## International Standard

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDAADIZATIONФMEЖДУHAPOДHAЯ OPTAHИЗALИЯ TO CTAHДAPTИЗALИИЄORGANISATION INTE RNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

## Size designation of clothes - Hosiery

Désignation des tailles de vêtements - Chaussants
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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 7070 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 133, VIEW Sizing systems and designations for clothes, and was circulated to the member bodies in December 1980.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries


The member bodies of the following countries expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds :

France*
Germany, F. R.
South Africa, Rep. of*
United Kingdom*

[^0]
# Size designation of clothes - Hosiery 

## 0 Introduction

This International Standard is one of a series which deals essentially with the size designation of clothing, and is not directly concerned with sizing systems as such.

The primary aim of this and other International Standards in this series, is the establishment of a size designation system that indicates (in a simple, direct and meaningful manner) the body size of the person that a garment is intended to fit. Provided that the shape of the person's body (as indicated by the appropriate dimensions) has been accurately determined, this appropriate dimensions) has been accurately determined, this
system will facilitate the choice of garments that fititllaliteoot length

The size designation system is based on body and not garment measurements. Choice of garment measurements is normally left to the designer and the manufacturer, who are concerned with style, cut and other fashion elements, and whomust make due allowance for garments normally worn beneath a specific garment.

Definitions and body measurement procedure are prescribed in ISO 3635, which is applicable to all categories of clothing.

## 1 Scope and field of application

This International Standard establishes a system of designating the sizes of hosiery [excluding pantyhose ${ }^{1 /}$ ].

Both the control dimensions on which the size designation system is based, and the method of indicating the size designation on a garment label, are laid down.

## 2 Reference

This International Standard should be read in conjunction with the following International Standard :

ISO 3635, Size designation of clothes - Definitions and body measurement procedure.

## 3 Control dimensions

The control dimensions shall be as follows :
a) Full length stockings

1) Foot length
2) Inside leg length
b) Pall other lypes W

## 4 Size designation 2

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4.1 The size designation shall comprise the control dimensions (see clause 3), in centimetres, of the intended wearer of that garment. Where practicable, the standard pictogram, as given in ISO 3635 , should be used as a means of indicating the size designation. Where it is not practicable to use the standard pictogram, the control measurements shall be given, together with the descriptive words such as foot length and inside leg length, alongside, in the order in which they are given in clause 3.

NOTE - The above requirements shall not preclude the use, in exceptional circumstances and as specified by the national standards organization concerned, of
a) size designations comprising only one of the applicable dimensions;
b) size designations shown as a range by stating the minimum and maximum control measurements separated by an oblique stroke or a hyphen.
4.2 Garment measurements shall not be incorporated in the size designation but, where considered of value, garment measurements may be indicated separately (see 5.3).

[^1]
## 5 Labelling

### 5.1 Method

The size designation of each garment shall be indicated clearly, conspicuously and in plainly legible form on a label, or on the packaging, or on both. Pictograms shall be large enough to ensure immediate understanding and numerals shall, in all cases, be readily discernible.

### 5.2 Attachment

The label shall be securely attached to the garment and so positioned as to be easily readable.

### 5.3 Additional information

Information additional to the size designation may be separately indicated on the label or on the packaging, or on both, provided that it does not in any way reduce the prominence and conspicuousness of the size designation. Such additional information may include a size code number, body measurements, or garment measurements considered to constitute useful information.
forms that provide additional information, such as garment measurement or a size code number. Where the size designation is supplemented by a size code number, separation of the two, as illustrated, renders the size code number readily recognizable as being part of a system of size designation adopted by a national or limited population group only.
a) Woman's full-length stockings


Foot length 22
b) Boy's school hose
 pictogram of the relevant control dimensions to more elaborate

[^2]
[^0]:    * These disapprovals relate to the use of centimetre rather than millimetre to express dimensions.

[^1]:    1) See ISO 5971, Size designation of clothes - Pantyhose.
[^2]:    1) Example of additional information included in accordance with 5.3 .
