International Standard

Forestry machinery — Portable chain saws — Engine performance and fuel consumption

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION+MEXAYHAPOAHAR OPFAHM3AUMR TO CTAHAAPTM3AUM+ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Machines forestières - Scies à chaîne portatives - Puissance et consommation du moteur

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been authorized has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 7293 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 23, *Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry,* and was circulated to the member bodies in December 1981.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries 323

Australia	https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog	g/standards/sist/ac23a77a-c066-4c74-98d7	-
Austria	India ae15809	^{9f1} Romania ⁷²⁹³⁻¹⁹⁸³	
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Canada	Italy	Spain	
Czechoslovakia	Korea, Dem. P. Rep. of	Sweden	
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The member body of the following country expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds:

United Kingdom

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Forestry machinery — Portable chain saws — Engine performance and fuel consumption

1 Scope and field of application	where
This International Standard specifies a method for testing the performance and fuel consumption of internal combustion	index r is the standard reference conditions;
engines used to power portable chain saws.	index x is the actual measured conditions;
	C is the fuel consumption, in kilograms per hour;
2 Apparatus	<i>P</i> is the brake power, in kilowatts;
2.1 Brake power test bench with a torque accuracy of	M is the torque, in newton metres;
\pm 2 % of the measured value.	$K_{\rm r}$ is the reference adjustment factor;
iTeh STANDAR 2.2 Tachometer with an accuracy of ± 0.5 % of the measured value. (standards.	p_r is the reference dry atmospheric pressure, in kilo- ite pascals;
2.3 Fuel consumption measuring device with an accuracy 3:10	p_x is the measured dry atmospheric pressure (i.e. total pressure minus the water vapour pressure) in kilopascals;
of ± 3 % of the measured value https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/s	sist/ac23a77a-c066-4c74-98d7- $T_{793-1}T_{83}$ is the ambient temperature, in kelvins.
2.4 Thermometer with an accuracy of $\pm 1 {}^{\mu}$ K.	
2.5 Barometer with an accuracy of \pm 0,5 % of the	3.4 The standard reference conditions shall be the following:
	$-T_{\rm r} = 298$ K (dry bulb),
2.6 Humidity test device with an accuracy of ± 2 %.	$-p_r = 99$ kPa, (based on a total barometric pressure of 100 kPa and a water vapour pressure of 1 kPa).
3 Test conditions	3.5 The values T_x and p_x shall be calculated as the average of the values resulting from the tests in 5.2.3 and 5.2.7.
3.1 Ambient temperature, measured at a distance of 15 cm from the air intake: 15 to 27 °C.	3.6 The variation of T_x during the measurements shall not exceed \pm 3 K.
3.2 Atmospheric pressure : 97,5 to 105 kPa.	3.7 Power consuming auxiliaties (for example, electrical handle beating) shall be turned off
3.3 Correction to reference atmospheric conditions shall be made according to the following formula:	3.8 The exhaust outlet shall operate against a pressure equal
$P_{\rm r} = K_{\rm r} P_{\rm x}$	to that at the air intake.
$M_{\rm r} = K_{\rm r} M_{\rm x}$	3.9 No extra cooling or air supply is allowed.
$C_{\rm r} = K_{\rm r} C_{\rm x}$ $K_{\rm r} = \frac{P_{\rm r}}{P_{\rm x}} \left(\frac{T_{\rm x}}{T_{\rm r}}\right)^{0.5}$	3.10 The engine shall be coupled to the power brake in such a manner that the engine crankshaft is aligned with the brake shaft and connected to it with a flexible coupling. The use of the engine clutch is optional.

3.11 The governor of the rotational frequency can sometimes be influenced by the power brake set-up. Therefore the maximum free rotational frequency of the complete saw in handheld operation should be checked first. If this frequency cannot be reached in the power brake set-up, the governor of the rotational frequency shall be disengaged.

3.12 The fuel should consist of petrol with a minimum octane number (RON) of 901, (and if it is a two stroke engine) mixed with two stroke oil according to the manufacturer's recommendation. The density of the fuel should be 740 \pm 15 kg/m³.

Conditions of measurement

Measurements shall be carried out on three different, 4.1 standard equipped, new saws of the same model.

4.2 The engines shall be complete (except chain and guide bar) with all standard production auxiliaries for its operation (filter, silencer, cooling system, etc.).

4.3 The engines shall be run in in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Operating method

General 5.1

With the throttle fixed in the fully open position, record the tandards/sist/a323aserialchumbler7.4-98d7brake power, torque and fuel consumption as a function of the l c1b/iso-729. rotational frequency in steps of 10 s⁻¹ (r/s). No adjustments on 4) Working cycle (for example, two stroke); the saw are allowed during the test.

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Take the readings during the 10 s interval between 50 and 60 s after application of full load.

Take the readings at least over a rotational frequency range limited by the rotational frequency for maximum torque minus 15 s⁻¹ and the rotational frequency for maximum power plus 15 s⁻¹.

5.2 Procedure

Carry out the measurement according ot the following procedure:

5.2.1 Warm up the engine and set the idle speed adjuster and low speed mixture adjuster for best idling at the speed recommended by the manufacturer.

5.2.2 Run the engine at full throttle at the maximum power speed specified by the manufacturer. Set the high speed mixture adjuster for maximum power within 1 min.

5.2.3 Run the engine for 5 min at half load at maximum power speed in order to warm it up. Record the ambient temperature and pressure during the end of this period.

5.2.4 Run the engine at idling for 1 min.

5.2.5 Run the engine at the speed of maximum torque minus 15 s^{-1} and take the readings in accordance with 5.1.

5.2.6 Repeat 5.2.4 and 5.2.5 over the stated speed range up to the speed of maximum power plus 15 s⁻¹.

5.2.7 Record the ambient temperature and pressure.

Test report 6

The test report shall include the following information:

- a) Basic information specifying :
 - 1) reference to this International Standard;
 - 2) date and place of measurement;
 - 3) names of the petitioner and the issuer of the report.
- КЮ b) Description of the saw including: (standards.itel
 - .81 manufacturer's name or make or brand name;
 - model (type);

 - bore, stroke and swept volume of the engine; 5)
 - fuel density; 6)
 - 7) oil mixture ratio;
 - 8) petrol octane number (RON);
 - measuring equipment; 9)
 - 10) ambient air temperature;
 - ambient air pressure. 11)

The following parameters shall be given, individually as well as mean values for the different saws, as a function of the engine rotational frequency (see examples in the figure):

- 1) power in kilowatts;
- 2) torque in newton metres;
- 3) fuel consumption in kilograms per hour;

4) specific fuel consumption in grams per kilowatt hour.

1) If the fuel does not comply with the specifications given in this paragraph, full details shall be given in the test report.



Figure - Examples of characteristic curves

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