



Designation: B 752 – 01

Standard Specification for Castings, Zirconium-Base, Corrosion Resistant, for General Application¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers zirconium and zirconium-alloy castings for general corrosion-resistant and industrial applications.

1.2 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- A 802/A 802M Practice for Steel Castings, Surface Acceptance Standards, Visual Examination²
- E 8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials³
- E 10 Test Method for Brinell Hardness of Metallic Materials³
- E 18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness and Rockwell Superficial Hardness of Metallic Materials³
- E 23 Test Methods for Notched Bar Impact Testing of Metallic Materials³
- E 94 Guide for Radiographic Testing⁴
- E 142 Method for Controlling Quality of Radiographic Testing⁴
- E 165 Test Method for Liquid Penetrant Examination⁴
- E 446 Reference Radiographs for Steel Castings Up to 2 in. (51 mm) in Thickness⁴

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *pour*—shall consist of all material melted and cast at one time.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B10 on Reactive and Refractory Metals and Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B10.02 on Zirconium and Hafnium.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.02.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.03.

3.2 Lot Definitions:

3.2.1 *castings*—a lot shall consist of all castings produced from the same pour.

3.2.2 *ingot*—no definition required.

3.2.3 *rounds, flats, tubes, and wrought powder metallurgical products (single definition, common to nuclear and non-nuclear standards)*—a lot shall consist of a material of the same size, shape, condition, and finish produced from the same ingot or powder blend by the same reduction schedule and the same heat treatment parameters. Unless otherwise agreed between manufacturer and purchaser, a lot shall be limited to the product of an 8 h period for final continuous anneal, or to a single furnace load for final batch anneal.

3.2.4 *sponge*—a lot shall consist of a single blend produced at one time.

3.2.5 *weld fittings*—definition is to be mutually agreed upon between manufacturer and the purchaser.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for castings to this specification shall include the following, as required to describe the requirements adequately.

4.1.1 Description of the castings by pattern number or drawing (dimensional tolerances shall be included on the casting drawing),

4.1.2 Quantity,

4.1.3 Grade Designation (see Table 1),

4.1.4 Options in the specification, and

4.1.5 Supplementary requirements desired, including the standards of acceptance.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 Material for this specification shall be melted by conventional processes used for reactive metals. Typical methods include the consumable electrode and inductoslag melting processes.

6. Chemical Composition

6.1 *Pour Analysis*—An analysis of each pour shall be made by the producer from a sample such as a casting or test bar that is representative of the pour. The chemical composition determined shall conform to the requirements specified for the relevant grade in Table 1.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements^A

	Grade Designation, Composition, %		
	702C	704C	705C
Zirconium and hafnium, min.	98.8	97.1	95.1
Hafnium, max	4.5	4.5	4.5
Iron and chromium, max	0.3	0.3	0.3
Hydrogen, max	0.005	0.005	0.005
Nitrogen, max	0.03	0.03	0.03
Carbon, max	0.1	0.1	0.1
Oxygen, max	0.25	0.3	0.3
Phosphorus, max	0.01	0.01	0.01
Tin	...	1.0 to 2.0	...
Niobium	2.0 to 3.0

^A By agreement between the purchaser and the producer, analysis may be required and limits established for elements and compounds not specified in this table.

6.1.1 The elements listed in Table 1 are intentional alloying additions of elements which are inherent to the manufacture of primary zirconium, zirconium sponge, mill product or castings.

6.1.1.1 Elements other than those listed in Table 1 are deemed to be capable of occurring in the grades listed in Table 1 by and only by way of unregulated or unanalyzed scrap additions to the pour. Therefore, pour analysis for elements not listed in Table 1 shall be considered to be in excess of the intent of this specification.

6.2 When agreed upon by producer and purchaser and requested by the purchaser in his written purchase order, chemical analysis shall be completed for specific residual elements not listed in this specification.

6.3 *Product Analysis*—A product analysis may be made by the purchaser on a representative casting from any lot. Because of the possibility of oxygen or other interstitial contamination, samples for oxygen, carbon, hydrogen, and nitrogen analysis shall be taken no closer than 1/4 in. [6.3 mm] to a cast surface except that castings too thin for this shall be analyzed on representative material. The chemical composition determined shall conform to the analysis in Table 1 within the check analysis variations shown in Table 2 or shall be subject to rejection by the purchaser.

6.4 In the event of disagreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser on the conformance of the material to the requirements of this specification or any special test specified by the purchase, a mutually acceptable referee shall perform

TABLE 2 Check Analysis Tolerances

Element	Maximum of Range, Weight, %	Permissible Variation in Check Analysis
Nitrogen	0.03	+ 0.006
Carbon	0.10	+ 0.02
Hydrogen	0.005	+ 0.001
Iron and chromium	0.30	+ 0.06
Oxygen	0.25	+ 0.05
Hafnium	4.50	+ 0.50
Phosphorus	0.010	+ 0.003
Tin	1.0 to 2.0	±0.02
Niobium	2.0 to 3.0	±0.015
Residuals	0.10	+ 0.02

the tests in question. The results of the referee's testing shall be used in determining conformance of the material to this specification.

7. Heat Treatment

7.1 Unless otherwise specified in the contract, all castings will be supplied in the as-cast condition except when post-weld heat treatment is required.

7.2 If post-weld heat treatment is required, it shall consist of a stress relief performed at 1050 ± 50°F [565 ± 25°C] for a minimum of 1/2 h at temperature plus an additional 1/2 h at temperature per inch of thickness for section sizes greater than 1 in. [25 mm]. After heat treatment, the castings should be cooled in air or in the furnace to ambient temperature unless otherwise agreed upon between the purchaser and producer.

8. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

8.1 All castings shall be made in a workmanlike manner and shall conform to the dimensions in drawings furnished by the purchaser before manufacturing is started. If the pattern is supplied by the purchaser, the dimensions of the casting shall be as predicted by the pattern.

8.2 The surface of the casting shall be free of adhering mold material, scale, cracks, and hot tears as determined by visual examination. Other surface discontinuities shall meet the visual acceptance standards specified in the order. Practice A 802/A 802M or other visual standards may be used to define acceptable surface discontinuities and finish. Unacceptable surface discontinuities shall be removed, and their removal verified by visual examination of the resultant cavities.

9. Repair by Welding

9.1 If repairs are required, these shall be made using a welding procedure and operators certified to quality requirements established by the producer. The procedures developed shall be consistent with standard practices recommended for reactive metal alloys. The producer shall maintain documentation on procedure and welder qualifications. Procedure modifications or special arrangements shall be as agreed upon between the producer and purchaser.

9.2 Weld repairs shall be considered major in the case of a casting that has leaked on a hydrostatic test or when the depth of the cavity after preparation for repair exceeds 20 % of the actual wall thickness or 1 in. [25 mm], whichever is smaller, or when the surface area of the cavity exceeds approximately 10 in.² [6500 mm²]. All other weld repairs shall be considered minor. Major and minor repairs shall be subject to the same quality standards as are used to inspect the castings.

9.3 The composition of the deposited weld metal shall be within the chemical requirements for each grade established in Table 1.

9.4 All castings with major weld repairs shall be stress relieved after repair in accordance with 7.2. Stress relief after minor repairs is not required for grades 702C and 704C except by agreement between the producer and the purchaser. Grade 705C must be stress relieved after any weld repair.