**International Standard** 



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION®ME#ДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ®ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

# Hexagon bolts for high-strength structural bolting with large width across flats (short thread length) — Product grade C — Property classes 8.8 and 10.9

Vis à tête hexagonale à serrage contrôlé pour constructions métalliques, à surplats série large (longueur filetée écourtée) – Grade C – Classes de qualité 8.8 et 10.9

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## (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 7412:1984 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/12183edc-b7ff-4ca8-af95f258be15a645/iso-7412-1984

Descriptors : fasteners, bolts, specifications, dimensions, tests, designation, marking.

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council. They are approved in accordance with ISO procedures requiring at least 75 % approval by the member bodies voting. TANDARD PREVIEW

International Standard ISO 7412 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 2, Fasteners.

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# Hexagon bolts for high-strength structural bolting with large width across flats (short thread length) — Product grade C — Property classes 8.8 and 10.9

## **0** Introduction

This International Standard is part of the complete ISO product standard series on hexagon drive fasteners. The series comprises:

thread stripping on overtightening. This applies to all property classes and finishes except 8.8S  $U^{2)}$  and 10.9S  $U^{2)}$  bolts which may be adopted by agreement between the purchaser and the supplier. 8.8S U and 10.9S U bolts must be matched with 6H galvanized nuts to ISO 4775 and the resulting assembly may show failure by thread stripping on overtightening.

- a) hexagon head bolts (ISO 4014, ISO 4015 and ISO 4016); ISO 4016); ISO 4016); bolts are correctly used if satisfactory results are to be obtained. For
- b) hexagon head screws (ISO 4017 and ISO 4018); and
- c) hexagon nuts (ISO 4032, ISO 4033, ISO 4034, ISO 7412:1984) ISO 4035 and ISO 4036);
- d) hexagon flanged bolts; <sup>1)</sup> f258be15a645/iso-7412-1984
- e) hexagon flanged screws; 1)
- f) hexagon flanged nuts (ISO 4161);
- g) structural bolting (ISO 4775 and ISO 7411 to ISO 7417).

## **1** Scope and field of application

This International Standard gives specifications for large series hexagon, high-strength structural bolts with metric dimensions in property classes 8.8 and 10.9, and thread sizes from M12 up to and including M36, with short thread lengths.

If in special cases specifications other than those listed in this International Standard are required, it is recommended that they are selected from existing International Standards, for example, ISO 261, ISO 898 and ISO 965.

Bolts to this International Standard when matched with the appropriate nut (see ISO 4775) have been designed to provide an assembly with a high level of assurance against failure by

ISO 261, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — General plan.

ISO 898, Mechanical properties of fasteners.

ISO 965, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — Tolerances.

ISO 1461, Metallic coatings – Hot dip galvanized coatings on fabricated ferrous products – Requirements.

ISO 3269, Fasteners – Acceptance inspection.

ISO 4753, Fasteners – Ends of parts with external metric ISO thread.

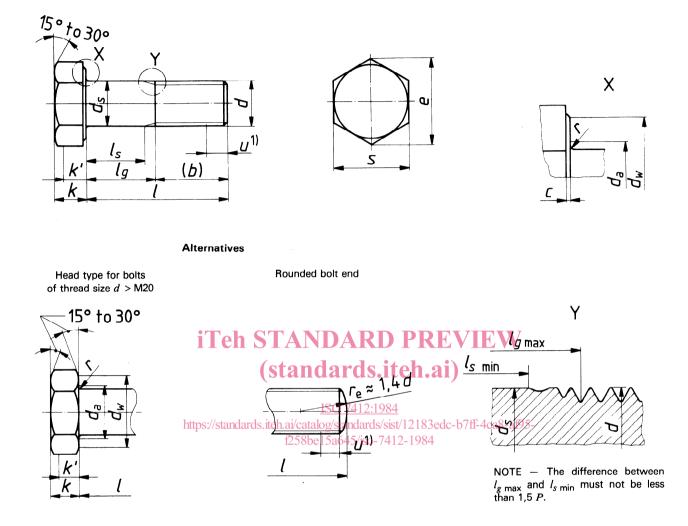
ISO 4759/1, Tolerances for fasteners — Part 1: Bolts, screws and nuts, with thread diameters  $\ge$  1,6 and  $\le$  150 mm and product grades A, B and C.

ISO 4775, Hexagon nuts for high-strength structural bolting with large width across flats — Product grade B — Property classes 8 and 10.

<sup>1)</sup> These will be the subject of a future International Standard.

<sup>2)</sup> See clause 7.

## 3 Dimensions



1) Incomplete thread  $u \leq 2 P$ .

### Table 1 – General dimensions<sup>1)</sup>

Th															1			limetres
	read size	d	M1		M			20	(M2			24	(M2		M			36
P <sup>4)</sup>		<b>C</b> )		75	2		2,		2		3		3		3,	5	4	
b <sub>ref</sub>	_	5)	25		31		36		38		41		44		49		56	
		6)	32		38		43		45		48		51		56		63	
с		max.	0,		0,		0,		0		0,			,8	0,			,8
		min.	0,		0,		0,		0		0,			,4	0,	e		,4
d <sub>a</sub>		max.	14,		18,		23,			,24	27,			,24	34,			,00
$d_s$	_	max.	12,		16,		20,			,84	24,			,84	30,			,00
		min.	11,		15,		19,		21		23,			,16	29,			,00
$d_w$	_	max.	7 19,		7 24,		7 31,		33		7 38,		7 42	') Q	7 46,		7 55	7)
е		min. min.	22,		24, 29,		37,			,5 ,55	45,			,0 ,85	40, 55,			,9 ,44
		nom.	7,		10	50	12,		14		15		17		18,		22	
k		max.		.95	10,	75	13,			,90	15			,90	19,			,5 ,55
	-	min.		.05		25	11,			,10	14			,10	17,			,45
k'		min.	4,		6,		8		9		9		11		12,		15	
r		min.	0,		0,		0,		0		1,			,2	1,			,5
		max.	21		27		34		36		41		46	A	50		60	
S	-	min.	20,	16	26,	16	33		35		40		45		49		58	,8
											1							And an
1	1			i			1	ı	1	l <sub>s</sub> an	d /g <sup>8)</sup>			1	1	I	1	
	min		$l_{s}$		ls		T/s				ly	R <sup>l</sup> g X	$I_s$	lg	$l_s$	lg	$l_s$	lg
nom. 30	min. 28,95	max. 31,05	min <mark>.</mark>	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	/ min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.
35	33,75	36,25			(5	tan	da	rds	ite	h.a	)							
40	38,75	41,25	0.0	15							· /							+
40	43,75	41,25	9,8 14,8	20	8	14	ISO	7412:1	984									+
45 50	48,75	40,25 51,25	14,8 1918s		ardsite	h.ai/9at		ndards		19201	c-b7ff-	1008 0	<b>6</b> 05					
55	48,75 53,5	56,5	24,8	30	18	f <b>24</b> 81	<u> </u>		7412-1	185eu 1984	C-0/II-	+cao-a	195-					<u>+</u>
60	53,5 58,5	61,5	24,8 29,8	35	23	29	16,5	24	14,5	22								
65	63,5	66,5	29,8 34,8	40	23	34	21,5	24	14,5	27	15	24						
70	68,5	71,5	39,8	40	33	39	26,5	34	24,5	32	20	24	17	26				
75	73,5	76,5	39,8 44,8	45 50	38	44	31,5	39	24,5	37	20	34	22	31				+
- 75 - 80	73,5	70,5 81,5	44,8 49,8	50 55	- 30 - 43	44	36,5	39 44	29,5 34,5	42	25 30	34 39	27	31	20,5	31		
85	83,25	86,75	49,8 54,8	60	43 48	-49 54	41,5	44	39,5	42	35	44	32	41	20,5	36		
90	88,25	91,75	59,8	65	53	59	46,5	49 54	44,5	52	40	44	37	41	25,5 30,5	41	22	34
95	93,25	96,75	64,8	70	58	64	51,5	59	49,5	57	45		42	51	35,5	46	27	39
100	98,25	101,75	69,8	75	63	69	56,5	64	54,5	62	50	59	47	56	40,5	51	32	44
110	108,25	111,75			66	72	59,5	67	57,5	65	53	62	50	59	43,5	54	35	47
120	118,25	121,75	·····		76	82	69,5	77	67,5	75	63	72	60	69	53,5	64	45	57
130	110,23	132			86	92	79,5	87	77,5	85	73	82	70	79	63,5	74	55	67
140	120	142			96	102	89,5	97	87,5	95	83	92	80	89	73,5	84	65	77
150	148	152			106	112	99,5	107	97,5	105	93	102	90	99	83,5	94	75	87
160	156	164				. 12		+		100	103	112	100	109	93,5	104	85	97
170	166	104									113	122	110	119	103,5	114	95	107
180	176	174									123	132	120	129	113,5	124	105	117
190	186	194									133	142	130	139	123,5	134	115	127
		204								+	143	152	140	149	123,5	144	125	137

1) For hot-dip galvanized bolts, the above dimensions apply before galvanizing.

- 2) Non-preferred for technical reasons.
- 3) Indicates second choice diameter.
- 4) P = pitch of thread

NOTE - The popular lengths are shown between heavy lines.

- 5) For lengths  $I_{\text{nom}} \leq 100 \text{ mm}$ .
- 6) For lengths  $I_{\text{nom}} > 100 \text{ mm}$ .
- 7)  $d_{w \max} = s_{actual}$
- 8)  $l_{g \max} = l_{nom} b_{ref}$  $l_{s \min} = l_{g \max} - 3P$

## 4 Specifications and reference standards

Table 2 — Specifications an	nd reference standards
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Material		St	eel				
Tolerance		6 g <sup>1)</sup>					
Thread	International Standard	ISO 261, ISO 965					
	Class	8.8	10.9				
Mechanical properties	International Standard	ISO 898/1					
o ( ( ) )	normal	Black oxide <sup>2)</sup>					
Surface finish		Zinc electroplated <sup>4)</sup>	Zinc electroplated <sup>5)</sup>				
	optional <sup>3)</sup>	Cadmium electroplated <sup>4)</sup>	Cadmium electroplated <sup>5)</sup>				
		Hot-dip galvanized to ISO 1461	Hot-dip galvanized to ISO 1461 <sup>6)</sup>				
	Product grade	C ex	cept:				
		c, d <sub>w min</sub> (0,	95 s <sub>min</sub> ) and <i>r</i>				
		Tolerance for lengths over 180 mm : $\pm$ 4,0 mm					
Tolerances	International Standard	ISO 4759/1					
Acceptability		For acceptance proc	edure, see ISO 3269.				
Associated nuts		ISO 4775 or ISO 7414					
Associated plain hole was	shers	ISO 7415					
Associated chamfered ho	le washers	ISO 7416					

1) The tolerance class specified applies before electroplating or hot-dip galvanizing. Hot-dip galvanized bolts may also be supplied by agreement between the user and the manufacturer, having screw threads which after galvanizing shall be accepted by a GO gauge of the basic thread size, i.e. the bolt threads are undersized before galvanizing to tolerance class 6az to accommodate the zinc coating. These bolts are designated and marked 8.8S U or 10.9S U (see also clauses 6 and 7). Tolerance class 6az is in the course of preparation, but in the interim the screw thread dimensions are given in annex A.

2) Black oxide means the normal finish resulting from manufacture with a light coating of oil.

3) Other coatings may be negotiated between the purchaser and the manufacturer provided they do not impair the mechanical properties.

4) This will be the subject of a future International Standard<sup>2258be15a645/iso-7412-1984</sup>

5) Precautions to avoid hydrogen embrittlement may be necessary. Reference should be made to the future International Standard dealing with electroplating of threaded components.

6) Precautions to avoid hydrogen embrittlement may be necessary.

#### Lubricant coating for zinc coated 5 fasteners

For fasteners with zinc electroplated or hot-dip galvanized coatings the manufacturer shall apply a suitable lubricant coating on the bolts, or the mating nuts, to ensure that seizure shall not take place in assembly. Information on a suitable test for the effectiveness of the lubricant coating is given in annex B.

#### 6 Designation

Example for the designation of a short thread length highstrength structural bolt with a large series hexagon head and a thread size d = M16, nominal length l = 80 mm and property class 8.8:

### Hexagon bolt ISO 7412 - M16 × 80 - 8.8

#### NOTES

1 If surface finishes other than normal are used, the specified surface shall be added to the designation.

2 If bolts with undersized threads are required the letter "U" shall be added to the designation (see clause 7).

#### 7 Marking

(standards.iteh.ai) High strength structural bolts shall be marked in the following manner:

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iTeh STANDARD Prade-mark-

a) designation symbols

1) a strength grade marking in accordance with ISO 898/1,

2) the letter S to denote a high-strength structural bolt with a large series hexagon head,

the letter U to indicate when, by agreement between 3) the manufacturer and the user, bolts have been made with threads undersized before galvanizing;

Example

8.8S or 10.9S, or

8.8S U or 10.9S U

b) the manufacturer's identification mark.

It is permissible for the marking to be either embossed or indented on the top surface of the head.

Example of bolt marking

## Annex A

## Deviations for external threads tolerance class 6az

This annex gives information on the screw thread limits for hot-dip galvanized bolts with a thread tolerance class 6az. The limits given in table 3 apply before the hot-dip galvanized coating has been applied. After galvanizing the bolt threads shall be accepted by a GO gauge of basic size, i.e. deviation h.

The deviation az in micrometres is based on the following formula:

 $es_{az} = -(300 + 20P)$ 

Table 3 – Screw thread limits for toleran	ce class 6az
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Thread size	0	of thread gement	Major c	liameter	Pitch di	iameter	Dimensio Minor diameter	ns in millime Root radius
d	over	up to and including	max.	min.	max.	min.	max. <sup>1)</sup>	min.
M12	6	18	11,665	11,400	10,528	10,378	9,771	0,175
M16	8	24	15,660	15,380	14,361	14,201	13,495	0,200
M20	10	30	19,650	19,315	18,026	17,856	16,944	0,250
(M22)	10	30	21,650	21,315	20,026	19,856	18,944	0,250
M24	12	36 1	oh 23,640 🔥	<b>23,265</b>	<b>21,691</b>	21,491	20,392	0,300
(M27)	12	36	26,640	26,265	24,691	24,491	23,392	0,300
M30	15	45	29,630	29,205	27,357	27,145	25,841	0,350
M36	18	53	35,620	35,145	33,022	32,798	31,290	0,400

1) Refers to the imaginary coaxial cylinder through the points where the requirement with regard to straightness of flank ceases.

ISO 7412:1984 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/12183edc-b7ff-4ca8-af95f258be15a645/iso-7412-1984

## Annex B

## Anti-seizing test for zinc electroplated and hot-dip galvanized fasteners

A method for testing the effectiveness of the lubricant coating applied to zinc electroplated and hot-dip galvanized assemblies is as follows:

a) The test shall be carried out on bolts and nuts in the condition as supplied by the manufacturer and shall be in accordance with, and include a lubricant coating as required by clause 5. There shall be no other lubricant applied for the purpose of this test. In cases where the two foregoing criteria cannot be met, then the anti-seizing test shall be by agreement between the manufacturer and the user, but a lubricant coating must still be applied. If the test is performed by the user it shall be carried out immediately after receipt of the bolts and nuts from the manufacturer.

b) The bolt with nut and washer selected for testing shall be placed with the washer directly under the nut in a steel joint with total thickness so that, where thread length permits, there are not less than six full bolt threads located between the bearing surface of the bolt head and nut. The diameter of the holes in the assembly shall be 1 to 2 mm s larger than that of the bolt. c) The nut shall be initially tightened to produce a load in the bolt not less than 10 % of the specified proof load. After this initial tightening, the bolt and the nut position shall be marked to provide the starting point for the rotational movement to be measured. During nut rotation the bolt head shall be restrained from turning, and the final tensioning shall be completed without stopping the motion of the nut. The nut shall be rotated in accordance with the requirements of table 4 from the initial tightening position without fracture of the bolt, or stripping of the bolt or nut thread.

This test may be replaced with an alternative test by agreement between the manufacturer and the user.

## Table 4 - Nut rotation requirements

Bolt length (nominal)	Nut rotation (minimum)
$7 + \leq 2d = 7$	180°
D PREd E <sup>2d</sup>	240°
$3d < l \leq 4d$	300°
3d < 1 < 4d iteh.a4d < 1 < 8d 1 > 8d	360°
l > 8d	420°

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