International Standard



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Data processing — Conversion between the ISO 7-bit coded character set (ISO 646) and the CCITT international telegraph alphabet No. 2 (ITA 2)

Traitement de l'information — Conversion entre le jeu de caractères codés à 7 éléments (ISO 646) et l'alphabet télégraphique international CCITT nº 2 (ITA 2)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been authorized has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 6936 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 97, Information processing systems, and was circulated to the member bodies in December 1981.

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It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries:

ISO 6936:1983

Belgium https://staltalurds.iteh.ai/catalog/standarSpain/b16bb842-f329-410b-9d89-

Canada Japan 91becb485499/Sweden 1983
China Mexico Switzerland
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No member body expressed disapproval of the document.

Data processing - Conversion between the ISO 7-bit coded character set (ISO 646) and the CCITT international telegraph alphabet No. 2 (ITA 2)

Scope and field application

This International Standard specifies rules for conversion be 2 3.1 Conversion from ITA 2 to ISO 646 tween the 58 characters (including control functions) of CCITT International Telegraph Alphabet No. 2 (CCITT Recommendation F.1) and the 128 characters of the ISO 7-bit coded character set.

This International Standard does not specify whether small or do capital letters will be used to represent the alphabetic characters of ITA 2.

This International Standard is expected to facilitate interworking between, for example, the international telex service and terminals in data networks in cases where the telex character repertoire is sufficient.

References

ISO 646, Information processing - 7-bit coded character set for information interchange.

ISO 2022, Information processing — ISO 7-bit and 8-bit coded character sets - Code extension techniques.

CCITT Recommendation F.1 (Geneva, 1980), Operational provisions for the International Public Telegram Service.

CCITT Recommendation V.3 (Geneva, 1972), International Alphabet No. 5, 1)

CCITT Recommendation S.18 (Geneva, 1980), Conversion between Alphabets.

Rules for code conversion

The conversion of characters shall be as specified in table 1.

Characters for which there are no direct equivalents shall be represented by the graphical representation of the substitute character SUB, unless prior agreement has been made between the interchange parties.

NOTE - The annex, together with table 3, provides information on alternative conversions which are in general use in some countries.

3.2 Conversion from ISO 646 to ITA 2

The conversion of characters shall be as specified in table 2.

The control characters of positions 0/1, 0/2, 0/3, 0/4, 0/6, 1/0, 1/5, 1/6, 1/7 and 7/15 are generally not converted because they are removed from the character string by the link control equipment or by convention.

Characters for which there are no direct equivalents shall be represented by the single character, QUESTION MARK, unless prior agreement has been made between the interchange parties.

NOTES

- 1 The greater number of code combinations available in ISO 646 means that not every character can be translated unambiguously into a single ITA 2 character. Use of a single character, rather than a multicharacter representation, will minimize formatting problems.
- 2 The annex, together with table 4, provides information on some alternative conversions that are in use in some countries.

¹⁾ CCITT Recommendation V.3 is equivalent to ISO 646.

Table 1 — Conversion from ITA 2 to ISO 646

ITA 2	ITA 2	ISO 646				ITA 2	ISO 646	
combination number	letter shift	Character 1)	Coding	Character 1)	Coding	figure shift	Character	Coding
1	Α	Α	4/1	а	6/1	_	_	2/13
2	В	В	4/2	b	6/2	?	?	3/15
3	Ċ	С	4/3	C	6/3	∤ :	:	3/10
4	D	D	4/4	d	6/4	WRU	ENQ ²⁾	0/5
5	E	E	4/5	e	6/5	3	3	3/3
6	F	F	4/6	f	6/6	National use	SUB	1/10
7	G	G	4/7	g	6/7	National use	SUB	1/10
8	H	H	4/8	h	6/8	National use	SUB	1/10
9	1 7		4/9		6/9	8	8	3/8
10		1	4/10	i .	6/10	BELL	BEL	0/7
11	K	K	4/11	k	6/11	((2/8
12			4/12	1	6/12)	1)	2/9
13	M	TAL C	4/13	A Dm D	6/13/	VX 7		2/14
14	N N	iTeh S	A _{4/14} L	ARD P	6/14	, yy		2/12
15	o	0 (c+ 4/15	004 - 1	6/15	9	9	3/9
16	P) P	stanua	rdsitel	1.a _{7/0}	o	0	3/0
17	α	a	5/1	0	7/1	1 1	1	3/1
18	R	R		6936:1983	7/2	4	4	3/4
19			th.ai/catalog/sta		bb847/320 4	101 0 100		2/7
20	S http	s://standards.it	5/4	ndards/§ist/b16	00842-1329-4 7/4	10 b -9d89-	5	3/5
21	Ü	υ	91becb485	499/iso-6936-1	⁹⁸³ 7/5] 7	7	3/7
22	v	l v	5/6	v	7/6	 =	=	3/13
23	w	ĺ w	5/7	w	7/7	2	2	3/2
24	×	×	5/8	×	7/8	1 /	1	2/15
25	Ŷ	Î Ŷ.	5/9	y	7/9	6	6	3/6
26 26	z	z	5/10	z	7/10	 +	+	2/11

ITA 2 combination number	ITA 2 character (either shift)	ISO 646 character	ISO 646 coding	
27	CARRIAGE RETURN	CR	0/13	
28	LINE FEED	↓LF	0/10	
29	LETTER SHIFT	(See note 3)		
30	FIGURE SHIFT	(See note 3)	1	
31	SPACE	SP	2/0	
32	NU (not normally used)	NUL	0/0	

¹⁾ Small or capital letters may be used, but intermixing of small and capital letters is not allowed.

²⁾ This character is used only to operate the answer-back unit of the corresponding instrument in the International Public Services.

³⁾ These characters have no corresponding function in ISO 646. Conversion equipment operates the appropriate shift and discards the characters.

Table 2 — Conversion from ISO 646 to ITA 2

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	NUL	DLE	SP SP	0 0	g ?	PP	, ?	p P
1	SO H removed	D C1 ?	! ?	1 1	AA	QQ	a A	qQ
2	STX	D C2 ?	"	2 2	ВВ	RR	b B	r R
3	E T X	D C 3 ?	#(£) ?	3 3	C	SS	c C	s s
4	E O T	D C4 ?	n(\$) ?	4 4	DD	T	d D	t
5	ENQ	N A K removed	%/?	5 5	E E	UU	e E	u U
6	A C K	S Y N removed	8 ?	6 6	FF	VV	f F	VV
7	BELL	E T B	h STAI	7	G	WWW	g G	WW
8	BS ?	CAN ?	((stan	80 693 8	Hh.ai	XX	h H	X X
9	HT ?	EMhttps://star	dayds.iteh.a. cata 9 Nye	180 6936.193 k Ostandard / sist eb485499/is 9 69	1/ T 16bb842/829 3 6 -1985 I	Y 0b-9d89	iI	y Y
10	LF LF	SUB ?	* ?	•	J	ZZ	j J	z z
11	VT ?	ESC ?	+ +	·/?	KK		k K	{ ?
12	FF ?	154 ?	//,	\ ?	LL	?	l	7
13	CR CR	IS3 ?		= =	MM] ?	m M	} ?
14	so ?	152 ?	•/	>/?	N N	^ ?	n N	- /?
15	SI ?	IS1 ?		? ?	0 0	- ?		DEL

NOTES



- 1 Characters allocated to LETTER SHIFT or FIGURE SHIFT are specified in table 1. If the last shift that occurred differs from the next one required, it is essential for the converted character to be preceded by the appropriate shift character. This operation is necessary each time a change of shift is required.
- 2 For position 0/0, see A.4.
- 3 For positions 2/3 and 2/4 in ISO 646, see 4.3.2 in ISO 646.

Annex

Alternative conversions between ISO 646 and ITA 2

(This annex is not an integral part of the standard.)

- **A.1** This International Standard (see note to 3.1 and note 2 to 3.2) permits alternative conversions for characters which have no direct equivalents, provided these conversions are agreed between interchange parties. Other alternatives may be used.
- A.2 Tables 3 and 4 list conversions which are in use in some countries.
- **A.3** In some nationally adapted applications of ITA 2 and ISO 646 special conversion rules are required because national characters have been allocated in different order in the coded character sets concerned.
- A.4 NUL is equivalent to "all space" (combination 32 or NU) in ITA 2.

Table 3 - Examples of alternative conversions from ITA 2 to ISO 646

	TITA 2	ISO 646 (IRV)			
Shift	Combination number	Character (standards iteh	Character	Code	Remarks
a) Figure Figure Figure	6 7 8	National use ISO 6936:1983	040 000 4101 040	5/11 5/12 5/13	See clause A.3
b) Figure Figure Figure	https://standards.	91becb485499/iso-6936-198 National use	842-1529-4106-9d8 3	7/11 7/12 7/13	See clause A.3
c) Either Either	29 30	LETTER SHIFT FIGURE SHIFT	IS2 IS1	1/14 1/15	
d) Either Either	29 30	LETTER SHIFT FIGURE SHIFT	DEL DEL	7/15 7/15	

e) as d) but with additional agreement that only shift characters following the first one are converted to 7/15. The first one is treated according to table 1 in the body of this International Standard.

Table 4 — Examples of alternative conversions from ISO 646 to ITA 2

	D 646 (IRV)		ITA 2	
Code	Character	Characters	Combination number	Remarks
0/1 0/2	SOH		(in figure shift)	
0/3	STX ETX			
0/4	EOT	11	12 (PICUT DA PENETURA	These conversions are alternation
0/6	ACK	1) ?)	12 (RIGHT PARENTHESIS) 2 (QUESTION MARK)	These conversions are alternatives wher characters are not removed from th
1/1	DLE		12 (RIGHT PARENTHESIS)	character string by the link control equip
1/5	NAK		12 (MOIT FARENTHESIS)	ment or by convention.
1/6 1/7	SYN			
0/8	ETB	ļ ,		
0/8	BS HT		(in figure shift)	
0/11	VT			
0/12	FF	11		
0/14	so			
0/15 1/1	SI			
1/2	DC1 DC2		12 (RIGHT PARENTHESIS)	
1/3	DC3	1	2 (QUESTION MARK)	Representation by other sequences will
1/4	DC4		12 (RIGHT PARENTHESIS)	be dealt with by another International Standard.
1/8	CAN	1 1		Staridard.
1/9	EM			
1/10	SUB	1 1		
1/11	ESC	1.1		
1/12	IS4	1 1		
1/13	IS3	Toh STAN	DARD PREVIE	
1/14 1/15	IS2 IS1	LETTER SHIFT FIGURE SHIFT	29	See also table 3.
7/15	DEL	LETTER SHIFT	dards.iteh.ai)	29 and 30 may be used with either shift.
2/1	1	LETTER SHIPT	29	
2/2	"	}	ISO (instiguresshift)	
2/3	# /c\ h	ntps://standards.iteh.ai/catalo	g/standards/sist/b16bb842-f329-410	0b-9d89-
	# (£)	91bech	485499/iso-6936-1983	
2/4	¤ (\$)	1 1		
2/5	%			
2/6	&			
2/10	*			
3/11				
1	,			
3/12	<	(?)	11 (LEFT PARENTHESIS)	Representation by other sequences will
3/14	>		2 (QUESTION MARK)	be dealt with by another International
4/0	@		12 (RIGHT PARENTHESIS)	Standard.
5/14	^			
5/15				
6/0				
7/11				
	1			
7/12	1	1		
7/13	}			
7/14				
/ 1 -			(in figure shift)	
	f		6	
5/11	1			1
	1	National use options	7	1
5/11	1	National use options	7	See clause A.3
5/11	[National use options	7 8	See clause A.3
5/11 5/12 5/13		National use options		See clause A.3
5/11 5/12 5/13	[National use options	8	See clause A.3
5/11 5/12 5/13	[National use options National use options	8 (in figure shift)	See clause A.3

NOTE — Use of NEW LINE requires additional agreement between the interchange parties.

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