INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



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Nickel alloys — Flame atomic absorption spectrometric analysis —

Part 6: iTeh SDetermination of manganese content (standards.iteh.ai)

Alliages de nickel — Analyse par spectrométrie d'absorption atomique dans la flamme-6:1990 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9f12a272-710e-4b86-91bf-Partie 6: Dosage du manganèse



Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75% of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 7530-6 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 155, Nickel and nickel alloys.

ISO 7530 consists of the following parts, under the general title Nickel alloys – Flame atomic absorption spectrometric analysis: https://standards.iteh.a/catalog/standards/sist/9f12a272-710e-4b86-91bf-

- Part 1: General requirements and sample⁴ dissolutionso-7530-6-1990
- Part 2: Determination of cobalt content
- Part 3: Determination of chromium content
- Part 4: Determination of copper content
- Part 5: Determination of iron content
- Part 6: Determination of manganese content
- Part 7: Determination of aluminium content
- Part 8: Determination of silicon content
- Part 9: Determination of vanadium content

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Nickel alloys — Flame atomic absorption spectrometric analysis —

Part 6:

Determination of manganese content

1 Scope

This part of ISO 7530 specifies a flame atomic absorption spectrometric method for the determination of manganese in the range of 0.01 % (m/m) to 4 % (m/m) in nickel alloys. Typical compositions of some nickel alloys are given in 1SO 7530-1. It Measurement of the absorbance of the resonance annex B. ISO 7530-6-1996 comparison with that of calibration solutions at a

3

Principle

The general requirements, concerning the logar wavelength of 279.5 nm. atus, sampling, dissolution of the test sample, -7530-6-1990 atomic absorption measurements, calculations and test report are given in ISO 7530-1. **4 Reagents**

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 7530. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 7530 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 5725:1986, Precision of test methods — Determination of repeatability and reproducibility for a standard test method by inter-laboratory tests.

ISO 7530-1:—¹⁾, Nickel alloys — Flame atomic absorption spectrometric analysis — Part 1: General requirements and sample dissolution.

In addition to the reagents listed in ISO 7530-1, the following special reagents are required.

4.1 Strontium chloride, solution.

Transfer 113,5 g of strontium chloride hexahydrate $(SrCl_2.6H_2O)$ to a 600 ml beaker, dissolve in 400 ml of hot water (50 °C to 60 °C), cool and transfer to a 1000 ml one-mark volumetric flask. Make up to the mark with water and mix. The strontium chloride should be free of heavy metals.

4.2 Manganese, standard reference solution (1,000 g/l).

Weigh, to the nearest 0,001 g, 1,000 g of manganese metal of 99,9 % (*m*/*m*) minimum purity and transfer to a 400 ml beaker. Add 30 ml of hydrochloric acid ($\rho_{20} = 1,18$ g/ml) diluted 1 + 1 and 2 ml of nitric acid ($\rho_{20} = 1,41$ g/ml). Heat to initiate the reaction and complete dissolution. Add 0,5 ml of hydrogen peroxide (4.4). Cool, transfer to a 1000 ml one-mark volumetric flask and add 50 ml of hydrochloric acid

¹⁾ To be published.

($\rho_{20} = 1,18$ g/ml). Make up to the mark with water, mix and store in a polyethylene bottle.

4.3 Manganese, standard solution (50 mg/l).

Pipette 50 ml of manganese standard reference solution (4.2) into a 1000 ml one-mark volumetric flask and add 50 ml of hydrochloric acid ($\rho_{20} =$ 1,18 g/ml). Make up to the mark with water, mix and store in a polyethylene bottle.

4.4 Hydrogen peroxide, 300 g/l ($\rho_{20} = 1.1$ g/ml).

5 Apparatus

The apparatus required is specified in clause 5 of ISO 7530-1.

6 Sampling and sample preparation

Refer to clause 6 of ISO 7530-1.

7 Procedure

7.1.2.2 Secondary dilution for 0,4 % (m/m) to 4 % (m/m) manganese

Pipette 10 ml of the solution from 7.1.1.2 into a 100 ml one-mark volumetric flask. Add 4 ml of strontium chloride solution (4.1) and 5 ml of hydrochloric acid ($\rho_{20} = 1,18$ g/ml). Make up to the mark with water and mix.

7.2 Reagent blank solution

Carry out a blank test in parallel with the determination, following the same procedure and using the same quantities of all the reagents.

7.3 Manganese calibration solutions

Using pipettes, transfer to each of five 100 ml onemark volumetric flasks, 0 ml, 5 ml, 10 ml, 15 ml and 20 ml of manganese standard solution (4.3). Add 4 ml of strontium chloride solution (4.1) and 5 ml of hydrochloric acid ($\rho_{20} = 1,18$ g/ml). Make up to the mark with water and mix.

7.1 Preparation of test solution test solution and determination

Proceed as directed in 7.1.1 to 7.1.4 of ISO 7530-1 **Atomic absorption measurements** Add 0,25 ml of hydrogen peroxide (4.4) in the final dissolution of the salts. **Proceed as directed in 7.4.1 of ISO 7530-1, using a**

 ISO 75 Wayeren gth of 279,5 nm and an air-acety

 7.1.1 Primary dilutions
 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9f12a272-710e-4b86-91bf-4a2cdce6af6f/icr.4.2.31 Preparation of calibration graphs

7.1.1.1 Initial dilution for 0,01 % (m/m) to 0,10 % (m/m) manganese

Transfer the test solution (7.1) to a 100 ml one-mark volumetric flask. Add 4 ml of strontium chloride solution (4.1). Make up to the mark with water and mix. Remove any products of hydrolysis by settlement and dry filtration or by centrifuging.

7.1.1.2 Initial dilution for 0,1 % (m/m) to 4,0 % (m/m) manganese

Transfer the test solution (7.1) to a 500 ml one-mark volumetric flask. Add 20 ml of hydrochloric acid ($\rho_{20} = 1,18$ g/ml). Make up to the mark with water and mix. Remove any products of hydrolysis by settlement and dry filtration or by centrifuging.

7.1.2 Secondary dilutions

7.1.2.1 Secondary dilution for 0,1 % (m/m) to 0,8 % (m/m) manganese

Pipette 50 ml of the solution from 7.1.1.2 into a 100 ml one-mark volumetric flask. Add 4 ml of strontium chloride solution (4.1) and 3 ml of hydrochloric acid ($\rho_{20} = 1,18$ g/ml). Make up to the mark with water and mix.

Proceed as directed in 7.4.2 of ISO 7530-1.

7.5 Number of determinations

Carry out the determination at least in duplicate.

8 Expression of results

8.1 Calculation

Proceed as directed in 8.1 of ISO 7530-1.

8.2 Precision

8.2.1 Laboratory tests

Eleven laboratories in six countries participated in the testing of this procedure using six samples of nominal composition given in table 1.

8.2.2 Statistical analysis

8.2.2.1 Results were treated according to ISO 5725 as described in 8.2.2 of ISO 7530-1. The results of this analysis are given in table 2.

8.2.2.2 Three laboratories were rejected as Cochran outliers; two for sample 902 and one for samples 3927 and 7049. Also two laboratories were rejected as Dixon stragglers for sample 7049.

9 Test report

Refer to clause 9 of ISO 7530-1.

Table 1 – Nominal composition of test samples [%	% (m/m)]
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Sample	AI	Co	Cr	Cu	Fe	Mn	Ni	Si	Ti
825	0,2	0,07	21	1,6	30	0,7	Remainder	0,4	1,1
902	0,4	0,05	5	0,04	48	0,4	Remainder	0,35	2,5
3920	0,15	2	19	0,1	3	0,3	Remainder	0,6	2,3
3927	0.1	1	20	0.05	44	0.4	Remainder	0,8	0,6
7013	1,5	17	20	0,2	0,2	0,05	Remainder	0.7	2,4
7049	1	0.01	15	0.15	7	0,8	Remainder	0.3	2.3

Sample reference	Mean % (<i>m/m</i>)	Within-laboratory standard deviation	Between laboratory standard deviation	Repeatability	Reproducibility	
825	0,74	0,015	0,027	0,043	0,088	
902	0.37	0,0032	0,017	0,009	0,050	
3920	0,28	0,0038	0,009 3	0,011	0,028	
3927	0,39eh S			0,014	0,048	
7013	0,058	0,0007	0,0016	0,0019	0,0048	
7049	0,81	stan@ards.	iteh ^{0,0274}	0,013	0,025	

Table 2 — Results of statistical analysis

<u>ISO 7530-6:1990</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9f12a272-710e-4b86-91bf-4a2cdce6af6f/iso-7530-6-1990

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