

Designation: A 29/A 29M – 99^{€1}

Standard Specification for Steel Bars, Carbon and Alloy, Hot-Wrought and Cold-Finished, General Requirements for 1

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 29/A 29M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

 ϵ^1 Note—The carbon range for Grade 8822 in Table 2 was editorially corrected in October 2000.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification² covers a group of common requirements which, unless otherwise specified in the purchase order or in an individual specification, shall apply to carbon and alloy steel bars under each of the following ASTM specifications (or under any other ASTM specification which invokes this specification or portions thereof):

Title of Specification	ASTM
	Designation ^A
Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Bars:	
Steel Bars, Carbon, Quenched and Tempered	A 321
Steel Bars and Shapes, Carbon Rolled from "T" Rails	A 499
Steel Bars, Carbon, Merchant Quality, M-Grades	A 575
Steel Bars, Carbon, Hot-Wrought, Special Quality	A 576
Steel Bars, Carbon, Merchant Quality, Mechanical	A 663
Properties	
Steel Bars, Carbon, Hot-Wrought, Special Quality, Me-	A 675
chanical Properties	
Steel Bars for Springs, Carbon and Alloy	A 689
Steel Bars, Carbon, Hot-Wrought, Special Quality, for	A 695
Fluid Power Applications	
Cold-Finished Carbon Steel Bars:	
Steel Bars, Carbon, Cold-Finished, Standard Quality	A 108
Stress-Relieved Steel Bars Subject to Mechanical	A 311/A 311M
Property Requirements, Cold-Drawn Carbon	
Hot-Rolled Alloy Steel Bars:	
Steel Bars, Alloy, Standard Grades	A 322
Steel Bars, Alloy, Subject to End-Quench Hardenability	A 304
Requirements	
Steel Bars, Alloy, Hot-Wrought or Cold-Finished,	A 434
Quenched and Tempered	4 700
Steel Bars, Alloy, Hot-Wrought, for Elevated Tempera-	A 739
ture or Pressure-Containing Parts, or Both	
Cold-Finished Alloy Steel Bars:	A 004
Steel Bars, Alloy, Cold-Finished	A 331
Steel Bars, Alloy, Hot-Rolled or Cold-Finished,	A 434
Quenched and Tempered	A 696
Steel Bars, Carbon, Hot-Wrought or Cold-Finished, Special Quality, for Pressure Piping Components	A 090
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A These designations refer to the latest issue of the respective specifications,

which appear either in the *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 01.05, or as reprints obtainable from ASTM.

- 1.2 In case of any conflict in requirements, the requirements of the purchase order, the individual material specification, and this general specification shall prevail in the sequence named.
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded as the standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification.
- 1.4 For purposes of determining conformance to this specification and the various material specifications referenced in 1.1, dimensional values shall be rounded to the nearest unit in the right-hand place of figures used in expressing the limiting values in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E 29.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

A 370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products³

A 700 Practices for Packaging, Marking, and Loading Methods for Steel Products for Domestic Shipment⁴

A 751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products³

E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications⁵

E 112 Test Methods for Determining the Average Grain Size⁶

2.2 Federal Standards:

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)⁷

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.15 on Bars.

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² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SA-29/SA-29M in Section II of that Code.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.03.

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.05.

⁵ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

⁶ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.

⁷ Copies of military specifications, military standards, and federal standards required by contractors in connection with specific procurement functions should be obtained from the procuring activity or as directed by the contracting officer, or from the Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.



Fed. Std. No. 183 Continuous Identification Marking of Iron and Steel Products⁷

2.3 Military Standard:

MIL-STD-163 Steel Mill Products—Preparation for Shipment and Storage⁷

2.4 Other Standards:

AIAG B-1 Bar Code Symbology Standard for 3-of-9 Bar Codes⁸

AIAGB-5 02.00 Primary Metals Tag Application Standard⁸

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.1.1 *Hot-Wrought Steel Bars*—Steel bars produced by hot forming ingots, blooms, billets, or other semifinished forms to yield straight lengths (or coils, depending upon size, section, and mill equipment) in sections which are uniform throughout their length, and in the following sections and sizes:
 - 3.1.1.1 Rounds, 7/32 to 10.0 in. [5.5 to 250 mm], inclusive,
 - 3.1.1.2 *Squares*, 7/32 to 6.0 in. [6 to 160 mm], inclusive,
- 3.1.1.3 Round-Cornered Squares, 7/32 to 8.0 in. [6 to 200 mm], inclusive,
- 3.1.1.4 *Flats*, ½ to 8 in. inclusive, in width: ½ in. in minimum thickness up to 6 in. in width; and 0.230 in. in minimum thickness for over 6 to 8 in. in width, inclusive [over 5 mm in thickness up to 150 mm in width; and over 6 mm in thickness for over 150 mm through 200 mm in width]. Maximum thickness for all widths is 4 in. [100 mm].
- 3.1.1.5 *Hexagons and Octagons*, ½ to 4½ in. [6 to 103 mm], inclusive, between parallel surfaces,
- ⁸ Available from Automotive Industry Action Group, North Park Plaza, Ste. 830, 17117 W. Nine Mile Rd., Southfield, MI 48075.

- 3.1.1.6 *Bar Size Shapes*—Angles, channels, tees, zees, when their greatest cross-sectional dimension is under 3 in. [75 mm], and
- 3.1.1.7 Special Bar Sections—Half-rounds, ovals, half-ovals, other special bar size sections.
- 3.1.2 *Cold-Finished Steel Bars*—Steel bars produced by cold finishing previously hot-wrought bars by means of cold drawing, cold forming, turning, grinding, or polishing (singly or in combination) to yield straight lengths or coils in sections which are uniform throughout their length and in the following sections and sizes:
 - 3.1.2.1 Rounds, 9 in. [230 mm] and under in diameter,
- 3.1.2.2 *Squares*, 6 in. [150 mm] and under between parallel surfaces,
- 3.1.2.3 *Hexagons*, 4 in. [100 mm] and under between parallel surfaces,
- 3.1.2.4 *Flats*, ½ in. [3 mm] and over in thickness and not over 12 in. [300 mm] in width, and
 - 3.1.2.5 Special Bar Sections.
- 3.1.3 Lot—Unless otherwise specified in the contract or order, a lot shall consist of all bars submitted for inspection at the same time of the same heat, condition, finish, size, or shape. For bars specified in the quenched and tempered condition, when heat treated in batch-type furnaces, a lot shall consist of all bars from the same heat, of the same prior condition, the same size, and subjected to the same heat treatment in one tempering charge. For bars specified in the quenched and tempered condition, when heat treated without interruption in a continuous-type furnace, a lot shall consist of all bars from the same heat, of the same prior condition, of the same size, and subjected to the same heat treatment.

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s//standards TABLE 1 Grade Designations and Chemical Compositions of Carbon Steel Bars 5 f/astm-a29-a29m-99e

Grade Designation —		Heat Chemical R	anges and Limits, %	
Grade Designation	Carbon	Manganese	Phosphorus, max	Sulfur, max ^A
	N	onresulfurized Carbon Steels ^{B,C,}	D,E,F	
005	0.06 max	0.35 max	0.040	0.050
006	0.08 max	0.25-0.40	0.040	0.050
008	0.10 max	0.30-0.50	0.040	0.050
010	0.08-0.13	0.30-0.60	0.040	0.050
011	0.08-0.13	0.60-0.90	0.040	0.050
012	0.10-0.15	0.30-0.60	0.040	0.050
013	0.11-0.16	0.50-0.80	0.040	0.050
015	0.13-0.18	0.30-0.60	0.040	0.050
016	0.13-0.18	0.60-0.90	0.040	0.050
017	0.15-0.20	0.30-0.60	0.040	0.050
018	0.15-0.20	0.60-0.90	0.040	0.050
019	0.15-0.20	0.70-1.00	0.040	0.050
020	0.18-0.23	0.30-0.60	0.040	0.050
021	0.18-0.23	0.60-0.90	0.040	0.050
022	0.18-0.23	0.70-1.00	0.040	0.050
023	0.20-0.25	0.30-0.60	0.040	0.050
025	0.22-0.28	0.30-0.60	0.040	0.050
026	0.22-0.28	0.60-0.90	0.040	0.050
029	0.25-0.31	0.60-0.90	0.040	0.050
030	0.28-0.34	0.60-0.90	0.040	0.050
034	0.32-0.38	0.50-0.80	0.040	0.050
035	0.32-0.38	0.60-0.90	0.040	0.050
037	0.32-0.38	0.70-1.00	0.040	0.050
038	0.35-0.42	0.60-0.90	0.040	0.050
039	0.37-0.44	0.70-1.00	0.040	0.050
040	0.37-0.44	0.60-0.90	0.040	0.050



TABLE 1 Continued

0 1 5	Heat Chemical Ranges and Limits, %				
Grade Designation	Carbon	Manganese	Phos	phorus, max	Sulfur, max ^A
1042	0.40-0.47	0.60-0.90		0.040	0.050
1043	0.40-0.47	0.70-1.00		0.040	0.050
1044	0.43-0.50	0.30-0.60		0.040	0.050
1045	0.43-0.50	0.60-0.90		0.040	0.050
1046	0.43-0.50	0.70–1.00		0.040	0.050
1049	0.46-0.53	0.60-0.90		0.040	0.050
1050				0.040	
	0.48-0.55	0.60-0.90			0.050
1053	0.48-0.55	0.70–1.00		0.040	0.050
1055	0.50-0.60	0.60-0.90		0.040	0.050
1059	0.55-0.65	0.50-0.80		0.040	0.050
1060	0.55-0.65	0.60-0.90		0.040	0.050
1064	0.60-0.70	0.50-0.80		0.040	0.050
1065	0.60-0.70	0.60-0.90		0.040	0.050
1069	0.65-0.75	0.40-0.70		0.040	0.050
1070	0.65-0.75	0.60-0.90		0.040	0.050
1071	0.65-0.70	0.75-1.05		0.040	0.050
074	0.70–0.80	0.50-0.80		0.040	0.050
075	0.70-0.80	0.40-0.70		0.040	0.050
078	0.72-0.85	0.30-0.60		0.040	0.050
080	0.75–0.88	0.60-0.90		0.040	0.050
084	0.80-0.93	0.60-0.90		0.040	0.050
086	0.80-0.93	0.30-0.50		0.040	0.050
090	0.85-0.98	0.60-0.90		0.040	0.050
1095	0.90-1.03	0.30-0.50		0.040	0.050
		Resulfurized Carbon S	Steels ^{B,D,F}		
1108	0.08-0.13	0.60-0.80		0.040	0.08-0.13
1109	0.08-0.13	0.60-0.90		0.040	0.08-0.13
1110	0.08-0.13	0.30-0.60		0.040	0.08-0.13
116	0.14–0.20	1.10–1.40		0.040	0.16-0.23
	0.14-0.20	1.00-1.30		0.040	0.08-0.13
117				0.040	
118	0.14-0.20	1.30-1.60			0.08-0.13
1119	0.14-0.20	1.00-1.30		0.040	0.24-0.33
1132	0.27-0.34	1.35–1.65		0.040	0.08-0.13
1137	0.32-0.39	1.35–1.65		0.040	0.08-0.13
1139	0.35-0.43	1.35–1.65		0.040	0.13-0.20
1140	0.37-0.44	0.70-1.00		0.040	0.08-0.13
1141	0.37-0.45	1.35-1.65		0.040	0.08-0.13
144	0.40-0.48	1.35–1.65		0.040	0.24-0.33
1145	0.42-0.49	ASTM 0.70–1.00		0.040	0.04-0.07
14.40	0.40.0.40	0.70-1.00		0.040	0.08-0.13
https://standards	s.teh.ai/cat 0.48–0.55	irds/sist/433 0.70–1.00		0.040 4030db t/ast	m-a _{0.08} -0.13 m-99e
		Dankaankari	zed and Resulfurized Ca	orbon CtooloD.G.F	
Crada Designation	Carban		Phosphorous		Lood
Grade Designation	Carbon	Manganese	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sulfur	Lead
1211	0.13 max	0.60-0.90	0.07-0.12	0.10-0.15	
1212	0.13 max	0.70–1.00	0.07-0.12	0.16-0.23	•••
1213	0.13 max	0.70-1.00	0.07-0.12	0.24-0.33	
1215	0.09 max	0.75-1.05	0.04-0.09	0.26-0.35	
12L13	0.13 max	0.70-1.00	0.07-0.12	0.24-0.33	0.15-0.35
12L14	0.15 max	0.85-1.15	0.04-0.09	0.26-0.35	0.15-0.35
12L15	0.09 max	0.75-1.05	0.04-0.09	0.26-0.35	0.15-0.35
		High-Manga	nese Carbon Steels ^{B,C,L}	D,E,F	
Grade	Former			Phosphorous,	Sulfur,
Designation	Designation	Carbon	Manganese	max	max
1513		0.10-0.16	1.10–1.40	0.040	0.050
1518		0.15-0.21	1.10–1.40	0.040	0.050
1522		0.18-0.24	1.10–1.40	0.040	0.050
1524	1024				
	1024	0.19-0.25	1.35–1.65	0.040	0.050
1525	•••	0.23-0.29	0.80–1.10	0.040	0.050
1526		0.22-0.29	1.10–1.40	0.040	0.050
1527	1027	0.22-0.29	1.20-1.50	0.040	0.050
1536	1036	0.30-0.37	1.20-1.50	0.040	0.050
1541	1041	0.36-0.44	1.35-1.65	0.040	0.050
1547		0.43-0.51	1.35-1.65	0.040	0.050
1548	1048	0.44-0.52	1.10-1.40	0.040	0.050
1551	1051	0.45-0.56	0.85–1.15	0.040	0.050
1552	1052	0.47-0.55	1.20–1.50	0.040	0.050
1561	1061	0.47-0.55	0.75–1.05	0.040	0.050
1566	1066	0.60–0.71	0.85–1.15	0.040	0.050



High-Manganese Carbon Steels^{B,C,D,E,F}

		i ligit-ivialige	allese Calbull Steels		
Grade Designation	Former Designation	Carbon	Manganese	Phosphorous, max	Sulfur, max
1572	1072	0.65-0.76	1.00-1.30	0.040	0.050
		Heat Chem	ical Ranges and Limits,	percent	
		Merchant Qu	ality M Series Carbon S	Steel Bars	
Grade			F	Phosphorous,	
Designation	Carbon	Manganese	G	max	Sulfur, max
M 1008	0.10 max	0.25-0.60		0.04	0.05
M 1010	0.07-0.14	0.25-0.60		0.04	0.05
M 1012	0.09-0.16	0.25-0.60		0.04	0.05
M 1015	0.12-0.19	0.25-0.60		0.04	0.05
M 1017	0.14-0.21	0.25-0.60		0.04	0.05
M 1020	0.17-0.24	0.25-0.60		0.04	0.05
M 1023	0.19-0.27	0.25-0.60		0.04	0.05
M 1025	0.20-0.30	0.25-0.60		0.04	0.05
M 1031	0.26-0.36	0.25-0.60		0.04	0.05
M 1044	0.40-0.50	0.25-0.60		0.04	0.05

A Maximum unless otherwise indicated.

TABLE 2 Grade Designations and Chemical Compositions of Alloy Steel Bars

Note 1—Small quantities of certain elements are present in alloy steels which are not specified or required. These elements are considered as incidental and may be present to the following maximum amounts: copper, 0.35 %; nickel, 0.25 %; chromium, 0.20 % and molybdenum, 0.06 %.

Note 2—Where minimum and maximum sulfur content is shown it is indicative of resulfurized steel.

Note 3—The chemical ranges and limits shown in Table 2 are produced to product analysis tolerances shown in Table 6.

Note 4—Standard alloy steels can be produced with a lead range of 0.15–0.35 %. Such steels are identified by inserting the letter "L" between the second and third numerals of the AISI number, for example, 41 L 40. A cast or heat analysis is not determinable when lead is added to the ladle stream.

Grade				Heat Chemic	al Ranges and Limits, %			
Designation	standa Carbon h. a	Manganese	Phosphorus, max	43 Sulfur, a-max	376 Silicon ⁴ 0-910	Nickel	0300 Chromium - a	Molybdenum
1330	0.28-0.33	1.60-1.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			
1335	0.33-0.38	1.60-1.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			
1340	0.38-0.43	1.60-1.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			
1345	0.43-0.48	1.60-1.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			
4012	0.09-0.14	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			0.15-0.25
4023	0.20-0.25	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			0.20-0.30
4024	0.20-0.25	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.035-0.050	0.15 to 0.35			0.20-0.30
4027	0.25-0.30	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			0.20-0.30
4028	0.25-0.30	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.035-0.050	0.15 to 0.35			0.20-0.30
4032	0.30-0.35	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			0.20-0.30
4037	0.35-0.40	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			0.20-0.30
4042	0.40-0.45	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			0.20-0.30
4047	0.45-0.50	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			0.20-0.30
4118	0.18-0.23	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.40-0.60	0.08-0.15
4120	0.18-0.23	0.90-1.20	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.40-0.60	0.13-0.20
4121	0.18-0.23	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.45-0.65	0.20-0.30
4130	0.28-0.33	0.40-0.60	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.80-1.10	0.15-0.25
4135	0.33-0.38	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.80-1.10	0.15-0.25
4137	0.35-0.40	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.80-1.10	0.15-0.25
4140	0.38-0.43	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.80-1.10	0.15-0.25
4142	0.40-0.45	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.80-1.10	0.15-0.25
4145	0.43-0.48	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.80-1.10	0.15-0.25
4147	0.45-0.50	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.80-1.10	0.15-0.25
4150	0.48-0.53	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.80-1.10	0.15-0.25
4161	0.56-0.64	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.70-0.90	0.25-0.35
4320	0.17-0.22	0.45-0.65	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	1.65-2.00	0.40-0.60	0.20-0.30
4340	0.38-0.43	0.60-0.80	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	1.65-2.00	0.70-0.90	0.20-0.30
E4340	0.38-0.43	0.65-0.85	0.025	0.025	0.15 to 0.35	1.65-2.00	0.70-0.90	0.20-0.30
4419	0.18-0.23	0.45-0.65	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			0.45-0.60

^B When silicon is required, the following ranges and limits are commonly specified: 0.10 %, max, 0.10 % to 0.20 %, 0.15 % to 0.35 %, 0.20 % to 0.40 %, or 0.30 % to 0.60 %.

^C Copper can be specified when required as 0.20 % minimum.

^D When lead is required as an added element to a standard steel, a range of 0.15 to 0.35 % inclusive is specified. Such a steel is identified by inserting the letter "L" between the second and third numerals of the grade designation, for example, 10 L 45. A cast or heat analysis is not determinable when lead is added to the ladle stream.

^E When boron treatment for killed steels is specified, the steels can be expected to contain 0.0005 to 0.003 % boron. If the usual titanium additive is not permitted, the steels can be expected to contain up to 0.005 % boron.

F The elements bismuth, calcium, selenium, or tellurium may be added as agreed upon between purchaser and supplier.

^G Unless prohibited by the purchaser, the manganese content may exceed 0.60 % on heat analysis to a maximum of 0.75 %, provided the carbon range on heat analysis has the minimum and maximum reduced by 0.01 % for each 0.05 % manganese over 0.60 %.



TABLE 2 Continued

Grade					al Ranges and Limits	5, %		
Designation	Carbon	Manganese	Phosphorus, max	Sulfur, max	Silicon ^A	Nickel	Chromium	Molybdenum
4422	0.20-0.25	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			0.35-0.45
1427	0.24-0.29	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35			0.35-0.45
1615	0.13-0.18	0.45-0.65	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	1.65-2.00		0.20-0.30
1620	0.17-0.22	0.45-0.65	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	1.65-2.00		0.20-0.30
1621	0.18-0.23	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	1.65-2.00		0.20-0.30
626	0.24-0.29	0.45-0.65	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.70-1.00		0.15-0.25
715	0.13-0.18	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.70-1.00	0.45-0.65	0.45-0.60
1718	0.16-0.21	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.90-1.20	0.35-0.55	0.30-0.40
1720	0.17-0.22	0.50-0.70	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.90-1.20	0.35-0.55	0.15-0.25
1815	0.13-0.18	0.40-0.60	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	3.25-3.75		0.20-0.30
1817	0.15-0.20	0.40-0.60	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	3.25-3.75		0.20-0.30
1820	0.18-0.23	0.50-0.70	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	3.25-3.75		0.20-0.30
5015	0.12-0.17	0.30-0.50	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.30-0.50	
5046	0.43-0.48	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.20-0.35	
5115	0.13-0.18	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.70-0.90	
5120	0.17-0.22	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.70-0.90	···
5130	0.28-0.33	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.80-1.10	
5132	0.30-0.35	0.60-0.80	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.75-1.00	
5135	0.33-0.38	0.60-0.80	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.80-1.05	
5140	0.38-0.43	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.70-0.90	
5145	0.43-0.48	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.70-0.90	
5147	0.46-0.51	0.70-0.95	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.85-1.15	
5150	0.48-0.53	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.70-0.90	
5155	0.51-0.59	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.70-0.90	
5160	0.56-0.61	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.70-0.90	
E50100	0.98–1.10	0.25-0.45	0.025	0.025	0.15 to 0.35		0.40-0.60	
E51100	0.98–1.10	0.25-0.45	0.025	0.025	0.15 to 0.35	S	0.90–1.15	
E52100	0.98–1.10	0.25-0.45	0.025	0.025	0.15 to 0.35		1.30-1.60	
6118	0.16-0.21	0.50-0.70	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35		0.50-0.70	(0.10-0.15 V)
6150	0.48-0.53	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	ah ai	0.80-1.10	(0.15 min V)
3115	0.13-0.18	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.20-0.40	0.30-0.50	0.08–0.15
3615	0.13-0.18	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3617	0.15-0.20	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3620	0.18-0.23	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3622	0.20-0.25	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3625	0.23-0.28	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3627	0.25-0.30	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3630	0.28-0.33	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3637	0.25-0.40	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
https://stan	0.38-0.43	0.75-1.00	lard 0.035 /43	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3642	0.40-0.45	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3645	0.43-0.48	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3650	0.48-0.53	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3655	0.51-0.59	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3660	0.56-0.64	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.15-0.25
3720	0.56-0.64		0.035			0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	
= 10	0.00.0.10	0.70-0.90		0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40.0.	0 40 0 00	0.20-0.30
3/40	0.38-0.43	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.20-0.30
3822	0.20-0.25†	0.75–1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15 to 0.35	0.40-0.70	0.40-0.60	0.30-0.40
9254	0.51-0.59	0.60-0.80	0.035	0.040	1.20–1.60	•••	0.60-0.80	
9255	0.51-0.59	0.70-0.95	0.035	0.040	1.80–2.20			
9259 9260	0.56-0.64 0.56-0.64	0.75–1.00 0.75–1.00	0.035 0.035	0.040 0.040	0.70-1.10 1.80-2.20		0.45-0.65	· · ·
E9310	0.08-0.13	0.45-0.65	0.025	0.025	0.15 to 0.30	3.00-3.50	1.00–1.40	0.08-0.15
	0.00 0.10	0.10 0.00		idard Boron S		0.00 0.00	1.00 1.40	0.00 0.10
50B44	0.43-0.48	0.75–1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15–0.35		0.20-0.60	
50B46	0.44-0.49	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15-0.35		0.20-0.35	
50B50	0.48-0.53	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15-0.35		0.40-0.60	• • •
50B60	0.56-0.64	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15-0.35		0.40-0.60	
51B60	0.56-0.64	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15-0.35		0.70-0.90	
31B45	0.43-0.48	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15-0.35	0.20-0.40	0.70-0.90	0.08–0.15
94B17	0.45-0.46	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15-0.35	0.30-0.60	0.30-0.50	0.80-0.15
94B17 94B30	0.15-0.20	0.75-1.00	0.035	0.040	0.15-0.35	0.30-0.60	0.30-0.50	0.08-0.15

A Silicon may be specified by the purchaser as 0.10% maximum. The need for 0.10% maximum generally relates to severe cold-formed parts.

^B These steels can be expected to contain 0.0005 to 0.003 % boron. If the usual titanium additive is not permitted, the steels can be expected to contain up to 0.005 % boron.

[†] Editorially corrected.



4. Chemical Composition

- 4.1 Limits:
- 4.1.1 The chemical composition shall conform to the requirements specified in the purchase order or the individual product specifications. For convenience the grades commonly specified for carbon steel bars are shown in Tables 1 and 2. Bars may be ordered to these grade designations and when so ordered shall conform to the specified limits by heat analysis.
- 4.1.2 When compositions other than those shown in Tables 1 and 2 are required, the composition limits shall be prepared using the ranges and limits shown in Table 3 for carbon steel and Table 4 for alloy steel.
 - 4.2 Heat or Cast Analysis:

TABLE 3 Heat Analysis Chemical Ranges and Limits of Carbon
Steel Bars

	Steel Bars		
	Chemical Ranges a	and Limits, %)
Element	When Maximum of Specified Elements is:	Range	Lowest Maximum
Carbon ^A			0.06
	to 0.12, incl		
	over 0.12 to 0.25, incl	0.05	
	over 0.25 to 0.40, incl	0.06	
	over 0.40 to 0.55, incl	0.07	
	over 0.55 to 0.80, incl	0.10	
	over 0.80	0.13	1 1 C II
Manganese	/1	4	0.35
	to 0.40, incl	0.15	S • / /ST :
	over 0.40 to 0.50, incl	0.20	
	over 0.50 to 1.65, incl	0.30	
Dhaanharus	to 0.040 incl		0.040 ^B
Phosphorus	to 0.040, incl		0.040
	over 0.040 to 0.08, incl	0.03	
	over 0.08 to 0.13, incl	0.05	
Sulfur	to 0.050, incl		0.050 ^B
	over 0.050 to 0.09, incl	/ct 0.03	1c/cict//133
	over 0.09 to 0.15, incl	0.05	
	over 0.15 to 0.23, incl	0.07	
	over 0.23 to 0.50, incl	0.09	
Silicon ^C			0.10
Ollicon	to 0.10, incl		0.10
	over 0.10 to 0.15, incl	0.08	
	over 0.15 to 0.20, incl	0.10	•••
	over 0.20 to 0.30, incl	0.10	•••
	over 0.30 to 0.60, incl	0.13	•••
	over 0.30 to 0.00, inci	0.20	•••
Copper	When copper is required 0.20		
	min is generally used		
Lead ^D	When lead is required, a range of 0.15 to 0.35 is specified		
Bismuth ^E Calcium ^E Selenium ^E Tellurium ^E			

^A The carbon ranges shown in the column headed "Range" apply when the specified maximum limit for manganese does not exceed 1.10 %. When the maximum manganese limit exceeds 1.10 %, add 0.01 to the carbon ranges shown above.

- 4.2.1 The chemical composition of each heat or cast shall be determined by the manufacturer in accordance with Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A 751.
- 4.2.2 The heat or cast analysis shall conform to the requirements specified in the product specification or purchase order. These can be the heat chemical range and limit for a grade designated in Tables 1 and 2, or another range and limit in accordance with 4.1.2, or with requirements of the product specification.

Note 1—Heat analysis for lead is not determinable since lead is added to the ladle stream while each ingot is poured. When specified as an added element to a standard steel, the percentage of lead is reported as 0.15 to 0.35 incl, which is the range commonly specified for this element.

- 4.2.3 If requested or required, the heat analysis shall be reported to the purchaser or his representative.
- 4.2.4 Reporting of significant figures and rounding shall be in accordance with Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A 751.
 - 4.3 Product Analysis:
- 4.3.1 Merchant quality carbon bar steel is not subject to rejection for product analysis unless misapplication of a heat is clearly indicated.
- 4.3.2 Analyses may be made by the purchaser from finished bars other than merchant quality representing each heat of open-hearth, basic-oxygen, or electric-furnace steel. The chemical composition thus determined shall not vary from the limits specified in the applicable specification by more than the amounts prescribed in Table 5 and Table 6, but the several determinations of any element, excluding lead, in a heat may not vary both above and below the specified range. Rimmed or capped steel is characterized by a lack of homogeneity in its composition, especially for the elements carbon, phosphorus, and sulfur; therefore, when rimmed or capped steel is specified or required, the limitations for these elements shall not be applicable. Because of the degree to which phosphorus and sulfur segregate, the limitations for these elements shall not be applicable to rephosphorized or resulfurized steels.
- 4.3.3 Samples for product analysis shall be taken by one of the following methods:
- 4.3.3.1 Applicable to small sections whose cross-sectional area does not exceed 0.75 in.² [500 mm²] such as rounds, squares, hexagons, etc. Chips are taken by milling or machining the full cross section of the piece. Drilling is not a feasible method for sampling sizes 0.75 in.² and smaller.
- 4.3.3.2 Applicable to products where the width of the cross section greatly exceeds the thickness, such as bar size shapes and light flat bars. Chips are taken by drilling entirely through the steel at a point midway between the edge and the middle of the section, or by milling or machining the entire cross section.
- 4.3.3.3 Applicable to large rounds, squares semifinished, etc. Chips are taken at any point midway between the outside and the center of the piece by drilling parallel to the axis or by milling or machining the full cross section. In cases where these methods are not practicable, the piece may be drilled on the side, but chips are not taken until they represent the portion midway between the outside and the center.
- 4.3.3.4 When the steel is subject to tension test requirements, the tension test specimen can also be used for product

 $^{^{\}it B}$ For steels produced in merchant quality the phosphorus maximum is 0.04 % and the sulfur maximum is 0.05 %.

 $^{^{\}it C}$ It is not common practice to produce a rephosphorized and resulfurized carbon steel to specified limits for silicon because of its adverse effect on machinability.

 $^{^{\}it D}\,{\rm A}$ cast or heat analysis is not determinable when lead is added to the ladle stream.

^E Element specification range as agreed upon between purchaser and supplier.



TABLE 4 Heat Analysis Chemical Ranges and Limits of Alloy Steel Bars

Note 1—Boron steels can be expected to have 0.0005 % minimum boron content.

Note 2—Alloy steels can be produced with a lead range of 0.15–0.35 %. A cast or heat analysis is not determinable when lead is added to the ladle stream.

	Chemical Ranges and Limits, %							
Element	When Maximum of Specified Element is:	Open-Hearth or Basic-Oxygen Steel	Electric Furnace Steel	Maximum Limit, % ^A				
Carbon	To 0.55, incl	0.05	0.05					
	Over 0.55-0.70, incl	0.08	0.07					
	Over 0.70 to 0.80, incl	0.10	0.09					
	Over 0.80-0.95, incl	0.12	0.11					
	Over 0.95-1.35, incl	0.13	0.12					
Manganese	To 0.60, incl	0.20	0.15					
	Over 0.60-0.90, incl	0.20	0.20					
	Over 0.90-1.05, incl	0.25	0.25					
	Over 1.05-1.90, incl	0.30	0.30					
	Over 1.90–2.10, incl	0.40	0.35					
Phosphorus	Basic open-hearth or basic-							
	oxygen steel			0.035				
	Acid open-hearth steel			0.050				
	Basic electric-furnace steel			0.025				
	Acid electric-furnace steel			0.050				
Sulfur	To 0.050, incl	0.015	0.015					
	Over 0.050–0.07, incl	0.02	0.02					
	Over 0.07–0.10, incl	0.04	0.04					
	Over 0.10–0.14, incl	0.05	0.05					
	Basic open-hearth or basic-							
	oxygen steel			0.040				
	Acid open-hearth steel			0.050				
	Basic electric-furnace steel			0.025				
	Acid electric-furnace steel			0.050				
Silicon	To 0.20, incl	0.08	0.08					
	Over 0.20–0.30, incl	0.15	0.15					
	Over 0.30–0.60, incl	0.20	0.20					
	Over 0.60–1.00, incl	0.30	0.30					
	Over 1.00–2.20, incl	0.40	0.35					
	Acid steels ^B	numant Pro						
Nickel	To 0.50, incl	0.20	0.20					
	Over 1.50, 2.00, incl	0.30	0.30					
	Over 1.50–2.00, incl	0.35	0.35					
	Over 2.00–3.00, incl	0.40 ASTM A0.50 A 29 M-99	0.40 0.50					
	Over 5.30, 10.00, incl	1.00	1.00					
Chromium S://standards	Over 5.30–10.00, incl	sist/433cfc0.15-3761-484	6-9108-0.1504030df51					
Shioiliun 9537 Startaara		0.20	0.20					
	Over 0.40–0.90, incl Over 0.90–1.05, incl	0.20	0.25					
	Over 1.05–1.60, incl	0.23	0.30					
	Over 1.60–1.75, incl	0.30 C	0.35					
	Over 1.75–2.10, incl	C	0.40					
	Over 2.10–3.99, incl	C	0.50					
Molybdenum	To 0.10, incl	0.05	0.05					
violybaeriairi	Over 0.10–0.20, incl	0.03	0.07					
	Over 0.20–0.50, incl	0.10	0.10					
	Over 0.50–0.80, incl	0.15	0.15					
	Over 0.80–0.80, incl	0.13	0.13					
Tungsten	To 0.50, incl	0.20	0.20					
rungsten	Over 0.50–1.00, incl	0.30	0.30					
	Over 1.00–2.00, incl	0.50	0.50					
	Over 2.00–4.00, incl	0.60	0.60					
/anadium	To 0.25, incl	0.05	0.05					
ranadium	Over 0.25–0.50, incl	0.03	0.10					
Aluminum	Up to 0.10, incl	0.05	0.05					
udinili (III)	Over 0.10–0.20, incl	0.03	0.10					
	Over 0.20–0.30, incl	0.15	0.15					
	Over 0.30–0.80, incl	0.15	0.15					
	Over 0.80–0.80, incl	0.25	0.25					
	OVEL 0.00-1.30, IIICI							
	Over 1.30-1.80 incl	0.45	0.45					
Copper	Over 1.30–1.80, incl	0.45	0.45					
Copper	Over 1.30–1.80, incl To 0.60, incl Over 0.60–1.50, incl	0.45 0.20 0.30	0.45 0.20 0.30					

^A Applies to only nonrephosphorized and nonresulfurized steels.

^B Minimum silicon limit for acid open-hearth or acid electric-furnace alloy steels is 0.15 %.

 $^{^{\}it C}$ Not normally produced in open-hearth.



TABLE 5 Permissible Variations for Product Analysis of Carbon Steel

Maximum of dr Range, % Over Maximum Minimum Limit, % Limit, %
der 0.02 0.02
0.55, incl 0.03 0.03
0.04 0.04
der 0.03 0.03
1.65, incl 0.06 0.06
0.008
er steel 0.01 0.01
0.008
der 0.02 0.02
0.60, incl 0.05 0.05
um only 0.02
incl 0.03 0.03

^A Rimmed and capped steels are not subject to rejection on product analysis unless misapplication is clearly indicated.

TABLE 6 Permissible Variations for Product Analysis of Alloy
Steel

	Steel	
Elements	Limit, or Maximum of Specified Range, %	Permissible Variations Over Maximum Limit of Under Minimum Limit, of
Carbon	0.30 and under	0.01
	over 0.30 to 0.75, incl	0.02
	over 0.75	0.03
Manganese	0.90 and under	0.03
5	over 0.90 to 2.10, incl	0.04
Phosphorus	over maximum only	0.005
Sulfur	0.060 and under	0.005
Silicon	0.40 and under	0.02
	over 0.40 to 2.20, incl	0.05
Nickel	1.00 and under	0.03
	over 1.00 to 2.00, incl	0.05
	over 2.00 to 5.30, incl	0.07 AST
	over 5.30 to 10.00, incl	0.10
Chromium ttps://stan		standar 0.03 sist/43
	over 0.90 to 2.10, incl	0.05
	over 2.10 to 3.99, incl	0.10
Molybdenum	0.20 and under	0.01
	over 0.20 to 0.40, incl	0.02
	over 0.40 to 1.15, incl	0.03
Vanadium	0.10 and under	0.01
	over 0.10 to 0.25, incl	0.02
	over 0.25 to 0.50, incl	0.03
	minimum value specified, under minimum limit	0.01
	only	
Tungsten	1.00 and under	0.04
	over 1.00 to 4.00, incl	0.08
Aluminum	0.10 and under	0.03
	over 0.10 to 0.20, incl	0.04
	over 0.20 to 0.30, incl	0.05
	over 0.30 to 0.80, incl	0.07
	over 0.80 to 1.80, incl	0.10
Lead ^A	0.15 to 0.35, incl	0.03
Copper	to 1.00 incl	0.03
	over 1.00 to 2.00, incl	0.05

 $^{^{\}rm A}$ Product analysis tolerance for lead applies both over and under to a specified range of 0.15 to 0.35 %.

analysis. In that case, chips for product analysis can be taken by drilling entirely through the tension test specimens or by the method described in 4.3.3.1.

4.3.4 When chips are taken by drilling, the diameter of the drill used shall conform to the following:

Area of Sample Cross Section,	Approximate Drill Diameter,
in.2(cm2)	in. (mm)
16 [100] or less	1/2 [12.5]
Over 16 [100]	1 [25.0]

4.3.5 The minimum number of samples to be taken from material representing the same heat or lot before rejection by the purchaser shall be as follows:

	Minimum Number of Samples
15 tons [15 Mg] and under	4
Over 15 tons [15 Mg]	6

- 4.3.6 In case the number of pieces in a heat is less than the number of samples required, one sample from each piece shall be considered sufficient.
- 4.3.7 In the event that product analysis determinations are outside the permissible limits as prescribed in 4.3.2, additional samples shall be analyzed and the acceptability of the heat negotiated between the purchaser and the producer.
- 4.4 Referee Analysis—In case a referee analysis is required and agreed upon to resolve a dispute concerning the results of a chemical analysis, the referee analysis shall be performed in accordance with the latest issue of Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A 751, unless otherwise agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

5. Grain Size Requirement

- 5.1 Austenitic Grain Size:
- 5.1.1 When a coarse austenitic grain size is specified, the steel shall have a grain size number of 1 to 5 exclusive as determined in accordance with Test Methods E 112. Conformance to this grain size of 70 % of the grains in the area examined shall constitute the basis of acceptance. One test per heat shall be made.
- 5.1.2 When a fine austenitic grain size is specified, the steel shall have a grain size number of 5 or higher as determined in accordance with Test Methods E 112. Conformance to this grain size of 70 % of the area examined shall constitute the basis of acceptance. One test per heat shall be made unless the provisions of 5.1.2.1 or 5.1.2.2 are exercised.
- 5.1.2.1 When aluminum is used as the grain refining element, the fine austenitic grain size requirement shall be deemed to be fulfilled if, on heat analysis, the aluminum content is not less than 0.020 % total aluminum or, alternately, 0.015 % acid soluble aluminum. The aluminum content shall be reported. The grain size test specified in 5.1.2 shall be the referee test.
- 5.1.2.2 By agreement between purchaser and supplier, columbium or vanadium or both may be used for grain refining instead of or with aluminum. When columbium or vanadium is used as a grain refining element, the fine austenitic grain size requirement shall be deemed to be fulfilled if, on heat analysis, the columbium or vanadium content is as follows (the content of the elements shall be reported with the heat analysis):

Steels having 0.25 % carbon or less:								
Cb	0.02	25 min						
V	0.0	5 min						
	Steels having over 0.25 % carbon:							
Cb	0.0	15 min						
V	0.0	2 min						

^B Resulfurized or rephosphorized steels are not subject to rejection on product analysis for these elements unless misapplication is clearly indicated.

 $^{^{\}it C}$ Product analysis tolerance for lead applies both over and under to a specified range of 0.15 to 0.35 %.



	The maximum contents shall be:	
Cb	0.05	max
V	0.08	max
Cb + V	0.06	max

- 5.1.2.3 When provisions of 5.1.2.1 or 5.1.2.2 are exercised, a grain size test is not required unless specified by the purchaser. Unless otherwise specified, fine austenitic grain size shall be certified using the analysis of grain refining element(s).
- 5.1.2.4 Referee Test—In the event that the chemical analysis of columbium or vanadium does not meet the requirements of 5.1.2.2, the grain size test shown in 5.1.2 shall be the referee test unless an alternative test method is agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

6. Mechanical Property Requirements

- 6.1 Test Specimens:
- 6.1.1 Selection—Test specimens shall be selected in accordance with the requirements of the applicable product specification or in accordance with Supplement I of the latest issue of Test Methods and Definitions A 370, in the sequence named.
- 6.1.2 *Preparation*—Unless otherwise specified in the applicable product specification, test specimens shall be prepared in accordance with the latest issue of Test Methods and Definitions A 370, and especially Supplement I thereof.
- 6.2 Methods of Mechanical Testing— All mechanical tests shall be conducted in accordance with the latest issue of Test Methods and Definitions A 370, and especially Supplement I thereof, on steel bar products.
 - 6.3 Retests:
- 6.3.1 If any test specimen shows defective machining or develops flaws, the specimen may be discarded and another substituted.
- 6.3.2 If the percentage elongation of any tension specimen is less than that specified and any part of the fracture is more than ³/₄ in. [20 mm] from the center of a 2-in. [50-mm] specimen, or is outside the middle half of the gage length of an 8-in. [200-mm] specimen as indicated by scribe scratches marked on the specimen before testing, a retest shall be allowed.
- 6.3.3 For "as-wrought" material, if the results for any original tension specimen are within 2000 psi [14 MPa] of the required tensile strength, within 1000 psi [7 MPa] of the required yield point, or within 2 % of the required elongation, retesting shall be permitted. If the original testing required only one test, the retest shall consist of two random tests from the heat or lot involved. If the original testing required two tests of which one failed by the amounts listed in this paragraph, the retest shall be made on one random test from the heat or lot. If the results on the retest specimen or specimens meet the specified requirements, the heat or test lot will be accepted. If the results of one retest specimen do not meet the specified requirements, the material is subject to rejection.
- 6.3.4 For thermally treated bars, if the results of the mechanical tests do not conform to the requirements specified, two more tests may be selected for each bar failing, and each of these retests shall conform to the requirements of the product specification.

6.3.5 If a bend specimen fails, due to conditions of bending more severe than required by the specification, a retest shall be permitted from the heat or test lot involved for which one random specimen for each original specimen showing failure shall be used. If the results on the retest specimen meet the requirements of the specification, the heat or test lot will be accepted.

7. Dimensions, Mass, and Permissible Variations

- 7.1 *Hot-Wrought Bars*—The permissible variations for dimensions of hot-wrought carbon and alloy steel bars shall not exceed the applicable limits stated in Annex A1 for inch-pound values and Annex A2 for metric values.
- 7.2 Cold-Finished Bars—The permissible variations for dimensions of cold-finished carbon and alloy steel bars shall not exceed the applicable limits stated in Annex A1 for inch-pound values and Annex A2 for metric values.

8. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

8.1 The material shall be free of injurious defects and shall have a workmanlike finish.

9. Rework and Retreatment

9.1 For thermally treated bars only, the manufacturer may retreat a lot one or more times, and retests shall be made in the same manner as the original tests. Each such retest shall conform to the requirements specified.

10. Inspection

- 10.1 The inspector representing the purchaser shall have entry, at all times while work on the contract of the purchaser is being performed, to all parts of the manufacturer's works that concern the manufacture of the material ordered. The manufacturer shall afford the inspector all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the material is being furnished in accordance with this specification. All tests (except product analysis) and inspection shall be made at the place of manufacture prior to shipment, unless otherwise specified, and shall be so conducted as not to interfere unnecessarily with the operation of the works
- 10.2 All required tests and inspection shall be made by the manufacturer prior to shipment.

11. Rejection

- 11.1 Unless otherwise specified, any rejection because of noncompliance to the requirements of the specification shall be reported by the purchaser to the manufacturer within 30 working days after receipt of samples.
- 11.2 Material that shows imperfections capable of adversely affecting processibility subsequent to its acceptance at the purchaser's works will be rejected, and the manufacturer shall be notified.

12. Rehearing

12.1 Samples that represent rejected material shall be preserved for two weeks from the date rejection is reported to the manufacturer. In case of dissatisfaction with the results of the tests, the manufacturer may make claim for a rehearing within that time.



13. Product Marking

13.1 Civilian Procurement—Bars of all sizes, when loaded for shipment, shall be properly identified with the name or brand of manufacturer, purchaser's name and order number, the ASTM designation (year date is not required), grade number where appropriate, size and length, weight of lift, and the heat number for identification. Unless otherwise specified, the method of marking is at the manufacturer's option and may be made by hot stamping, cold stamping, painting, or marking tags attached to the lifts of bars.

13.1.1 Bar code marking may be used as an auxiliary method of identification. Such bar-code markings shall be of the 3-of-9 type and shall conform to AIAG B1. When barcoded tags are used, they shall conform to AIAG B5.

13.2 Government Procurement:

13.2.1 Marking for shipment shall be in accordance with the requirements specified in the contract or order and shall be in accordance with MIL-STD-163 for military agencies and in accordance with Fed. Std. No. 123 for civil agencies.

13.2.2 For government procurement by the Defense Supply Agency, the bars shall be continuously marked for identification in accordance with Fed. Std. No. 183.

14. Packaging

14.1 *Civilian Procurement*—Unless otherwise specified, the bars shall be packaged and loaded in accordance with Practices A 700.

14.2 Government Procurement—MIL-STD-163 shall apply when packaging is specified in the contract or order, or when Level A for preservation, packaging, and packing is specified for direct procurement by or direct shipment to the government.

15. Keywords

15.1 alloy steel bars; carbon steel bars; cold finished steel bars; general delivery requirements; hot wrought steel bars; steel bars

SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

The following supplementary requirements shall apply only when specified by the purchaser in the contract or order.

S1. Flat Bar Thickness Tolerances (https://standards.iteh.ai)

S1.1 When flat bars are specified in metric units to a thickness under tolerance of 0.3 mm, the thickness tolerance of Table S1.1 shall apply.

TABLE S1.1 Thickness and Width Tolerances for Hot-Wrought Square-Edge and Round-Edge Flat Bars Ordered to 0.3 mm Under Tolerance^A

Note—Tolerance under specified thickness 0.3 mm.

Cracifical Width man	Tolerances over Specified Thickness for Thickness Given, mm					Tolerance from Specified Width, mm	
Specified Width, mm	Over 6 to 12, incl	Over 12 to 25, incl	Over 25 to 50, incl	Over 50 to 75, incl	Over 75	Over	Under
To 25, incl						0.5	0.5
Over 25 to 50, incl		0.5	1.3			1.0	1.0
Over 50 to 100, incl	0.5	0.7	1.3	2.1	2.1	1.5	1.0
Over 100 to 150, incl	0.5	0.7	1.3	2.1	2.1	2.5	1.5
Over 150 to 200, incl	0.5	1.0	1.3	2.1	2.9	3.0	2.5

A When a square is held against a face and an edge of a square-edge flat bar, the edge shall not deviate by more than 3° or 5 % of the thickness.