 2001/16.

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annexes ZA and ZB, which are integral parts of this document.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

This standard states requirements that are in accordance with the principles adopted by the International Union of Railways. It:

- describes the rules, parameters and construction methods of the wheel tread profile;
- defines the geometry of the flange and reverse slope. The thicknesses and height of the flange are determined by the railway undertaking or its representative in compliance with the normative documents in force;
 96547ad48a91/sist-en-13715-2006
- defines the co-ordinates and geometry of the following three reference tread profiles of the wheels and their reverse slope:
 - 1/40th (reverse slope 15 %);
 - S1002 (reverse slope 6,7 %, other value used 15 %) in conformity with UIC Leaflet 510-2;
 - EPS (reverse slope 10 %) equivalent to profile P8 of the United Kingdom with a flange 30 mm thick.

These three reference profiles are defined in Annexes B, C and D and represent original profiles from the time of their design, the flanges having been harmonized to a 32,5 mm flange thickness.

defines the tolerances needed to achieve calibration control.

All the dimensions in this standard are given in millimetres.

1 Scope

This European Standard defines the tread profiles of wheels with a diameter greater than or equal to 330 mm used on vehicles running on European standard gauge track to fulfil interoperability requirements. These profiles apply to new wheels, whether free-standing or assembled as wheelsets, as well as to wheels that require reprofiling during maintenance.

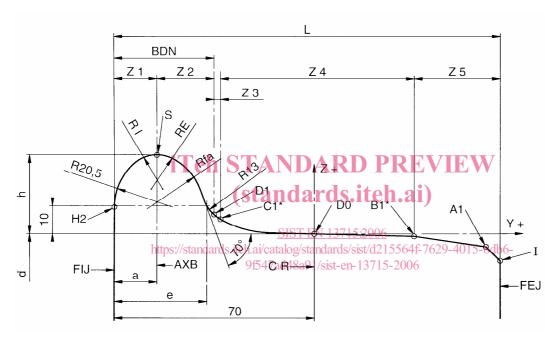
Any profile that does not conform to this standard shall only be used following agreement between the train operator and the infrastructure manager.

2 Normative references

None apply to this standard.

3 Definition of the tread profile

The tread profile is shown in Figure 1.



Key

EN 13715:2006 (E)

See Table 1 - Symbols and abbreviations

The points marked with "*" relate respectively to the following profiles B 1 S1002
B1a 1/40th
B1b EPS
C1 S1002
C1a 1/40th
C1b EPS

Figure 1 — Wheel tread profile

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN 13715:2006</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d215564f-7629-4015-8db6-9f547ad48a91/sist-en-13715-2006

4 Symbols and abbreviations

Table 1 — Symbols and abbreviations

r		
Z 1	Internal zone of flange (H2 – S)	
Z 2	External zone of flange (S – D1)	
Z 3	Connection zone, flange to wheel tread [D1 – C1(C1a, C1b)]	
Z 4	Wheel tread zone [C1 (C1a, C1b) - B1 (B1a, B1b)]	
Z 5	Zone between the wheel tread (reverse slope) and chamfer [B1 (B1a, B1b) - I]	
а	Position of the axis intersecting the tip of the flange relative to the internal face of the wheel	
d	Wheel diameter	
е	Flange thickness	
de	Difference between the reference value for flange thickness (32,5 mm) and the new value of "e"	
h	Flange height	
Υ	Yaxis	
Z	Zaxis	
у	Abscissa according to "Y" axis for the specific point	
Z	Ordinate according to the "Z" axis for the specific point	
A1	Connection point of the reverse slope with the 5 mm x 5 mm chamfer	
B1 (B1a, B1b)	Connection point of the reverse slope with the wheel tread	
C1 C1a, C1b)	Starting point of the connection zone between the wheel tread and the flange zone	
C11a, C11b, C12, D1a, D1b, E1, F1, G1, H1, T1	Unique profile construction points	
D0	Location of the wheel tread, 70 mm from its internal face. Origin of the co-ordinate axes	
D1	Starting point of the flange	
H2	Finishing point of the flange, on the internal face of the wheel	
I	Starting point of the profile on the external face of the wheel	
L	Rim nominal width, 135 mm or 140 mm	
Rfa	External flange radius, a function of the flange height	
RE	12 mm radius, connection to the external face of the flange	
RI	12 mm radius, connection to the internal face of the flange	
Rem	Centre of radius RE SIST EN 13715:2006	
Rim	Centre of radius Pst//standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d215564f-7629-4015-8db6-	
R13	13 mm radius, connection between the internal face of the flange and the wheel fread	
Hm	Centre of 20,5 mm radius	
Fm	Centre of Rfa radius	
Dm	Centre of R 13 radius	
Jm	Centre of 100 mm radius (EPS) and of 36 mm radius (1/40 th)	
Jm1	Centre of 330 mm radius (EPS)	
S	Connection at the tip of the flange	
AXB	Connection axis at the tip of the flange	
BDN	Flange	
CR	Wheel tread plane	
FEJ	External face of the wheel	
FIJ	Internal face of the wheel	
L		

4.1 Definition of the profiles

The profiles comprise:

- two zones H2 S and S D1, with fixed geometry;
- a connection zone D1 C1, unique to each of them, to make a tangential connection at point C1;
- a zone C1 B1 (either B1a, or B1b) unique to each of them. The co-ordinates are given in Annexes B, C and D for the three reference profiles including point D0;
- a zone B1 (either B1a or B1b) A1 I, comprising the reverse slope and chamfer, unique to each reference profile. The reverse slope shall be in the range 6,7 % to 15 %.

Construction method 5

Definition of the axes

The Y axis is parallel to the axis of rotation of the wheel with the positive values towards the external face of the wheel. The Z axis is perpendicular to the latter with the positive values towards the outside of the wheel. Their origin is at point D0, situated 70 mm from the internal face of the wheel.

5.2 Base profile

The base profile is that obtained with a flange 32,5 mm thick and 28 mm high. All the others are developed from this fundamental profile.

Profile construction

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

5.3.1 Profile zone H2 - D1 (flange)

5.3.1 Profile zone H2 – D1 (flange)

(standards.iteh.ai)

The reference flange (dimensions, centres and radii) is given in Annex A for a flange thickness of 32,5 mm.

The different flange thicknesses are obtained by translating the zones S-D1, parallel to the Y axis, towards the internal face of the wheel. Annex Algives all the co-ordinates for flange thicknesses between 28,5 mm and 32,5 mm. 9f547ad48a91/sist-en-13715-2006

After translation, the connection axis (AXB) at the tip of the flange (S) is at a distance, in mm, from the wheel internal face of: $a = 15 - \left(\frac{32,5-e}{2}\right)$

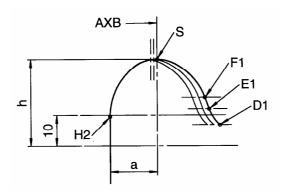


Figure 2 — Flange

5.3.2 Profile connection zone D1 - C1

The characteristics of these connections specific to each profile are given in Annexes B, C and D.

The definitions of the connection zones are shown in Figures 3, 4 and 5.

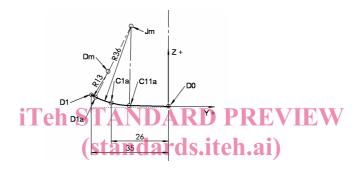


Figure 3 — 1/40th connection zone https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d215564f-7629-4015-8db6-9f547ad48a91/sist-en-13715-2006

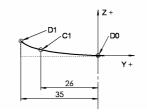


Figure 4 — S1002 connection zone

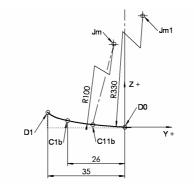


Figure 5 — EPS connection zone

5.3.3 Profile zone D1 – C1 –D0 for flange thicknesses 28,5 mm \leq e \leq 32,5 mm

5.3.3.1 S1002 and 1/40th profiles

For flange thicknesses greater than 28,5 mm, but less than 32,5 mm, the profiles are obtained by translating the zones D1-C1 (connection zone) and C1-T1 along the Y axis towards the internal face of the wheel, by an amount equal to the reduction (de) in thickness of the flange.

The position of the point T1 is defined relative to the reference point D0 for all flange thicknesses.

The connection between points D0 and T1 may be smoothed by a straight line.

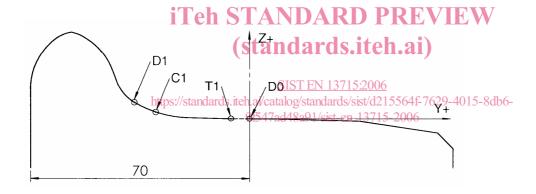


Figure 6 — Extension of the wheel tread zone T1 – D0 $\,$