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dcgHUY`fA G!A GĹ

Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Technical requirements for Direct Mode Operation (DMO); Part 3: Mobile Station to Mobile Station (MS-MS) Air Interface (AI) protocol

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Foreword

This European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Project Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA).

The present document is part 3 of a multi-part deliverable covering the Technical Requirements for Direct Mode Operation (DMO), as identified below:

- Part 1: "General network design";
- Part 2: "Radio aspects";
- Part 3: "Mobile Station to Mobile Station (MS-MS) Air Interface (AI) protocol";**
- Part 4: "Type 1 repeater air interface";
- Part 5: "Gateway air interface";
- Part 6: "Security"; <https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8325077c-7a2f-45ea-ae10-f8b93173e210/sist-en-300-396-3-v1-2-1-2006>
- Part 7: "Type 2 repeater air interface";
- Part 8: "Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma specification";
- Part 10: "Managed Direct Mode Operation (M-DMO)".

NOTE: Part 8 of this multi-part deliverable is of status "historical" and will not be updated according to this version of the standard.

National transposition dates	
Date of adoption of this EN:	17 December 2004
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	31 March 2005
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	30 September 2005
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	30 September 2005

1 Scope

The multi-part deliverable EN 300 396 defines the TERrestrial Trunked RADio (TETRA) Direct Mode Operation (DMO). It specifies the basic air interface, the inter-working between Direct Mode (DM) groups via repeaters, and inter-working with the TETRA Voice plus Data (V+D) system via gateways. It also specifies the security aspects in TETRA DMO, and the intrinsic services that are supported in addition to the basic bearer and teleservices.

The present document applies to the TETRA DMO Mobile Station - Mobile Station (MS-MS) air interface and contains the specifications of the Data Link Layer (DLL) and the network layer according to the ISO model.

It establishes the services, messages and protocols used for voice and circuit mode data calls and short data transfer, starting with the upper layers:

- it defines and specifies the protocol used by the layer 3 entity to communicate across the air interface;
- it defines and specifies the services and protocol used in the DLL.

The normative annexes mainly specify the parameter values used in the protocol.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference>.

- [1] ETSI ETS 300 396-1: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Technical requirements for Direct Mode Operation (DMO); Part 1: General network design".
- [2] ETSI EN 300 396-2: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Technical requirements for Direct Mode Operation (DMO); Part 2: Radio aspects".
- [3] ETSI EN 300 392-2: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Voice plus Data (V+D); Part 2: Air Interface (AI)".
- [4] ETSI EN 300 396-4: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Technical requirements for Direct Mode Operation (DMO); Part 4: Type 1 repeater air interface".
- [5] ETSI ETS 300 396-5: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Technical requirements for Direct Mode Operation (DMO); Part 5: Gateway air interface".
- [6] ETSI EN 300 396-6: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Direct Mode Operation (DMO); Part 6: Security".
- [7] ETSI EN 300 396-7: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Technical requirements for Direct Mode Operation (DMO); Part 7: Type 2 repeater air interface".
- [8] ETSI EN 300 392-1: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Voice plus Data (V+D); Part 1: General network design".
- [9] ETSI EN 300 396-10: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Technical requirements for Direct Mode Operation (DMO); Part 10: Managed Direct Mode Operation (M-DMO)".

- [10] ETSI ETS 300 396-3: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Technical requirements for Direct Mode Operation (DMO); Part 3: Mobile Station to Mobile Station (MS-MS) Air Interface (AI) protocol".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

call: complete sequence of related call transactions between DM-MSs

NOTE 1: There are two types of call, individual call or group call. An individual call is a complete sequence of related call transactions between two DM-MSs. A group call is a complete sequence of related call transactions involving two or more DM-MSs. The number of participants in a group call is not fixed. Participants may join (late entry) and leave an ongoing call.

NOTE 2: For calls without presence check there is no guaranty that anyone is listening.

call transaction: all of the functions associated with a complete unidirectional transmission of information

NOTE: A call is made up of one or more sequential call transactions.

called user application: user application which receives an incoming call

calling user application: user application which initiates an outgoing call

changeover: within a call, the process of effecting a transfer of the master role (and hence transmitting MS) at the end of one call transaction so that another can commence

Direct Mode Call Control (DMCC): layer 3 entity responsible for setting up and maintaining a call in DMO

Direct Mode GATEway (DM-GATE): device that provides gateway connectivity between DM-MS(s) and the TETRA TMO network

NOTE: The gateway provides the interface between TETRA DMO and TETRA TMO. A gateway may provide only the gateway function (DM-GATE) or may provide the functions of both a DM repeater and a DM gateway during a call (DM-REP/GATE).

Direct Mode Mobile Station (DM-MS): physical grouping that contains all of the mobile equipment that is used to obtain TETRA DM services

NOTE: A DM-MS may have one of three roles:

- **master:** if the DM-MS is either active in a call transaction transmitting traffic or control data, or is reserving the channel by means of channel reservation signalling;
- **slave:** if the DM-MS is receiving traffic and/or signalling in a call;
- **idle:** if the DM-MS is not in a call.

Direct Mode Operation (DMO): mode of simplex operation where mobile subscriber radio units may communicate using radio frequencies which may be monitored by, but which are outside the control of, the TETRA TMO network

NOTE: Direct Mode Operation is performed without intervention of any base station.

Direct Mode REPeater (DM-REP): device that operates in TETRA DMO and provides a repeater function to enable two or more DM-MSs to extend their coverage range

NOTE: It may be either a type 1 DM-REP, capable of supporting only a single call on the air interface, or a type 2 DM-REP, capable of supporting two calls on the air interface. A type 1 DM-REP may operate on either a single RF carrier (type 1A DM-REP) or a pair of duplex-spaced RF carriers (type 1B DM-REP). A type 2 DM-REP operates on a pair of duplex-spaced RF carriers.