

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 28318:1998

01-oktober-1998

Embalaža - Celovita, napolnjena transportna embalaža - Vibracijski preskusi s spremenljivo sinusno frekvenco (ISO 8318:1986)

Packaging - Complete, filled transport packages - Vibration tests using a sinusoidal variable frequency (ISO 8318:1986)

Verpackung - Versandfertige Packstücke - Schwingprüfung mit variabler sinusförmiger Frequenz (ISO 8318:1986) h STANDARD PREVIEW

Emballages - Emballages d'expédition complets et pleins - Essai de vibration a fréquence sinusoidale variable (ISO 8318;1986)

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 28318-1998

ICS:

55.180.40 Celovita, napolnjena Complete, filled transport

transportna embalaža packages

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

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November 1992

UDC 621.798.1:620.178.5

Descriptors:

Packing, transport packing, complete- and filled packages, vibration tests

English version

Packaging - Complete, filled transport packages -Vibration tests using a sinusoidal variable frequency (ISO 8318:1986)

Emballages - Emballages d'expédition complets DARD et pleins - Essai de vibration à fréquence sinusoïdale variable (ISO 8318:1986) Verpackung / -Versandfertige Packstücke Schwingprüfung mit variabler sinusförmiger Frequenz (ISO 8318:1986) standards.iteh.a

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REPUBLYKA SLOVENIJA MINISTRSTVO ZA ZNANOST IN TEHNOLOGIJO Urad RS za standardizacijo in meroslovie LJUBLJANA

SIST. EN. 28.318

PREVZET PO METODI FIAZGLASITVE

-10- 1998

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1992-10-30. CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

The European Standards exist in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

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CEN

European Committee for Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Europäisches Komitee für Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

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Foreword

In 1991, ISO 8318:1986 "Packaging - Complete, filled transport packages - Vibration tests using a sinusoidal variable frequency" was submitted to the CEN Primary Questionnaire procedure.

Following the positive result of the CEN/CS Proposal ISO 8318:1986 was submitted to the Formal Vote.

The result of the Formal Vote was positive.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 1993, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 1993.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom. (standards.iten.a)

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Endorsement notice-1998

The text of the International Standard ISO 8318:1986 was approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification.



International Standard



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION•МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ•ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Packaging — Complete, filled transport packages — Vibration tests using a sinusoidal variable frequency

Emballages — Emballages d'expédition complets et pleins — Essai de vibration à fréquence sinusoïdale variable

First edition – 1986-10-15Teh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

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UDC 621.798.08:620.178.3

Ref. No. ISO 8318-1986 (E)

SO 8318-1986 (E

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council. They are approved in accordance with ISO procedures requiring at least 75 % approval by the member bodies voting.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

International Standard ISO 8318 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 122, Packaging. (Standards.iteh.ai)

Users should note that all International Standards undergo revision from time to time and that any reference made herein to any other international Standard implies its dc-8211-4f05-bff8-latest edition, unless otherwise stated.

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Packaging — Complete, filled transport packages — Vibration tests using a sinusoidal variable frequency

Scope and field of application

This International Standard specifies two methods for carrying out a vibration test on a complete, filled transport package using a sinusoidal variable frequency. These tests may be used to assess the performance of a package in terms of its strength or the protection that it offers to its contents when it is subjected to vertical vibration. Each may be performed either as a single test to investigate the effects of vertical vibration or as The table may be equipped with part of a sequence of tests designed to measure the ability of a package to withstand a distribution system that includes a vibration hazard.

vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vibration at a fixed low frequency (of between 3 and 4.6 Hz) is given in vi

2 References

ISO 2206, Packaging - Complete, filled transport packages -Identification of parts when testing.

ISO 2233, Packaging — Complete, filled transport packages — Conditioning for testing.

ISO 2234, Packaging — Complete, filled transport packages — Stacking tests using static load.

ISO 2247, Packaging — Complete, filled transport packages — Vibration test at fixed low frequency.

3 Principle

Placing of the test package on a vibration table and vibration of it using a frequency varying at a constant rate between 3 and 100 Hz, which may be followed by vibration between ± 10 % of the principal resonant frequencies within the range from 3 to 100 Hz. The atmospheric conditions, the duration of the test, the peak acceleration, the attitude of the package and its method of restraint are predetermined. When required, a load may be superimposed on the package to simulate conditions at the bottom of a stack.

Apparatus

4.1 Vibration table, of sufficient size, rigidity and masscarrying capacity, supported on a mechanism that will maintain the surface horizontal during vibration. The difference in surface level between the table extremities shall not exceed

(a) low fences to restrict sideways and endways movement

during testing; NOTE — A vibration test for complete, filled transport packages using 28318:1908 high fences or other means of maintaining a super-

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c) means to simulate the method of restraining the package during transit.

In addition, the apparatus shall meet the requirements and tolerances of clause 7.

4.2 Instrumentation, comprising accelerometers, signal conditioners and data display or storage devices to measure and control the accelerations at the test surface. The instrumentation system shall have a response accurate to within ± 5 % over the frequency range specified for the test.

NOTE - Instrumentation may also be desirable for monitoring the response of the containers and packaged items. Sensors may be used to record velocities, amplitude and frequencies of the contents in relation to the forcing vibrations of the vibration table and possibly those of the outer surfaces of the package.

5 Package preparation

The test package shall normally be filled with its intended contents. However, simulated or dummy contents may be used, on condition that the dimensions and physical properties of such contents shall be as close as possible to those of the intended contents.

Ensure that the test package is closed normally, as if ready for distribution. If simulated or dummy contents are used, ensure that the normal method of closure is still employed.

ISO 8318-1986 (E)

Conditioning

The package shall be conditioned in accordance with one of the conditions described in ISO 2233.

Procedure

Whenever possible, the test shall be carried out in the same atmospheric conditions as used for conditioning, where this is critical to the materials or application of the package. In other circumstances, carry out the test in atmospheric conditions which are as near as practicable to those used for conditioning.

7.1 Method 1

Place the test package in the predetermined attitude on the vibration table (see 4.1), with the centre of its lowest face or its centre of gravity as near as practicable within 10 mm of the centre of the table; if the package is not secured to the table it may be fenced. If a superimposed load is required, the loading procedure shall comply with ISO 2234.

Operate the table for the predetermined period with the vertical vibration frequency varying between 3 and 100 Hz at a rate of half-octave/min. The movement shall be such that the peak vertical acceleration shall be one of the following STA h) the duration of the test;

- a) $0.25 \pm 0.1 g$
- b) $0.5 \pm 0.1 g$
- c) $0.75 \pm 0.1 g$

when measured with the accelerometer attached to the table as log/standards six no.2 4 our 221 - 402 - 102 when measured with the accelerometer attached so that it will colore as possible to the package, but protected so that it will color as possible to the package, but protected so that it will color as possible to the package, but protected so that it will color as possible to the package, but protected so that it will be a second of the package. It is a second of the package of t

In the event of a horizontal frequency component being present, the peak acceleration due to this component shall be no greater than 20 % of the value for the vertical component.

7.2 Method 2

Follow the procedure in method 1 (see 7.1) except that the vertical vibration frequency varies between \pm 10 % of the principal resonant frequency. The test may also be carried out with the vertical vibration varying between \pm 10 % of the second and third resonant frequencies.

NOTE - Some types of apparatus may not be able to maintain a tolerance of \pm 10 % at certain frequencies. In such an event, another range may be used; note of it shall be included in the test report.

Test report

The test report shall include the following particulars:

- reference to this International Standard:
- number of replicate packages tested;
- c) full description, including dimensions, structural and material specifications of the package and its fittings, cushioning, blocking, closure or reinforcing arrangements;
- d) description of contents if simulated or dummy contents were used, full details shall be given;
- e) gross mass of package and mass of contents, in kilograms;
- f) relative humidity, temperature and time of conditioning; temperature and relative humidity of test area at time of test; whether these values comply with the requirements of ISO 2233;
- g) the attitude in which the package was tested, using the method of identification given in ISO 2206;

(standards itch method 1 and/or method 2 was (were) used; the frequency range, and peak acceleration used; if SIST EN 28 method 2 was used, the principle resonant frequency and. if

- in kilograms, of the superimposed load and the period of time during which the package was under load;
- k) the method of restraint;
- type of apparatus used;
- any deviations from the test method described in this International Standard:
- n) a record of the result, with any observations which may assist in correct interpretation;
- date of the test;
- signature of tester.