



# Standard Specification for Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) Molding and Extrusion Materials<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 1457; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense to replace L-P-403c. Consult the DoD Index of Specifications and Standards for the specific year which has been adopted by the Department of Defense.

## 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers molding and extrusion resins of polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) that have never been melted after preforming or molding and are normally processed by methods similar to those used in powder metallurgy or ceramics, or by ram extrusion or extrusion with a volatile aid. These PTFE resins are homopolymers of tetrafluoroethylene or copolymers containing not more than 1 % by weight of other fluoromonomers. The usual methods of processing thermoplastics generally are not applicable to these materials because of their viscoelastic properties at processing temperatures. The materials included herein do not include mixtures of PTFE resin with additives such as colorants, fillers, plasticizers, any fabricated articles, or reprocessed or reground resin. The methods and properties included are those required to identify the various types of resins. Additional procedures are provided in Appendix X1 for further characterization of the resins.

1.2 The values stated in SI units as detailed in Practice E 380 are to be regarded as the standard, and the practices of E 380 are incorporated herein.

1.3 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 13, of this specification: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

### 2.1 ASTM Standards:

- D 618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials for Testing<sup>2</sup>
- D 638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics<sup>2</sup>
- D 792 Test Methods for Specific Gravity (Relative Density) and Density of Plastics by Displacement<sup>2</sup>
- D 883 Terminology Relating to Plastics<sup>2,3</sup>
- D 1505 Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density-Gradient Technique<sup>2</sup>

- D 1895 Test Methods for Apparent Density, Bulk Factor, and Pourability of Plastic Materials<sup>4</sup>
- D 1898 Practice for Sampling of Plastics<sup>4</sup>
- D 3297 Practice for Molding and Matching Tolerances for PTFE Resin Parts<sup>5</sup>
- D 3892 Practice for Packaging/Packing of Plastics<sup>5</sup>
- D 4052 Test Method for Density and Relative Density of Liquids By Digital Density Meter<sup>6</sup>
- D 4591 Test Method for Determining Temperatures and Heats of Transitions of Fluoropolymers by Differential Scanning Calorimetry<sup>5</sup>
- E 11 Specification for Wire-Cloth Sieves for Testing Purposes<sup>7</sup>
- E 177 Practice for Use of the Terms Precision and Bias in ASTM Test Methods<sup>8</sup>
- E 380 Practice for Use of the International System of Units (SI)<sup>8</sup>
- E 691 Practice for Conducting an Interlaboratory Study to Determine the Precision of a Test Method<sup>8</sup>
- 2.2 *Military Standard*.<sup>9</sup>
- MIL-STD-105 Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes

## 3. Terminology

### 3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *General*—The terminology given in Terminology D 883 is applicable to this specification.

### 3.2 Descriptions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *bulk density, (n)*—the weight in grams of a volume of 1000 mL of resin measured under the conditions of the test.

3.2.2 *extended specific gravity, (n)*—the specific gravity of a specimen of PTFE material molded as described in this specification and sintered for an extended period of time, compared to the sintering time for the measurement of SSG using the appropriate sintering schedule given in this specification.

3.2.3 *preforming, (n)*—compacting powdered PTFE material under pressure in a mold to produce a solid object, called a preform, that is capable of being handled. Molding and

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D-20 on Plastics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D20.15 on Thermoplastic Materials, and subsection 12 on Fluoropolymers.

Current edition approved Oct. 30, 1992. Published December 1992. Originally published as D 1457 - 56 T. Last previous edition D 1457 - 91a.

<sup>2</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 08.01.

<sup>3</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 08.04.

<sup>4</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 08.02.


<sup>5</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 08.03.

<sup>6</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 05.03.

<sup>7</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vols 14.02, 04.01, and 04.02.

<sup>8</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 14.02.

<sup>9</sup> Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.

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compaction are terms used interchangeably with preforming for PTFE.

3.2.4 *reground resin, (n)*—that produced by grinding PTFE material that has been molded or compacted but has never been sintered.

3.2.5 *reprocessed resin, (n)*—that produced by grinding PTFE material that has been molded or compacted and sintered.

3.2.6 *sintering, (n)*—as it applies to PTFE, is a thermal treatment during which the PTFE is melted and recrystallized by cooling with coalescence occurring during the treatment.

3.2.7 *skiving, (n)*—a machining operation during which a continuous film of PTFE material is peeled from the lateral surface of a cylindrical sintered molding.

3.2.8 *standard specific gravity (SSG), (n)*—the specific gravity of a specimen of PTFE material molded as described in this specification and sintered using the appropriate sintering schedule given in this specification.

3.2.9 *thermal instability index (TII), (n)*—a measure of the decrease in molecular weight of PTFE material which has been heated for a prolonged period of time.

#### 4. Classification

4.1 This specification covers the following seven types of PTFE generally used for compression molding or extrusion, or both:

4.1.1 *Type I*—Granular resin used for general-purpose molding and extrusion.

4.1.2 *Type III*—Resin produced from a coagulated dispersion and normally used with a volatile processing aid. Type III resins are divided into seven grades by such characteristics as bulk density, agglomerate size, melting peak temperature, standard specific gravity, tensile properties, etc. Each grade is divided into four classes to indicate performance in the test for extrusion pressure as described in 13.8.

4.1.3 *Type IV*—Finely divided resin with an average particle size less than 100  $\mu\text{m}$ .

4.1.4 *Type V*—A modified granular resin, either finely divided or pelletized, typically used in applications requiring improved resistance to creep and stress relaxation in end use.

4.1.5 *Type VI*—Free-flowing resins. Generally made by treatment of finely divided resin to produce free-flowing agglomerates. Type VI resins are divided into three grades according to bulk density level.

4.1.6 *Type VII*—Presintered. Resin that has been treated thermally at or above the melting point of the resin at atmospheric pressure without having been previously molded or preformed.

4.1.7 *Type VIII*—Granular resin, not presintered for ram extrusion only.

NOTE 1—See Tables 1 and 2 for division of types by grades and classes. See footnotes to Table 1 for former classifications. Type II was deleted from this specification in an earlier edition.

#### 5. General Requirements

5.1 The resin shall be uniform and shall contain no additives or foreign material.

5.2 The color of the material as shipped by the seller shall be white.

#### 6. Detail Requirements

6.1 The resins covered by this specification shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Tables 1 and 2, when tested by the procedures specified herein. Table 1 lists tests to be carried out on resins. Table 2 lists tests requiring a specimen molded as described in Section 10.

#### 7. Test Specimens

7.1 Test specimens shall be cut from disks or billets molded in accordance with the procedures given in Section 10.

#### 8. Sampling

8.1 Unless otherwise agreed upon between the seller and the purchaser, sample the resin in accordance with sections on the Random Sampling of Unstratified Materials, Sampling Stratified Materials, Scope of Specific Sampling Procedures, and Sampling Molded Powder in Practice D 1898. Adequate statistical sampling prior to packaging shall be considered an acceptable alternative.

8.2 A lot of resin shall consist of one continuous production run or a uniform blend of two or more production runs. The producer shall take (and test) sufficient within-lot samples to assure adequate in-process quality control and continuing conformance to the property requirements of this specification.

#### 9. Number of Tests

9.1 Unless otherwise agreed upon in writing by the purchaser and seller, routine lot inspection tests shall consist of those specified in Table 1 except melting peak temperatures. Measurement of standard specific gravity (see Table 2) is to be part of the routine lot inspection tests. Periodic tests shall consist of all the tests specified in Tables 1 and 2 and shall be made at least once per year.

9.2 The tests listed in Tables 1 and 2, as they apply, are sufficient to establish conformity of a material to this specification. When the number of test specimens is not stated in the test method, single determinations may be made. If more than single determinations on separate portions of the same sample are made, the results shall be averaged. The single or average result shall conform to the requirements prescribed in this specification.

#### 10. Sample Preparation

##### 10.1 Test Disks:

10.1.1 The die shown in Fig. 1 shall be used for the molding of test disks (Note 2). Place flat aluminum disks, 0.08 to 0.38 mm (3 to 15 mils) thick and 76 mm (3 in.) in diameter, on both sides of the resin when molding Type III resins.

NOTE 2: Caution—Although PTFE resin can be used continuously at temperatures of 260°C (500°F) or intermittently up to 327°C (621°F), it can evolve small quantities of gaseous products when heated above 204°C (400°F). Some of these gases are harmful. Consequently, exhaust ventilation must be used whenever the resins are heated above this temperature. Since a burning cigarette would exceed 204°C (400°F), those working with PTFE resins should ensure that tobacco is not contaminated.

10.1.2 Screen 14.5 g (for tensile properties) or 7.25 g (for electrical properties discussed in Appendix X1.7) of PTFE



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TABLE 1 Detail Requirements for Tests on Resins

| Type <sup>A</sup> | Grade          | Class     | Bulk Density,<br>g/L | Particle Size<br>Average<br>Diameter, $\mu\text{m}$ | Water<br>Content,<br>max, % | Melting Peak Temperature |                          | Extrusion Pressure       |                          |
|-------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
|                   |                |           |                      |   |                             | Initial °C               | Second °C                | MPa                      | psi                      |
| I <sup>B</sup>    | 1              | ...       | 700 ± 100            | 500 ± 150   | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | NA <sup>J</sup>          | NA <sup>J</sup>          |
|                   | 2              | ...       | 675 ± 50             | 375 ± 75  | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | NA <sup>J</sup>          | NA <sup>J</sup>          |
| III               | 1 <sup>C</sup> | A         | 475 ± 100            | 500 ± 150   | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | 9.7 ± 4.2 <sup>K</sup>   | 1410 ± 610 <sup>K</sup>  |
|                   |                | B         | 475 ± 100            | 500 ± 150   | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | 24.1 ± 10.3 <sup>L</sup> | 3500 ± 1500 <sup>L</sup> |
|                   |                | C         | 475 ± 100            | 500 ± 150   | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | 55.2 ± 20.7 <sup>M</sup> | 8000 ± 3000 <sup>M</sup> |
|                   | 2 <sup>D</sup> | A         | 475 ± 100            | 500 ± 150   | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | 9.7 ± 4.2 <sup>K</sup>   | 1410 ± 610 <sup>K</sup>  |
|                   |                | B         | 475 ± 100            | 500 ± 150   | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | 24.1 ± 10.3 <sup>L</sup> | 3500 ± 1500 <sup>L</sup> |
|                   |                | C         | 475 ± 100            | 500 ± 150   | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | 55.2 ± 20.7 <sup>M</sup> | 8000 ± 3000 <sup>M</sup> |
|                   | 3 <sup>E</sup> | A         | 475 ± 100            | 500 ± 150   | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | 32.5 ± 17.5 <sup>M</sup> | 4710 ± 2540 <sup>M</sup> |
|                   |                | B         | 475 ± 100            | 425 ± 150   | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | 9.7 ± 4.2 <sup>K</sup>   | 1410 ± 610 <sup>K</sup>  |
| C                 |                | 475 ± 100 | 425 ± 150            | 0.04  | N                           | 327 ± 10                 | 24.1 ± 10.3 <sup>L</sup> | 3500 ± 1500 <sup>L</sup> |                          |
| 4                 | A              | 475 ± 100 | 650 ± 200            | 0.04  | N                           | 327 ± 10                 | 55.2 ± 20.7 <sup>M</sup> | 8000 ± 3000 <sup>M</sup> |                          |
|                   | B              | 475 ± 100 | 650 ± 200            | 0.04  | N                           | 327 ± 10                 | 9.7 ± 4.2 <sup>K</sup>   | 1410 ± 610 <sup>K</sup>  |                          |
|                   | C              | 475 ± 100 | 650 ± 200            | 0.04  | N                           | 327 ± 10                 | 24.1 ± 10.3 <sup>L</sup> | 3500 ± 1500 <sup>L</sup> |                          |
|                   | D              | 475 ± 100 | 650 ± 200            | 0.04  | N                           | 327 ± 10                 | 55.2 ± 20.7 <sup>M</sup> | 8000 ± 3000 <sup>M</sup> |                          |
| 5                 | B              | 600 ± 100 | 500 ± 150            | 0.04  | N                           | 327 ± 10                 | 15.6 ± 8.0 <sup>K</sup>  | 2170 ± 1160 <sup>M</sup> |                          |
|                   | C              | 475 ± 100 | 450 ± 150            | 0.04  | N                           | 327 ± 10                 | 24.1 ± 10.3 <sup>L</sup> | 3500 ± 1500 <sup>L</sup> |                          |
| 6                 | D              | 475 ± 100 | 500 ± 150            | 0.04  | N                           | 327 ± 10                 | 34.5 ± 13.8 <sup>M</sup> | 5000 ± 2000 <sup>M</sup> |                          |
|                   | B              | 475 ± 100 | 500 ± 150            | 0.04  | N                           | 327 ± 10                 | 32.5 ± 17.5 <sup>M</sup> | 4710 ± 2540 <sup>M</sup> |                          |
| 7                 | B              | 475 ± 100 | 500 ± 150            | 0.04  | N                           | 327 ± 10                 | 25.9 ± 10.4 <sup>L</sup> | 3750 ± 1500 <sup>L</sup> |                          |
|                   | ...            | ...       | ...                  | <100  | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | NA <sup>J</sup>          | NA <sup>J</sup>          |
| V <sup>G</sup>    | 1              | ...       | 350 ± 75             | <100  | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | NA <sup>J</sup>          | NA <sup>J</sup>          |
|                   | 2              | ...       | 850 ± 50             | 500 ± 50  | 0.04                        | 335                      | 327 ± 5                  | NA <sup>J</sup>          | NA <sup>J</sup>          |
| VI                | 1 <sup>H</sup> | ...       | 650 ± 150            | 525 ± 200   | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | NA <sup>J</sup>          | NA <sup>J</sup>          |
|                   | 2 <sup>I</sup> | ...       | >800                 | ...   | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | NA <sup>J</sup>          | NA <sup>J</sup>          |
|                   | 3              | ...       | 580 ± 80             | 200 ± 75  | 0.04                        | N                        | 327 ± 10                 | NA <sup>J</sup>          | NA <sup>J</sup>          |
| VII               | ...            | ...       | 635 ± 100            | 500 ± 200   | 0.04                        | 327 ± 10                 | 327 ± 10                 | NA <sup>J</sup>          | NA <sup>J</sup>          |
| VIII              | ...            | ...       | 600 ± 100            | 900 ± 100   | 0.04                        | 335                      | 327 ± 5                  | NA <sup>J</sup>          | NA <sup>J</sup>          |

<sup>A</sup> Former Type I, Classes 1 through 5, Type II, Type IV, Classes 5, 6, and 9, and Type V, Class 2 have been deleted because they are no longer listed as commercial products.

<sup>B</sup> Formerly Type I, Class 6.

<sup>C</sup> Formerly Type III, Class 1.

<sup>D</sup> Formerly Type III, Class 2.

<sup>E</sup> Formerly Type III, Class 3.

<sup>F</sup> Formerly Type IV, Classes 1 through 4.

<sup>G</sup> Formerly Type V, Class 1.

<sup>H</sup> Formerly Type IV, Class 7.

<sup>I</sup> Formerly Type IV, Class 8.

<sup>J</sup> Not applicable.

<sup>K</sup> Tested at a reduction ratio of 100 to 1. (Reduction ratio is the ratio of the cross-sectional area of the preform to the cross-sectional area of the die.)

<sup>L</sup> Tested at a reduction ratio of 400 to 1.

<sup>M</sup> Tested at a reduction ratio of 1600 to 1.

<sup>N</sup> >5° above second melting peak temperature.

resin through a No. 10 hand sieve into the mold. Adjust the lower plug height so that the resin can be leveled by drawing a straightedge in contact with the across the top of the mold cavity. Insert the mold in a suitable hydraulic press and apply pressure gradually (Note 3) until a total of 13.8 MPa (2000 psi) for Type III resin or 34.5 MPa (5000 psi) for all other types is attained. After this point has been reached, hold the pressure on the disk for 3 min. Remove the disk from the die. A wax pencil may be used to write sample identification on the disk at this time.

NOTE 3—As a guide, increasing the pressure at a rate of 3.45 MPa (500 psi)/min is suggested until the desired maximum is attained.

10.1.3 Place the sintering oven in a laboratory hood (or equip it with an adequate exhaust system) and sinter preforms according to Table 3, Procedure B for Types I, III, IV, and VI, and Procedure C for Type V.

NOTE 4—Although the rate of pressure application is not critical, the cooling cycle is most important and the conditions cited in this procedure must be followed very closely. If they are not followed, the

crystallinity of the disks and the resulting physical properties will be markedly changed. Therefore, the use of a programmed oven is recommended for the most precise sintering cycle control so that the hood window may be left down during the entire sintering procedure, the latter being an important safety consideration.

## 10.2 Test Specimens for Standard Specific Gravity and Thermal Instability Index:

10.2.1 A cylindrical preforming mold, 28.6 (1 1/8 in.) internal diameter by at least 76.2 mm (3 in.) deep, is used to prepare the preforms. Clearance should be sufficient to ensure escape of air during pressing. Place flat aluminum foil disks, normally 0.013 mm (0.005 in.) thick and 28.6 mm (1 1/8 in.) diameter, on both sides of the resin, when molding Type III resins. The test resin should be near ambient temperature prior to molding.

NOTE 5—For maximum precision, the weighing and preforming operations should be carried out in a constant-temperature room at 23 ± 1°C (73.4 ± 1.8°F). The method should not be run below 22°C (71.6°F) due to the crystalline transition which leads to possible cracks in sintered

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TABLE 2 Detail Requirements for Tests on Molded Specimens

| Type              | Grade          | Class | Thermal Instability Index, max | Standard Specific Gravity |                 | Tensile Strength, min |                 | Elongation at break, min, % |
|-------------------|----------------|-------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
|                   |                |       |                                | min                       | max             | MPa                   | psi             |                             |
| I                 | 1              | ...   | 50                             | 2.13                      | 2.18            | 13.8                  | 2000            | 140                         |
|                   | 2              | ...   | 50                             | 2.13                      | 2.18            | 17.2                  | 2500            | 400                         |
| III               | 1 <sup>A</sup> | A     | 50                             | 2.19                      | 2.24            | 18.6                  | 2700            | 400                         |
|                   |                | B     | 50                             | 2.19                      | 2.24            | 18.6                  | 2700            | 400                         |
|                   |                | C     | 50                             | 2.19                      | 2.24            | 18.6                  | 2700            | 400                         |
|                   | 2 <sup>B</sup> | A     | 50                             | 2.14                      | 2.20            | 20.7                  | 3000            | 200                         |
|                   |                | B     | 50                             | 2.14                      | 2.20            | 20.7                  | 3000            | 200                         |
|                   |                | C     | 50                             | 2.14                      | 2.20            | 20.7                  | 3000            | 200                         |
|                   | 3 <sup>C</sup> | D     | 50                             | 2.14                      | 2.20            | 20.7                  | 3000            | 200                         |
|                   |                | A     | 50                             | 2.17                      | 2.23            | 20.7                  | 3000            | 200                         |
|                   |                | B     | 50                             | 2.17                      | 2.23            | 20.7                  | 3000            | 200                         |
|                   | 4              | C     | 50                             | 2.17                      | 2.23            | 20.7                  | 3000            | 200                         |
|                   |                | A     | 50                             | 2.14                      | 2.23            | 18.6                  | 2700            | 200                         |
|                   |                | B     | 50                             | 2.14                      | 2.23            | 18.6                  | 2700            | 200                         |
| C                 |                | 50    | 2.14                           | 2.23                      | 18.6            | 2700                  | 200             |                             |
| 5                 | D              | 50    | 2.14                           | 2.23                      | 18.6            | 2700                  | 200             |                             |
|                   | B              | 50    | 2.14                           | 2.20                      | 20.7            | 3000                  | 200             |                             |
| 6                 | C              | 15    | 2.160                          | 2.190                     | 20.7            | 3000                  | 200             |                             |
|                   | D              | 15    | 2.14                           | 2.20                      | 20.7            | 3000                  | 200             |                             |
| 7                 | B              | 15    | 2.140                          | 2.160                     | 20.7            | 3000                  | 200             |                             |
| IV <sup>D</sup>   | ...            | ...   | 50                             | 2.13                      | 2.19            | 27.6                  | 4000            | 300                         |
| V <sup>E</sup>    | 1              | ...   | 50                             | 2.16                      | 2.22            | 20.7                  | 3000            | 300                         |
|                   | 2              | ...   | 50                             | 2.14                      | 2.18            | 28.0                  | 4060            | 500                         |
| VI                | 1              | ...   | 50                             | 2.13                      | 2.19            | 25.5                  | 3700            | 275                         |
|                   | 2              | ...   | 50                             | 2.13                      | 2.19            | 27.6                  | 4000            | 300                         |
|                   | 3              | ...   | 50                             | 2.15                      | 2.18            | 27.6                  | 4000            | 200                         |
| VII               | ...            | ...   | NA <sup>G</sup>                | NA <sup>G</sup>           | NA <sup>G</sup> | NA <sup>G</sup>       | NA <sup>G</sup> | NA <sup>G</sup>             |
| VIII <sup>F</sup> | ...            | ...   | NA <sup>G</sup>                | NA <sup>G</sup>           | NA <sup>G</sup> | NA <sup>G</sup>       | NA <sup>G</sup> | NA <sup>G</sup>             |

<sup>A</sup> Formerly Type III, Class 1.  
<sup>B</sup> Formerly Type III, Class 2.  
<sup>C</sup> Formerly Type III, Class 3.  
<sup>D</sup> Formerly Type IV, Classes 1 through 4.  
<sup>E</sup> Formerly Type V, Class 1.  
<sup>F</sup> Extrusions of this resin may show an increased degree of clarity.  
<sup>G</sup> Not applicable by molding techniques included in this specification.

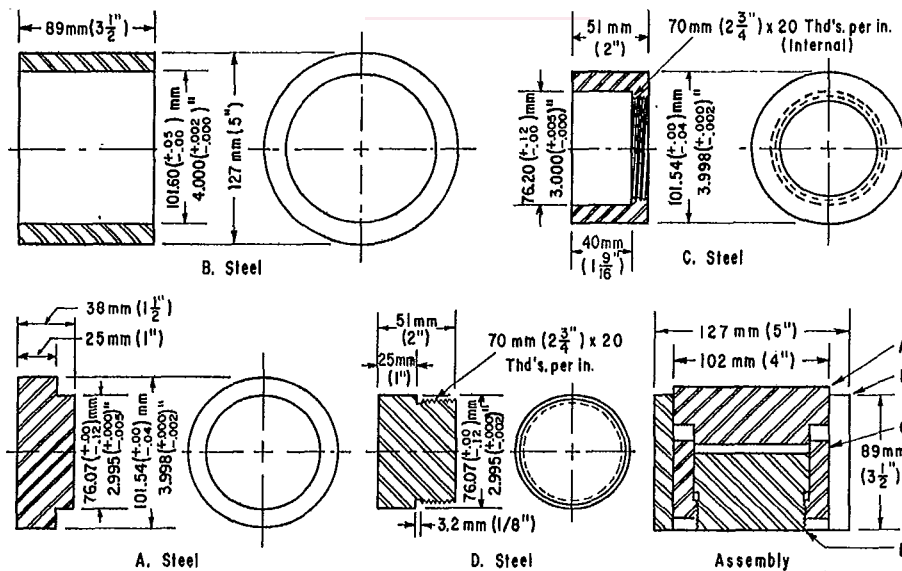


FIG. 1 Assembly and Details of Die for Molding Test Specimens

specimens and differences in specimen density, Practice D 3297 provides additional details.

10.2.2 Weigh out  $12.0 \pm 0.1$  g of resin and place it in a

preforming mold. Nonfree-flowing resins shall be screened through a No. 10 sieve. Compacted resins can be broken up by hand-shaking cold resin in a half-filled sealed glass

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**TABLE 3 Sintering Procedures**

|   | A <sup>A</sup>        | B                      | C                      | D                     | E                     | F                      | G                     | H                     | I                     |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Initial temperature, °C (°F)              | 380 ± 6<br>(716 ± 10) | 290 (554)              | 290 (554)              | 238 (460)             | 238 (460)             | 290 (554)              | 238 (460)             | 238 (460)             | 238 (460)             |
| Rate of heating, °C/h (°F/h)              | NA <sup>B</sup>       | 120 ± 10<br>(216 ± 18) | 120 ± 10<br>(216 ± 18) | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)   | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)   | 120 ± 10<br>(216 ± 18) | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)   | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)   | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)   |
| Hold temperature, °C (°F)                 | 380 ± 6<br>(716 ± 10) | 380 ± 6<br>(716 ± 10)  | 357 ± 8<br>(675 ± 15)  | 371 ± 6<br>(700 ± 10) | 363 ± 6<br>(685 ± 10) | 380 ± 6<br>(716 ± 10)  | 357 ± 8<br>(675 ± 15) | 380 ± 6<br>(716 ± 10) | 371 ± 6<br>(700 ± 10) |
| Hold time, min                            | 30 + 2, -0            | 30 + 2, -0             | 30 + 2, -0             | 240 ± 15              | 240 ± 15              | 360 ± 5                | 240 ± 15              | 960 ± 15              | 120 ± 5               |
| Cooling rate, °C/h (°F/h)                 | 72 ± 5<br>(132 ± 9)   | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)    | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)    | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)   | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)   | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)    | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)   | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)   | 60 ± 5<br>(108 ± 9)   |
| Final or second hold temperature, °C (°F) | 300 ± 6<br>(572 ± 10) | 294 ± 6<br>(561 ± 10)  | 294 ± 6<br>(561 ± 10)  | 238 ± 6<br>(460 ± 10) | 238 ± 6<br>(460 ± 10) | 294 ± 6<br>(561 ± 10)  | 238 ± 6<br>(460 ± 10) | 238 ± 6<br>(460 ± 10) | 238 ± 6<br>(460 ± 10) |
| Second hold time, min                     | NA <sup>B</sup>       | 24 + 0.5, -0           | 24 + 0.5, -0           | NA <sup>B</sup>       | NA <sup>B</sup>       | 24 + 0.5, -0           | NA <sup>B</sup>       | NA <sup>B</sup>       | NA <sup>B</sup>       |
| Period to room temperature, °C min, h     | ½                     | ½                      | ½                      | 6                     | 6                     | ½                      | 6                     | 6                     | 6                     |

<sup>A</sup> Procedure A has been specified in previous issues of Specification C 1457 for Type III resins. For improved precision Procedure B should be used.

<sup>B</sup> Not applicable.

<sup>C</sup> After the specimens have cooled, store them at ambient temperature (ideally 23 ± 1°C) and remove from any laboratory heat source (that is ovens, etc.).

container. Condition the resin in the sealed glass container in a freezer or dry-ice chest. After breaking up resin lumps, allow the sealed container to equilibrate to near ambient temperature. Then screen and weigh the 12.0 ± 0.1 g sample. Insert the mold in a suitable hydraulic press and apply pressure gradually (Note 3) until a total load of 13.8 MPa (2000 psi) or 34.5 MPa (5000 psi) is attained. Hold the pressure on the preform for 2 min. Remove the preform from the mold. A wax pencil may be used to write the sample identification on the preform at this time.

10.2.3 Sinter the preforms by Procedure A or B for Type III, Procedure B for Types I, IV, and VI, and Procedure C for Type V given in Table 3.

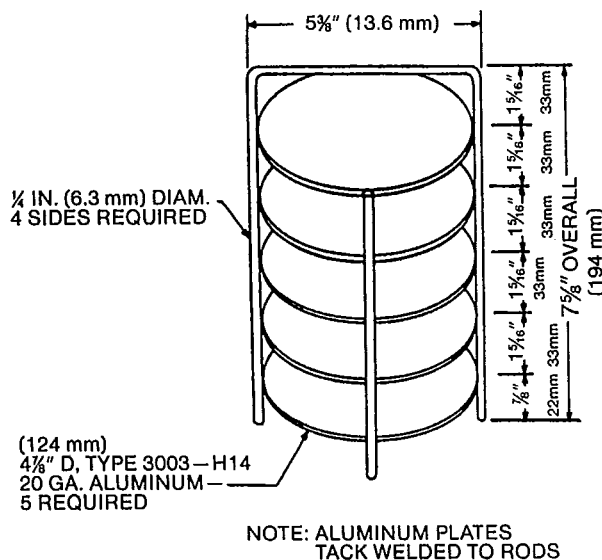
NOTE 6—Improved precision in the standard specific gravity test results has been obtained with the use of an upright, cylindrical oven, and an aluminum sintering rack. The cylindrical oven has an inside diameter of 140 mm (5.5 in.) and a depth of 203 mm (8 in.) plus additional depth to accommodate a 50.8-mm (2-in.) cover and is equipped with adequate band heaters and controls to accomplish the sintering of specimens according to Procedure B, Table 3. The rack, as shown in Fig. 2, allows preforms to be placed symmetrically in the

center region of the oven. Place six preforms on each of the middle oven rack shelves. (If six or less preforms are to be sintered, place them on the middle rack, filling with dummy specimens as needed.) Place 'dummy' specimens on the top and bottom shelves. Specimens must be spaced evenly in a circle on each shelf, with none of them touching. An oven load must be no less than 18 pieces including the additional dummy pieces. Dummies are used to complete the load as necessary. (Dummies are defined as normal 12-g specimens that have previously been through the sintering cycle. Dummies must only be used for an additional two or three thermal cycles, due to eventual loss of thermal stability and physical form.)

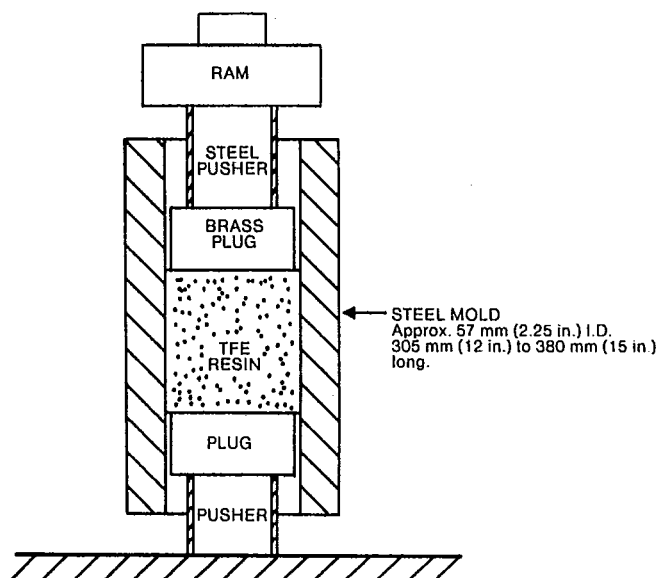
10.2.4 Remove all flash from each specimen so that no air bubbles will cling to the edges when the specimen is immersed in the solution for weighing during the standard specific gravity and thermal instability index tests. It is recommended for this section and during testing that cotton gloves be worn while handling test specimens.

**10.3 Test Billets:**

10.3.1 Test specimens cut or skived from billets may be used as alternatives to the test disks described in 10.1 and



**FIG. 2 Sintering Rack for SSG Samples**



**FIG. 3 Preforming of PTFE Test Billet**

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10.2 for Types I, IV, V, and VI resins.

10.3.2 Mold test billets in a mold similar to Fig. 3, having an inside diameter of 57 mm (2.25 in.) and of sufficient height to contain the resin sample. Plug clearance should be sufficient to ensure escape of air during pressing. A 254-mm (10-in.) mold cavity fill depth will produce a billet approximately 76 mm (3 in.) long from a resin charge of  $400 \pm 50$  g. The billet length may be varied in accordance with the testing to be done.

10.3.2.1 Adjust the lower plug position using a support ring for the mold shell so that the resin level will not come within 13 mm (0.5 in.) of the top of the mold cavity. Add the resin to the mold, insert the top plug, and apply hand pressure. Remove the support ring, and place the mold in a hydraulic press.

10.3.2.2 Apply an initial load to the mold of 3.45 MPa (500 psi)  $\pm 10\%$  and hold for 1 to 2 min. Increase the load smoothly to the final performing pressure in 3 to 5 min. Do not allow the mold shell to contact either press platen at any time during this preforming step. The final pressure attained should be as recommended by the manufacturer for the particular material, otherwise 34.5 MPa (5000 psi) for Type I and 17.2 MPa (2500 psi) for Types IV, V, and VI should be used. Hold under maximum pressure for 2 to 5 min. Release the pressure by gradually 'cracking' the pressure release valve without an apparent movement of the press platens. Remove the top pusher and force the preform vertically out of the mold shell using a continuous, smooth movement.

NOTE 7: Caution—Take care in removing the preform from the die. If a continuous smooth movement of the preform is not maintained, cracking of the preform may occur.

10.3.3 Place the preform in an oven. Sinter according to procedures in Table 3. Use Procedure D for Types I, IV, and VI, and Procedure E for Type V resins.

#### 10.4 Sectioning and Skiving the Test Billet:

10.4.1 Divide the test billet into sections by making traverse cuts by machining, or by a suitable alternate

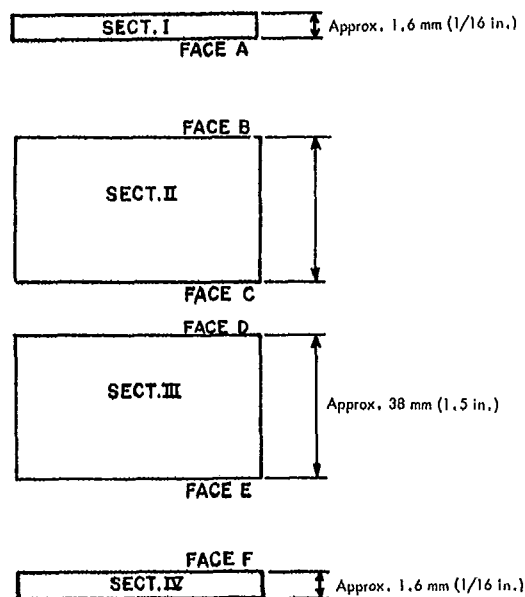


FIG. 4 Sectioned PTFE Test Billet

procedure, in accordance with Fig. 4. The rough cuts between Sections I and II may be made with a saw, but the Faces C and D must be prepared by machining.

10.4.2 Prepare five test specimens for the determination of tensile strength and elongation from 0.8-mm ( $1/32$ -in.) thick slices machined from Section II, Face C, and machine a slice of suitable thickness for standard specific gravity measurements as described in 13.7.1. Take care to avoid wedge-shaped cuts. Use the remainder of Section II to prepare tape specimens by skiving 0.13 mm (5 mils). Discard the initial five revolutions of skived tape before taking the test sample. The tape may be used for the determination of tensile strength and elongation, as an alternative to machined disks. If electrical properties, discussed in the Appendix, are to be determined on tape, Sections II and III must be left together in order that a tape of sufficient width is obtained to allow the cutting of a 2-in. diameter electrical test specimen.

## 11. Conditioning Test Specimens

11.1 For tests of standard specific gravity and tensile properties the molded test specimens shall be conditioned in accordance with Procedure A of Practice D 618, for a period of at least 4 h prior to test. The other tests require no conditioning of the molded test specimens.

## 12. Test Conditions

12.1 Tests shall be conducted at the Standard Laboratory Temperature of  $23 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  ( $73.4 \pm 3.6^\circ\text{F}$ ), unless otherwise specified in the testing methods or in this specification. Since this resin does not absorb water, the maintenance of constant humidity during testing is not important.

## 13. Test Methods

13.1 *Melting Characteristics by Thermal Analysis*—An initial melting peak temperature (Fig. 5) greater than  $5^\circ\text{C}$  ( $41^\circ\text{F}$ ) above subsequent melting peak temperatures is indicative that the resin has not been melted previously. A resin that has been melted previously is not compatible with the scope of this specification except for Type VII. The peak

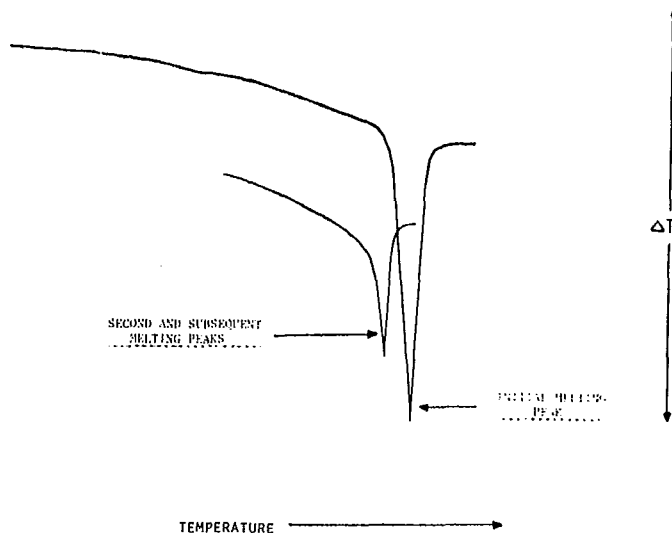


FIG. 5 Melting Characteristics by Thermal Analysis