

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 14477:2004

01-september-2004

Embalaža – Prožni embalažni material – Ugotavljanje odpornosti proti prebodu - Preskusne metode

Packaging - Flexible packaging material - Determination of puncture resistance - Test methods

Verpackung, Flexible Packstoffe - Bestimmung der Durchstoßfestigkeit - Prüfverfahren iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Emballage - Matériaux d'emballage souples Détermination de la résistance a la perforation - Méthodes d'essai

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: 47.7.2004

ICS:

55.040 T

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Packaging materials and

accessories

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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English version

Packaging - Flexible packaging material - Determination of puncture resistance - Test methods

Emballage - Matériaux d'emballage souples -Détermination de la résistance à la perforation - Méthodes d'essai Verpackung, Flexible Packstoffe - Bestimmung der Durchstoßfestigkeit - Prüfverfahren

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 16 January 2004.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This document (EN 14477:2004) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 261 "Packaging", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2004 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2004.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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1 Scope

This standard describes a test method of determining the puncture resistance of a flexible packaging material. The method is applicable to multilayer flexible packaging materials.

2 Principle

A specimen of the flexible packaging material is fastened in a sample holder. A probe penetrates the specimen with a constant speed. The force and the elongation needed to penetrate the specimen are recorded.

- 3 Apparatus
- 3.1 Universal testing apparatus, with means of measuring elongation.
- 3.2 Compression load cell
- 3.3 Penetration probe made of hardened steel as shown in Figure 1

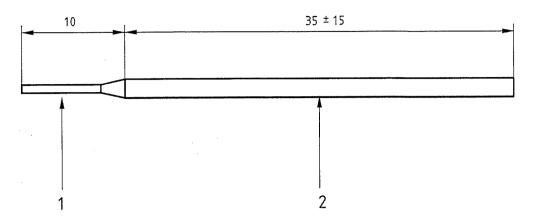
A 0,8 mm diameter probe with a rounded tip is used. The rounded tip of the probe shall have a radius of 0,4 mm. **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

- 3.4 Fixture for securing the probe to the load cell or to a solid base.
- 3.5 Sample Holder as shown in Figure 2 or equivalent 4772004

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3.6 Blanking punch with an outer diameter matching the diameter of the sample holder shall be used.

Dimensions in mm



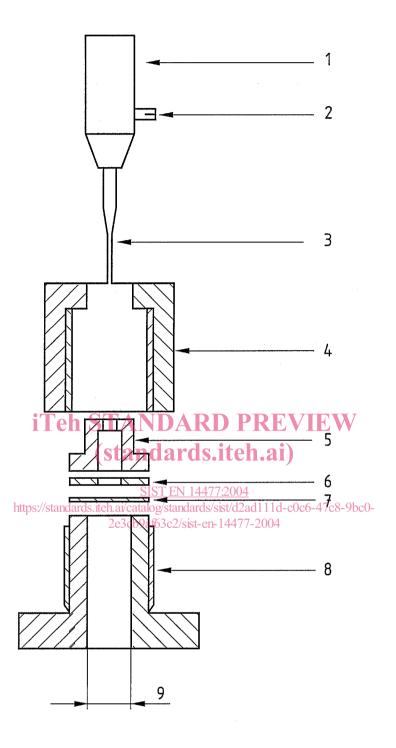
Key

1 Probe tip \varnothing 0,8 mm \pm 0,005 mm 2 Probe base \varnothing 2,0 mm \pm 0,010 mm

Figure 1 — Penetration probe iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

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Key

- Probe fixture 1
- Screw Probe tip 2 3 4 5 6 7
- Nut
- Probe guide Friction rubber
- Specimen
- 8 Main body
- Diameter Ø 10 mm ± 0,1 mm

Figure 2 — Example of a sample holder

4 Calibration

The probe should be calibrated after at least 1000 measurements using a standard calibrating film made of biaxially oriented PET. The tip of the probe shall at the same time be checked for wear or damage using a suitable microscope. The friction rubber shall be replaced at frequent intervals or at signs of wear.

5 Test specimens

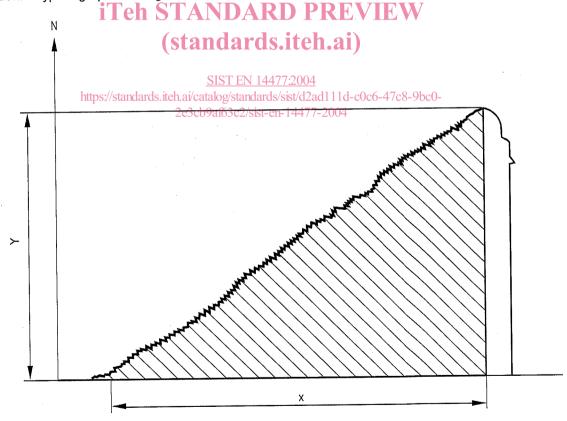
A minimum of 10 specimens shall be cut out evenly spaced across the reel or sheet being tested. The specimens shall be conditioned at $(23 \pm 2)^{\circ}$ C and $(50 \pm 5)\%$ RH for 48 hours before testing. The test shall be carried out at the same conditions.

6 Probe speed

The test can be carried out at one of the following speeds expressed in mm/min: 1 - 5 - 10 - 50 - 100.

7 Expression and calculation of results

The force is expressed in N and the elongation in mm. For the determination of the energy the integral below the graph showing the force and elongation shall be calculated. Calculate the mean value and standard deviation. A typical graph showing the force and elongation is shown in Figure 3.



Key
Y Force in N
X Elongation in mm

Figure 3 — Graph showing Force and Elongation (Schematic)